Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors (High dielectric type) for Automotive Powertrain and Safety

MAASE21GAB7475KTNA01

[Notes]

- This document is for reference use only and does not guarantee the specifications of the products.
- The contents of this document are based on the existing October 1, 2021.
- · This document is subject to change for improvements or others without notice.
- Please request and agree to the specification document of the products before purchasing and using them regardless of types of applications.
- Please check and comply with the usage conditions and precautions described in this specification. Before use, please be sure to verify and validate the products under intended operating environmental conditions with the products being installed in actual devices.

1. Scope

This specification shall apply to Reflow soldering multilayer chip type ceramic capacitors used for Automotive Powertrain and Safety. See basic information and precautions described in Section 6 for details.

2. Part Numbering System

Part number is indicated as follows:

М	А	Α	S	Е	21	G	А	B7	475	К	Т	NA01
$\overline{\mathbb{1}}$	2	3	4	5	6	$\overline{\bigcirc}$	8	9	10	1	12	Internal code

①Group ②Ca			ategory			<u> </u>			④Features, Characteristics		
Code		Code	Recommended equipment	Quality Grade	Code		С	ode			
М	Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors	А	Automotive Electronic Equipment (Powertrain , Safety)	1	А	2 terminals		S	Standard/General (reflow)		

⑤Rated v	oltage	⑥Dimensi	on			⑦Thicl	ness	⑧Dimension tolerance		
Code	Rated voltage [VDC]	Code	L × W [mm]	JIS(mm)	EIA(inch)	Code	e Thickness [mm]	Code	Thickness [mm]	
E	16 V	21	2.0x1.25	2012	0805	G	1.25	A	Per Table 1	

(9) Temperature characteristics

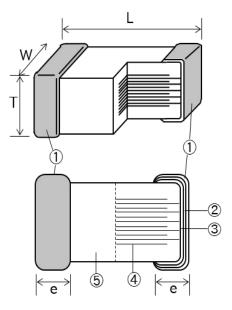
Code	Reference standard		Capacitance change rate [%]	Temperature range	X Reference temperature
B7	EIA	X7R	±15 %	-55 to +125 ℃	25℃

* Temperature range includes TC guarantee temperature range and operating temperature range.

①Nomir	One with the second		①Capacitance tolerance			12 Packagir	lg
Code	Nominal capacitance		Code	Capacitance tolerance		Code	Packaging
475	4.7 uF]	K	± 10 %		Т	Taping

3. Shape, Structure, and Dimension

Figure 1: Shape and structure



No.	Name	Material			
1	Terminal Electrodes (Surface)	Sn Plating			
2	Terminal Electrodes	Ni Plating			
2	Terminal Electrodes	Cu Plating			
3	External Electrodes	Ni			
4	Internal Electrodes	Ni			
(5)	Dielectric	Barium titanate			

Table 1: Dimensions

Dimension	Thickness	Dimension	Dimensions [mm]						
Code	Code	tolerance Code	L	W	Т	е			
21	G	А	2.0 +0.15/-0.05	1.25 +0.15/-0.05	1.25 +0.15/-0.05	0.50 ±0.25			

4. Rated Value

Table 2:Rated Value/Part Number List

Dertnumber	Datad valtaga	Can	Conseitones televenes	Temp. char 💥	DE [may]	ID [min]	Soldering	g method
Part number	Rated voltage	Cap.	Capacitance tolerance	Temp. char 💥	DF [max]	IR [min.]	Wave	Reflow
MAASE21GAB7475KTNA01	16 V	4.7 uF	± 10 %	X7R	10 %	100 MΩ·μF	Х	0
V1 conformer to ELA on UC								

※1 conforms to EIA or JIS.

5. Functions and Test Methods

Test Conditions:

Standard test conditions shall be temperature of 5 to 35° C, relative humidity of 45 to 85%, and air pressure of 86 to 106 kPa. Tests shall be conducted at temperature of $25 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C, relative humidity of 60 to 70% and air pressure of 86 to 106 kPa if test results are suspicious. Unless otherwise specified, all tests shall be conducted under the standard test conditions.

No.	ltem	Specified Value	Remarks
1	Operating Temperature Range	Capable of continuous operation within the range	-55 to +125 ℃
2	Shape and Dimensions	Per Fig 1 and Table 1	
3	Heat Treatment		Initial value shall be measured after test sample is heat-treated at $150 + 0/-10$ °C for an hour and kept at room temperature for 24±2hours
4	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (between terminals)	No abnormality	250% of DC rated voltage shall be applied for 1 to 5 seconds. Charging and discharging current shall be 50mA or less.
5	Insulation Resistance (IR)	Per Table 2	Rated voltage shall be applied to test sample for 1 minute±5 seconds. Charging and discharging current shall be 50mA or less
6	Capacitance (Cap.)	Per Table 2	Heat treatment specified in this specification shall be conducted prior to measurement. Measuring frequency and voltage shall conform to the table below. Measuring Frequency Measuring Voltage 1kHz±10% 1.0±0.2Vrms
7	DF	Per Table 2	Heat treatment specified in this specification shall be conducted prior to measurement. Measuring frequency and voltage shall conform to the table below. Measuring Frequency Measuring Voltage 1kHz±10% 1.0±0.2Vrms
8	Temperature Characteristic	Per P.1 for ⑨	Heat treatment specified in this specification shall be conducted prior to measurement. Maximum capacitance deviation in both (+) and (-) sides in range of lowest temperature to highest temperature for capacitor shall be indicated in ratio of variation in reference to capacitance value at reference temperature. <u>Measuring Voltage</u> 1Vrms max Special conditions exist.Please contact us for details.

No		ltem	Specified Value	Remarks
9	Adhesive Forc Electrodes	e of Terminal	Terminal electrodes shall be no exfoliation or a sign of exfoliation.	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.: 22 Solderlands refer to Table 4 Test sample shall be soldered with the land pattern shown in Fig.2 Note: Force of 17.7N {1.8kg} for 60 +1 seconds. larger than 1608 size Force of 5N is for 0402. Force of 2N is for 0201. Measurement shall be conducted after test sample is heat treated as specified in No. 3
10	Vibration		Initial performance shall be satisfied	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.: 14 (MIL-STD-202 Method 204) Test sample shall be soldered with the land pattern shown in Fig.2. Solderlands refer to Table 4 5 g's for 20 min., 12 cycles each of 3 orientations Note: Use 8"X5" PCB .031" thick 7 secure points on one long side and 2 secure points at corners of opposite sides. Parts mounted within 2" from any secure point. Test from 10-2000 Hz. Heat treatment specified in No.3 of the specification shall be conducted prior and after test. Measurement shall be conducted after test sample is heat treated as specified in No. 3
11	Solderability		More than 95% of terminal electrode shall be covered with fresh solder	[Eutectic] Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.: 18 (J-STD-002) Electrical Test not required. Magnification 50 X. Conditions: a) Method B, 4 hrs @ 155°C dry heat @ 235°C b) Method B @ 215°C category 3 c) Method D category 3 @ 260°C [Pb free] Aging Preconditioning acc. to AEC-Q200 4.3.1 Lead (Pb) – Free Specific Tests / Solderability Used solder shall be [Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu]. Test sample shall be completely submerged in molten solder of 245 ±3°C for 3 ±1 seconds.
12	Resistance to Soldering	Appearance	No abnormality	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.15 (MIL-STD-202 Method 210) Condition B No pre-heat of samples Note: Single Wave Solder - Procedure 2 for SMD.
	Heat	Cap. Change	Per Table 3	Test sample shall be completely submerged in molten solder of $260\pm5^{\circ}$ for 10 ± 1 seconds Heat treatment specified in No.3 of the specificationshall be conducted prior and after test
		DF	Per Table 3	Measurement shall be conducted after test sample is heat treated as specified in No.3.
		IR	Initial value shall be satisfied	
		Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (between terminals)	No dielectric breakdown or damage	

No		ltem	Specified Value	Remarks
13	Temperature Cycling	Appearance	No abnormality	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.4 (JESD22 Method JA-104) Test sample shall be soldered with the land pattern shown in Fig.2. Solderlands refer to Table 5
		Cap. Change	Per Table 3	1000 Cycles(Minimum operating temperature to Maximum operating temperature) Heat treatment specified in No.3 of the specification shall be conducted prior and after test.
		DF	Per Table 3	Measurement shall be conducted after test sample is heat treated as specified in No.3.
		IR	Initial value shall be satisfied	
		Dielectric Withstanding Voltage (between terminals)	No dielectric breakdown or damage	
14	High Temperature	Appearance	No abnormality	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.8 (MIL-STD-202 Method 108) Test sample shall be put in thermostatic oven with maximum temperature and DC voltage shall be
		Cap. Change	Per Table 3	continuously applied for 1000 +48/-0 hours The maximum rated temperature and rated voltage shall be used.
		DF	Per Table 3	Heat treatment specified in No.4 of the specification shall be conducted prior and after test. Measurement shall be conducted after test sample is heat treated as specified in No.3.
		IR	Per Table 3	
15	Humidity Loading	Appearance	No abnormality	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.7 (MIL-STD-202 Method 103 1000 hours 85°C/85%RH. Specified conditions: Rated Voltage. Add 100kohm resistor
		Cap. Change	Per Table 3	Heat treatment specified in No.3 of the specification shall be conducted prior and after test. Measurement shall be conducted after test sample is heat treated as specified in No.3.
		DF	Per Table 3	
		IR	Per Table 3	
	Bending Strength	Appearance	No abnormality	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.: 21 (AEC-Q200-005) Test sample shall be soldered with the land pattern shown in Fig.2
		Cap. Change	Per Table 3	Solderlands refer to Table 5 Appendix 2 Note: 2mm (min) 5±1sec for all
		DF	Per Table 3	*refer to Fig.3.
		IR	Initial limit shall be satisfied	

No		Item	Specified Value	Remarks						
17	High Temperature			Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.: 03 (MIL-STD-202 Method 108) Test sample shall be put in thermostatic oven with maximum temperature for 1000 +48/-0 hours.						
		Cap. Change	Per Table 3	Heat treatment specified in No.3 of the specification shall be conducted prior and after test. Measurement shall be conducted after test sample is heat treated as specified in No. 3.						
		DF	Per Table 3							
		IR	Initial value shall be satisfied							
18	Solvents	Appearance	No abnormality	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.: 12 (MIL-STD-202 Method 215) Note: Add Aqueos wash chemical – OKEM Clean or equivalent. Do not use banned solvents.						
		Cap. Change	Per Table 3	Heat treatment specified in No.3 of the specification shall be conducted prior and after test. Measurement shall be conducted after test sample is heat treated as specified in No. 3.						
		DF	Per Table 3							
		IR	Initial value shall be satisfied							
19	Mechanical Shock	Appearance	No abnormality	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.: 13 (MIL-STD-202 Method 213)						
		Cap. Change	Per Table 3	Figure 1 of Method 213. Condition F. Heat treatment specified in No.3 of the specification shall be conducted prior and after test.						
		DF	Per Table 3							
		IR	Initial value shall be satisfied							

Reference Specification

No		ltem	Specified Value	Remarks
20	ESD	Appearance		Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.: 17 (AEC-Q200-002) Heat treatment specified in No.3 of the specification shall be conducted prior and after test.
		Cap. Change	Per Table 3	Measurement shall be conducted after test sample is heat treated as specified in No. 3
		DF	Per Table 3	
		IR	Initial value shall be satisfied	
21	Beam Load		Breaking Force: 8N min.	Confirming to AEC-Q200 Test No.: 23 (AEC-Q200-003)

Table 3 Cap., DF, and IR Changes after Test

Part number	Resistance to Soldering Heat/ BendingStrength / Temp. Cycling /ESD/ Hight Temp. Exposure/ Resistance to Solvents/ Mechanical Shock		High T	High Temperature Loading			Humidity Loading		
	Cap.chg rate	DF [max]	Cap.chg rate	DF [max]	IR [min]	Cap.chg rate	DF [max]	IR [min]	
MAASE21GAB7475KTNA01	±7.5%	10%	±20.0%	20%	5MΩ·μF	±20.0%	20%	5MΩ·μF	

Table 4		
Adhesive F	orce of Terminal Electrodes/ Vibration	[mm]
	チップ寸法	

	チップ寸法								
Dimension	0603	1005	1608	2125	3216	3225			
а	0.4	0.5	1.2	1.65	2.0	2.9			
b	0.3	0.55	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.4			
d	0.3	0.4	1.0	1.2	2.2	2.2			

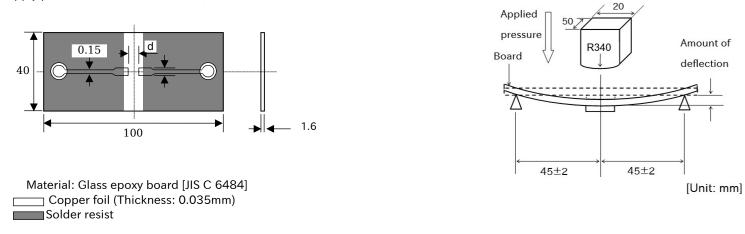
	D D
	d
a	
	
' b '	

Table 5 Bending Strength / Temperature Cycling [mm]									
チップ寸法									
Dimension	0603	0603 1005 1608 2125 3216 3225							
а	0.3	0.5	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.6			
b	0.3	0.55	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.2			
d	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	2.0	2.0			

Remarks: Uniform soldering shall be conducted with solder by using an iron or soldering oven. Soldering shall be conducted with care of avoiding abnormality such as heat shock.

Fig.3 Apply pressure at the rate of 0.5mm/sec. until amount of deflection reaches 2.0mm

Fig.2



6. Basic Information and Others

6-1. Limited Application

6-1-1. Equipment Intended for Use

The products listed in this specification are intended for general-purpose and standard use in general electronic equipment for consumer (e.g., AV equipment, OA equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment including, without limitation, mobile phone, and PC) and other equipment specified in the catalog or the product specification, or the equipment approved separately by TAIYO YUDEN.

TAIYO YUDEN has the product series intended for use in the following equipment. Therefore, when using our products for these equipment, please check available applications specified in the catalog or the product specification and use the corresponding products.

	Product Series		
Application	Equipment *1	Category (Part Number Code ^{*2})	Quality Grade ^{*3}
	Automotive Electronic Equipment (POWERTRAIN, SAFETY)	А	1
Automotive	Automotive Electronic Equipment (BODY & CHASSIS, INFOTAINMENT)	С	2
Industrial	Telecommunications Infrastructure and Industrial Equipment	В	2
Madiaal	Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)	м	2
Medical	Medical Devices classified as GHTF Classes A or B (Japan Classes I or II)	L	3
Consumer	General Electronic Equipment	S	3

*Notes: 1. Based on the general specifications required for electronic components for such equipment, which are recognized by TAIYO YUDEN, the use of each product series for the equipment is recommended. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN before using our products for equipment other than those covered by the product series.

2. On each of our part number, the 2nd code from the left is a code indicating the "Category" as shown in the above table. For details, please check the explanatory materials regarding the part numbering system of each of our products.

3. Each product series is assigned a "Quality Grade" from 1 to 3 in order of higher quality. Please do not incorporate a product into any equipment with a higher Quality Grade than the Quality Grade of such product without the prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN.

6-1-2. Equipment Requiring Inquiry

Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using the products listed in this specification for the following equipment (excluding intended equipment as specified in the catalog or the product specification) which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury, serious property damage and/or serious public impact due to a failure or defect of the products and/or malfunction attributed thereto.

- (1) Transportation equipment (automotive powertrain control system, train control system, and ship control system, etc.)
- (2) Traffic signal equipment
- (3) Disaster prevention equipment, crime prevention equipment
- (4) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)
- (5) Highly public information network equipment, data-processing equipment (telephone exchange, and base station, etc.)
- (6) Any other equipment requiring high levels of quality and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above

6-1-3. Equipment Prohibited for Use

Please do not incorporate our products into the following equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability.

- (1) Aerospace equipment (artificial satellite, rocket, etc.)
- (2) Aviation equipment *1
- (3) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class D (Japan Class IV), implantable medical devices *2
- (4) Power generation control equipment (nuclear power, hydroelectric power, thermal power plant control system, etc.)
- (5) Undersea equipment (submarine repeating equipment, etc.)
- (6) Military equipment
- (7) Any other equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above
- *Notes: 1. There is a possibility that our products can be used only for aviation equipment that does not directly affect the safe operation of aircraft (e.g., in-flight entertainment, cabin light, electric seat, cooking equipment) if such use meets requirements specified separately by TAIYO YUDEN. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using our products for such aviation equipment.
 - 2. Implantable medical devices contain not only internal unit which is implanted in a body, but also external unit which is connected to the internal unit.

6-1-4. Limitation of Liability

Please note that unless you obtain prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN, TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages incurred by you or third parties arising from use of the products listed in this specification for any equipment that is not intended for use by TAIYO YUDEN, or any equipment requiring inquiry to TAIYO YUDEN or prohibited for use by TAIYO YUDEN as described above.

6-2. Precautions in Usage

•This specification does not cover the products when Sn-Zn lead free solder is used.

- •When the products are used in places where dew condensation develops and/or where corrosive gas such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, or chlorine exists in the air, insulation (dielectric) deterioration may occur. Please do not use capacitors under such environmental conditions.
- 6-3. Storage Conditions
 - •Temperature and humidity in storage area shall be controlled carefully to maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packaging material in good condition. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.
 - •The ambient temperature must be kept from 5 to 40°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, capacitor electrode solderability decreases with time. Therefore, ceramic chip capacitors should be used within six (6) months from the time of delivery. If the period is exceeded, please check solderability before using the capacitors.
 - \cdot The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air. T

6-4. RoHS Compliance

- •The products conform to RoHS.
- "RoHS compliance" means that the products do not contain lead, cadmium, mercury,
- hexavalent chromium, PBB ,PBDE ,DEHP,BBP,DBP,DIBP referring to Directive (EU)2015/863, except other non-restricted substances or impurities which cannot be technically removed at refining process.
- •The products are halogen-free products.

6-5. Resin Coating:

- ·Coating/molding capacitors with resin may have negative effects on the functions of the products.
- •When the products are coated/molded with resin, please check effects on the products by analyzing them in actual applications/devices before use.

6-6.Others

6-6-1. Safety Design

When using our products for high safety and/or reliability-required equipment or circuits, please fully perform safety and/or reliability evaluation. In addition, please install (i) systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device and/or (ii) systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault for a failsafe design to ensure safety.

6-6-2. Pre-Evaluation in the Actual Equipment and Conditions

Please conduct validation and verification of our products in actual conditions of mounting and operating environment before using our products.

6-6-3. Intellectual Property Rights

Information contained in this specification is intended to convey examples of typical performances and/or applications of our products and is not intended to make any warranty with respect to the intellectual property rights or any other related rights of TAIYO YUDEN or any third parties nor grant any license under such rights.

6-6-4. Limited Warranty

Please note that the scope of warranty for our products is limited to the delivered our products themselves conforming to the product specifications specified in the product specification, and TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages resulting from a failure or defect in our products. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there is a written agreement (e.g., supply and purchase agreement, quality assurance agreement) signed by TAIYO YUDEN and your company, TAIYO YUDEN will warrant our products in accordance with such agreement, provided, however, that our products shall be used for general-purpose and standard use in the equipment specified in this specification.

6-6-5. TAIYO YUDEN's Official Sales Channel

The contents of this specification are applicable to our products which are purchased from our sales offices or authorized distributors (hereinafter "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel"). Please note that the contents of this specification are not applicable to our products purchased from any seller other than TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel.

6-6-6. Caution for Export

Some of our products listed in this specification may require specific procedures for export according to "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, and other applicable regulations. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

7. Packaging

[Tape Packaging: 1005 Type (thickness code : 5)]

 \odot Tape packaging type (products with thickness code 5): Paper tape

A※1	B※1
0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1
0.7±0.1%2	1.2±0.1※2
0.74±0.08%3	1.34±0.08※3
0.8±0.1※4	1.4±0.1※4
0.88±0.08※5	1.5±0.08※5

Dimensions [Unit: mm]

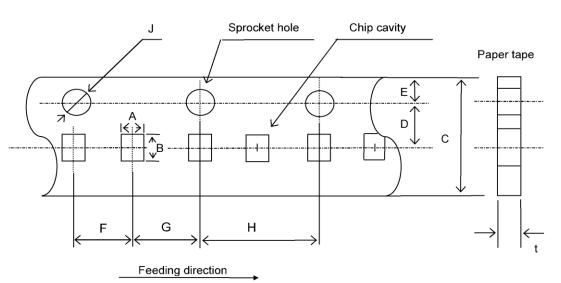
С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	t※1
8.0±0.3	3.5±0.05	1.75±0.1	2.0±0.05	2.0±0.05	4.0±0.1	$\phi_{1.5} + 0.1 = 0$	0.8 max 0.85 max※4
						Ū	0.95 max涨5

% 1. A, B, t: Sufficient clearance

※ 2. *****105A********

₩ 3. *****105B********

- ※ 4. *****105C**********
- ※ 5. ∗****105E********



[Tape Packaging: 1005 Type (thickness code : 3,2)]

©Tape packaging type (products with thickness code 3/2): Paper tape (Press pocket taping)

Dimensions [Unit: mm]

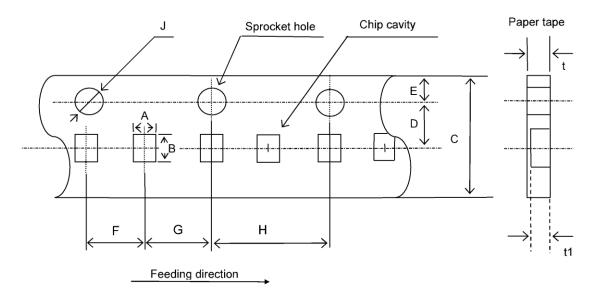
AX	B%
0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1

Dimensions [Unit: mm]

Thickness	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J
3(0.3mm)	8.0±0.3	3.5±0.05	1 75+0 1	2.0+0.05	2.0+0.05	4.0+0.1	+0.1
2(0.2mm)	8.0±0.3	3.5±0.05	1.75±0.1	2.0±0.05	2.0±0.05	4.0±0.1	φ ^{1.5} –0

Thickness	t	t1※		
3(0.3mm)	0.45 以下	0.42 max.		
2(0.2mm)	0.4 以下	0.3 max.		

※ A, B, t1: Sufficient clearances are secured.



[Tape Packaging: 1005 Type (thickness code : E,H)]

©Tape packaging type (products with thickness code E/H): Embossed tape

Dimensions [Unit: mm]

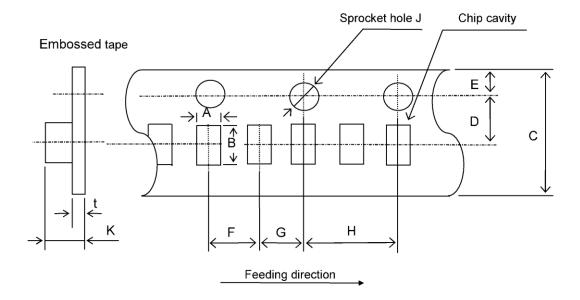
A ※	в Ж
0.60±0.05	1.10±0.05

Dimensions [Unit: mm]

Thickness	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J
E(0.18mm)	8.0±0.3	3.5±0.05	1.75±0.1	2.0±0.05	2.0±0.05	4.0±0.1	φ1.5+0.1/-0
H(0.13mm)	0.0±0.5	3.5 ± 0.05	1.75±0.1	2.0±0.05	2.0±0.05	4.0±0.1	φ1.5+0.1/-0

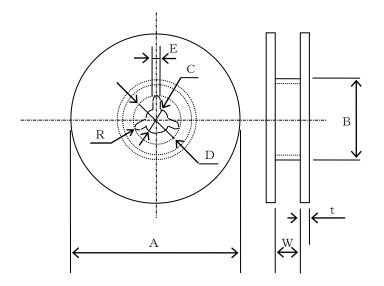
Thickness	К Ж	t		
E(0.18mm)	0 60max	0 2+0 1		
H(0.13mm)	0.001118	0.2±0.1		

※ A, B, K:Sufficient clearances are secured.



Dimensions of Reel [Unit: mm]

Туре	А	В	С	D	Е	W	t	R
1005	φ178±2.0	φ50 以上	φ13.0±0.2	φ21.0±0.8	2.0±0.5	10.0±1.5	2.5max	1.0



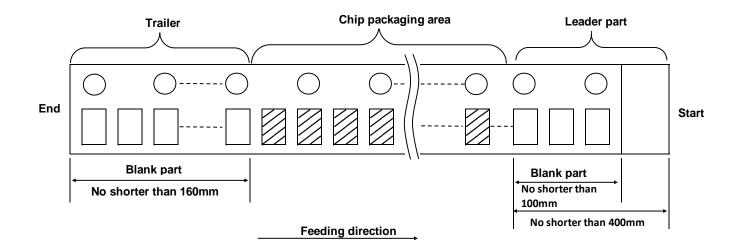
[Tape Packaging: 1005 Type (thickness code : 5·3·2)]

1 Taping shall be right-sided wound. Sprocket hole shall be on the right side against the pull-out direction.

160mm min.

2 Either the width side (W) or the thickness side (T) of the products below faces up at random when the products are inserted in the chip cavities. (thickness code 5) 3There shall be blank spaces in each reel tape as shown in the following figure.

- ·Leader part 400mm min.
- ·Leader part (Blank part) 100mm min.
- •Trailer (Blank part)



4 Top tape and bottom tape (only thickness code 5) of paper taping shall not be crossed over sprocket holes.

5 Paper tape shall not be seamed.

6 Tensile strength of the tape is 5N (0.51kgf) or over.

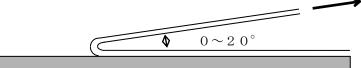
7 The number of the chip missing from tape reel shall be (1) piece at a maximum per reel.

8 The number of packaged chips per reel is shown in the table below.

9 Label indicating part No., quantity and control No. shall be attached to the outside of reel.

10 Peeling strength of top tape shall be 0.1 to 0.7N (10.2 to 71.4gf) when top tape is peeled from carrier

tape at an angle of 0° to 20°



Quantity of taping package

Thickness [Unit: mm]	Quantity	Carrier tape
(Thickness code)	(pcs/reel)	ourner tape
0.5 (5)	10,000	
0.3 (3)	15,000	Paper
0.2 (2)	20,000	

[Tape Packaging: 1005 Type (thickness code : E·H)]

1 Taping shall be right-sided wound. Sprocket hole shall be on the right side against the pull-out direction.

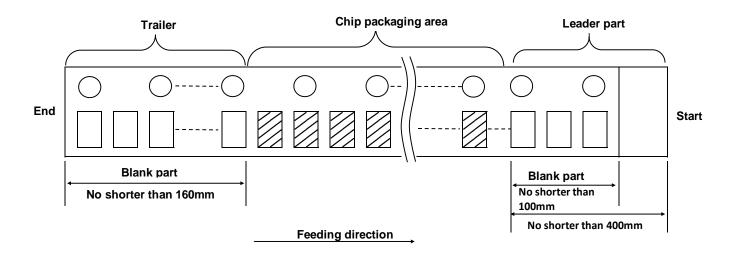
2 There shall be blank spaces in each reel tape as shown in the following figure.

Leader part 400mm	ı min.
-------------------	--------

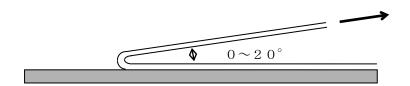
·Leader part (Blank part)

100mm min. 160mm min.

•Trailer (Blank part)



- 3 Top tape of embossed taping shall not be crossed over sprocket holes.
- 4 Embossed tape shall not be seamed.
- 5 Tensile strength of the tape is 5N (0.51kgf) or over.
- 6 The number of the chip missing from tape reel shall be (1) piece at a maximum per reel.
- 7 The number of packaged chips per reel is shown in the table below.
- 8 Label indicating part No., quantity and control No. shall be attached to the outside of reel.
- 9 Peeling strength of top tape shall be 0.1 to 0.7N (10.2 to 71.4gf) when top tape is peeled from carrier tape at an angle of 0° to 20°.



Quantity of taping package

Thickness [Unit: mm] (Thickness code)	Quantity (pcs/reel)	Carrier tape
0.18 (E)	15,000	Embossed
0.13 (H)	20,000	Empossed

■PRECAUTIONS

1. Circuit Desig	n
1. Circuit Desig	 Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance A malfunction of equipment in fields such as medical, aerospace, nuclear control, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications. Therefore, any capacitors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and reliability, and shall be clearly differentiated from them used in general purpose applications. Operating Voltage (Verification of Rated voltage) 1. The operating voltage for capacitors must always be their rated voltage or less. If an AC voltage is loaded on a DC voltage, the sum of the two peak voltages shall be the rated voltage or less. For a circuit where an AC or a pulse voltage may be used, the sum of their peak voltages shall also be the rated voltage or less. 2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage 2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage 3. The operating voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage 3. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage 3. Solution of the provide the rated voltage or less that either a high frequency AC voltage 3. Solution of the provide the rated voltage or less that either a high frequency AC voltage 3. Solution of the provide the rated voltage or less that either a high frequency AC voltage 3. Solution of the provide the rated voltage or less that either a high frequency AC voltage 3. Solution of
	2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage or a pulse voltage having rapid rise time is used in a circuit.

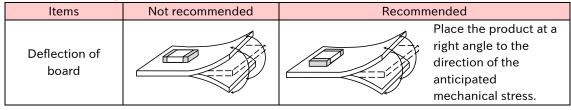
2. PCB Desig	
Precautions	 Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns) When capacitors are mounted on PCBs, the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect the capacitor performance. Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of land patterns:

	♦Pattern co	nfigurations	(Design c	of Land-pat	terns)						
		-	-	-		es of recom	nmended la	nd patterns	s to preven	t excessive	solder amounts.
		mmended la				-					
		ayer Ceran	nic Capac	itors : Re	commende	ed land	La	and pattern			
	dimensio								and pattern	lder-resist	
	(unit: mi							Chip capacito	"		
		soldering	0010	2010	2225	1					
	Туре	1608 1.6	2012 2.0	3216 3.2	3225 3.2		┹Ҁ				
	Size W		1.25	1.6	2.5			B A	→ B		
	A	0.8 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5		I	BIAI	DI		
	B	0.5 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.5		0.8 to 1.7	-		Chip capacito	or		
	C	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.2	1.2 to 1.6	1.8 to 2.5	-					
								I	— <u> </u>		
	Defle							L			
	Type	w-soldering 0201	0402	0603	1005	1608	2012	3216	3225	4532	1
	туре	0.25	0402	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2	4.5	-
Technical	Size W	0.125	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5	3.2	-
considerations		0.095~	0.15~	0.20~	0.45~						
	A	0.135	0.25	0.30	0.55	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.2	1.8~2.5	1.8~2.5	2.5~3.5	
		0.085~	0.10~	0.20~	0.40~		0.0 1.0	10 15	10 15	1 - 1 0	
	В	0.125	0.20	0.30	0.50	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.2	1.0~1.5	1.0~1.5	1.5~1.8	
	С	0.110~	0.15~	0.25~	0.45~	0.6~0.8	0.9~1.6	1 2~20	1.8~3.2	22~25	
		0.150	0.30	0.40	0.55						
	Note:Re	ecommende	ed land size	e might be o	different ac	cording to	the allowa	nce of the s	size of the p	product.	
	• • • • • •										
			mmended	land	dimension	s for					
	reflow-so (unit: mr	-						LWDC			
	Type	0510	0816	1220					$\overline{}$		
		0.52	0.8	1.25							
	Size W	1.0	1.6	2.0					W		
	A		0.25~0.3								
		0.22									
	В	0.2~0.25	0.3~0.4	0.4~0.5				L			
	С		1.5~1.7								
	L										

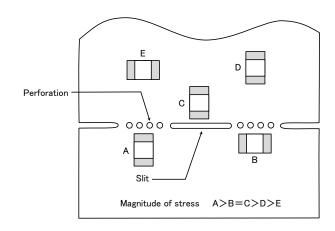
Item	Not recommended	Recommended
Mixed mounting of SMD and leaded components	Lead wire of component	Solder-resist
Component placement close to the chassis	Chassis Solder (for grounding)	Solder-resist
Hand-soldering of leaded components near mounted components	Lead wire of component Soldering iron →	Solder-resist
Horizontal component placement		Solder-resist

Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)

1-1. The following is examples of good and bad capacitor layouts ; capacitors shall be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.



1-2. The amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on capacitor layout. Please refer to diagram below.



1-3. When PCB is split, the amount of mechanical stress on the capacitors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, please consider the PCB, split methods as well as chip location.

3. Mounting	
Precautions	 Adjustment of mounting machine When capacitors are mounted on PCB, excessive impact load shall not be imposed on them. Maintenance and inspection of mounting machines shall be conducted periodically. Selection of Adhesives When chips are attached on PCBs with adhesives prior to soldering, it may cause capacitor characteristics degradation unless the following factors are appropriately checked : size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, please contact us for further information.

Adjustment of mounting machine

1. When the bottom dead center of a pick-up nozzle is too low, excessive force is imposed on capacitors and causes damages. To avoid this, the following points shall be considerable.

(1) The bottom dead center of the pick-up nozzle shall be adjusted to the surface level of PCB without the board deflection.

(2) The pressure of nozzle shall be adjusted between 1 and 3 N static loads.

(3)To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins shall be used on the other side of the PCB. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good and bad pick-up nozzle placement:

	Item	Improper method	Proper method
	Single-sided mounting	chipping or cracking	supporting pins -L or back-up pins
Technical considerations	Double-sided mounting	chipping / or cracking	supporting pins or back-up pins

2. As the alignment pin is worn out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of capacitors because of mechanical impact on the capacitors.

To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pins in the stopped position, maintenance, check and replacement of the pin shall be conducted periodically.

◆Selection of Adhesives

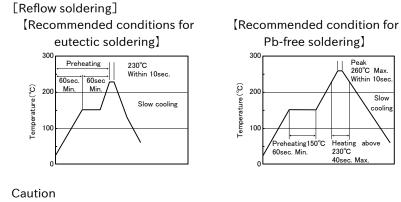
Some adhesives may cause IR deterioration. The different shrinkage percentage of between the adhesive and the capacitors may result in stresses on the capacitors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect components.

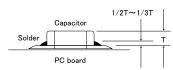
erefore,	the following precautions shall be noted	d in the application of adhesiv	/es.
1)Requi	red adhesive characteristics		
a. Th	e adhesive shall be strong enough to hol	ld parts on the board during t	he mounting & solder process
b. Th	e adhesive shall have sufficient strength	at high temperatures.	
c. Th	e adhesive shall have good coating and t	thickness consistency.	
d. Th	e adhesive shall be used during its presc	cribed shelf life.	
e. Th	e adhesive shall harden rapidly.		
f. The	adhesive shall have corrosion resistanc	e.	
g. Th	e adhesive shall have excellent insulation	n characteristics.	
h. Th	e adhesive shall have no emission of tox	ic gasses and no effect on the	e human body.
2)The re	ecommended amount of adhesives is as	follows;	-
[Recom	mended condition]	Amount adhesive	After capacitor are
Figur	2012/3216 case sizes as examples		bonded
e		ь	
а	0.3mm min		
b	100 to 120 µ m		
С	Adhesives shall not contact land		

4. Soldering	
Precautions	 Selection of Flux Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of capacitors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use; (1) Flux used shall be less than or equal to 0.1 wt%(in Cl equivalent) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content shall not be applied. (2) When shall capacitors are soldered on boards, the amount of flux applied shall be controlled at the optimum level. (3) When water-soluble flux is used, special care shall be taken to properly clean the boards. Soldering Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. shall be set in accordance with their recommended conditions. Sn-Zn solder paste can adversely affect MLCC reliability. Please contact us prior to usage of Sn-Zn solder.
Technical considerations	 Selection of Flux 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate flux, or highly acidic flux is used, it may lead to corrosion of terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surfaces of the capacitors. 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in wave soldering. However if too much flux is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may adversely affect the solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system. 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved in moisture in the air, the residues on the surfaces of capacitors in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and reliability of the capacitors. Therefore, the cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used shall also be considered carefully when water-soluble flux is used.

♦Soldering

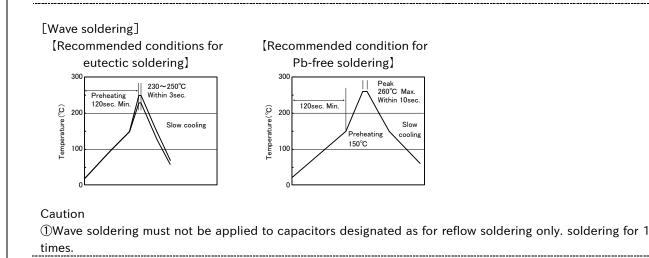
- · Ceramic chip capacitors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling.
- Therefore, the soldering must be conducted with great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock.
- Preheating : Capacitors shall be preheated sufficiently, and the temperature difference between the capacitors and solder shall be within 130°C.
- · Cooling : The temperature difference between the capacitors and cleaning process shall not be greater than 100℃.

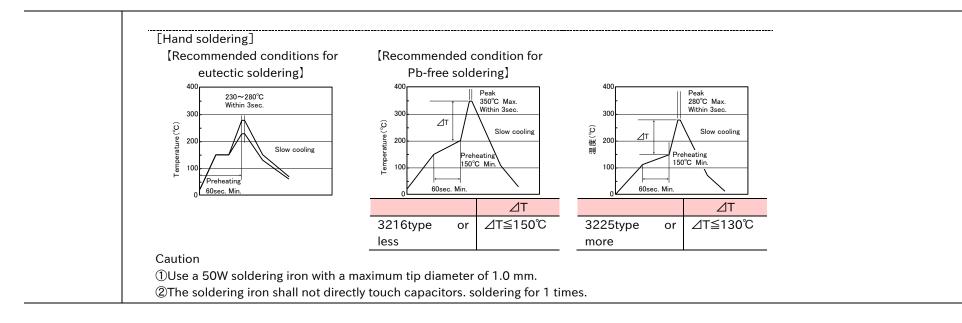




(1) The ideal condition is to have solder mass (fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of a capacitor.

⁽²⁾Because excessive dwell times can adversely affect solderability, soldering duration shall be kept as close to recommended times as possible. soldering for 2 times.





5. Cleaning	
Precautions	 Cleaning conditions When PCBs are cleaned after capacitors mounting, please select the appropriate cleaning solution in accordance with the intended use of the cleaning. (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.) Cleaning condition shall be determined after it is verified by using actual cleaning machine that the cleaning process does not affect capacitor's characteristics.
Technical considerations	 The use of inappropriate cleaning solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to capacitors or deteriorate their outer coating, resulting in a degradation of the capacitor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance). Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may adversely affect the performance of the capacitors. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of PCBs which may lead to the cracking of capacitors or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Therefore, the following conditions shall be carefully checked; Ultrasonic output : 20 W/l or les Ultrasonic frequency : 40 kHz or less Ultrasonic washing period : 5 min. or less

6. Resin coating	and mold
Precautions	 With some type of resins, decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the capacitor's performance. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than capacitor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excessive heat may lead to damage or destruction of capacitors. The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.

7. Handling	
Precautions	 Splitting of PCB When PCBs are split after components mounting, care shall be taken so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board. Board separation shall not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices. Mechanical considerations Be careful not to subject capacitors to excessive mechanical shocks. If ceramic capacitors are dropped onto a floor or a hard surface, they shall not be used. Please be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.

	♦Storage
Precautions	 To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep packaging materials in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible. Recommended conditions Ambient temperature : Below 30°C Humidity : 20 to 70% RH The ambient temperature must be kept from 5 to 40°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, solderability of capacitor is deteriorated as time passes, so capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. Ceramic chip capacitors shall be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air. The capacitance values of high dielectric constant capacitors will gradually decrease with the passage of time, so care shall be taken to design circuits. Even if capacitance value decreases as time passes, it will get back to the initial value by a heat treatment at 150°C for 1hour.
Technical considerations	If capacitors are stored in a high temperature and humidity environment, it might rapidly cause poor solderability due to terminal oxidation and quality loss of taping/packaging materials. For this reason, capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the capacitors.

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