

Battery monitor IC with alarm output for gas gauge applications

Features

- 0.5% accuracy battery voltage monitoring
- Low battery alarm output with programmable thresholds
- Low power: 60 μA in power-saving mode, 2 μA max in standby mode
- Ideal for implementation of robust gas gauge systems using open-circuit voltage and coulomb counter methods
- Small 3x2 mm package

Applications

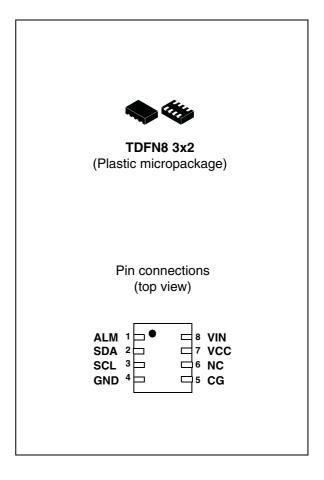
- Mobile phones, multimedia players, digital cameras
- Portable medical equipment

Description

The STC3105 battery monitor includes the hardware functions required to implement a low-cost gas gauge for battery monitoring. The STC3105 uses accurate measurements of the battery voltage to estimate a battery's state-of-charge (SOC). It uses a low cost sense resistor to precisely sense the charge or discharge states, detect light-load conditions without ambiguity for voltage measurements, and accurate SOC calculation. The coulomb counter method is used for SOC tracking in high-load conditions.

An alarm output signals a low SOC condition, and can also indicate low battery voltage. The alarm threshold levels are programmable.

The device is programmable through an I²C interface.



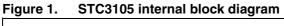
Contents STC3105

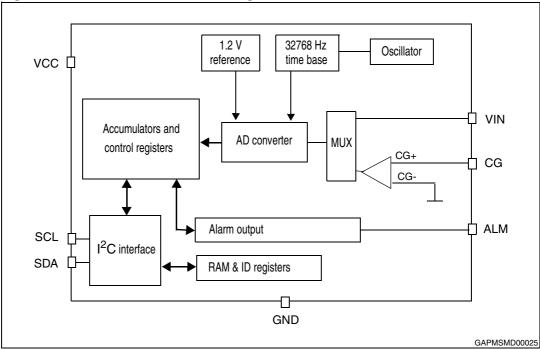
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STC3105 Block diagram

1 Block diagram





Pin assignment STC3105

2 Pin assignment

Table 1. STC3105 pin description

Pin	Pin name	Туре	Function
1	ALM	I/OD	Alarm signal output, open drain, external pull-up resistor is required
2	SDA	I/OD	I ² C serial data
3	SCL	I_D	I ² C serial clock
4	GND	Ground	Analog and digital ground
5	CG	I_A	Current sensing input
6	NC		Reserved test pin. Do not connect.
7	VCC	Supply	Power supply
8	VIN	I_A	Battery voltage sensing input

Note: I: input

I: input O: output

OD: open drain

A: analog D: digital

3 Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{CCMAX}	Maximum voltage on VCC pin	7	V
V _{IO}	Voltage on I/O pins	-0.3 to 7	V
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-55 to 150	°C
TJ	Maximum junction temperature	150	°C
ESD	Electrostatic discharge (HBM: human body model)	2	kV

Table 3. Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{CC}	Operating supply voltage on V _{CC}	2.7 to 5.5	V
V _{MIN}	Minimum voltage on V _{CC} for RAM content retention	2.0	V
T _{OPER}	Operating free air temperature range	-40 to 85	°C

Electrical characteristics STC3105

4 Electrical characteristics

Table 4. Electrical characteristics (2.7 V < V_{CC} < 4.5 V, -20 $^{\circ}$ C to 70 $^{\circ}$ C)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply			•	•		•
Icc	Operating current consumption Average value over 4 — power-saving mod — Active mode			60 -	70 100	μA μA
I _{STBY}	Current consumption in standby	Standby mode, inputs=0V			2	μA
I _{PDN}	Current consumption in power-down	V _{CC} < UVLO _{TH} , inputs=0V			1	μΑ
UVLO _{TH}	Undervoltage threshold	(V _{CC} decreasing)	2.5	2.6	2.7	V
UVLO _{HYST}	Undervoltage threshold hysteresis			100		mV
POR	Power-on reset threshold	(V _{CC} decreasing)		2.0		V
Current sensi	ng					
Vin_gg	Input voltage range		-80		+80	mV
I _{IN}	Input current for CG pin				500	nA
ADC_res	AD converter granularity			11.77		μV
ADC_offset	AD converter offset	CG = 0 V	-3		3	LSB
ADC_time	AD conversion time			500		ms
ADC_acc	AD converter gain accuracy at full scale (using external sense resistor)	25 ° C Over temperature range		0.5 -	- 1	% %
Fosc	Internal time base frequency			32768		Hz
Osc_acc	Internal time base accuracy	25 °C, V _{CC} = 3.6 V over temperature and voltage ranges		2	2.5	%
Cur_res	Current register LSB value			11.77		μV
Chg_res	Charge register LSB value	=Cur_res*2^12*0.5/3600		6.70		μVh

Table 4. Electrical characteristics (2.7 V < V_{CC} < 4.5 V, -20 $^{\circ}$ C to 70 $^{\circ}$ C) (continued)

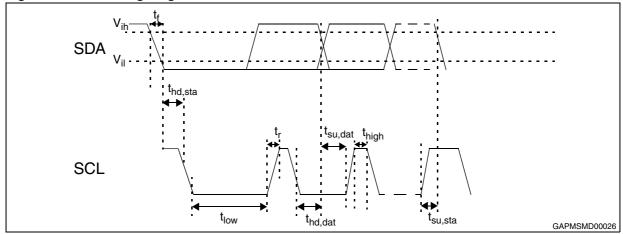
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
Battery voltage	Battery voltage measurement							
Vin_adc	Input voltage range		0		5	V		
LSB	LSB value			2.44		mV		
ADC_time	AD conversion time			250		ms		
Volt_acc	Battery voltage measurement accuracy	2.7 V <vin<4.5 v,="" v<sub="">CC=Vin</vin<4.5>	-0.5		+0.5	%		
Digital I/O pins	(SCL, SDA, ALM)							
Vih	Input logic high		1.2			V		
Vil	Input logic low				0.35	V		
Vol	Output logic low (SDA, ALM)	Iol = 4 mA			0.4	V		

Electrical characteristics STC3105

Table 5. I^2C timing - V_{IO} = 2.8 V, T_{amb} = -20 °C to 70 °C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
F _{scl}	SCL clock frequency		0		400	kHz
t _{hd,sta}	Hold time (repeated) START condition		0.6			μs
t _{low}	LOW period of the SCL clock		1.3			μs
t _{high}	HIGH period of the SCL clock		0.6			μs
t _{su,dat}	Setup time for repeated START condition		0.6			μs
t _{hd,dat}	Data hold time		0		0.9	μs
t _{su,dat}	Data setup time		100			ns
t _r	Rise time of both SDA and SCL signals	-	20+ 0.1C _b	_	300	ns
t _f	Fall time of both SDA and SCL signals		20+ 0.1C _b		300	ns
t _{su,sto}	Setup time for STOP condition		0.6			μs
t _{buf}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition		1.3			μs
C _b	Capacitive load for each bus line				400	pF

Figure 2. I²C timing diagram



5 Application information

Figure 3. Example of an application schematic using the STC3105

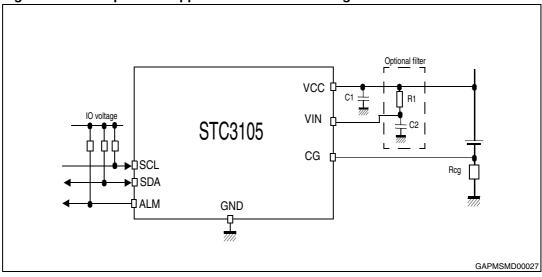


Table 6. External component list

Name	Value	Tolerance Comments	
Rcg	10 to 50 mΩ	2% to 5%	Current sense resistor
C1	1 μF		Supply decoupling capacitor
C2	220 nF	Battery voltage input filter (optional)	
R1	1 kΩ		Battery voltage input filter (optional)

6 Functional description

6.1 Battery monitoring functions and operating modes

The monitoring functions include the measurement of the battery voltage and battery current. A coulomb counter is used to track the state-of-charge when the battery is charging or is discharging at a high rate. A 14-bit sigma-delta A/D converter is used to measure both the voltage and current.

The STC3105 can operate in two modes with different power consumption. The selection is made by the PWR_SAVE bit in the register 0 (Refer to *Table 11 on page 17* for register 0 definition).

In power-saving mode, the current is measured only half of the time. This saves about half of the power consumption.

In active mode, the current is continuously measured (except for one conversion cycle used every 4 seconds for the voltage measurement). This provides the highest accuracy from the coulomb counter.

When the battery voltage falls below the undervoltage lockout threshold of 2.7 V, the monitoring functions are stopped and the STC3105 stays in power-down mode with minimum quiescent current. All registers are maintained down to 2.0 V. Below 2.0 V, the registers are reset to their default power-on values.

By writing 0 to the GG_RUN bit in register 0, the STC3105 measurement is automatically stopped and the register values are frozen and unchanged. After the GG_RUN bit is again set to 1, the STC3105 continues to measure from the point it was stopped.

6.2 Battery voltage monitoring

The battery voltage is measured by using one conversion cycle of the A/D converter every 4 seconds.

The conversion cycle takes 2^{13} = 8192 clock cycles. Using the 32768 Hz internal clock, the conversion cycle time is 250 ms.

The voltage range is 0 to 5 V, and the resolution is 2.44 mV. The accuracy of the voltage measurement is $\pm 0.5\%$ over the temperature range. This allows accurate state-of-charge information from the battery open-circuit voltage.

6.3 Current sensing

The voltage drop across the sense resistor is integrated during a conversion period and input to the 14-bit sigma-delta A/D converter.

Using the 32768 Hz internal clock, the conversion cycle time is 500 ms for a 14-bit resolution. The LSB value is 11.77 μ V. The A/D converter output is in two's complement format.

When a conversion cycle is completed, the result is added to the coulomb counter accumulator and the number of conversions is incremented in a 16-bit counter.

6.4 Coulomb counter

The coulomb counter is used to track the state-of-charge of the battery when the battery is charging or discharging at a high rate. Each result of current conversion is accumulated into a 28-bit accumulator. The upper 16 bits of the accumulator are added to the SOC base register to provide the current state-of-charge (SOC) in the charge register. The system controller can control the coulomb counter, set the SOC base register value and read the charge register through the I²C control registers.

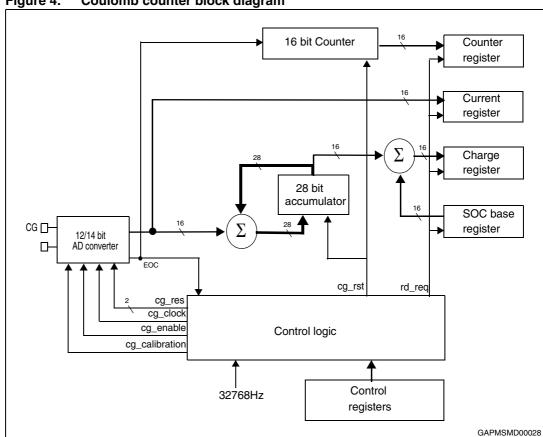


Figure 4. Coulomb counter block diagram

When using an external 30 m Ω sense resistor, the 28-bit accumulator results in a coulomb counter capacity of approximately +/- 7300 mA.h. The upper 16 bits used for the charge register give a resolution of 0.2 mA.h.

6.5 Alarm output

The ALM pin provides an alarm signal in case of low battery condition. The output is an open drain, and an external pull-up resistor may be needed in the application. Writing the IO0DATA bit to 0 forces the ALM output low; writing the IO0DATA bit to 1 lets the ALM output reflect the battery condition. Reading the IO0DATA bit gives the state of the ALM pin.

When the IOODATA bit is 1 and the alarm function is enabled by the ALM_ENA bit, the ALM pin is driven low if either of these two conditions is met:

- battery state-of-charge (SOC) less than the programmed threshold
- battery voltage less than the programmed low voltage level

When a low-voltage or low-SOC condition is triggered, the STC3105 drives the ALM pin low and sets the ALM_VOLT or ALM_SOC bit in REG_CTRL.

The ALM pin remains low (even if the conditions disappear) until the software writes the ALM_VOLT and ALM_SOC bits to 0 to clear the interrupt.

Clearing the ALM_VOLT or ALM_SOC while the corresponding low-voltage or low-SOC condition is still true does not generate another interrupt; this condition must disappear first and must be detected again before another interrupt (ALM pin driven low) is generated for this alarm. The other alarm condition, if not yet triggered, can still generate an interrupt.

Usually, the low-SOC alarm occurs first to warn the application of a low battery condition, then if no action is taken and the battery discharges further, the low-voltage alarm signals a nearly-empty battery condition.

At power-up, or when the STC3105 is reset, the alarm output is disabled (ALM_ENA bit = 0), the threshold levels (low-voltage alarm, low-SOC alarm) are cleared, and the base SOC and relaxation counter are cleared.

6.6 Battery voltage relaxation timer

A battery relaxation timer is counted from the time that the current is below 0 and above the current threshold, meaning the battery is in a light-load condition. The relaxation counter register is an 8-bit read-only register clocked every 2 voltage conversion (8 s) and can go up to about 30 min; when the counter reaches its max value 0xff, it stops at this max value. The counter is cleared when the current is above 0 (charging) or below the current threshold (high rate discharge).

The relaxation counter register is read from I²C by the gas gauge firmware to check that the battery voltage had enough time to relax from the last time the current was high or charging.

The current threshold register is an 8-bit R/W register set by the gas gauge firmware from I^2C . It can be programmed from 0.1 to 100% of the full scale current range with 0.4% steps

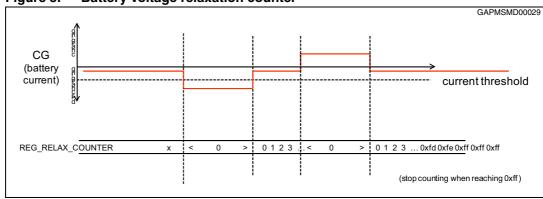
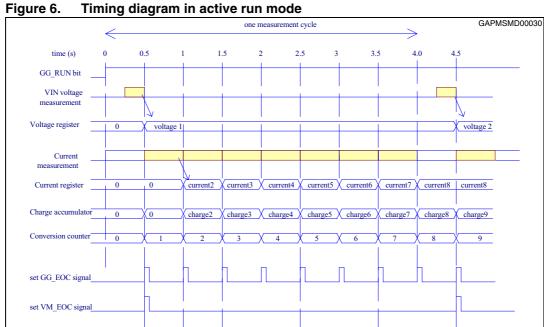
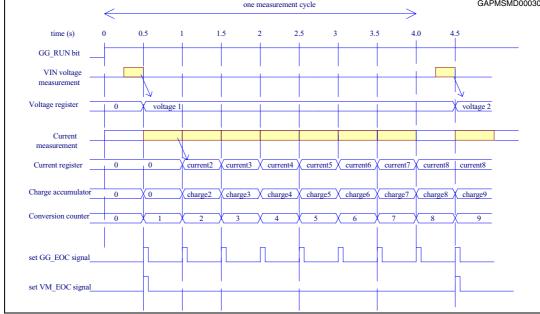


Figure 5. Battery voltage relaxation counter

6.7 Timing diagram in run mode

Figures 6 and 7 describe the timing diagrams of the STC3105. It is assumed that the gas gauge has been reset with GG_RST before GG_RUN=1.





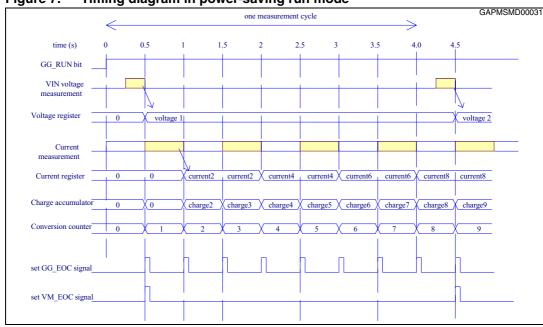


Figure 7. Timing diagram in power-saving run mode

The voltage is measured first after GG_RUN bit is set to 1. The charge accumulator is updated every 500 ms using the last current value. The measurement cycles can be interrupted by setting GG_RUN=0 and the current conversion cycle is aborted.

I²C interface STC3105

7 I²C interface

7.1 Read and write operations

The interface is used to control and read the current accumulator and registers. It is compatible with the Philips I^2C registered trademark (version 2.1). It is a slave serial interface with a serial data line (SDA) and a serial clock line (SCL).

- SCL: input clock used to shift data
- SDA: input/output bidirectional data transfers

A filter rejects the potential spikes on the bus data line to preserve data integrity.

The bidirectional data line supports transfers up to 400 kbit/s (fast mode). The data is shifted to and from the chip on the SDA line, MSB first.

The first bit must be high (START) followed by the 7-bit device address and the read/write control bit. Bits DevADDR0 to DevADDR2 are factory-programmable, the default device address value being 1110 000 (AddrID0 = AddrID1 = AddrID2 = 0). The STC3105 then sends an acknowledge at the end of an 8-bit long sequence. The next 8 bits correspond to the register address followed by another acknowledge.

The data field is the last 8-bit long sequence sent, followed by a last acknowledge.

Table 7. Device address format

b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b 0
1	1	1	0	DevADDR2	DevADDR1	DevADDR0	R/W

Table 8. Register address format

b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
RegADDR7	RegADDR6	RegADDR5	RegADDR4	RegADDR3	RegADDR2	RegADDR1	RegADDR0

Table 9. Register data format

b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
DATA7	DATA6	DATA5	DATA4	DATA3	DATA2	DATA1	DATA0

STC3105 I²C interface



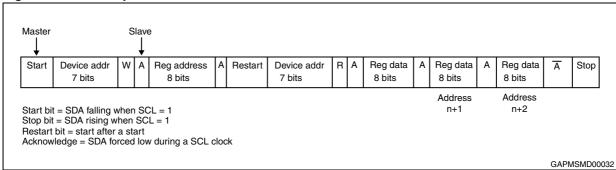
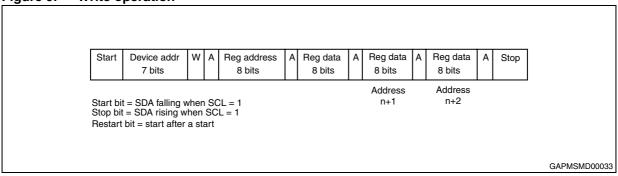


Figure 9. Write operation



I²C interface STC3105

7.2 Register map

The register space provides 17 control registers, 1 read-only register for device ID and 16 read/write RAM working registers reserved for the gas gauge algorithm. Mapping of all registers is shown in *Table 10*. Detailed descriptions of registers 0 (REG_MODE) and 1 (REG_CTRL) are shown in *Table 11* and *Table 12*. All registers are reset to default values at power-on or reset, and the PORDET bit in register REG_CTRL is used to indicate the occurrence of a power-on reset.

Table 10. Register map

Name	Address (decimal)	Туре	Description
Control registers	0 to 23		
REG_MODE	0	R/W	Mode register
REG_CTRL	1	R/W	Control and status register
REG_CHARGE_LOW	2	R	State-of-charge data, bits 0-7
REG_CHARGE_HIGH	3	R	State-of-charge data, bits 8-15
REG_COUNTER_LOW	4	R	Number of conversions, bits 0-7
REG_COUNTER_HIGH	5	R	Number of conversions, bits 8-15
REG_CURRENT_LOW	6	R	Battery current value, bits 0-7
REG_CURRENT_HIGH	7	R	Battery current value, bits 8-15
REG_VOLTAGE_LOW	8	R	Battery voltage value, bits 0-7
REG_VOLTAGE_HIGH	9	R	Battery voltage value, bits 8-15
REG_SOC_BASE_LOW	10	R/W	SOC base value, bits 0-7
REG_SOC_BASE_HIGH	11	R/W	SOC base value, bits 8-15
REG_ALARM_SOC_LOW	12	R/W	SOC alarm level, bits 0-7
REG_ALARM_SOC_HIGH	13	R/W	SOC alarm level, bits 8-15
REG_ALARM_VOLTAGE	14	R/W	Battery low voltage alarm level
REG_CURRENT_THRES	15	R/W	Current threshold for the voltage relaxation counter
REG_RELAX_COUNT	16	R	Voltage relaxation counter
Device ID register			
REG_ID	24	R	Part type ID = 12h
RAM registers	32 to 47		
REG_RAM0	32	R/W	Working register 0 for gas gauge
REG_RAM15	47	R/W	Working register 15 for gas gauge

Values held in consecutive registers (such as the charge value in the REG_CHARGE_LOW and REG_CHARGE_HIGH registers) must be read with a single I²C access to ensure data integrity. It is possible to read multiple values in one I²C access; all values will be consistent.

STC3105 I²C interface

The charge data is coded in 2's complement format, and the LSB value is 6.70 uV.h. The battery current is coded in 2's complement format, and the LSB value is 11.77 uV. The battery voltage is coded in binary format, and the LSB value is 2.44 mV.

Table 11. REG_MODE - address 0

Name	Pos.	Туре	Def.	Description
	0			Unused
	1	R/W	0	Reserved. Write this bit to 0.
PWR_SAVE	2	R/W	0	0: active mode, 1: power-saving mode
ALM_ENA	3	R/W	0	Alarm function: 0: disabled, 1: enabled
GG_RUN	4	R/W	0	standby mode. Accumulator and counter registers are frozen, gas gauge and battery monitor functions are in standby. standby.
	[75]			Unused

Table 12. REG_CTRL - address 1

Name	Pos.	Туре	Def.	Description
	0	R	Х	ALM pin status: 0 = ALM input is low, 1 = ALM input is high
IOODATA		W	1	ALM pin output drive: 0 = ALM is forced low, 1 = ALM is driven by the alarm conditions
GG_RST	1	W	0	0: no effect 1: resets the charge accumulator and conversion counter. GG_RST is a self-clearing bit.
GG_EOC	2	R	0	Set at the end of a battery current conversion cycle. Clears upon reading.
VM_EOC	3	R	0	Set at the end of a battery voltage conversion cycle. Clears upon reading.
PORDET	4	R	1	Power on reset (POR) detection bit: 0 = no POR event occurred, 1 = POR event occurred
		W	0	Soft reset: 0 = release the soft-reset and clear the POR detection bit, 1 = assert the soft-reset and set the POR detection bit.
ALM_SOC	5	R/W	0	Set by a low-SOC condition. Cleared by writing 0.
ALM_VOLT	6	R/W	0	Set by a low-voltage condition. Cleared by writing 0.
	7			Unused

Package information STC3105

8 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK[®] is an ST trademark.

8.1 **TDFN8** package information

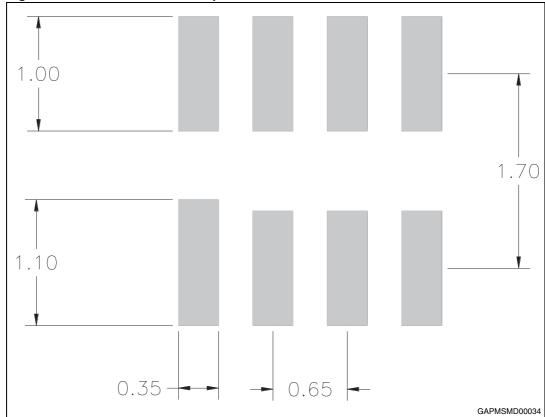
Figure 10. TDFN8 3 x 2 x 0.75 mm package mechanical drawing (pitch 0.65 mm) D ➤ В PIN 1 INDEX AREA (D/2xE/2) ш 0.05 C 2x ○ 0.05 C 2x TOP VIEW // 0.05 C SEATING PLANE 8x A SIDE VIEW e PIN#1 ID Ь (8x) C'0.13 → 0.10 M C A B \Box PIN 1 INDEX AREA (D/2xE/2) BOTTOM VIEW GAPMSMD00033

Package information STC3105

Table 13. TDFN8 3 x 2 x 0.75 mm package mechanical data (pitch 0.65 mm)

	Dimensions							
Ref.	Millimeters			Inches				
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
А	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.028	0.030	0.031		
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.000	0.000	0.002		
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.010	0.012	0.014		
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	0.114	0.118	0.122		
Е	1.90	2.00	2.10	0.075	0.079	0.083		
е		0.65			0.026			
L	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.018	0.022	0.026		
L1	0.55	0.65	0.75	0.022	0.026	0.030		

Figure 11. Recommended land pattern



STC3105 Ordering information

9 Ordering information

Table 14. Order codes

Part number	Temperature range	Package	Packing	Marking
STC3105IQT	-40°C, +85°C	TDFN8 3 x 2	Tape and reel	O203

Revision history STC3105

10 Revision history

Table 15. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
07-Sep-2011	1	First release.

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