## SKYWORIS

## DATA SHEET

## SKY65313-21: 900 MHz Transmit/Receive Front-End Module

## Applications

- Automated meter reading
- Advanced metering infrastructure
- ISM systems


## Features

- Transmit output power $>+30.5 \mathrm{dBm}$
- High efficiency PA
- Analog power control
- Receive path NF <1.9 dB
- LNA bypass mode
- Integrated control logic
- Internal RF match and bias circuits
- All RF ports internally DC blocked
- Shutdown mode
- Small footprint, MCM (28-pin, $6 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) package (MSL3, $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ per JEDEC J-STD-020)

Skyworks Green ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ products are compliant with all applicable legislation and are halogen-free. For additional information, refer to Skyworks Definition of Green ${ }^{T M}$, document number SQ04-0074.



Figure 1. SKY65313-21 Block Diagram

## Description

The Skyworks SKY65313-21 is a high-performance, transmit/receive (T/R) front-end module (FEM). The device provides a complete $T / R$ chain with $T / R$ switches.
The device transmit chain features +30.5 dBm output power and a 40 percent power-added efficiency (PAE).
The device receive chain features a low noise amplifier (LNA) with a 1.4 dB noise figure (NF) and 16.6 dB gain. The cascaded NF and gain, taking into account the 0.5 dB insertion loss transmit/receive antenna switch, are 1.9 dB and 16.1 dB , respectively, which makes the SKY65313-21 ideal for medium power microwave links such as 900 MHz Industrial, Scientific and Medical (ISM) band applications.
The module also has a shut-down mode and LNA bypass mode to minimize power consumption.
The device is mounted in a 28 -pin, $6 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}$ Multi-Chip Module (MCM) surface-mount technology (SMT) package, which allows for a highly manufacturable low-cost solution.
A block diagram of the SKY65313-21 is shown in Figure 1.The device package and pinout are shown in Figure 2. Signal pin assignments and functional pin descriptions are provided in Table 1.

Figure 1. SKY65313-21 Pinout (Top View)

Table 1. SKY65313-21 Signal Descriptions

| Pin | Name | Description | Pin | Name |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | GND | Ground | 15 | GND | Ground |
| 2 | CTL1 | Transmit/receive mode digital control input | 16 | VDD1 | 3.3 V power supply |
| 3 | CTL2 | Shutdown mode digital control input | 17 | VCC_RX | 3.3 V power supply |
| 4 | CTL3 | Receive bypass mode digital control input | 18 | RX3 | LNA and bypass switch output port. Internally matched <br> to $50 \Omega$. |
| 5 | VPC | Transmit output power analog control voltage input | 19 | GND | Ground |
| 6 | GND | Ground | 20 | TX | PA input port. Internally matched to $50 \Omega$. |
| 7 | ANT | Antenna switch common port. Internally matched to $50 \Omega$. | 21 | GND | Ground |
| 8 | GND | Ground | 22 | GND | Ground |
| 9 | GND | Ground | 23 | VDD2 | 4.0 V power supply |
| 10 | RX1 | Receive arm of antenna switch. Internally matched to $50 \Omega$. | 24 | VCC_TX1 | 4.0 V power supply |
| 11 | GND | Ground | 25 | VCC_TX2 | 4.0 V power supply |
| 12 | GND | Ground | 26 | VCC_TX3 | 4.0 V power supply |
| 13 | RX2 | LNA and bypass switch input port | 27 | GND | Ground |
| 14 | GND | Ground | 28 | GND | Ground |

## Technical Description

The SKY65313-21 consists of a complete T/R chain with T/R switches contained in the module. A single-pole, double-throw (SPDT) switch selects between the receive and transmit paths. The module has a shut-down mode to minimize power consumption.

Three digital input pins (CTL1, CTL2, and CTL3) are used to select between transmit, receive, receive bypass, or shutdown mode.

## Transmit Path

The transmit path contains a power amplifier (PA) optimized for saturated performance. The PA output is internally matched for optimum output power and efficiency into a $50 \Omega$ load impedance. The PA output is passed through an harmonic filter before being fed through the SPDT switch. The PA input provides a good return loss into a $50 \Omega$ source impedance.
Transmit output power is controlled by the VPC pin, which is normally set to 2.25 V DC voltage. The nominal DC input impedance into the VPC pin is $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

## Receive Path

The receive path contains an LNA with bypass switch. The LNA impedance matching networks are internal to the module and have been optimized for a low NF while maintaining good return losses into a $50 \Omega$ source and load impedance. The receive arm of the SPDT switch and the LNA input are connected to module pins to allow an external filter to be inserted into the receive path.

## Operation Mode Control

The four SKY65313-21 operating modes are controlled by the three digital pins: CTL1, CTL2, and CTL3 (pins 2, 3, and 4, respectively). The control logic truth table is provided in Table 2.

## Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

The absolute maximum ratings of the SKY65313-21 are provided in Table 3. Recommended operating conditions are specified in Table 4. Electrical specifications are provided in Tables 5, 6, and 7.

Typical performance characteristics of the SKY65313-21 are illustrated in Figures 3 through 22.

Table 2. SKY65313-21 Operating Modes Truth Table ${ }^{1}$

| Operating Mode | Control Voltage |  |  | Internal States |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CTL1 } \\ & \text { (Pin 2) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CTL2 } \\ \text { (Pin 3) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CTL3 } \\ & \text { (Pin 4) } \end{aligned}$ | PA | LNA | LNA Bypass Switch | T/R Switch |
| Transmit | 1 | 1 | $X$ | On | Off | Open | Transmit |
| Receive | 0 | 1 | 0 | Off | On | Open | RX1 |
| Receive Bypass | 0 | 1 | 1 | Off | Off | Through | RX1 |
| Shutdown ${ }^{2}$ | $X$ | 0 | $X$ | Off | Off | Open | RX1 |

${ }^{1}$ See Recommended Operating Conditions Table for logic 0 and 1 characteristics. " $X$ " $=$ don't care state, defined as a valid state of logic 1 or 0.
2 In the high state, CTL1, CTL2, and CTL3 have an input current of $33 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ due to an internal $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pulldown. In the shutdown mode, for the lowest leakage current, the high state is not recommended for CTL1 and CTL3.

Table 3. SKY65313-21 Absolute Maximum Ratings ${ }^{1}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LNA supply voltage | VCC_RX | -0.3 | +5.0 | V |
| LNA supply current | Icc1 |  | 20 | mA |
| PA supply voltage | VCC_TX1/2/3 | -0.3 | +5.0 | V |
| PA supply current | Icc2 |  | 1.6 | A |
| Digital supply voltage | Vod1 | -0.5 | +5.5 | V |
| Digital supply voltage | Vod2 | -0.5 | +5.5 | V |
| Digital control voltage (CTL1, CTL2, CTL3) | Vctl | -0.5 | VDD1 + 0.3 | V |
| Transmit output power control voltage (VPC) | VpC | -0.3 | +5.0 | V |
| Receive RF input power (RX2) | PIn_RX2 |  | +5 | dBm |
| Receive RF input power (ANT) | Pin_ant |  | +33 | dBm |
| Transmit RF input power | PIn_TX |  | +15 | dBm |
| Operating case temperature | Tc | -40 | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | -55 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Junction temperature | TJ |  | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| T/R port load VSWR in transmit mode | VSWR |  | 10:1 | - |

${ }^{1}$ Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may reduce device reliability. There is no damage to device with only one parameter set at the limit and all other parameters set at or below their nominal value.
Nominal thermal resistance, junction to case, is $18^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$.

ESD HANDLING: Although this device is designed to be as robust as possible, electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage this device. This device must be protected at all times from ESD when handling or transporting. Static charges may easily produce potentials of several kilovolts on the human body or equipment, which can discharge without detection. Industry-standard ESD handling precautions should be used at all times.

Table 4. SKY65313-21 Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency range | f | 860 |  | 960 | MHz |
| LNA supply voltage | VCC_RX | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| Digital supply voltage ${ }^{1}$ | Vdo1 |  | VCC_RX |  | V |
| PA supply voltage | VCC_TX1/2/3 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 | V |
| Digital supply voltage ${ }^{1}$ | VdD2 |  | VCC_TX1/2/3 |  | V |
| Digital input voltage, logic 0 (CTL1, CTL2, CTL3) | VстL | 0 |  | 0.7 | V |
| Digital input voltage, logic 1 (CTL1, CTL2, CTL3) | Vctı | 1.6 |  | Vod1 | V |
| Transmit output power control voltage (VPC) | Vpc | 0 | 2.25 | 2.50 | V |
| Receive RF input power (RX2) | PIn_RX2 |  |  | -15 | dBm |
| Transmit RF input power (TX) | PIn_tXIN |  | +10 | +13 | dBm |
| Transmit duty cycle |  |  |  | 50 | \% |

${ }^{1}$ VDD1 and VDD2 are diode-coupled together with a typical turn-on voltage of 3.2 V .

Table 5. SKY65313-21 DC Electrical Specifications ${ }^{1}$
(VCC_RX = VDD1 = 3.0 V to 3.6 V, VCC_TX1/2/3 = VDD2 = 3.6 V to 4.4 V, Tc = -40 ${ }^{\circ}$ C to $\mathbf{+ 8 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, No RF Input Power, Unless Otherwise Noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quiescent current, receive mode ${ }^{2}$ | lQ_RX |  | 7.5 | 12.6 | 20.0 | mA |
| Quiescent current, receive bypass mode ${ }^{2}$ | IQ_BYP |  |  | 46 | 90 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| VDD1 quiescent current, transmit mode | lQ_VDD1 |  |  | 25 | 30 | mA |
| VCC_TX1/2/3/quiescent current, transmit mode | lQ_TXIN | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Tc}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \\ & \mathrm{VCC} \text { _TX1/2/3 }=4 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { VPC }=2.25 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | 55 | 88 | mA |
| VCC_TX1/2/3/ operating current, transmit mode | lop_TXIN | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}, @ 902 \text { to } \\ & 928 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Vpc}=2.25 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | 655 | 826 | mA |
| Vcc_rx quiescent current, shudown mode ${ }^{2,3}$ | lo_SDVCC_RX |  |  | 0.01 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| VCC_TX1/2/3 quiescent current, shutdown mode ${ }^{2,3}$ | lQ_SDVCC_TX1, <br> lo_sDVCC_TX2, <br> lQ_SDVCC_TX3 |  |  | 0.03 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Digital input current, logic ${ }^{3}$ | IH |  |  | 33 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Digital input current, logic $0^{3}$ | IL |  |  | 0 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Performance is guaranteed only under the conditions listed in this table.
${ }^{2}$ Total module power supply current.
${ }^{3}$ Not production tested.

Table 6. SKY65313-21 Electrical Specifications: Receive and Receive Bypass Mode ${ }^{1}$
 Impedance, CW Input, Unless Otherwise Noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receive Mode: RX2 to Receive Output Path |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Small signal gain | GLna |  | 15.6 | 16.6 | 18.3 | dB |
| Noise figure | NFLNA | $\mathrm{Tc}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Vcc}$ _RX $=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 1.4 | 1.8 | dB |
| Noise figure variation over temperature | NFtemp |  |  | $\pm 0.25$ |  | dB |
| 1 dB input compression point | IP1dBLna | 1 dB gain compression | -13 | -11 |  | dBm |
| Third order input intercept point | IIP3Lna | PIN $=-30 \mathrm{dBm} /$ tone, 200 kHz spacing | -3.5 | 0 |  | dBm |
| Input return loss | IS11/Lna |  | 8.0 | 10.7 |  | dB |
| Output return loss | IS22lına |  | 10.0 | 13.6 |  | dB |
| Reverse isolation | IS12lına |  | 20 | 22 |  | dB |
| Non-harmonic spurious ${ }^{2,3}$ | PSPUR_LNA | VSWR 10:1, all phases |  |  | -50 | dBm |
| Transition time ${ }^{2}$ | Tlna |  |  | 0.5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Receive Bypass Mode: RX2 to Receive Output Path |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insertion loss | LBYP |  |  | 3 | 4 | dB |
| 1 dB input compression point | IP1dBByp | 1 dB gain compression | +15 | +16 |  | dBm |
| Third order input intercept point | IIP3BYp | PIN $=-30 \mathrm{dBm} /$ tone, 200 kHz spacing | +27 | +30 |  | dBm |
| Input return loss | \|S11| ${ }^{\text {PYp }}$ |  | 12 | 15 |  | dB |
| Receive Bypass Mode: RX2 to Receive Output Path (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output return loss | IS22lByP |  | 12 | 22 |  | dB |
| Transition time ${ }^{2}$ | Tbyp |  |  | 0.5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Receive and Receive Bypass Mode: ANT to RX1 Path |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insertion loss | Lant |  |  | 0.5 | 0.9 | dB |
| 1 dB input compression point ${ }^{2}$ | IP1dBant | 1 dB gain compression |  | +35 |  | dBm |
| Third order input intercept point ${ }^{2}$ | IIP3ant | $\mathrm{PIN}=-30 \mathrm{dBm} /$ tone, 200 kHz spacing |  | +50 |  | dBm |
| Input return loss | \|S11/ant |  | 12 | 15 |  | dB |
| Output return loss | IS22\|ant |  | 12 | 15 |  | dB |
| Transition time ${ }^{2}$ | TANT |  |  | 0.5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Performance is guaranteed only under the conditions listed in this table.
${ }^{2}$ Not production tested.
${ }^{3}$ Measurement performed with spectrum analyzer RBW $=100 \mathrm{kHz}$ for frequencies $<1 \mathrm{GHz}$ and $\mathrm{RBW}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ for frequencies between 1 GHz and 10 GHz .

Table 7. SKY65313-21 Electrical Specifications: Transmit Mode ${ }^{1}$
 Impedance, CW Input, Unless Otherwise Noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Typical | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TXIN to ANT Path |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saturated output power | Pout | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}, \\ & \mathrm{TC}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \\ & \mathrm{VCC} \text { TX1 } / 2 / 3=4.0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{VPC}=2.25 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | +30.0 | +30.5 |  | dBm |
| Output power variation over supply voltage |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}, \\ & \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{PC}=2.25 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm 0.8$ |  | dB |
| Output power variation over temperature |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}, \\ & \mathrm{VPC}=2.25 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm 0.15$ |  | dB |
| Output power control | Рctl | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}, \\ & \mathrm{VPC}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 2.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { (Note 2) } \end{aligned}$ | 40 | 50 |  | dB |
| Power-added efficiency | PAE | $\mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ |  | 41 |  | \% |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ harmonic | 2 fo | $\mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ |  | -36 | -20 | dBc |
| $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ harmonic | 3fo | $\mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ |  | -62 | -58 | dBc |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ harmonic | 4fo | $\mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ |  | -76 | -66 | dBc |
| $5^{\text {th }}$ harmonic | 5 fo | $\mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ |  | -78 | -70 | dBc |
| $6^{\text {th }}-10^{\text {th }}$ harmonics ${ }^{3}$ | 6fo-10fo | $\mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ |  |  | -70 | dBc |
| Input return loss | \|S11|Tx | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}, \\ & \mathrm{TC}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \\ & \mathrm{VCC} \text { TX1 } / 2 / 3=4.0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{VPC}=2.25 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 10 | 16 |  | dB |
| Output impedance ${ }^{4}$ | Zout_TX | $\mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ |  | 39-j46 |  | $\Omega$ |
| Non-harmonic spurious ${ }^{4,5}$ | PsPUR_TX | VSWR 10:1, all phases |  |  | -50 | dBm |
| Transition time ${ }^{4}$ | Ttx |  |  | 0.5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| ANT to RX1 Path |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Isolation | IS21lant |  | 18 | 23 |  | dB |

${ }^{1}$ Performance is guaranteed only under the conditions listed in this table.
2 Output power control is the difference between the output power at VPC $=2.25 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{VPC}=0 \mathrm{~V}$.
${ }^{3}$ Only the $2^{\text {nd }}$ to $5^{\text {th }}$ harmonics have been production tested. The $6^{6^{\text {th }}}$ to $10^{\text {th }}$ harmonics are characterized only.
${ }^{4}$ Not production tested.
${ }^{5}$ Measurement performed with spectrum analyzer RBW $=100 \mathrm{kHz}$ for frequencies $<1 \mathrm{GHz}$ and RBW $=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ for frequencies between 1 GHz and 10 GHz .

## Typical Performance Characteristics



Figure 3. PA Saturated Output Power vs Frequency Over Temperature (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = 4.0 V, VDD1 = VCC_RX = 3.3 V, Pin = +10 dBm, VPC = $\mathbf{2 . 2 5} \mathrm{V}$ )


Figure 5. PA Gain vs Output Power Over Temperature (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = 4.0 V, VDD1 = VCC_RX = 3.3 V, $\mathbf{f}=\mathbf{9 1 5} \mathbf{~ M H z}, \mathrm{VPC}=\mathbf{2 . 2 5} \mathrm{V})$


Figure 4. PA Saturated Output Power vs Frequency Over VCC_TX/1/2/3 (VDD1 = VCC_RX = 3.3 V, Tc = $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, PIN $=+\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{d B m}, \mathrm{VPC}=\mathbf{2 . 2 5} \mathbf{~ V})$


Figure 6. PA Output Power vs VPC Over Temperature (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = 4.0 V, VDD1 = VCC_RX $=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{f}=\mathbf{9 1 5} \mathbf{~ M H z}, \mathrm{PIN}=\boldsymbol{+ 1 0} \mathbf{d B m})$


Figure 7. PA Operating Current vs Output Power Over Temperature (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = 4.0 V , VDD1 $=$ VCC_RX $=\mathbf{3 . 3} \mathbf{V}, \mathbf{f}=\mathbf{9 1 5} \mathbf{~ M H z}, V P C=2.25 V)$


Figure 9. PA ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Harmonic vs Frequency Over VCC_TX1/2/3 (VDD1 = VCC_RX = $3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{TC}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$

$$
V P C=2.25 \mathrm{~V})
$$



Figure 11. PA $4^{\text {th }}$ Harmonic vs Frequency Over VCC_TX1/2/3 (VDD1 $=$ VCC_RX $=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Tc}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$

$$
V P C=2.25 \mathrm{~V})
$$



Figure 8. PA Operating Current vs Output Power Over VCC_TX/1/2/3 (VDD1 = VCC_RX = 3.3 V, Tc = $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $\mathbf{f}=\mathbf{9 1 5} \mathbf{~ M H z}, \mathrm{VPC}=\mathbf{2 . 2 5} \mathbf{V}$ )


Figure 10. PA $3^{\text {rd }}$ Harmonic vs Frequency Over VCC_TX1/2/3 (VDD1 = VCC_RX = $\mathbf{3 . 3} \mathbf{V}, \mathrm{Tc}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ VPC = $\mathbf{2 . 2 5}$ V)


Figure 12. PA $5^{\text {th }}$ Harmonic vs Frequency Over VCC_TX1/2/3 (VDD1 = VCC_RX = 3.3 V, TC $=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{PIN}=+10 \mathrm{dBm}$ VPC $=\mathbf{2 . 2 5} \mathrm{V}$ )


Figure 13. LNA Gain vs Frequency Over Temperature (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = 4.0 V, VDD1 = VCC_RX = 3.3 V)


Figure 15. LNA IIP3 vs Frequency Over Temperature (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 $=\mathbf{4 . 0} \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{Tc}=25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


Figure 17. LNA Noise Figure vs Frequency Over Temperature (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = 4.0 V, VCC_RX = VDD1 = 3.3 V)


Figure 14. LNA Gain vs Frequency Over VCC_RX (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 $=\mathbf{4 . 0} \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{Tc}=25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


Figure 16. LNA IIP3 vs Frequency Over VCC_RX (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 $=\mathbf{4 . 0} \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{Tc}=25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


Figure 18. LNA Noise Figure vs Frequency Over VCC_RX (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = 4.0 V, Tc = $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


Figure 19. Antenna Switch Insertion Loss vs Frequency Over Temperature (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = 4.0 V , VDD1 $=$ VCC_RX = 3.3 V)


Figure 21. Bypass Switch Insertion Loss vs Frequency Over Temperature (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = $\mathbf{4 . 0} \mathrm{V}$, Tc $=25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


Figure 20. Antenna Switch Insertion Loss vs Frequency Over VCC_RX (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = $\mathbf{4 . 0} \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{Tc}=25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


Figure 22. Bypass Switch Insertion Loss vs Frequency Over VCC_RX (VCC_TX/1/2/3 = VDD2 = $\mathbf{4 . 0} \mathbf{V}$, $\mathrm{Tc}=25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

## Evaluation Board Description

The SKY65313-21 Evaluation Board is used to test the performance of the SKY65313-21 T/R FEM. A typical application schematic diagram is provided in Figure 23.

An Evaluation Board schematic diagram is provided in Figure 24. An assembly drawing for the Evaluation Board is shown in Figure 25.


Figure 23. SKY65313-21 Typical Application Schematic


Figure 24. SKY65313-21 Evaluation Board Schematic


Figure 25. SKY65313-21 Evaluation Board Assembly Diagram

## Package Dimensions

A typical part marking is shown in Figure 26. The PCB layout footprint for the SKY65313-21 is provided in Figure 27. Package dimensions are shown in Figure 28, and tape and reel dimensions are provided in Figure 29.

## Package and Handling Information

Since the device package is sensitive to moisture absorption, it is baked and vacuum packed before shipping. Instructions on the shipping container label regarding exposure to moisture after the container seal is broken must be followed. Otherwise, problems related to moisture absorption may occur when the part is subjected to high temperature during solder assembly.
The SKY65313-21 is rated to Moisture Sensitivity Level 3 (MSL3) at $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. It can be used for lead or lead-free soldering. For additional information, refer to Skyworks Application Note, PCB Design and SMT Assembly/Rework Guidelines for MCM-L Packages, document number 101752.
Care must be taken when attaching this product, whether it is done manually or in a production solder reflow environment. Production quantities of this product are shipped in a standard tape and reel format.


Figure 26. Typical Part Marking


Figure 27. SKY65313-21 PCB Layout Footprint


Figure 28. SKY65313-21 Package Dimensions


Detail B
Notes:

1. Carrier tape: black conductive polycarbonate or polystyrene.
2. Cover tape material: transparent conductive PSA.
3. Cover tape size: 9.3 mm width.
4. All dimensions are in millimeters.
5. ESD-surface resistivity is $\leq 1 \times 10^{10} 0 \mathrm{hms} /$ square per EIA, JEDEC TNR Specification.


Detail A
Figure 29. SKY65313-21 Tape and Reel Dimensions

## Ordering Information

| Model Name | Manufacturing Part Number | Evaluation Board Part Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SKY65313-21: T/R Front-End Module | SKY65313-21 | SKY65313-21-EVB |

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