

## TSH345

## Triple video buffer with selectable filter for HD and SD video applications

## Features

- Selectable 6th order filtering of 36 MHz, 18 MHz and 9 MHz
- 5 V single-supply operation
- Internal input DC level shifter
- No input capacitor required
- 3 matched 6 dB amplifiers
- AC or DC output-coupled
- Very low harmonic distortion
- Specified for 150 Ω loads
- Data min. and max. are tested during production

## Applications

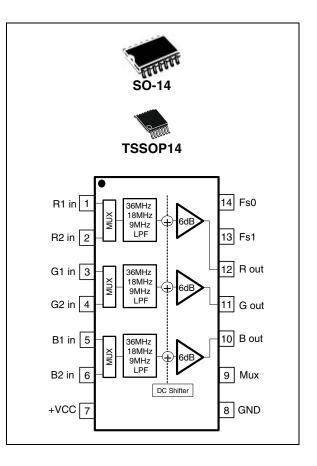
- High-end video systems
- High definition TV (HDTV)
- Broadcast and graphic video
- Multimedia products

## Description

The TSH345 is a triple single-supply video buffer featuring an internal gain of 6 dB and selectable filtering for HD and SD video outputs on 75  $\Omega$  video lines. The TSH345 is ideal to drive YC, CVBS, YUV, YPbPr or RGB signals from video DAC outputs.

The main advantage of this circuit is its input DC level shifter. It allows driving video signals on 75  $\Omega$  video lines without damaging the synchronization tip and without input or output capacitors when using a single 5 V power supply. The DC level shifter is internally fixed and optimized to keep the output video signals between low and high output rails in the best position for the greatest linearity.

The TSH345 is available in SO-14 and TSSOP-14 plastic packages for optimum space saving.



## 1 Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	6	V
V <sub>in</sub>	Input voltage range	2.5	V
T <sub>oper</sub>	Operating free air temperature range	-40 to +85	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	-65 to +150	°C
Тj	Maximum junction temperature	150	°C
R <sub>thjc</sub>	Thermal resistance junction to case SO-14 TSSOP14	22 32	°C/W
R <sub>thja</sub>	Thermal resistance junction to ambient area SO-14 TSSOP14	125 110	°C/W
P <sub>max</sub>	Maximum power dissipation (at $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}$ C) for $T_j = 150^{\circ}$ C SO-14 TSSOP14	1 1.1	w
ESD	CDM: charged device model HBM: human body model MM: machine model	250 2 100	V kV V

#### Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

1. All voltage values, except differential voltage, are with respect to network terminal.

#### Table 2. Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply voltage	4.5 to 5.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	V

1. Tested in full production with +5 V single power supply.

**TSH345** 

## 2 Electrical characteristics

Table 3.Electrical characteristics at  $V_{CC} = +5$  V single supply,  $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ <br/>(unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
DC performance							
V <sub>DC</sub>	Output DC shift $R_L = 150 $ Ω $T_{amb}$ $-40^\circ$ C < $T_{amb}$ < +85° C	100	240 310	440	mV		
I <sub>ib</sub>	Input bias current T <sub>amb</sub> , input to GND -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +85° C		1.3 1.4	3.6	μA		
R <sub>in</sub>	Input resistance, T <sub>amb</sub>		1		MΩ		
C <sub>in</sub>	Input capacitance, T <sub>amb</sub>		0.1		pF		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Total supply current (3 x operators) No load, input to GND -40°C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +85°C		44.6 45	51.6	mA		
G	DC voltage gain R <sub>L</sub> = 150Ω, V <sub>in</sub> = 1.4V -40°C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +85°C	1.96	2 1.96	2.05	V/V		
Output cha	racteristics						
V <sub>OH</sub>	High level output voltage $R_L = 150 \Omega$ $-40^{\circ} C < T_{amb} < +85^{\circ} C$	3.4	3.9 3.8		V		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low level output voltage $R_L = 150 \ \Omega$		47		mV		
L .	I <sub>source</sub> T <sub>amb</sub> -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +85° C	76	100 91		mA		
I <sub>out</sub>	$I_{sink}$ -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +85° C	106	134 126		mA		
Filtering							
Standard definition	Bandwidth F1 selected, small signal, $V_{ICM}$ = 0.5 V, $R_{L}$ = 150 $\Omega$ -3 dB bandwidth -1 dB bandwidth	5	9 5.7		MHz		
	Attenuation F1 selected/F=27 MHz, small signal, V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 150 $\Omega$	40	45		dB		



Symbol	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Standard definition with	Bandwidth F2 selected, small signal, V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 150 Ω -3 dB bandwidth -1 dB bandwidth	13	21 18		MHz
progressive scanning	Attenuation F2 selected/F = 54 MHz, small signal, $V_{ICM}$ = 0.5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 150 $\Omega$	32	38		dB
High definition	Bandwidth F3 selected, small signal, $V_{ICM}$ = 0.5 V, $R_L$ = 150 $\Omega$ -3 dB bandwidth -1 dB bandwidth	25	36 32		MHz
	Attenuation F3 selected/F = 74.25 MHz, small signal, $V_{ICM}$ = 0.5 V, $R_L$ = 150 $\Omega$	25	32		dB
D	Delay between each channel		0.5		ns
gd	Group delay variation F1 selected/F = 0 to 6 MHz		11		ns
Δg	Differential gain F1 selected/F = 6 MHz, $R_L$ = 150 $\Omega$		0.38		%
$\Delta \Phi$	Differential phase F1 selected/F = 6 MHz, $R_L$ = 150 $\Omega$		0.5		o
Noise					
-N	Total input voltage noise in Standard Definition F = 100 kHz, $R_{IN}$ = 50 $\Omega$		74		
eN	Total input voltage noise in High Definition F = 100 kHz, $R_{IN}$ = 50 $\Omega$		86		nV/∿Hz
Standby mo	de				
I <sub>STBY</sub>	Total current consumption in standby mode Fs1 = 1, Fs0 = 1 $T_{amb}$ $-40^{\circ} C < T_{amb} < +85^{\circ} C$		440 480	690	μA
T <sub>on</sub>	Time from standby to active mode     5			μs	
T <sub>off</sub>	Time from active to standby mode		5		μs
Fs1, Fs0 and	d Mux features				
V <sub>high</sub>	High level	0.9			V
V <sub>low</sub>	Low level			0.3	V

# Table 3.Electrical characteristics at $V_{CC} = +5$ V single supply, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ <br/>(unless otherwise specified) (continued)

Table 4.	Table 4. Finter and standby settings, $v_{CC} = +5$ v single supply, $I_{amb} = 25$ C				
Fs1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Fs0 <sup>(1)</sup>	Settings			
0	0	F3 Filtering for high definition (HD)			
0	1	F2 Filtering for progressive video (PV)			
1	0	F3 Filtering for standard definition (SD)			
1	1	Standby	TSH345 in standby mode		

Table 4. Filter and standby settings,  $V_{CC} = +5$  V single supply,  $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ 

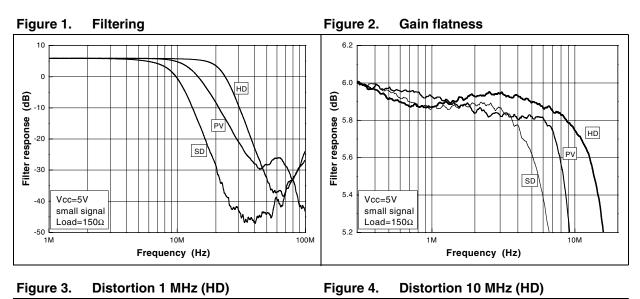
1. Fs1 and Fs0 pins must never be left floating.

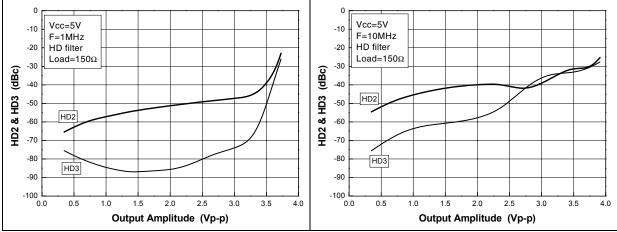
#### Table 5. Mux settings, $V_{CC}$ = +5 V single supply, $T_{amb}$ = 25°C

Mux <sup>(1)</sup>	S	ettings			
0	R1 G1 B1	Video1 selected			
1	R2 G2 B2	Video2 selected			

1. The MUX pin must never be left floating.

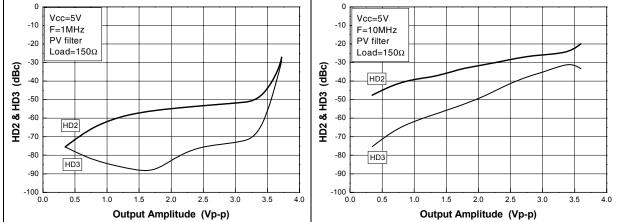


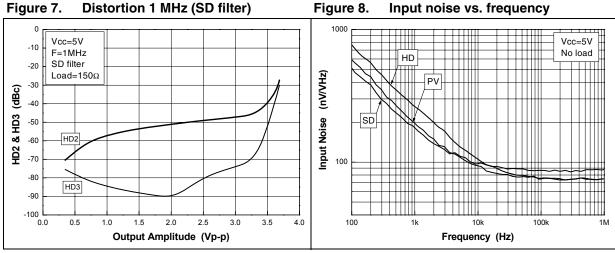


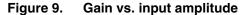


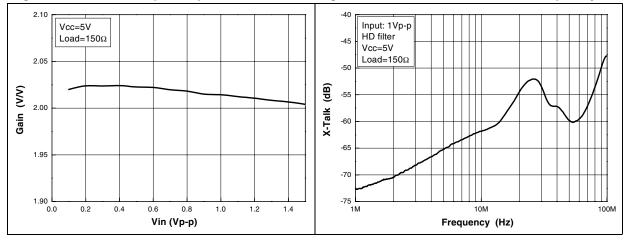








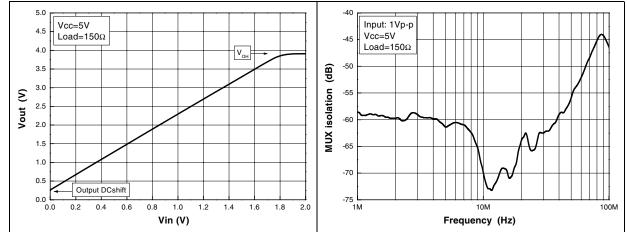






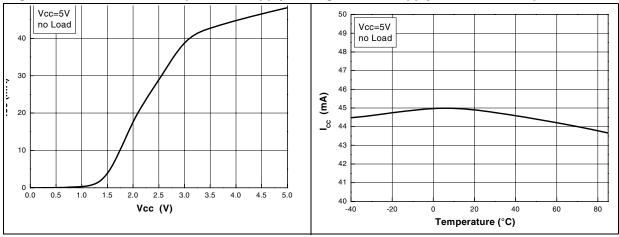
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noise vs. frequency

Figure 10. Channel crosstalk vs. frequency





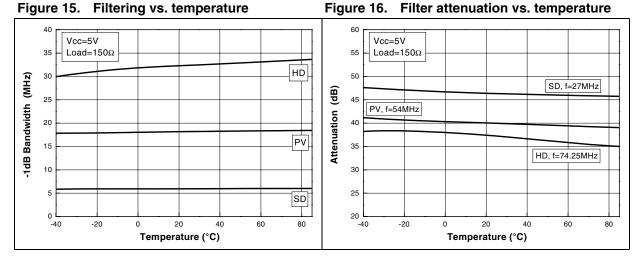




Figure 18. Output DC shift vs. temperature

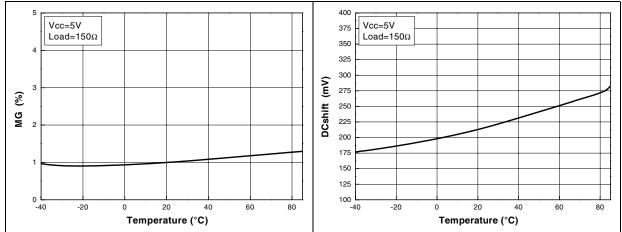
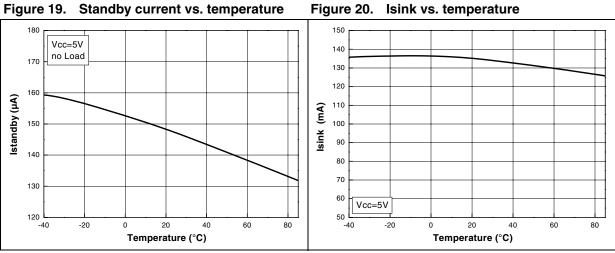






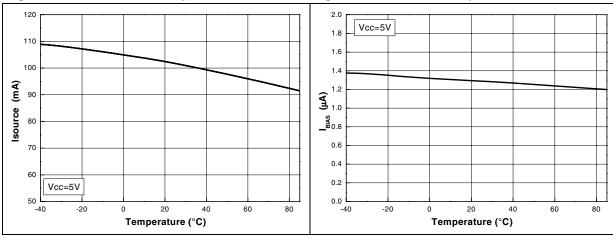
Figure 21.



#### Figure 19. Standby current vs. temperature

Isource vs. temperature





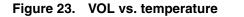


Figure 24. VOH vs. temperature

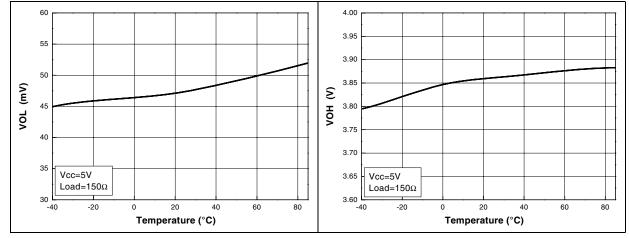
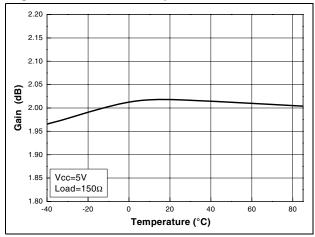


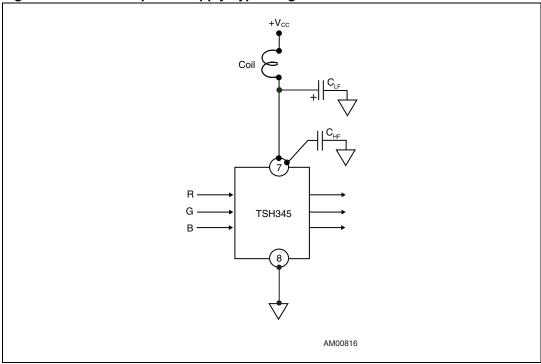
Figure 25. Gain vs. temperature





# 2.1 Power supply considerations: improving the power supply noise rejection

Correct power supply bypassing is very important to optimize performance in low- and high-frequency ranges. Bypass capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the IC pin (pin 4) to improve high-frequency bypassing. A capacitor ( $C_{LF}$ ) greater than 10 µF is necessary to improve the PSRR in low frequencies. For better quality bypassing, you can add a capacitor of 100 nF ( $C_{HF}$ ).  $C_{HF}$  must be placed as close as possible to the IC pin to improve the noise supply rejection in the higher frequencies. A coil can be added in order to better reject the noise from the supply and to prevent current peaks as much as possible.



#### Figure 26. Circuit for power supply bypassing



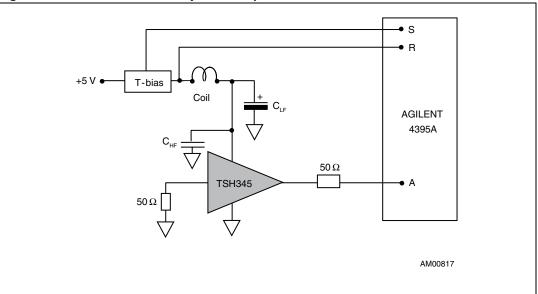
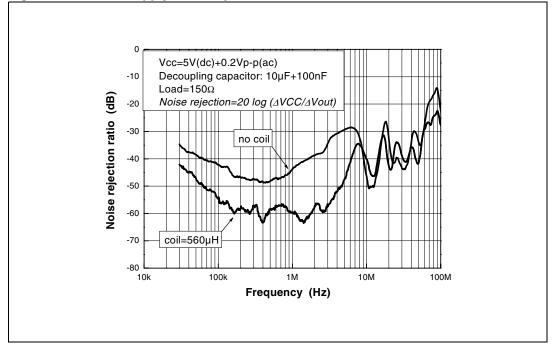


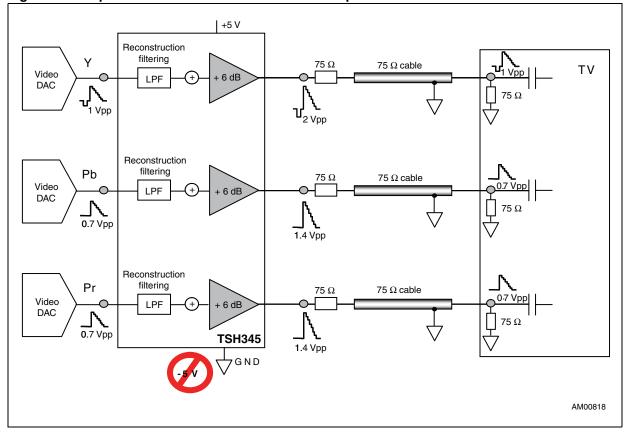
Figure 27. Circuit for noise rejection improvement measurement

*Figure 28* shows how the power supply noise rejection evolves according to the frequency and depending on how carefully power supply decoupling is achieved.

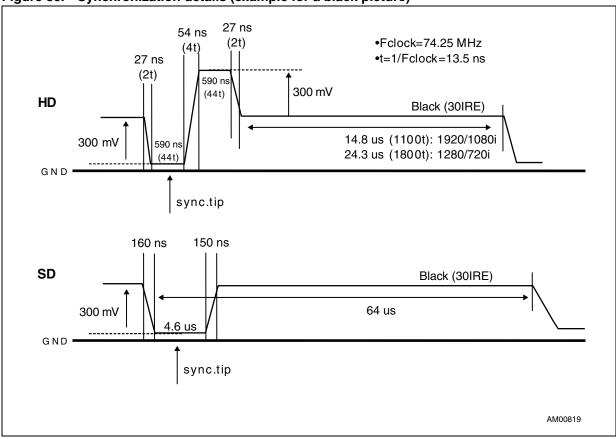




# 3 Using the TSH345 to drive YC, CVBS, YUV, YPbPr and RGB video components

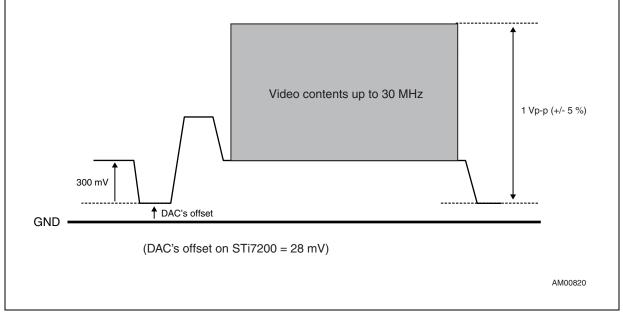


#### Figure 29. Implementation of the video driver on output video DACs

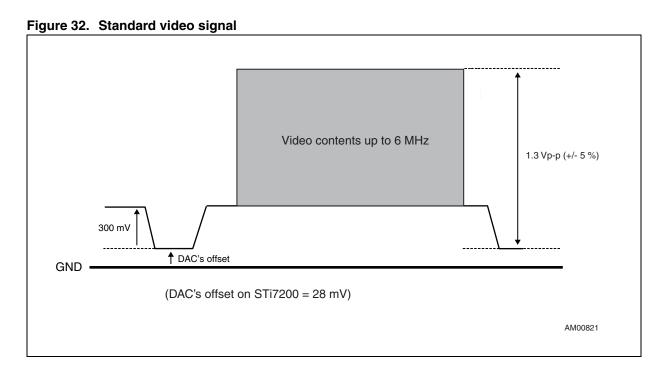








#### TSH345 Using the TSH345 to drive YC, CVBS, YUV, YPbPr and RGB video components





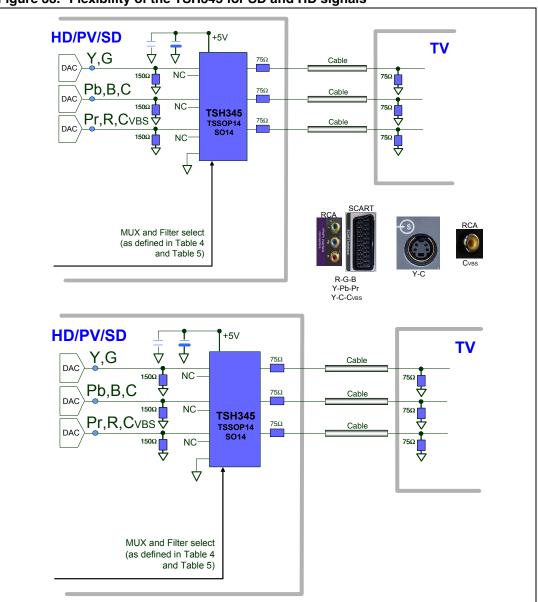


Figure 33. Flexibility of the TSH345 for SD and HD signals

The TSH345 is used to drive either high-definition video signals up to 30 MHz or progressive and interlaced standard definition video signals on 75- $\Omega$  video lines. It can drive a large panel of signals such as YC and CVBS, YUV, YPbPr and RGB, where the bottom of the signal (the synchronization tip in the case of Y and CVBS signals) is close to zero volts. An internal input DC value is added to the video signal in order to shift the bottom from GND.

The shift is not based on the average of the signal, but is an analog summation of a DC component to the video signal. Therefore, no input capacitors are required, which provides a real advantage in terms of cost and board space.

Under these conditions, it is possible to drive the signal in single supply without any saturation of the driver against the lower rail.

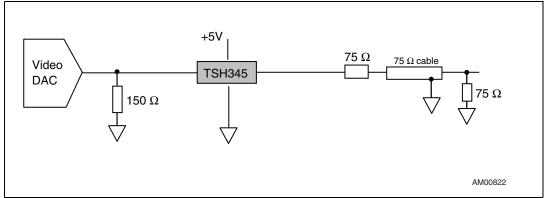
Since half of the signal is lost through output impedance matching, in order to properly drive the video line the shifted signal is multiplied by a gain of 2 or +6 dB.

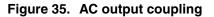


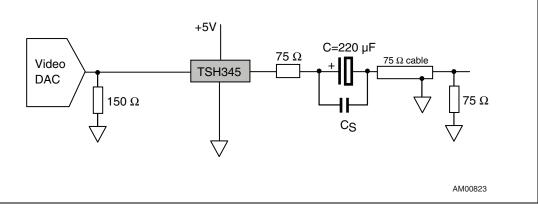
#### 3.1 Output capacitor

The output can be either DC-coupled or AC-coupled. The output can be directly connected to the line via a 75- $\Omega$  resistor (see *Figure 34*), or an output capacitor can be used to remove any DC components in the load. Assuming the load is 150  $\Omega$  a coupling capacitor of 220  $\mu$ F can be used to provide a very low cut-off frequency close to 5 Hz (see *Figure 35*).

Figure 34. DC output coupling for SD, PV and HD







1.  $C_S$  is 100 nF used to decrease the parasitic components of C in high frequencies. It is preferable to limit the use of this output AC-coupling to the standard definition only.

2. The 75- $\Omega$  resistor must be as close as possible to the output of the driver to minimize the effect of parasitic capacitance.



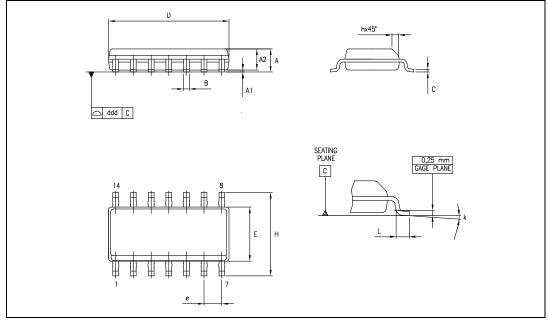
## 4 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> is an ST trademark.



## 4.1 SO-14 package information





#### Table 6.SO-14 package mechanical data

	Dimensions					
Def	Millimeters					
Ref.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
А	1.35		1.75	0.05		0.068
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.009
A2	1.10		1.65	0.04		0.06
В	0.33		0.51	0.01		0.02
С	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.009
D	8.55		8.75	0.33		0.34
E	3.80		4.0	0.15		0.15
е		1.27			0.05	
Н	5.80		6.20	0.22		0.24
h	0.25		0.50	0.009		0.02
L	0.40		1.27	0.015		0.05
k	8° (max.)					
ddd			0.10			0.004

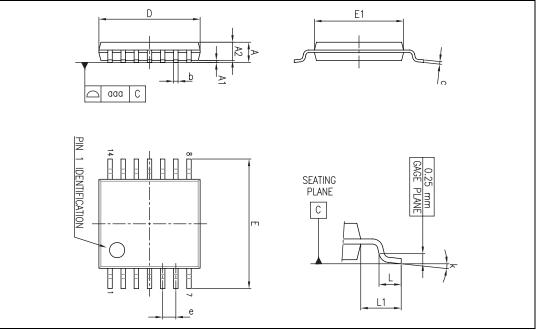
Note:

D and F dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions must not exceed 0.15 mm.



## 4.2 TSSOP14 package information





#### Table 7. TSSOP14 package mechanical data

	Dimensions					
Ref.		Millimeters			Inches	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
А			1.20			0.047
A1	0.05		0.15	0.002	0.004	0.006
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05	0.031	0.039	0.041
b	0.19		0.30	0.007		0.012
с	0.09		0.20	0.004		0.0089
D	4.90	5.00	5.10	0.193	0.197	0.201
E	6.20	6.40	6.60	0.244	0.252	0.260
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50	0.169	0.173	0.176
е		0.65			0.0256	
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.018	0.024	0.030
L1		1.00			0.039	
k	0°		8°	0°		8°
aaa			0.10			0.004



## 5 Ordering information

#### Table 8. Order codes

Part number	Temperature range	Package	Packing	Marking
TSH345ID		SO-14	Tube	TSH345I
TSH345IDT	-40°C to +85°C	00-14	Tape & reel	TSH345I
TSH345IPT		TSSOP14	Tape & reel	TSH345I



## 6 Revision history

#### Table 9.Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
29-May-2007	1	Initial release.
18-Dec-2008	2	Added curves in <i>Chapter 2: Electrical characteristics</i> . Added all test limits in <i>Chapter Table 3</i> .



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