## MULTIPLE RS-232 DRIVERS AND RECEIVERS

- MEETS AND EXCEEDS THE REQUIREMENTS OF EIA/TIA-232-E AND ITUV. 28 STANDARD
- SINGLE CHIP WITH EASY INTERFACE BETWEEN UART AND SERIAL PORT CONNECTOR OF IBM PC/AT ${ }^{T M}$ AND COMPATIBLES
- DESIGNED TO SUPPORT DATA RATES UP TO 120 Kbps


## DESCRIPTION

The ST75285 contains six drivers and ten receivers. The pinout matches the DB9S connector design in order to decrease the part count, reduce the board space required and allow easy interconnection of the UART and serial port connector of IBM PC/AT ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ and compatibles. The bipolar circuits and processing of the ST75285 provides a rugged low-cost solution for this function at the expense of quiescent power and external passive components relative to the ST75C185.
The ST75285 complies with the requirements o the EIA/TIA 232-E and ITU (formally CCITT) v. 28 standards. These standards are for data interchange between a host conf putar and

peripheral at signalling rates un to z'Jk-bits/s. The switching speeds of the ST: $5<95$ are fast enough to support rates un to 1 ? UK-bits/s with lower capacitive loads (¿hrrtt? cables). Interoperability at the higher sinnaling rates cannot be assured unless the ve.irner has design control of the cable ar d t'ie interface circuits at the both ends. For interuperability at signalling rates to 120 K-Lito's, use of EIA/ITA-423-B (ITU v.10) and EIA/ 'T八-422-B (ITU v.11) standards are recommended. It allows space saving in applications where two ST75185 are needed.

ORDERING CODES

| Type | Temperat:0 <br> Zic ny | Package | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ST75285CTR | to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | TSSOP38 (Tape \& Reel) | 2500 parts per reel |

## PIN DESCRIPTION



PIN CONNECTION IEC LOGIC SYMBOL AND LOGIC DIAGRAM


## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS OVER OPERATING FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE RANGE

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Supply Voltage (Note 1) | -0.3 to 15 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ | Supply Voltage (Note 1) | 0.3 to -15 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage (Note 1) | -0.3 to 10 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | Input Voltage Range (DRIVER) | -15 to 7 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | Input Voltage Range (RECEIVER) | -30 to 30 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Output Voltage Range (DRIVER) | -15 to 15 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Receiver Low Level Output Current | 20 | mA |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Continuous Total Power Dissipation | See dissipation Rating Table |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating Free-Air Tempereature Range | 0 to 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage Temperature Range | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| ESD | Human Body Model | $>2$ | kV |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Lead Temperature 1.6mm from case for 10 sec | 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.
NOTE 1: All voltage are with respect to the network ground terminal.
DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

| Package | Power Rating <br> at $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{A}} \leq \mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ | Derating Factor <br> above $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{A}}=\mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | Power Rating <br> at $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{A}} \leq \mathbf{8 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TSSOP $(\mathrm{T})$ | 1277 mW | $10.2 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 644 mW |

$\left(^{*}\right)$ This is the reverse of the traditional junction-case thermal resistance $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{tJ}-\mathrm{C}}$

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Supply Voltage | 7.5 | 15 | V |  |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ | Supply Voltage | -7.5 | -15 | V |  |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage | 4.5 | 5.5 | V |  |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | Driver Input Voltage | 0 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Current | DRIVER |  | -6 | mA |
|  |  | RECEIVER |  | -0.5 |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | Low Level Output Current | DRIVER |  | 6 | mA |
|  |  | RECEIVER |  | 16 |  |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating Free-Air Tempereature | 0 | 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

## SUPPLY CURRENTS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  |  | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Supply Current from V ${ }_{\text {DD }}$ | 9 | -9 | No load. All inputs at 1.9 V |  |  | 22 | mA |
|  |  | 12 | -12 |  |  |  | 28 |  |
|  |  | 15 | -15 |  |  |  | 32 |  |
|  |  | 9 | -9 | No load. All inputs at 0.8 V |  |  | 9 | mA |
|  |  | 12 | -12 |  | - |  | 11 |  |
|  |  | 15 | -15 |  | 3 |  | 12 |  |
| $I_{\text {SS }}$ | Supply Current from $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | 9 | -9 | No load. All inputs at 1.9 V | O |  | -22 | mA |
|  |  | 12 | -12 |  |  |  | -28 |  |
|  |  | 15 | -15 |  |  |  | -32 |  |
|  |  | 9 | -9 | No load. All inputs at 0.8 V |  |  | -6.4 | mA |
|  |  | 12 | -12 |  |  |  | -6.4 |  |
|  |  | 15 | -15 |  |  |  | -6.4 |  |
| $I_{\text {cc }}$ | Supply Current from $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | No load. All inputs at 5 V $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  | 60 | mA |

DRIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE
RANGE ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=9 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{SS}}=-9 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ (See Figure 1) | 6 | 7.5 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | Low Level Output Voltage (Note 3) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=1.9 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ (See Figure 1) |  | -7.5 | -6 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | High Level Input Current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ (See Figure 2) |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| IIL | Low Level Input Current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ (See Figure 2) |  |  | -1.6 | mA |
| $\mathrm{l} \mathrm{OS}(\mathrm{H})$ | High Level Short Circuit Output Current (Note 4) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \quad \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ (See Figure 1) | -4.5 | -12 | -19.5 | mA |
| $\mathrm{los}(\mathrm{L})$ | Low Level Short Circuit Output Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=2 \mathrm{~V} \quad \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ (See Figure 1) | 4.5 | 12 | 19.5 | mA |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Output Resistance | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=-2 \text { to } 2 \mathrm{~V} \text { (Note 5) } \end{aligned}$ | 300 |  |  | $\Omega$ |

[^0]DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=12 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{SS}}=-12 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $t_{\text {PLH }}$ | Propagation Delay Time, Low to High Level Output | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \text { to } 7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (See Figure 3, 4) } \end{aligned}$ |  | 200 | 400 | ns |
| ${ }_{\text {tPHL }}$ | Propagation Delay Time, High to Low Level Output | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \text { to } 7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (See Figure 3, 4) } \end{aligned}$ |  | 50 | 100 | ns |
| ${ }_{\text {t }}^{\text {tin }}$ | Transition Time Low to High Level Output | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \text { to } 7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (See Figure 3, 4) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 60 | 100 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \text { to } 7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (Note 6, See Figure 3, 4) |  | 1.7 | 2.5 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {t }}$ HL | Transition Time High to Low Level Output | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \text { to } 7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (See Figure 3, 4) } \end{aligned}$ |  | 50 | 100 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \text { to } 7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (Note 6, See Figure 3, 4) |  | 1.5 | 2.5 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |

NOTE 6: Measured between -3 V and 3 V points of output waveform (EIA-232-E conditions), all unused inputs are tied.
RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {T+ }}$ | Positive Going Threshold Voltage | (See Figure 6) |  |  | 2.2 | 2.4 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {T- }}$ | Negative Going Threshold Voltage | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (See Figure 6) |  | 0.75 | 0.97 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {hys }}$ |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-0.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{H}}=0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.6 | 4 | 5 | V |
|  |  |  | Inputs Open | 2.6 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | Low Level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=3 \mathrm{~V} \quad \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}=10 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  | 0.2 | 0.45 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High Level Input Current | $\begin{array}{\|ll} \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=25 \mathrm{~V} & (\text { See Figure 6) } \\ \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=3 \mathrm{~V} & \text { (See Figure 6) } \end{array}$ |  | 3.6 |  | 8.3 | mA |
|  |  |  |  | 0.43 |  |  |  |
| IIL | Low Level Input Current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=-25 \mathrm{~V}$ (See Figure 6) |  | -3.6 |  | -8.3 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=-3 \mathrm{~V}$ (See Figure 6) |  | -0.43 |  |  |  |
| los | Short-Circuit Output Current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~V} \quad \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { (See Figure 5) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | -3.4 | -12 | mA |

All typical values are at $\mathrm{TA}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VCC}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{VDD}=9 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{VSS}=-9 \mathrm{~V}$
RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS ( $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=12 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{SS}}=-12 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ | Propagation Delay Time Low to High Level Output | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (See Figure 6) |  | 200 | 500 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | Propagation Delay Time High to Low Level Output | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (See Figure 6) |  | 60 | 120 | ns |
| ${ }_{\text {t }}^{\text {TLH }}$ | Transition Time Low to High Level Output | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (See Figure 6) |  | 200 | 525 | ns |
| ${ }^{\text {t }}$ HL | Transition Time High to Low Level Output | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (See Figure 6) |  | 20 | 60 | ns |

Figure 1 : Driver Test Circuit for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SO}(\mathrm{H})}$ and $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SO}(\mathrm{L})}$


Figure 2 : Driver Test Circuit for $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ and $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IL}}$


Figure 3 : Driver Test Circuit


Figure 4 : Driver Voltage Waveforms


Figure 5 : Receiver Test Circuit for IOS


Figure 6 : Receiver Test Circuit for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$


Figure 7 : Receiver Test Circuit


Figure 8 : Receiver Voltage Waveforms


NOTE A: The pulse generator has the following characteristics: $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{W}}=25 \mu \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{PRR}=20 \mathrm{KHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}<50 \mathrm{~ns}$ NOTE B: $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 9 : Driver Voltage Transfer Characteristics


Figure 10 : Driver Short Circuit Output Current vs Free-Air Temperature


Figure 11: Receiver Threshold vs Supply Voltage


Figure 12 : Driver Output Current vs Output Voltage


Figure 13 : Driver Output Slew Rate vs Load Capacitance


Figure 14 : Receiver Threshold vs Temperature


## APPLICATION INFORMATION: DIODES ON POWER SUPPLY

Diodes placed in series with the VDD and VSS leads protect the ST75185 in the fault condition in which the devices output are shorted to $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ and the power supplies are at low state and provide low-impedance path to ground (see Figure below).


TSSOP38 MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm. |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A |  |  | 1.2 |  |  | 0.047 |
| A1 | 0.05 |  | 0.15 | 0.002 |  | 0.006 |
| A2 | 0.8 | 1 | 1.05 | 0.031 | 0.039 | 0.041 |
| b | 0.17 |  | 0.27 | 0.0067 |  | 0.011 |
| c | 0.09 |  | 0.20 | 0.0035 |  | 0.0079 |
| D | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 0.378 | 0.381 | 0.385 |
| E | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 0.244 | 0.252 | 0.260 |
| E1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 0.169 | 0.173 | 0.177 |
| e |  | 0.5 |  |  | 0.0197 |  |
| K | $0^{\circ}$ |  | $8^{\circ}$ | $0^{\circ}$ |  | $8^{\circ}$ |
| L | 0.50 | 0.6 | 0.75 | 0.020 | 0.023 | 0.030 |



## Tape \& Reel TSSOP38 MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm. |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A |  |  | 330 |  |  | 12.992 |
| C | 12.8 |  | 13.2 | 0.504 |  | 0.519 |
| D | 20.2 |  |  | 0.795 |  |  |
| N | 60 |  |  | 2.362 |  | 0.882 |
| T |  |  | 7 | 0.268 |  | 0.276 |
| Ao | 6.8 |  | 10.3 | 0.398 |  | 0.406 |
| Bo | 10.1 |  | 1.9 | 0.067 |  | 0.075 |
| Ko | 1.7 |  | 4.1 | 0.153 |  | 0.161 |
| Po | 3.9 |  | 12.1 | 0.468 |  | 0.476 |
| P | 11.9 |  |  |  |  |  |



Note: Drawing not in scale

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[^0]:    NOTE 3: The algebraic convention, where the more positive (less negative) limits designated as maximum, is used in this datasheet for logic levels only (e.g. if - 10 V is a maximum, the typical value is a more negative voltage).
    NOTE 4: Output short circuit conditions must maintain the total power dissipation below absolute maximum ratings.
    NOTE 5: Test conditions are those specified by EIA-232-E and as listed above.

