M74HC123

## DUAL RETRIGGERABLE MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR

- HIGH SPEED :
$t_{P D}=23 \mathrm{~ns}$ (TYP.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6 \mathrm{~V}$
- LOW POWER DISSIPATION: STAND BY STATE :
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (MAX.) at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
ACTIVE STATE :
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}=200 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (MAX.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$
- HIGH NOISE IMMUNITY:
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NIH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NIL}}=28 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}(\mathrm{MIN}$.
- SYMMETRICAL OUTPUT IMPEDANCE:
$\left|\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OH}}\right|=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=4 \mathrm{~mA}(\mathrm{MIN})$
- BALANCED PROPAGATION DELAYS:
$\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLH}} \cong \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHL}}$
- WIDE OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}(\mathrm{OPR})=2 \mathrm{~V}$ to 6 V
- WIDE OUTPUT PULSE WIDTH RANGE
${ }^{\text {W}}$ WOUT $=120 \mathrm{~ns} \sim 60 \mathrm{~s}$ OVER AT $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$
- PIN AND FUNCTION COMPATIBLE WITH 74 SERIES 123


## DESCRIPTION

The M74HC123 is an high speed CMOS MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR fabricated with silicon gate $C^{2} \mathrm{MOS}$ technology.
There are two trigger inputs, A INPUT (negative edge) and B INPUT (positive edge). These inputs are valid for slow rising/falling signals, ( $\mathrm{tr}=\mathrm{tf}=\mathrm{l} \sec$ ). The device may also be triggered by using the $\overline{C L R}$ input (positive-edge) because of the Schmitt-trigger input; after triggering the output maintains the MONOSTABLE state for the time


ORDER CODES

| PACKAGE | TUBE | T \& R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIP | M74HC123B1R |  |
| SOP | M74HC123M1R | M74HC123RM13TR |
| TSSOP |  | M74HC123TTR |

period determined by the external resistor $R x$ and capacitor $C x$. When $C x \geq 10 n F$ and $R x \geq 10 K \Omega$, the output pulse width value is approsimatively given by the formula : $\mathrm{tW}(\mathrm{OUT})=\mathrm{K} \cdot \mathrm{Cx} \cdot \mathrm{Rx}$.
( $\mathrm{K} \cong 0.45$ ).
Taking $\overline{\text { CLR }}$ low breaks this MONOSTABLE STATE. If the next trigger pulse occurs during the MONOSTABLE period it makes the MONOSTABLE period longer. Limit for values of Cx and Rx: Cx : NO LIMIT
$R \mathrm{x}: \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}<3.0 \mathrm{~V} 5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ to $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

$$
\breve{V}_{\mathrm{cc}} \geq 3.0 \mathrm{~V} 1 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \text { to } 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega
$$

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge and transient excess voltage.

PIN CONNECTION AND IEC LOGIC SYMBOLS


## M74HC123

INPUT AND OUTPUT EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT


PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN No | SYMBOL | NAME AND FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1,9 | $1 \overline{\mathrm{~A}}, 2 \overline{\mathrm{~A}}$ | Trigger Inputs (Negative <br> Edge Triggered) |
| 2,10 | $1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | Trigger Inputs (Positive <br> Edge Triggered) |
| 3,11 | $1 \overline{\mathrm{CLR}}$ <br> 2 CLR | Direct Reset LOW and <br> trigger Action at Positive <br> Edge |
| 4,12 | $1 \overline{\mathrm{Q}, 2 \overline{\mathrm{Q}}}$ | Outputs (Active Low) |
| 7 | $2 \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{X}} / \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{X}}$ | External Resistor <br> Capacitor Connection |
| 13,5 | $1 \mathrm{Q}, 2 \mathrm{Q}$ | Outputs (Active High) |
| 14,6 | $1 \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{X}}$ <br> $2 \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{X}}$ | External Capacitor <br> Connection |
| 15 | $1 \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{X}} / \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{X}}$ | External Resistor <br> Capacitor Connection |
| 8 | GND | Ground (0V) |
| 16 | Vcc | Positive Supply Voltage |

TRUTH TABLE

| INPUTS |  |  | OUTPUTS |  | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ | B | $\overline{\text { CLR }}$ | Q | $\bar{Q}$ |  |
| 乙 | H | H | $\checkmark \square$ | $\square$ | OUTPUT ENABLE |
| X | L | H | L | H | INHIBIT |
| H | X | H | L | H | INHIBIT |
| L | $\bigcirc$ | H | $\checkmark$ | $\square$ | OUTPUT ENABLE |
| L | H | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\square$ | OUTPUT ENABLE |
| X | X | L | L | H | INHIBIT |

X : Don’t Care

SYSTEM DIAGRAM


This logic diagram has not be used to estimate propagation delays
TIMING CHART


## BLOCK DIAGRAM


(1) $C x, R x, D x$ are external components.
(2) Dx is a clamping diode.

The external capacitor is charged to Vcc in the stand-by-state, i.e. no trigger. When the supply voltage is turned off Cx is discharged mainly trough an internal parasitic diode(see figures). If Cx is sufficiently large and Vcc decreases rapidly, there will be some possibility of damaging the I.C. with a surge current or latch-up. If the voltage supply filter capacitor is large enough and Vcc decrease slowly, the surge current is automatically limited and damage to the I.C. is avoided. The maximum forward current of the parasitic diode is approximately 20 mA . In cases where Cx is large the time taken for the supply voltage to fall to 0.4 Vcc can be calculated as follows :
$\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}} \geq(\mathrm{Vcc}-0.7) \times \mathrm{Cx} / 20 \mathrm{~mA}$
In cases where $t_{f}$ is too short an external clamping diode is required to protect the I.C. from the surge current.

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

## STAND-BY STATE

The external capacitor,Cx, is fully charged to Vcc in the stand-by state. Hence, before triggering, transistor Qp and Qn (connected to the Rx/Cx node) are both turned-off. The two comparators that control the timing and the two reference voltage sources stop operating. The total supply current is therefore only leakage current.
TRIGGER OPERATION
Triggering occurs when :
1 st) $A$ is "LOW" and $B$ has a falling edge;
2 nd) $B$ is "HIGH" and $A$ has a rising edge;
3 rd) $A$ is "LOW" and $B$ is HIGH and C 1 has a rising edge;
After the multivibrator has been retriggered comparator C1 and C2 start operating and Qn is turned on. Cx then discharges through Qn. The voltage at the node R/C external falls.
When it reaches $\mathrm{V}_{\text {REFL }}$ the output of comparator C1 becomes low. This in turn reset the flip-flop and Qn is turned off.
At this point C 1 stops functioning but C2 continues to operate.
The voltage at R/C external begins to rise with a time constant set by the external components Rx, Cx.

Triggering the multivibrator causes $Q$ to go high after internal delay due to the flip-flop and the gate. $Q$ remains high until the voltage at R/C external rises again to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {REFH }}$. At this point C2
output goes low and O goes low. C2 stop operating. That means that after triggering when the voltage R/C external returns to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {REFH }}$ the multivibrator has returned to its MONOSTABLE STATE. In the case where $\mathrm{Rx} \cdot \mathrm{Cx}$ are large enough and the discharge time of the capacitor and the delay time in the I.C. can be ignored, the width of the output pulse tw (out) is as follows:

$$
\mathrm{tW}(\mathrm{OUT})=0.45 \mathrm{Cx} \cdot \mathrm{Rx}
$$

## RE - TRIGGERED OPERATION

When a second trigger pulse follows the first its effect will depend on the state of the multivibrator. If the capacitor Cx is being charged the voltage level of R/C external falls to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {REFL }}$ again and Q remains High i.e. the retrigger pulse arrives in a time shorter than the period Rx • Cx seconds, the capacitor charging time constant. If the second trigger pulse is very close to the initial trigger pulse it is ineffective ; i.e. the second trigger must arrive in the capacitor discharge cycle to be ineffective; Hence the minimum time for a second trigger to be effective depends on Vcc and Cx

## RESET OPERATION

CL is normally high. If CL is low, the trigger is not effective because Q output goes low and trigger control flip-flop is reset.
Also transistor Op is turned on and Cx is charged quickly to Vcc. This means if CL input goes low the IC becomes waiting state both in operating and non operating state.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +7 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | DC Input Voltage | -0.5 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Voltage | -0.5 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | DC Input Diode Current | $\pm 20$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OK}}$ | DC Output Diode Current | $\pm 20$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Current | $\pm 25$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{GND}}$ | DC $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or Ground Current | $\pm 50$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Power Dissipation | $500\left(^{*}\right)$ | mW |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Lead Temperature (10 sec) | 300 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied
(*) 500 mW at $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; derate to 300 mW by $10 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ from $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Parameter |  | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage |  | 2 to 6 | V |
| $V_{1}$ | Input Voltage |  | 0 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Output Voltage |  | 0 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{op}}$ | Operating Temperature |  | -55 to 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $t_{\text {r }}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | Input Rise and Fall Time | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 to 1000 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 to 500 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 to 400 | ns |
| Cx | External Capacitor |  | NO LIMITATION | pF |
| Rx | External Resistor | Vcc < 3V | 5 K to 1M | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{Vcc} \geq 3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 K to 1M |  |

The Maximum allowable values of Cx and Rx are a function of leakage of capacitor Cx , the leakage of device and leakage due to the board layout and surface resistance. Susceptibility to externally induced noise may occur for $\mathrm{Rx}>1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

## M74HC123

## DC SPECIFICATIONS


(1) : Per Circuit

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$, Input $\left.\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns}\right)$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition |  | Value |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{Cc}} \\ & (\mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | -55 to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {TLH }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {THL }}$ | Output Transition Time | 2.0 |  |  | 30 | 75 |  | 95 |  | 110 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  | 8 | 15 |  | 19 |  | 22 |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  | 7 | 13 |  | 16 |  | 19 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | Propagation Delay Time <br> ( $\bar{A}, B-Q, \bar{Q}$ ) | 2.0 |  |  | 102 | 210 |  | 265 |  | 315 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  | 29 | 42 |  | 53 |  | 63 |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  | 22 | 36 |  | 45 |  | 54 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | Propagation Delay Time(CLR TRIGGER - $\mathrm{Q}, \overline{\mathrm{Q}})$ | 2.0 |  |  | 102 | 235 |  | 295 |  | 355 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  | 31 | 47 |  | 59 |  | 71 |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  | 23 | 40 |  | 50 |  | 60 |  |
| $t_{\text {PLH }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | Propagation Delay Time$(\overline{\mathrm{CLR}}-\mathrm{Q}, \overline{\mathrm{Q}})$ | 2.0 |  |  | 68 | 160 |  | 200 |  | 240 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  | 20 | 32 |  | 40 |  | 48 |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  | 16 | 27 |  | 34 |  | 41 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {twout }}$ | Output Pulse Width | 2.0 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Cx}=100 \mathrm{pF} \\ \mathrm{Rx}=10 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \end{gathered}$ |  | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  | 1.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2.0 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Cx}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} \\ \mathrm{Rx}=100 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \end{gathered}$ |  | 4.6 |  |  |  |  |  | ms |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  | 4.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  | 4.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Delta t_{\text {WOUT }}$ | Output Pulse Width Error Between Circuits in Same Package |  |  |  | $\pm 1$ |  |  |  |  |  | \% |
| ${ }^{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{W}$ (H) <br> ${ }^{t}$ (L) | Minimum Pulse Width | 2.0 |  |  |  | 75 |  | 95 |  | 110 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  |  | 15 |  | 19 |  | 22 |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  |  | 13 |  | 16 |  | 19 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {W }}$ (L) | Minimum Pulse Width ( $\overline{\mathrm{CLR}})$ | 2.0 |  |  |  | 75 |  | 95 |  | 110 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  |  | 15 |  | 19 |  | 22 |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  |  | 13 |  | 16 |  | 19 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{rr}}$ | Minimum Retrigger Time | 2.0 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Cx}=100 \mathrm{pF} \\ \mathrm{Rx}=10 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \end{gathered}$ |  | 325 |  |  |  |  |  | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  | 108 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  | 78 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2.0 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Cx}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} \\ \mathrm{Rx}=100 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \end{gathered}$ |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  |  | 4.5 |  |  | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6.0 |  |  | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition |  | Value |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & V_{c c} \\ & (V) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | -55 to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance | 5.0 |  |  | 5 | 10 |  | 10 |  | 10 | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (note 1) | 5.0 |  |  | 162 |  |  |  |  |  | pF |

1) $C_{P D}$ is defined as the value of the IC's internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load. (Refer to Test Circuit). Average operating current can be obtained by the following equation. $I_{C C(o p r)}=C_{P D} \times V_{C C} \times f_{I N}+I_{C C}$ Duty/100 $+\mathrm{lc} / 2\left(\right.$ per monostable) ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ : Active Supply current) (Duty : \%)

## M74HC123

TEST CIRCUIT

$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ or equivalent (includes jig and probe capacitance)
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=\mathrm{Z}_{\text {OUT }}$ of pulse generator (typically $50 \Omega$ )
WAVEFORM : SWITCIHNG CHARACTERISTICS TEST WAVEFORM ( $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; 50 \%$ duty cycle)


Plastic DIP-16 (0.25) MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm. |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| a1 | 0.51 |  |  | 0.020 |  |  |
| B | 0.77 |  | 1.65 | 0.030 |  | 0.065 |
| b |  | 0.5 |  |  | 0.020 |  |
| b1 |  | 0.25 |  |  | 0.010 |  |
| D |  |  | 20 |  | 0.335 |  |
| E |  | 17.78 |  |  | 0.100 |  |
| e |  |  |  |  |  | 0.787 |
| e3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F |  | 3.3 | 5.1 |  | 0.130 |  |
| I |  |  |  |  |  | 0.280 |
| L |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Z |  |  |  |  |  | 0.050 |



## SO-16 MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm. |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A |  |  | 1.75 |  |  | 0.068 |
| a1 | 0.1 |  | 0.2 | 0.003 |  | 0.007 |
| a2 |  |  | 1.65 |  |  | 0.064 |
| b | 0.35 |  | 0.46 | 0.013 |  | 0.018 |
| b1 | 0.19 |  | 0.25 | 0.007 |  | 0.010 |
| C |  | 0.5 |  |  | 0.019 |  |
| c1 | $45^{\circ}$ (typ.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| D | 9.8 |  | 10 | 0.385 |  | 0.393 |
| E | 5.8 |  | 6.2 | 0.228 |  | 0.244 |
| e |  | 1.27 |  |  | 0.050 |  |
| e3 |  | 8.89 |  |  | 0.350 |  |
| F | 3.8 |  | 4.0 | 0.149 |  | 0.157 |
| G | 4.6 |  | 5.3 | 0.181 |  | 0.208 |
| L | 0.5 |  | 1.27 | 0.019 |  | 0.050 |
| M |  |  | 0.62 |  |  | 0.024 |
| S | $8^{\circ}$ (max.) |  |  |  |  |  |



TSSOP16 MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm. |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A |  |  | 1.2 |  |  | 0.047 |
| A1 | 0.05 |  | 0.15 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.006 |
| A2 | 0.8 | 1 | 1.05 | 0.031 | 0.039 | 0.041 |
| b | 0.19 |  | 0.30 | 0.007 |  | 0.012 |
| c | 0.09 |  | 0.20 | 0.004 |  | 0.0089 |
| D | 4.9 | 5 | 5.1 | 0.193 | 0.197 | 0.201 |
| E | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 0.244 | 0.252 | 0.260 |
| E1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.48 | 0.169 | 0.173 | 0.176 |
| e |  | 0.65 BSC |  |  | 0.0256 BSC |  |
| K | $0^{\circ}$ |  | $8 \circ$ | $0{ }^{\circ}$ |  | 8 |
| L | 0.45 | 0.60 | 0.75 | 0.018 | 0.024 | 0.030 |



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LTC6993MPS6-4\#TRMPBF LTC6993IS6-4\#TRMPBF LTC6993IS6-2\#TRMPBF LTC6993CS6-4\#TRMPBF 74AHC123ABQ-Q100X
LTC6993CS6-2\#TRMPBF LTC6993CS6-1\#TRMPBF LTC6993MPS6-1\#TRMPBF LTC6993HS6-2\#TRMPBF LTC6993IS6-3\#TRMPBF
LTC6993HDCB-2\#TRMPBF 74HCT4538PW,118 LTC6993MPS6-1\#TRPBF LTC6993CS6-3\#TRMPBF NTE74123 LTC6993HS6-
1\#WTRMPBF LTC6993HS6-3\#WTRMPBF LTC6993HS6-4\#WTRMPBF LTC6993HS6-2\#WTRMPBF LTC6993CS6-1\#TRPBF
74HC4538D NLV14538BDR2G 74HC221D,652 74HC4538N,652 74AHC123ABQ,115 74AHC123AD,118 74AHC123APW,112
74AHCT123ABQ,115 74AHCT123AD,118 74AHCT123APW,118 74HC123BQ,115 74HC123D,652 74HC123DB,112

