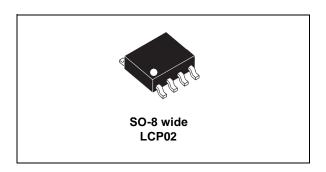


Protection IC for ringing SLICs

Datasheet - production data



Features

- · Protection IC recommended for ringing SLICs
- Wide firing voltage range: -120 V to +120 V
- Low gate triggering current: I_G = 5 mA max
- Peak pulse current: I_{PP} = 30 A (10/1000 μs)
- Holding current: I_H = 150 mA min.

Applications

- Dual battery supply voltage SLICs
- Central office (CO)
- Private branch exchange (PBX)
- Digital loop carrier (DLC)
- Digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM)
- Fiber in the loop (FITL)
- Wireless local loop (WLL)
- Hybrid fiber coax (HFC)
- ISDN terminal adapter
- Cable modem

Description

The LCP02 has been developed to protect SLICs operating on both negative and positive battery supplies, as well as high voltage SLICs. It provides crowbar mode protection for both TIP and RING lines. The surge suppression is assumed for each wire by two thyristor structures, one dedicated to positive surges the second one for negative surges. Both positive and negative threshold levels are programmable by two gates.

LCP02 can be used to help equipment to meet various standards such as UL1950, IEC 60950 / CSAC22.2, UL1459 and TIA-968-A. LCP02 pinout and clearance is compatible with UL60950. Resin meets UL94 V0.

LCP02 is UL497B approved - file: E136224.

Figure 1. Functional diagram

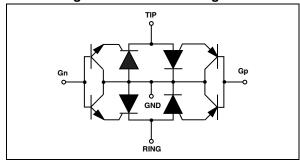
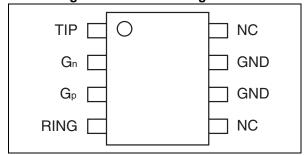


Figure 2. Pin-out configuration



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Characteristics LCP02

1 Characteristics

Table 1. Compliant with the following standards

| Standard | Peak surge voltage (V) | Voltage waveform | Required peak current (A) | Current waveform | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Minimum} \\ \textbf{series resistor} \\ \textbf{Rs to meet} \\ \textbf{standard (}\Omega\textbf{)} \end{array}$ |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| GR-1089 Core First level | 2500 | 2/10 µs | 500 | 2/10 µs | 20 |
| GK-1009 Cole Filst level | 1000 | 10/1000 μs | 100 | 10/1000 μs | 24 |
| GR-1089 Core Second level | 5000 | 2/10 μs | 500 | 2/10 μs | 40 |
| GR-1089 Core Intra-building | 1500 | 2/10 μs | 100 | 2/10 µs | 0 |
| | 6000 | | 150 | | 94 |
| ITU-T-K20/K21 | 4000 | 10/700 µs | 100 | 5/310 µs | 49 |
| | 1500 | | 37.5 | | 0 |
| ITU-T-K20 (IEC61000-4-2) | 8000 | 1/60 ns | ESD contact discharge | | 0 |
| 110-1-R20 (IEG01000-4-2) | 15000 1760 hs | | ESD air discharge | | 0 |
| IEC61000-4-5 | 4000 | 10/700 μs | 100 | 5/310 µs | 49 |
| 12001000-4-5 | 4000 | 1.2/50 µs | 100 | 8/20 μs | 0 |
| TIA 069 A (formarly ECC part 69) type A | 1500 | 10/160 µs | 200 | 10/160 µs | 20 |
| TIA-968-A (formerly FCC part 68) type A | 800 | 10/560 µs | 100 | 10/560 μs | 15 |
| TIA-968-A (formerly FCC part 68) type B | 1000 | 9/720 µs | 25 | 5/320 µs | 0 |

Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings ($T_{amb} = 25$ °C)

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit | |
|------------------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|----|
| I _{PP} | Peak pulse current | 30 45 100 | А | |
| I _{TSM} | Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (F = 50 Hz) $t_p = 0.2 \text{ s}$ t_{TSM} value specified for each line t_{TSM} value can be applied on both lines at the same time (GND capability is twice the line t_{TSM}) | | 9 6 1.9 | А |
| V _{Gn} V _{Gp} | Negative battery voltage range Positive battery voltage range | | | V |
| T _j | Operating junction temperature range | -40 to +125 | °C | |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature range | -55 to +150 | °C | |
| TL | Lead solder temperature (10 s duration) | | 260 | °C |

LCP02 Characteristics



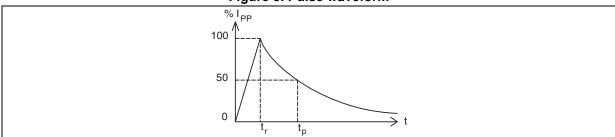


Table 3. Thermal resistance

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------|------|
| R _{th(j-a)} | Junction to ambient | 150 | °C/W |

Table 4. Parameters related to the negative suppressor

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------|---|--|------|---------|------|
| I _{Gn} | Negative gate trigger current | V _{Gn/GND} = -60 V Measured at 50 Hz | | 5 | mA |
| I _{H-} | Holding current (see Figure 4) | V _{Gn} = -60 V | 150 | | mA |
| V _{DGL} - | Dynamic switching voltage Gn / TIP or RING ⁽¹⁾ | $V_{Gn/GND}$ = -60 V 10/700 µs 2 kV R_s = 25 Ω I_{PP} = 30 A 1.2/50 µs 2 kV R_s = 25 Ω I_{PP} = 30 A | | 8 15 | V |

^{1.} The V_{DGL} value is the difference between the peak line voltage during the surge and the programmed gate voltage.

Table 5. Parameters related to the positive suppressor

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | | Min. | Max. | Unit | | |
|-----------------|---|------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|----|---|
| I _{Gp} | Positive gate trigger current $V_{Gp/GND} = 60 \text{ V, measured at } 50 \text{ Hz}$ | | | 5 | mA | | | |
| | Dynamia switching valtage Cn / TID or | $V_{Gp/GND} = 6$ | 60 V | | | | | |
| V_{DGL+} | Dynamic switching voltage Gp / TIP or RING ⁽¹⁾ | 10/700 µs | 2 kV | $R_s = 25 \Omega$ | $I_{PP} = 30 \text{ A}$ | | 8 | V |
| | | 1.2/50 µs | 2 kV | $R_s = 25 \Omega$ | $I_{PP} = 30 A$ | | 35 | |

^{1.} The V_{DGL} value is the difference between the peak line voltage during the surge and the programmed gate voltage.

Table 6. Parameters related to TIP or RING / GND

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------|-------------------------------|---|------|--------|------|
| I _R | Reverse leakage current | $V_{TIP \text{ or RING}} = +120 \text{ V}$ $V_{Gp/TIP \text{ or RING}} = +1 \text{ V}$ $V_{TIP \text{ or RING}} = -120 \text{ V}$ $V_{Gn/TIP \text{ or RING}} = -1 \text{ V}$ | | 5 5 | μА |
| С | Capacitance TIP or RING / GND | $V_R = -3 \text{ V}, \text{ F} = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{Gp} = 60 \text{ V}, V_{Gn} = -60 \text{ V}$ | | 60 | pF |

Characteristics LCP02

Table 7. Recommended gate capacitance

| Symbol | Component | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| C _n , C _p | Gate decoupling capacitance | 100 | 220 | | nF |

Figure 4. Relative variation of holding current versus junction temperature

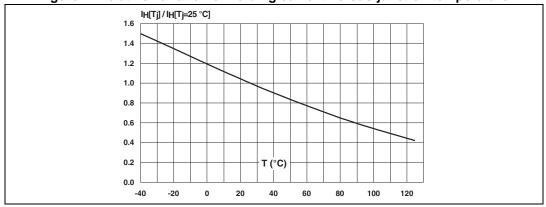


Figure 5. Maximum non repetitive surge peak on state current versus overload duration

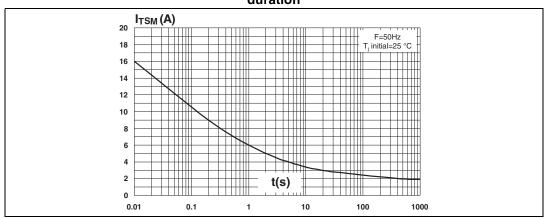
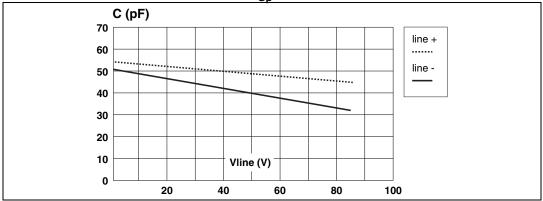


Figure 6. Capacitance versus reverse applied voltage (typical values) with V_{Gn} = -90 V and V_{Gp} = +90 V



LCP02 **Technical information**

Technical information 2

L1 0 TIP V Tip IGр -Vbat GND O וואו o GND L2 0 *,* T_{V Ring}

Figure 7. LCP02 concept behavior

Figure 7 shows the classical protection circuit using the LCP02 crowbar concept. This topology has been developed to protect two-battery voltage SLICs. It allows both positive and negative firing thresholds to be programmed. The LCP02 has two gates (Gn and Gp). Gn is biased to negative battery voltage -Vbat, while Gp is biased to the positive battery voltage +Vb.

When a negative surge occurs on one wire (L1 for example), a current IGn flows through the base of the transistor T1 and then injects a current in the gate of the thyristor Th1 which turns-on. All the surge current flows through the ground. After the surge, when the current flowing through Th1 becomes less negative than the negative holding current I_{H-}, Th1 switches off. This holding current I_{H-} is temperature dependent as per Figure 4

When a positive surge occurs on one wire (L1 for example), a current IGp flows through the base of the transistor T2 and then injects a current in the gate of the thyristor Th2 which fires. All the surge current flows through the ground. After the surge, when the current flowing through Th2 becomes less positive than the positive holding current I_{H+}, Th2 switches off. This holding current I_{H+}, typically 20 mA at 25 °C, is temperature dependent and the same Figure 4 also applies.

The capacitors Cn and Cp are used to speed up the crowbar structure firing during the fast rise or fall edges. This allows minimization of the dynamic breakover voltage at the SLIC TIP and RING inputs during fast surges. Please note that these capacitors are generally available around the SLIC. To be efficient they have to be as close as possible to the LCP02 gate pins (Gn and Gp) and to the reference ground track (or plan). The optimized value for Cn and Cp is 220 nF.

The series resistors Rs shown in Figure 7 represent the fuse resistors or the PTCs which are needed to withstand the power contact or the power induction tests imposed by the country standards. Taking this factor into account, the actual lightning surge current flowing through the LCP02 is equal to:

I surge = Vsurge / (Rg + Rs)

With

V surge = peak surge voltage imposed by the standard.

Rg = series resistor of the surge generator

Rs = series resistor of the line card (e.g. PTC)

Technical information LCP02

For a line card with 50 Ω of series resistors which has to be qualified under GR-1089 1000 V 10/1000 μ s surge, the present current through the LCP02 is equal to:

I surge =
$$1000 / (10 + 50) = 17 A$$

Rs (*)

Rs (*) = PTC or Resistor fuse

The LCP02 topology is particularly optimized for the new telecom applications such as fiber in the loop, WLL systems, and decentralized central office, for example.

Line card

-Vbat

-Vbat

TIP

Gn TIP

GND 220nF LCP02 Gp

SLIC

RING

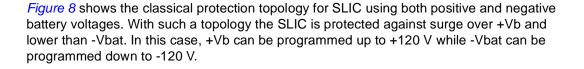
220nF

RING

+Vb

 $\eta \eta$

Figure 8. Protection of SLIC with positive and negative battery voltages



3 Package information

- Epoxy meets UL94, V0
- Lead-free package

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D A2 A K E A1 A C

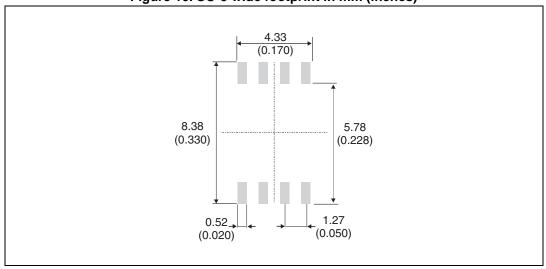
Figure 9. SO-8 wide dimension definitions

Package information LCP02

Table 8. SO-8 wide dimension values

| | Dimensions | | | | | | |
|------|------------|-------------|------|------|--------|------|--|
| Ref. | | Millimeters | | | Inches | | |
| | Min. | | Max. | Min. | | Max. | |
| Α | 1.70 | 1.90 | 2.10 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.08 | |
| A1 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.25 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | |
| A2 | 1.65 | 1.80 | 1.75 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.07 | |
| b | 0.38 | 0.43 | 0.48 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | |
| С | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | |
| D | 5.14 | 5.24 | 5.34 | 0.02 | 0.021 | 0.21 | |
| Е | 5.20 | 5.30 | 5.40 | 0.02 | 0.021 | 0.21 | |
| E1 | 7.70 | 7.80 | 8.25 | 0.30 | 0.031 | 0.32 | |
| е | | 1.27 | | 0.05 | 0.05 | | |
| K | | | 8.00 | 0.14 | 0.31 | | |
| L | 0.55 | 0.75 | 0.85 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | |

Figure 10. SO-8 wide footprint in mm (inches)



4 Ordering information

Table 9. Ordering information

| Order code | Marking | Package | Weight | Base qty | Delivery mode |
|---------------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|---------------|
| LCP02-150B1RL | LCP02 | SO-8 wide | 0.125g | 1500 | Tape and reel |

5 Revision history

Table 10. Document revision history

| Date | Revision | Changes |
|-------------|----------|---------------|
| 20-Mar-2014 | 1 | First release |

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