

General Description

The SLG59M1649V is a self-powered, high-performance, 23 mΩ pFET integrated power switch designed for 1.5 V to 5.5 V power rail applications up to 4 A. When enabled, internal reverse-current protection will quickly open the switch in the event of a reverse-voltage condition is detected

(a V_{OLIT} + 50 mV > V_{IN} condition opens the switch). Upon the detection of a reverse condition, an open-drain FAULT output is asserted. In the event the $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$ voltage is too low, the power switch also contains an internal $V_{\text{IN}(\text{UVLO})}$ threshold monitor to keep or to turn the switch OFF.

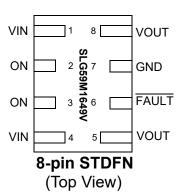
Designed to operate over a -40°C to 85°C range, the SLG59M1649V is available in a RoHS-compliant, ultra-small 1.0 x 1.6 mm STDFN package.

Features

- Steady-state Operating Current: Up to 4 A
- Low Typical RDS_{ON}:
 - 23 mΩ at V_{IN} = 5 V

 - 31 mΩ at V_{IN} = 2.5 V
 42 mΩ at V_{IN} = 1.5 V
- Operating Voltage: 1.5 V to 5.5 V
- Reverse-voltage Detection when ON or OFF
- Internal Gate Driver and V_{OUT} Discharge
- Open-drain FAULT Signaling
- Operating temperature range: -40°C to 85°C
- Low θ_{JA}, 8-pin 1.0 mm x 1.6 mm STDFN Packaging
 - · Pb-Free / Halogen-Free / RoHS compliant packaging

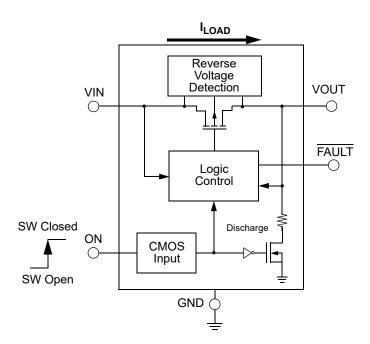
Pin Configuration



Applications

- Power-Rail Switching:
 - Notebook/Laptop/Tablet PCs
 - Smartphones/Wireless Handsets
 - **High-definition Digital Cameras**
 - Set-top Boxes
- Point of Sales Pins
- · GPS Navigation Devices

Block Diagram





Pin Description

Pin#	Pin Name	Туре	Pin Description
1, 4	VIN	Power/Input	With an internal 1.4 V $V_{IN(UVLO)}$ threshold, VIN supplies the power for the operation of the power switch, the internal control circuitry, and the source terminal of pFET. Bypass the VIN pin to GND with a 2.2 μ F (or larger), low-ESR capacitor.
2, 3	ON	Input	A low-to-high transition on this pin initiates the operation of the power switch. ON is an asserted-HIGH, level-sensitive CMOS input with $ON_{L} < 0.3 \text{ V}$ and $ON_{H} > 1 \text{ V}$. As the ON input circuitry does not have an internal pull-down resistor, connect the ON pin directly to a GPIO controller – do not allow this pin to be open circuited.
5, 8	VOUT	Output	Output and drain terminal of MOSFET.
6	FAULT	Output	An open drain output, \overline{FAULT} is asserted within \overline{TFAULT}_{LOW} when a $(V_{OUT} + V_{REVERSE} > V_{IN})$ condition is detected. The \overline{FAULT} output is deasserted within \overline{TFAULT}_{HIGH} when the fault condition is removed. Connect an external 10 k Ω resistor from the \overline{FAULT} pin to the system's local logic supply.
7	GND	GND	Ground connection. Connect this pin to system analog or power ground plane.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Туре	Production Flow
SLG59M1649V	STDFN 8L	Industrial, -40 °C to 85 °C
SLG59M1649VTR	STDFN 8L (Tape and Reel)	Industrial, -40 °C to 85 °C



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IN}	Power Switch Input Voltage		-0.3		6	V
T _S	Storage Temperature		-65		150	°C
ESD _{HBM}	ESD Protection	Human Body Model	2000			V
ESD _{CDM}	ESD Protection	Charged Device Model	1000			V
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level			1		
θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance	1.0 x 1.6 mm 8L STDFN		82	-	°C/W
T _{J,MAX}	Maximum Junction Temperature			150		°C
MOSFET IDS _{CONT}	Continuous Current from VIN to VOUT	Each channel, T _J < 150°C			4	Α
MOSFET IDS _{PK}	Peak Current from VIN to VOUT	Maximum pulsed switch current, pulse width < 1 ms, 1% duty cycle			4.5	Α

Note: Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Electrical Characteristics

1.5 V \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 V; C_{IN} = 2.2 μ F; T_A = -40 °C to 85 °C unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = 25 °C.

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IN}	Power Switch Input Voltage		1.5		5.5	V
V	V _{IN} Undervoltage Lockout	$V_{IN} \uparrow$, $V_{ON} = 0 V$, $R_{LOAD} = 10 \Omega$			1.4	V
V _{IN(UVLO)}	Threshold	$V_{IN} \downarrow$, $V_{ON} = 0$ V, $R_{LOAD} = 10 \Omega$	0.5			V
l	Quiescent Power Switch Current	V_{IN} = 5.25 V, ON = HIGH, I_{DS} = 0 mA		6.6	11	μΑ
I _{IN}	Quescent i ower owner ourrent	V _{IN} = 1.5 V, ON = HIGH, I _{DS} = 0 mA		5	8	μΑ
luva==s	OFF Mode Power Switch Current	V_{IN} = 5.25 V, ON = LOW, R _{LOAD} = 1 M Ω		2	3	μΑ
I _{IN(OFF)}	or i wode i ower owner ourient	V_{IN} = 1.5 V, ON = LOW, R _{LOAD} = 1 M Ω		0.8	2	μΑ
		$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{\text{IN}} = 5.0 \text{V}, I_{\text{DS}} = -200 \text{mA}$		23	28	mΩ
		$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{\text{IN}} = 2.5 \text{V}, I_{\text{DS}} = -200 \text{mA}$		31	38	mΩ
RDS _{ON}	ON Resistance	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{\text{IN}} = 1.5 \text{V}, I_{\text{DS}} = -200 \text{mA}$		42	50	mΩ
I NDOON		$T_A = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{\text{IN}} = 5.0 \text{V}, I_{\text{DS}} = -200 \text{mA}$		27	32	mΩ
		$T_A = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{\text{IN}} = 2.5 \text{V}, I_{\text{DS}} = -200 \text{mA}$		37	44	mΩ
		$T_A = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{\text{IN}} = 1.5 \text{V}, I_{\text{DS}} = -200 \text{mA}$		48	58	mΩ
MOSFET IDS	Current from VIN to VOUT	Continuous			4	Α
V _{REVERSE}	Reverse-current Voltage Threshold			50		mV
I _{REVERSE}	Reverse-current Leakage Current after Reverse Current Event	$V_{OUT} - V_{IN} > V_{REVERSE}$; $T_A = 25$ °C; ON = GND		1		μΑ
V _{ON}	ON Pin Voltage Range		0		V _{IN}	V
I _{ON(Leakage)}	ON Pin Leakage Current	$1.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{ON} \le \text{V}_{IN} \text{ or } \text{V}_{ON} = \text{GND}$			1	μA
ON_V _{IH}	ON Pin Input High Voltage		1		V _{IN}	V

Datasheet Revision 1.01 12-Dec-2018



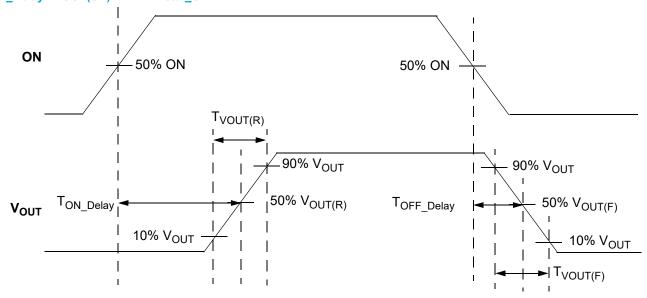
Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $1.5~\text{V} \le \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \le 5.5~\text{V}; \text{C}_{\text{IN}} = 2.2~\mu\text{F}; \overset{\leftarrow}{\text{T}}_{\text{A}} = -40~^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Parameter	Description Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
ON_V _{IL}	ON Pin Input Low Voltage		-0.3	0	0.3	V
ON _{HYS}	ON Hysteresis			60		mV
R _{DISCHRG}	Output Discharge Resistance	V _{IN} = 5 V; V _{OUT} < 0.4 V	50	80	120	Ω
T _{REV}	Reverse-current Detect Response Delay	V _{IN} = 5 V		10		μs
T _{REARM}	Reverse Detect Rearm Time			1.5		ms
Tours	ON Delay Time	50% ON to 50% V_{OUT} ↑; $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{IN} = 5$ V; $R_{LOAD} = 10$ Ω, $C_{LOAD} = 0.1$ μF		180	235	μs
T _{ON_Delay}	ON Belay Time	50% ON to 50% V_{OUT} ↑; T_A = 25°C, V_{IN} = 1.5 V; R_{LOAD} = 10 Ω, C_{LOAD} = 0.1 μF		110	145	μs
T _{VOUT(R)}	V _{OUT} Rise Time	10% to 90% V_{OUT} ↑; $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{IN} = 5$ V; $R_{LOAD} = 10 \Omega$, $C_{LOAD} = 0.1 \mu F$		130	170	μs
'VOUT(R)	VOULTUSE TIME	10% to 90% V_{OUT} ↑; $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{IN} = 1.5$ V; $R_{LOAD} = 10 \Omega$, $C_{LOAD} = 0.1 \mu F$		66	86	μS
Tueste	V _{OUT} Fall Time	90% to 10% $V_{OUT}\downarrow$; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = 5$ V; $R_{LOAD} = 10 \Omega$, $C_{LOAD} = 0.1 \mu F$		2.2	3.6	μs
T _{VOUT(F)}	VOULT all Time	90% to 10% $V_{OUT}\downarrow$; T_A = 25°C, V_{IN} = 1.5 V; R_{LOAD} = 10 Ω , C_{LOAD} = 0.1 μF		2.2	3.6	μs
T	OFF Delay Time	50% ON to 50% $V_{OUT} \downarrow$; $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{IN} = 5$ V; $R_{LOAD} = 10$ Ω, $C_{LOAD} = 0.1$ μF		3.5	5	μs
T _{OFF_Delay}	Of F Belay fillio	50% ON to 50% $V_{OUT} \downarrow$; $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{IN} = 1.5$ V; $R_{LOAD} = 10$ Ω, $C_{LOAD} = 0.1$ μF		5	7	μS
TFAULTLOW	FAULT Assertion Time	Reverse-voltage Detection to $\overline{FAULT}\downarrow$; 1.5 V \leq V _{IN} \leq 5 V; ON = Low		2		μS
- LOW		1.5 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5 V; ON = High		0.5		μs
TFAULT _{HIGH}	FAULT De-assertion Time	Delay to FAULT↑ after fault condition is removed; 1.5 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5 V; ON = Low		7		ms
		1.5 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5 V; ON = High		2	1	ms
FAULT	FAULT Output Low Voltage	I _{FAULT} = 1 mA			0.2	V

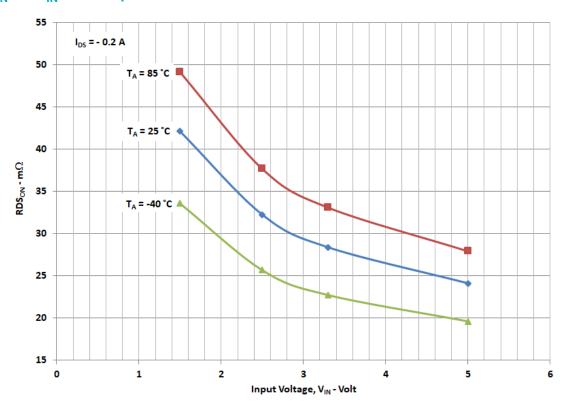


$T_{ON_Delay},\,V_{OUT(SR)},\,and\,\,T_{Total_ON}$ Timing Details

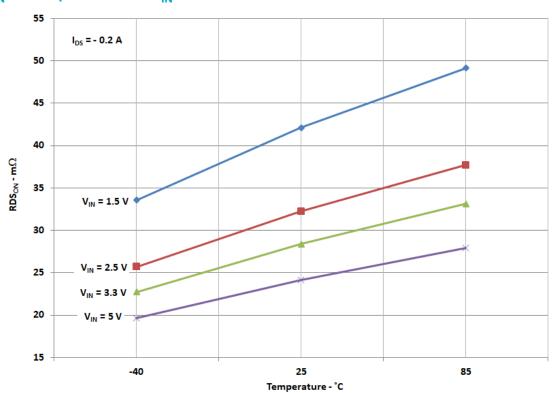




 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RDS_{ON}}}\xspace$ vs. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{V_{IN}}}\xspace$ and Temperature



RDS_{ON} vs. Temperature and V_{IN}





VIN Inrush Current Details

When the SLG59M1649V is enabled with ON \uparrow , the power switch closes to charge the VOUT output capacitor to V_{IN} . The charging current drawn from V_{IN} is commonly referred to as " V_{IN} inrush current" and can cause the input power source to collapse if the V_{IN} inrush current is too high.

Since the V_{OUT} rise time of the SLG59M1649V is fixed, V_{IN} inrush current is then a function of the output capacitance at VOUT. The expression relating V_{IN} inrush current, the SLG59M1649V V_{OUT} rise time, and C_{LOAD} is:

$$V_{IN}$$
 Inrush Current = $C_{LOAD} \times \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}(10\% \text{ to } 90\%)}{T_{VOUT(R)}(10\% \text{ to } 90\%)}$

where in this expression ΔV_{OUT} is equivalent to V_{IN} if the initial SLG59M1649V's output voltages are zero.

In the table below are examples of V_{IN} inrush currents assuming zero initial charge on C_{LOAD} as a function of V_{IN}.

V _{IN} (V)	V _{OUT} Rise Time (μs)	C _{LOAD} (μF)	Inrush Current (mA)		
1.5	66	0.1	1.8		
5	130	0.1	3.1		

Since the relationship is linear and if C_{LOAD} were increased to 1 μ F, then the V_{IN} inrush currents would be 10x higher in either example. If a large C_{LOAD} capacitor is required in the application and depending upon the strength of the input power source, it may very well be necessary to increase the C_{IN} -to- C_{LOAD} ratio to minimize V_{IN} droop during turn-on.

For other V_{OUT} rise time options, please contact Dialog for additional information.

Power Dissipation

The junction temperature of the SLG59M1649V depends on factors such as board layout, ambient temperature, external air flow over the package, load current, and the RDS_{ON}-generated voltage drop across each power MOSFET. While the primary contributor to the increase in the junction temperature of the SLG59M1649V is the power dissipation of its power MOSFETs, its power dissipation and the junction temperature in nominal operating mode can be calculated using the following equations:

$$PD_{TOTAL} = RDS_{ON} \times I_{DS}^{2}$$

where:

PD_{TOTAL} = Total package power dissipation, in Watts (W) RDS_{ON} = Power MOSFET ON resistance, in Ohms (Ω)

I_{DS} = Output current, in Amps (A)

and

$$T_J = PD_{TOTAL} \times \theta_{JA} + T_A$$

where:

T_{.I} = Die junction temperature, in Celsius degrees (°C)

 θ_{JA} = Package thermal resistance, in Celsius degrees per Watt (°C/W) – highly dependent on pcb layout

T_A = Ambient temperature, in Celsius degrees (°C)



Power Dissipation (continued)

In nominal operating mode, the SLG59M1649V's power dissipation can also be calculated by taking into account the voltage drop across each switch (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) and the magnitude of that channel's output current (I_{DS}):

$$\begin{split} &PD_{TOTAL} = (V_{IN}\text{-}V_{OUT}) \text{ x } I_{DS} \text{ or} \\ &PD_{TOTAL} = (V_{IN} - (R_{LOAD} \text{ x } I_{DS})) \text{ x } I_{DS} \end{split}$$

where:

PD_{TOTAL} = Total package power dissipation, in Watts (W)

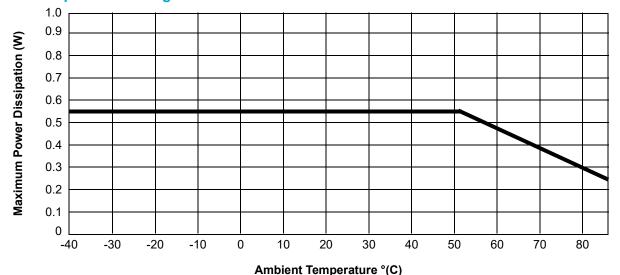
V_{IN} = Input Voltage, in Volts (V)

 R_{LOAD} = Output Load Resistance, in Ohms (Ω)

I_{DS} = Output current, in Amps (A)

 V_{OUT} = Output voltage, or $R_{LOAD} \times I_{DS}$

Power Dissipation Derating Curve



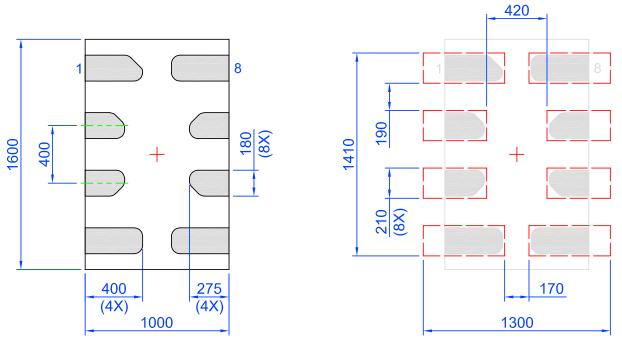
Note: Each V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 1 in² 1.2 oz. copper on FR4



SLG59M1649V Layout Suggestion

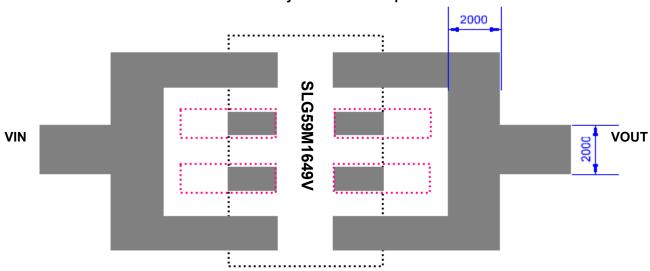
Exposed Pad (PKG face down)

Recommended Land Pattern (PKG face down)



Note: All dimensions shown in micrometers (μm)

Recommended PCB Layout for external power traces



Note: All dimensions shown in µm (micrometers)



Layout Guidelines:

- 1. Since the VIN and VOUT pins dissipate most of the heat generated during high-load current operation, it is highly recommended to make power traces as short, direct, and wide as possible. A good practice is to make power traces with <u>absolute minimum widths</u> of 15 mils (0.381 mm) per Ampere. A representative layout, shown in Figure 1, illustrates proper techniques for heat to transfer as efficiently as possible out of the device;
- To minimize the effects of parasitic trace inductance on normal operation, it is recommended to connect input C_{IN} and output C_{INAD} low-ESR capacitors as close as possible to the SLG59M1649V's VIN and VOUT pins;
- 3. The GND pin should be connected to system analog or power ground plane.
- 4. 2 oz. copper is recommended for high current operation.

SLG59M1649V Evaluation Board:

A GFET3 Evaluation Board for SLG59M1649V is designed according to the statements above and is illustrated on Figure 1. Please note that evaluation board has D_Sense and S_Sense pads. They cannot carry high currents and dedicated only for RDS_{ON} evaluation.

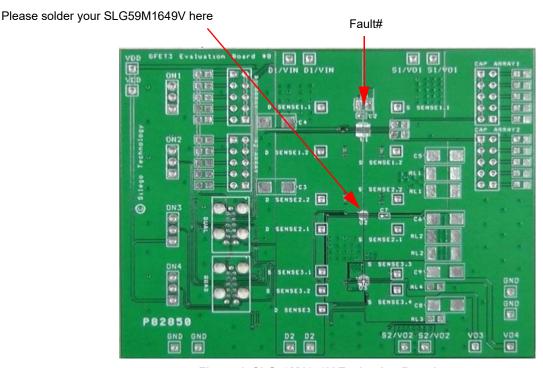


Figure 1. SLG59M1649V Evaluation Board.



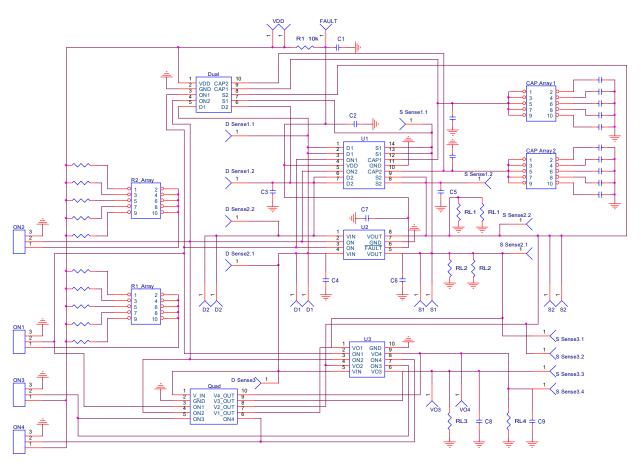


Figure 2. SLG59M1649V Evaluation Board Connection Circuit.



Basic Test Setup and Connections

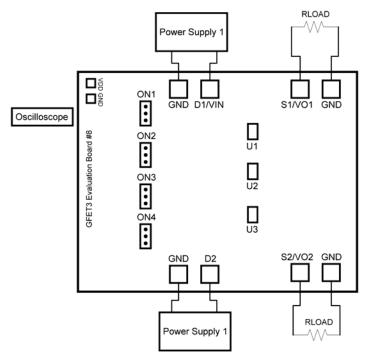


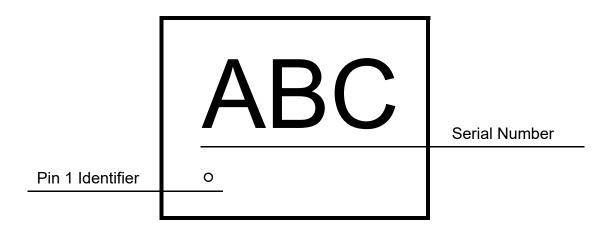
Figure 3. Typical connections for GFET3 Evaluation.

EVB Configuration

- 1. Connect oscilloscope probes to D1/VIN, D2, S1/VO1, S2/VO2, ON etc.;
- 2. Use VDD connector to have logic high level for FAULT and ON signals;
- 3. Turn on Power Supply 1 and set desired $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize{IN}}}$ from 1.5 V...5.5 V range;
- 4. Toggle the ON signal High or Low to observe SLG59M1649V operation.



Package Top Marking System Definition

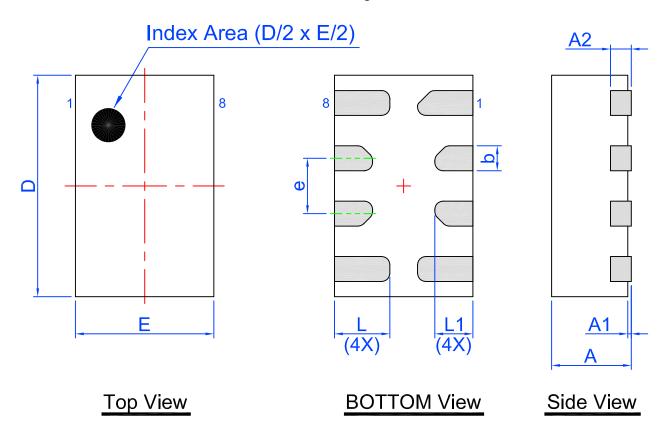


ABC - 3 alphanumeric Part Serial Number where A, B, or C can be A-Z and 0-9



Package Drawing and Dimensions

8 Lead STDFN Package 1.0 x 1.6 mm



Unit: mm

Symbol	Min	Nom.	Max	Symbol	Min	Nom.	Max
Α	0.50	0.55	0.60	D	1.55	1.60	1.65
A1	0.005	-	0.050	E	0.95	1.00	1.05
A2	0.10	0.15	0.20	L	0.35	0.40	0.45
b	0.13	0.18	0.23	L1	0.225	0.275	0.325
е	(0.40 BSC	,				

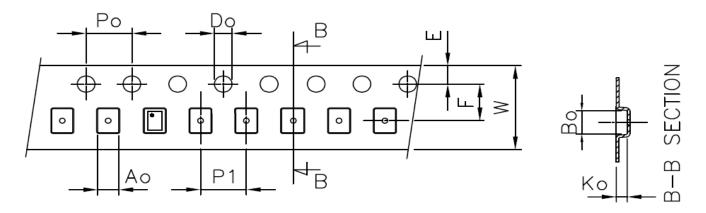


Tape and Reel Specifications

Dookogo	# of	Nominal	Max Units		Reel &	Leader (min)		Trailer (min)		Tape	Part
Package Type	Pins	Package Size [mm]	per Reel	per Box	Hub Size [mm]	Pockets	Length [mm]	Pockets	Length [mm]	Width [mm]	Pitch [mm]
STDFN 8L 1x1.6mm 0.4P FCD Green		1.0 x 1.6 x 0.55	3,000	3,000	178 / 60	100	400	100	400	8	4

Carrier Tape Drawing and Dimensions

Package Type	PocketBTM Length	PocketBTM Width	Pocket Depth	Index Hole Pitch	Pocket Pitch	Index Hole Diameter	Index Hole to Tape Edge	Index Hole to Pocket Center	Tape Width
	A0	В0	K0	P0	P1	D0	E	F	W
STDFN 8L 1x1.6mm 0.4P FCD Green	1.12	1.72	0.7	4	4	1.55	1.75	3.5	8



Recommended Reflow Soldering Profile

Please see IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020: latest revision for reflow profile based on package volume of 0.88 mm³ (nominal). More information can be found at www.jedec.org.

SLG59M1649V



An Ultra-small, Low-power 23 mΩ, 4 A, P-Channel Integrated Power Switch with Reverse-Current Blocking

Revision History

Date	Version	Change
12/12/2018	1.01	Updated UVLO spec Updated Style and Formatting Updated Charts Added Layout Guidelines Fixed typos
2/23/2017	1.00	Production Release

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