



**SOT-23** 

TS431-Z Pin Definition: TS431AR-Z Pin Definition: 1. Cathode

- Reference
   Cathode
- 2. Reference
- 3. Anode
- 3. Anode

#### **General Description**

TS431 integrated circuits are three-terminal programmable shunt regulator diodes. These monolithic IC voltage references operate as a low temperature coefficient zener which is programmable from  $V_{REF}$  to 36 volts with two external resistors. These devices exhibit a wide operating current range to 250mA with a typical dynamic impedance of  $0.2\Omega$ . The characteristics of these references make them excellent replacements for zener diodes in many applications such as digital voltmeters, power supplies, and op amp circuitry. The 2.495V reference makes it convenient to obtain a stable reference from 5.0V logic supplies, and since The TS431 operates as a shunt regulator, it can be used as either a positive or negative stage reference.

#### **Features**

- Programmable Output Voltage up to 36V
- TS431A V<sub>REF</sub> 2.495V ±1% tolerance
- TS431B V<sub>REF</sub> 2.495V ±0.5% tolerance
- Fast Turn-On Response
- Sink Current Capability: 200mA
- Low Dynamic Output Impedance: 0.2Ω (Typ)
- Min. Operating Cathode Current: 0.2mA (Typ)
- Halogen Free

#### **Ordering Information**

Part No.	Package	Packing		
TS431ACX-Z RFG	SOT-23	3kpcs / 7" Reel		
TS431ARCX-Z RFG	SOT-23	3kpcs / 7" Reel		
TS431BCX-Z RFG	SOT-23	3kpcs / 7" Reel		

Note: "G" denotes for Halogen- and Antimony-free as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds

#### **Block Diagram**

Reference (R) O-		Cathode (K)
(11)	+	○ (K)
	2.495 Vref	
	Anode (A)	l

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Cathode Voltage	V <sub>KA</sub>	36	V
Continuous Cathode Current Range	I <sub>K</sub>	+250	mA
Reference Input Current Range	I <sub>REF</sub>	10	mA
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	0.25	W
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>OPER</sub>	-20 ~ +85	°C
Junction Temperature	TJ	-40 ~ +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 ~ +125	°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	R <sub>eJA</sub>	156	°C/W

Note: R<sub>OJA</sub> is measured with the PCB copper area of approximately 1 in<sup>2</sup> (Multi-Layer)





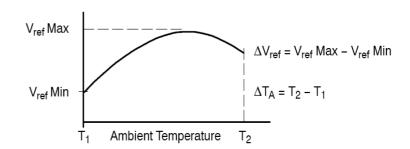
#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter Symbol Test Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
Reference	TS431A	\/	$V_{REF}$ $V_{KA} = V_{REF}$ , $I_{K} = 10$ mA (Figure 1)		2.470	0.405	2.520	V
voltage	TS431B	V <sub>REF</sub>			2.483	2.495	2.507	
Deviation of reference voltage	ence input	$\DeltaV_{REF}$	$V_{KA} = V_{REF}$ , $I_K = 10$ mA (Figure 1) $T_A = -20 \sim 85$ °C			6	20	mV
Radio of change in Vref to		$\Delta V_{REF}$	$I_{KA} = 10 \text{mA}$ , $V_{KA} = 10 \text{V to } V_{REF}$			-1.2	-2.0	mV/V
change in cathode Voltage		$\Delta V_{KA}$	(Figure 2)	V <sub>KA</sub> = 36V to 10V	/ to 10V1.0	-2.0		
Reference Input c	urrent	I <sub>REF</sub>	R1=10K $\Omega$ , R2= $\infty$ , I <sub>KA</sub> =10mA (Figure 2)			1.5	3.5	μA
Deviation of refere	•	$\Delta I_{REF}$	R1=10KΩ, R2= $\infty$ , I <sub>KA</sub> =10mA T <sub>A</sub> =-20~85°C (Figure 2)			0.4	1.2	μA
Off-state Cathode	Current	I <sub>KA</sub> (off)	V <sub>REF</sub> =0V (Figure 3), V <sub>KA</sub> =36V			0.1	1.0	μA
Dynamic Output I	mpedance	Z <sub>KA</sub>	f<1KHz, V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub> (Figure 1)			0.2	0.5	Ω
Minimum operating cathode current		I <sub>KA</sub> (min)	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub> (Figure 1)			0.2	0.5	mA

<sup>\*</sup> The deviation parameters  $\Delta V_{REF}$  and  $\Delta I_{REF}$  are defined as difference between the maximum value and minimum value obtained over the full operating ambient temperature range that applied.

\* The average temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage,  $\alpha V_{REF}$  is defined as:

$$\alpha V_{ref} \; \left( \frac{ppm}{^{\circ}C} \right) = \frac{\left( \frac{(\Delta V_{ref})}{V_{ref} \; (T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C)} \times 10^{6} \right)}{\Delta T_{\Delta}}$$



Where: **T2-T1** = full temperature change.

 $\alpha V_{REF}$  can be positive or negative depending on whether the slope is positive or negative.

Example: Maximum  $V_{REF}$ =2.496V at 30°C, minimum  $V_{REF}$ =2.492V at 0°C,  $V_{REF}$ =2.495V at 25°C,  $\Delta T$ =70°C

$$\alpha V_{REF} = [4mV / 2495mV] * 10^6 / 70^{\circ}C \approx 23ppm/^{\circ}C$$

Because minimum V<sub>REF</sub> occurs at the lower temperature, the coefficient is positive.

\* The dynamic impedance ZKA is defined as:

$$|Z_{KA}| = \Delta V_{KA} / \Delta I_{KA}$$

\* When the device operating with two external resistors, R1 and R2, (refer to Figure 2) the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:

$$|Z_{KA}| = \Delta v / \Delta i | \approx Z_{KA} | * (1 + R1 / R2)$$





#### **Test Circuits**

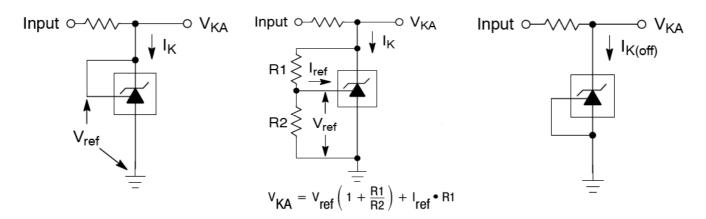


Figure 1:  $V_{KA} = V_{REF}$ 

Figure 2:  $V_{KA} > V_{REF}$ 

Figure 3: Off-State Current

#### **Additional Information – Stability**

When The TS431A/431B is used as a shunt regulator, there are two options for selection of  $C_L$ , are recommended for optional stability:

- A) No load capacitance across the device, decouple at the load.
- B) Large capacitance across the device, optional decoupling at the load.

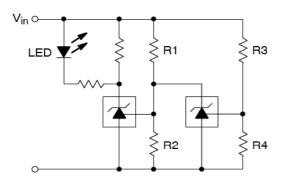
The reason for this is that TS431A/431B exhibits instability with capacitances in the range of 10nF to 1uF (approx.) at light cathode current up to 3mA (typ). The device is less stable the lower the cathode voltage has been set for. Therefore while the device will be perfectly stable operating at a cathode current of 10mA (approx.) with a 0.1uF capacitor across it, it will oscillate transiently during start up as the cathode current passes through the instability region. Select a very low capacitance, or alternatively a high capacitance (10uF) will avoid this issue altogether. Since the user will probably wish to have local decoupling at the load anyway, the most cost effective method is to use no capacitance at all directly across the device. PCB trace/via resistance and inductance prevent the local load decoupling from causing the oscillation during the transient start up phase.

Note: if the TS431A/431B is located right at the load, so the load decoupling capacitor is directly across it, then this capacitor will have to be  $\leq 1nF$  or  $\geq 10uF$ .





#### **Applications Examples (Continue)**



L.E.D. indicator is 'ON' when V<sub>in</sub> is between the upper and lower limits,

Lower limit = 
$$\left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) V_{ref}$$
  
Upper limit =  $\left(1 + \frac{R3}{R4}\right) V_{ref}$ 

**Figure 4: Voltage Monitor** 

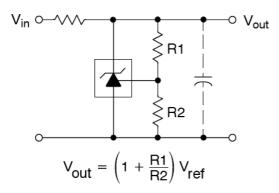


Figure 6: Shunt Regulator

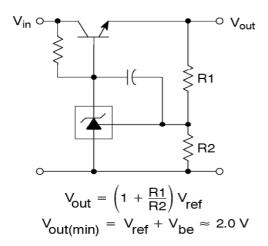


Figure 8: Series Pass Regulator



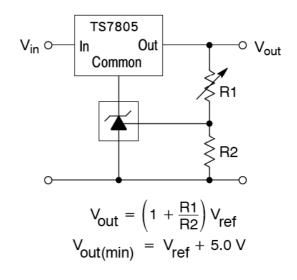
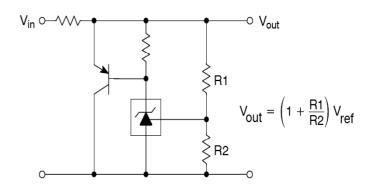
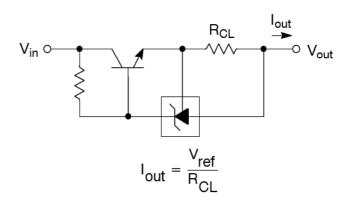


Figure 5: Output Control for Three Terminal Fixed Regulator



**Figure 7: High Current Shunt Regulator** 



**Figure 9: Constant Current Source** 





#### **Applications Examples (Continue)**

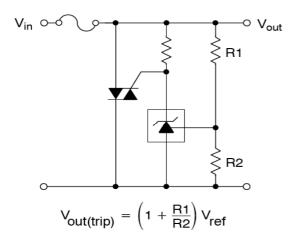


Figure 10: TRIAC Crowbar

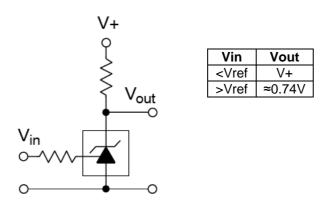


Figure 12: Single-Supply Comparator with Temperature-Compensated Threshold

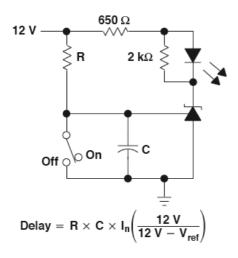


Figure 14: Delay Timer

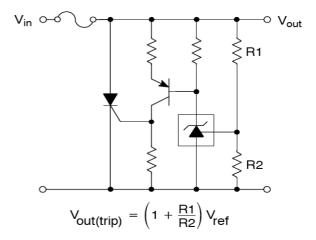
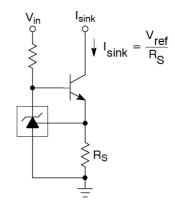


Figure 11: SCR Crowbar



**Figure 13: Constant Current Sink** 





#### **Typical Performance Characteristics**

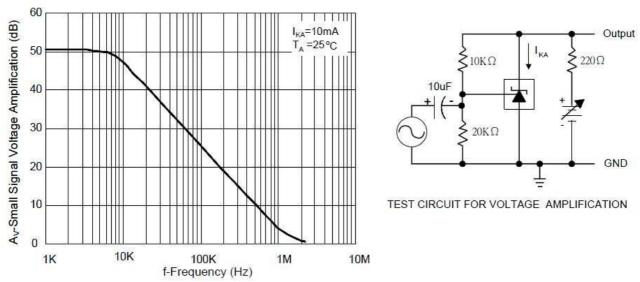


Figure 15: Small-Signal Voltage Gain and Phase Shirt vs. Frequency

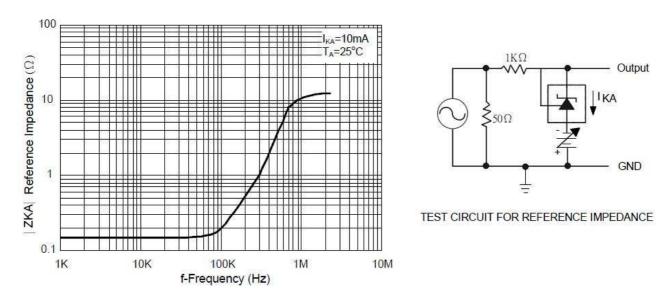
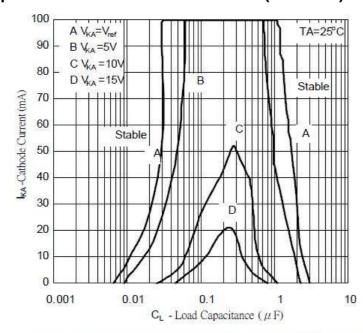


Figure 16: Reference Impedance vs. Frequency



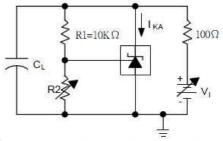


#### **Typical Performance Characteristics (Continue)**



C<sub>L</sub> | 100Ω | 1κΑ | 1 κΑ | 1

TEST CIRCUIT FOR CURVE A



The areas under the curves represent conditions that may cause the device to oscillate For curves B,C, and D, R2 and V<sub>1</sub> were adjusted to establish the initial V<sub>KA</sub> and I<sub>KA</sub> conditions with C<sub>L</sub>=0 . V<sub>BATT</sub> and C<sub>L</sub> were then adjusted to determine the ranges of stability.

TEST CIRCUIT FOR CURVE B, C, AND D

#### Figure 17: Stability Boundary Condition

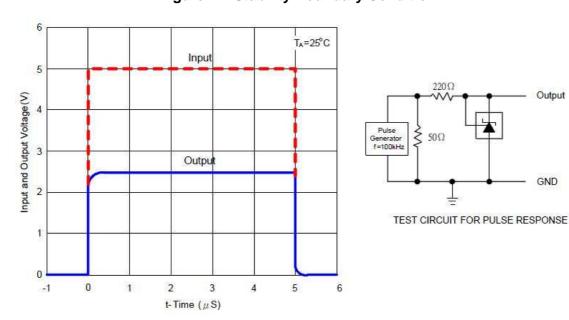


Figure 18: Pulse Response





#### **Electrical Characteristics**

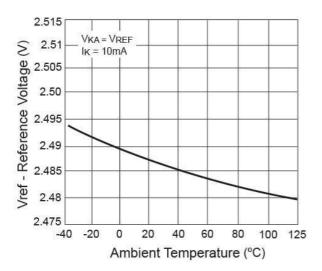


Figure 19: Reference Voltage vs. Temperature

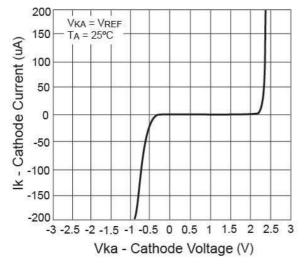


Figure 21: I<sub>KA</sub> vs. V<sub>KA</sub> (uA)

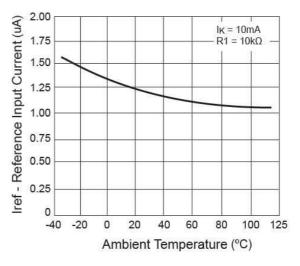


Figure 20: I<sub>REF</sub> vs. Temperature

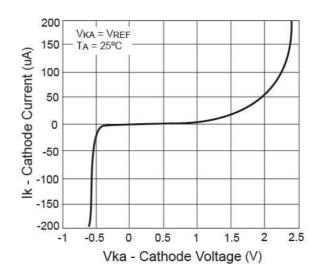
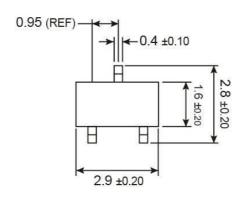


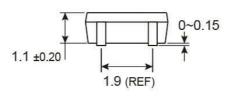
Figure 22: I<sub>KA</sub> vs. V<sub>KA</sub> (mA)

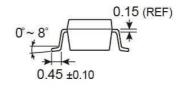




# **SOT-23 Mechanical Drawing**

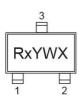






Unit: Millimeters

## **Marking Diagram**



Rx = Device Code

 $R1 = TS431A (\pm 1\%)$ 

 $RA = TS431AR (\pm 1\%)$ 

 $R2 = TS431B (\pm 0.5\%)$ 

Y = Year Code

2 = 2012, 3 = 2012, 4 = 2014 .....

W = Week Code

01 ~ 26 (A~Z)

27 ~ 52 (a ~ z)

X = Internal ID Code

#### **Notice**

Specifications of the products displayed herein are subject to change without notice. TSC or anyone on its behalf, assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies.

Information contained herein is intended to provide a product description only. No license, express or implied, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document. Except as provided in TSC's terms and conditions of sale for such products, TSC assumes no liability whatsoever, and disclaims any express or implied warranty, relating to sale and/or use of TSC products including liability or warranties relating to fitness for a particular purpose, merchantability, or infringement of any patent, copyright, or other intellectual property right.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications. Customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify TSC for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

## **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Voltage References category:

Click to view products by Taiwan Semiconductor manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

AS431ARTR-E1 AZ431BR-ATRE1 REF01J/883 5962-8686103XC NCV431BVDMR2G LT6654AMPS6-2.048#TRMPBF SC431ILPRAG
AP432AQG-7 LM4040B25QFTA MCP1502T-18E/CHY MCP1502T-40E/CHY MCP1502T-50E/CHY TL431MFDT,215
TL431QDBZR,215 TL431ACZ KA431SLMF2TF KA431SMF2TF KA431SMFTF LM4041C12ILPR LM4120AIM5-2.5/NOP
LM431SCCMFX LM385BM-2.5/NOPB LM4040AIM3-10.0 LM4040BIM3-4.1 LM4040CIM3-10.0 LM4040CIM3X-2.0/NOPB
LM4041QDIM3-ADJ/NO LM4050QAEM3X4.1/NOPB LM4051BIM3-ADJ/NOPB LM4051CIM3X-1.2/NOPB LM4128CMF-1.8/NOPB
LM4132DMF-1.8/NOPB LM4132EMF-2.0/NOPB LM4140CCMX-1.2/NOPB LM431CIM LM385BD-2.5R2G LM385M-2.5/NOPB
LM4030AMF-4.096/NOPB LM4040D30ILPR LM4051CIM3X-ADJ/NOPB AP432YG-13 AS431ANTR-G1 AS431BZTR-E1 AN431BNATRG1 AN431AN-ATRG1 AP431IBNTR-G1 ATL432AQDBZR AS431BNTR-G1 TL431AIZ AZ431AN-ATRG1