

Notice for TAIYO YUDEN products

Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

/!\ REMINDERS

Product Information in this Catalog

Product information in this catalog is as of October 2019. All of the contents specified herein and production status of the products listed in this catalog are subject to change without notice due to technical improvement of our products, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or use of our products.

Please note that TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages and defects in products or equipment incorporating our products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual product specification sheets.

Approval of Product Specifications

Please contact TAIYO YUDEN for further details of product specifications as the individual product specification sheets are available. When using our products, please be sure to approve our product specifications or make a written agreement on the product specification with TAIYO YUDEN in advance.

Pre-Evaluation in the Actual Equipment and Conditions

Please conduct validation and verification of our products in actual conditions of mounting and operating environment before using our products.

Limited Application

1. Equipment Intended for Use

The products listed in this catalog are intended for generalpurpose and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g., AV equipment, OA equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment including, without limitation, mobile phone, and PC) and other equipment specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets.

TAIYO YUDEN has the line-up of the products intended for use in automotive electronic equipment, telecommunications infrastructure and industrial equipment, or medical devices classified as GHTF Classes A to C (Japan Classes I to III). Therefore, when using our products for these equipment, please check available applications specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets and use the corresponding products.

2. Equipment Requiring Inquiry

Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using the products listed in this catalog for the following equipment (excluding intended equipment as specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets) which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury, serious property damage and/or serious public impact due to a failure or defect of the products and/or malfunction attributed thereto.

- (1) Transportation equipment (automotive powertrain control system, train control system, and ship control system, etc.)
- (2) Traffic signal equipment
- (3) Disaster prevention equipment, crime prevention equipment
- (4) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)
- (5) Highly public information network equipment, dataprocessing equipment (telephone exchange, and base station, etc.)
- (6) Any other equipment requiring high levels of quality and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above

3. Equipment Prohibited for Use

Please do not incorporate our products into the following equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability.

- (1) Aerospace equipment (artificial satellite, rocket, etc.)
- (2) Aviation equipment *1
- (3) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class D (Japan Class IV), implantable medical devices *2

- (4) Power generation control equipment (nuclear power, hydroelectric power, thermal power plant control system, etc.)
- (5) Undersea equipment (submarine repeating equipment, underwater work equipment, etc.)
- (6) Military equipment
- (7) Any other equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above

*Notes:

- 1. There is a possibility that our products can be used only for aviation equipment that does not directly affect the safe operation of aircraft (e.g., in-flight entertainment, cabin light, electric seat, cooking equipment) if such use meets requirements specified separately by TAIYO YUDEN. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using our products for such aviation equipment.
- Implantable medical devices contain not only internal unit which is implanted in a body, but also external unit which is connected to the internal unit.

4. Limitation of Liability

Please note that unless you obtain prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN, TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages incurred by you or third parties arising from use of the products listed in this catalog for any equipment that is not intended for use by TAIYO YUDEN, or any equipment requiring inquiry to TAIYO YUDEN or prohibited for use by TAIYO YUDEN as described above.

Safety Design

When using our products for high safety and/or reliability-required equipment or circuits, please fully perform safety and/or reliability evaluation. In addition, please install (i) systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device and/or (ii) systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault for a failsafe design to ensure safety.

Intellectual Property Rights

Information contained in this catalog is intended to convey examples of typical performances and/or applications of our products and is not intended to make any warranty with respect to the intellectual property rights or any other related rights of TAIYO YUDEN or any third parties nor grant any license under such rights.

Limited Warranty

Please note that the scope of warranty for our products is limited to the delivered our products themselves and TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages resulting from a failure or defect in our products. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there is a written agreement (e.g., supply and purchase agreement, quality assurance agreement) signed by TAIYO YUDEN and your company, TAIYO YUDEN will warrant our products in accordance with such agreement

■ TAIYO YUDEN's Official Sales Channel

The contents of this catalog are applicable to our products which are purchased from our sales offices or authorized distributors (hereinafter "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel"). Please note that the contents of this catalog are not applicable to our products purchased from any seller other than TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel.

Caution for Export

Some of our products listed in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, and other applicable regulations. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

Automotive Application Guide

We classify automotive electronic equipment into the following four application categories and set usable application categories for each of our products. When using our products for automotive electronic equipment, please be sure to check such application categories and use our products accordingly. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact us.

Category	Automotive Electronic Equipment (Typical Example)
	• Engine ECU (Electronically Controlled Fuel Injector)
	Cruise Control Unit
	• 4WS (4 Wheel Steering)
POWERTRAIN	• Transmission
	Power Steering
	HEV/PHV/EV Core Control (Battery, Inverter, DC-DC)
	·Automotive Locator (Car location information providing device), etc.
	•ABS (Anti-Lock Brake System)
SAFETY	• ESC (Electronic Stability Control)
3/11 2 1 1	•Airbag
	•ADAS (Equipment that directly controls running, turning and stopping), etc.
	• Wiper
	•Automatic Door
	Power Window
BODY & CHASSIS	Keyless Entry System
	• Electric Door Mirror
	• Automobile Digital Mirror
	• Interior Lighting
	• Automobile Air Conditioning System
	• LED Headlight
	•TPMS (Tire Pressure Monitoring System)
	•Anti-Theft Device (Immobilizer), etc.
	• Car Infotainment System
IN IFOTA IN IN AFRIT	• ITS/Telematics System
INFOTAINMENT	• Instrument Cluster
	• ADAS (Sensor, Equipment that is not interlocked with safety equipment or powertrain)
	• Dashcam (genuine products for automotive manufacturer), etc.

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MULTILAYER CERAMIC CAPACITORS





■PART NUMBER

J	М	K	3	1	6	Δ	В	J	1	0	6	М	L	Н	Т	Δ
1	2	3		4		(5)		3		7		8	9	10	11)	12

△=Blank space

1 Rated voltage

Code	Rated voltage[VDC]
Α	4
J	6.3
L	10
Е	16
Т	25
G	35
U	50
Н	100
Q	250
S	630

3End termination

K Plated J Soft Termination S Cu Internal Electrodes (For High Frequency)	Code	End termination
S Cu Internal Electrodes (For High Frequency)	K	Plated
	J	Soft Termination
	S	Cu Internal Electrodes (For High Frequency)
F High Reliability Application	F	High Reliability Application

2 Series name

2 Series name	
Code	Series name
М	Multilayer ceramic capacitor
V	Multilayer ceramic capacitor for high frequency
W	LW reverse type multilayer capacitor

(4) Dimension (1 x W)

(4)Dimension (L X	(W)	
	Туре	Dimensions (L×W)[mm]	EIA (inch)
	063	0.6 × 0.3	0201
	105	1.0 × 0.5	0402
	105	0.52 × 1.0 ※	0204
	107	1.6 × 0.8	0603
		0.8 × 1.6 ※	0306
	212	2.0 × 1.25	0805
	212	1.25 × 2.0 💥	0508
	316	3.2 × 1.6	1206
	325	3.2 × 2.5	1210
	432	4.5 × 3.2	1812

Note: ※LW reverse type(□WK) only

5Dimension tolerance

Code	Type	L[mm]	W[mm]	T[mm]
Δ	ALL	Standard	Standard	Standard
	063	0.6±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05
	105	1.0±0.10	0.5±0.10	0.5±0.10
	107	1.6+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05
Α	212	2.0+0.15/-0.05	1.25+0.15/-0.05	0.85±0.10
	212	2.0+0.13/ -0.05	1.25 + 0.15/ - 0.05	1.25+0.15/-0.05
	316	3.2±0.20	1.6±0.20	1.6±0.20
	325	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30
В	105	1.0+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05
	107	1.6+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0
	212	2.0+0.20/-0	1.25+0.20/-0	0.85±0.10
	212	2.0+0.20/ -0	1.25 + 0.20/ - 0	1.25+0.20/-0
	316	3.2±0.30	1.6±0.30	1.6±0.30
	105	1.0+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0
С	107	1.6+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0
	212	2.0+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0
К	212	2.0±0.15	1.25±0.15	0.85±0.15
	210	201000	101000	1.15±0.20
	316	3.2±0.20	1.6±0.20	1.6±0.20
	325	3.2±0.50	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30

Note: cf. STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

Δ= Blank space

6Temperature characteristics code

■High dielectric type

Code		cable	Temperature	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance	Tolerance
Oode	standard		range[°C]	itel. Tellip.[O]	Capacitance change	tolerance	code
BJ	EIA	X5R	-55 ~ + 85	25	±15%	±10%	K
ы	BJ EIA X2K	YOK	_55~+ 85	25	±13%	±20%	М
C6	EIA	X6S	-55 ~ +105	25	±22%	±10%	K
CO	LIA	703	3 -33.4 + 103 23 ±22%	±20%	М		
В7	EIA	X7R	-55 ~ +125	25	±15%	±10%	K
Б/	EIA	A/R	-55~+125	25	土13%	±20%	М
C7	EIA	X7S	-55 ~ +125	25	±22%	±10%	K
C/	EIA	X/S	-55~+125	25	±22%	±20%	М
D7	ΕIΛ	X7T	-55 ~ +125	25	+22%/-33%	±10%	K
D7 EIA	LIA	^/1	-55.5 +125	25	+22%/-33%	±20%	М

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■Temperature compensating type

Code		cable dard	Temperature range [°C]	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance tolerance	Tolerance code
						±0.1pF	В
	JIS	CG		20		±0.25pF	С
CG			-55 ~ +125		0±30ppm/°C	±0.5pF	D
CG			-55~+125		0±30ppm/ C	±1pF	F
	EIA	C0G		25		±2%	G
						±5%	J

7Nominal capacitance

Code (example)	Nominal capacitance
0R5	0.5pF
010	1pF
100	10pF
101	100pF
102	1,000pF
103	0.01 μ F
104	0.1 <i>μ</i> F
105	1.0 <i>μ</i> F
106	10 <i>μ</i> F
107	100 μ F

Note: R=Decimal point

8 Capacitance tolerance

Code	Capacitance tolerance
Α	±0.05pF
В	±0.1pF
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.5pF
G	±2%
J	±5%
K	±10%
М	±20%

Thickness

Code	Thickness[mm]
Р	0.3
Т	0.3
V	0.5
С	0.7(107type or more)
Α	0.8
D	0.85(212type or more)
F	1.15
G	1.25
L	1.6
N	1.9
М	2.5

10Special code

Code	Special code
Н	MLCC for Automotive
8	MLCC for Telecommunications infrastructure and Industrial equipment / Medical devices

①Packaging

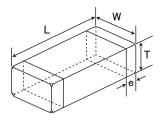
Code	Packaging
F	ϕ 178mm Taping (2mm pitch)
R	ϕ 178mm Embossed Taping (4mm pitch)
Т	ϕ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch)
Р	ϕ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch, 1000 pcs/reel) 325 type (Thickness code M)

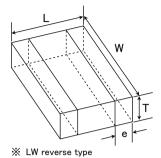
12Internal code

Code	Internal code
Δ	Standard

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AUTO





T / FIA)		Dime	nsion [mm] (inch)			
Type(EIA)	L	W	T	*1	е	
□MK063(0201)	0.6±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.3±0.03	Т	0.15±0.05	
□MK003(0201)	(0.024 ± 0.001)	(0.012 ± 0.001)	(0.012 ± 0.001)	'	(0.006 ± 0.002)	
□MK105(0402)	1.0±0.05	0.5±0.05	0.5±0.05	V	0.25±0.10	
□MF105(0402)	(0.039 ± 0.002)	(0.020 ± 0.002)	(0.020 ± 0.002)	V	(0.010 ± 0.004)	
□WK105(0204)※	0.52 ± 0.05	1.0 ± 0.05	0.3 ± 0.05	Р	0.18 ± 0.08	
□WI(103(0204) //	(0.020 ± 0.002)	(0.039 ± 0.002)	(0.012 ± 0.002)	'	(0.007 ± 0.003)	
□MK107(0603)	1.6±0.10	0.8 ± 0.10	0.8±0.10	Α	0.35 ± 0.25	
□MF107(0603)	(0.063 ± 0.004)	(0.031 ± 0.004)	(0.031 ± 0.004)	^	(0.014 ± 0.010)	
□MJ107(0603)	1.6±0.10	0.8 ± 0.10	0.8±0.10	Α	0.35 + 0.3 / -0.25	
	(0.063 ± 0.004)	(0.031 ± 0.004)	(0.031 ± 0.004)	^	(0.014 + 0.012 / -0.010)	
□VS107(0603)	1.6±0.10	0.8±0.10	0.7±0.10	С	0.35±0.25	
	(0.063 ± 0.004)	(0.031 ± 0.004)	(0.028 ± 0.004)	U	(0.014 ± 0.010)	
□WK107(0306)※	0.8 ± 0.10	1.6±0.10	0.5±0.05	V	0.25 ± 0.15	
□WK107(0300)%	(0.031 ± 0.004)	(0.063 ± 0.004)	(0.020 ± 0.002)	V	(0.010 ± 0.006)	
			0.85±0.10	D		
□MK212(0805)	2.0 ± 0.10	1.25±0.10	(0.033 ± 0.004)	U	0.5 ± 0.25	
☐MF212(0805)	(0.079 ± 0.004)	(0.049 ± 0.004)	1.25±0.10	G	(0.020 ± 0.010)	
			(0.049 ± 0.004)	G		
			0.85±0.10	7		
ΠΝ 1010 (000E)	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	(0.033 ± 0.004)	D	0.5 + 0.35 / -0.25	
□MJ212(0805)	(0.079 ± 0.004)	(0.049 ± 0.004)	1.25±0.10	_	(0.020 + 0.014 / -0.010)	
			(0.049 ± 0.004)	G		
	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	0.85±0.10	_	0.5±0.25	
□VS212(0805)	(0.079 ± 0.004)	(0.049 ± 0.004)	(0.033 ± 0.004)	D	(0.020 ± 0.010)	
[]\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1.25±0.15	2.0±0.15	0.85±0.10	,	0.3±0.2	
□WK212(0508)※	(0.049 ± 0.006)	(0.079 ± 0.006)	(0.033 ± 0.004)	D	(0.012 ± 0.008)	
			1.15±0.10			
□MK316(1206)	3.2±0.15	1.6±0.15	(0.045 ± 0.004)	F	0.5 + 0.35 / -0.25	
□MF316(1206)	(0.126 ± 0.006)	(0.063 ± 0.006)	1.6±0.20		(0.020 + 0.014 / -0.010)	
			(0.063 ± 0.008)	L		
-			1.15±0.10			
	3.2±0.15	1.6±0.15	(0.045 ± 0.004)	F	0.6+0.4/-0.3	
□MJ316(1206)	(0.126±0.006)	(0.063±0.006)	1.6±0.20		(0.024+0.016/-0.012)	
	(0.120 = 0.000)	(0.000 = 0.000)	(0.063 ± 0.008)	L	(0.02110.010) 0.012)	
			1.15±0.10			
			(0.045 ± 0.004)	F		
□MK325(1210)	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	1.9±0.20		0.6±0.3	
□MF325(1210)	(0.126±0.012)	(0.098±0.008)	(0.075 ± 0.008)	N	(0.024 ± 0.012)	
MIN 020 (1210)	(0.120 ± 0.012)	(0.000 ± 0.000)	2.5±0.20		(0.024 ± 0.012)	
			(0.098 ± 0.008)	М		
-			1.9±0.20			
	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	(0.075 ± 0.008)	N	0.6+0.4/-0.3	
□MJ325(1210)	(0.126±0.012)	(0.098±0.008)	2.5±0.20	1	(0.024 + 0.016 / -0.012)	
	(0.120 ± 0.012)	(0.030 ± 0.000)	(0.098 ± 0.008)	М	$(0.024 \pm 0.016 / -0.012)$	
	4.5±0.40	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	1	0.9±0.6	
□MK432(1812)	4.5±0.40 (0.177±0.016)	3.2±0.30 (0.126±0.012)	(0.098±0.008)	М	(0.035±0.024)	
	(0.177 ± 0.010)	(U.12U _ U.U12)	(0.000 ± 0.000)	<u> </u>	(0.033±0.024)	

Note: ※. LW reverse type, *1.Thickness code

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STANDARD QUANTITY

т	EIA (inch)	Dime	nsion	Standard qu	uantity[pcs]
Туре	EIA (Inch)	[mm]	Code	Paper tape	Embossed tape
063	0201	0.3	Т	15000	_
105	0402	0.5	V	10000	
105	0204 ※	0.30	Р	10000	15000 — 10000 — 4000 — 3000 —
		0.7	С	4000	
		0.8	Α	4000	_
	0603	0.8	Α		_
107	0000	0.0		(Soft Termination)	
		0.8	Α	_	
		0.0	7.		(Soft Termination)
	0306 💥	0.50	V	_	4000
		0.85	D	4000	_
	0805	1.25	G	_	3000
212	0805	1.25	G		2000
		1.25	G	_	(Soft Termination)
	0508 ※	0.85	D	4000	_
010	1000	1.15	F	_	3000
316	1206	1.6	L	_	2000
		1.15	F		2000
325	1210	1.9	N	_	2000
		2.5	М	-	500(T), 1000(P)
432	1812	2.5	М	_	500

Note: ※.LW Reverse type(□WK)

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Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

●105TYPE (Demension:1.0 × 0.5mm JIS:1005 EIA:0402)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R($-55 \sim +125 ^{\circ}$ C), C7 : X7S($-55 \sim +125 ^{\circ}$ C)] 0.5mm thickness(V)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature		Capacitance	Capacitance	$ an\delta$	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
Part number 1	Part number 2		charact	characteristics [F]		tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Triickness [illin]	Note
HMK105 B7221 VHFE				X7R	220 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7331 □VHFE		[X7R	330 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7471 VHFE		[X7R	470 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7681 □VHFE		[X7R	680 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7102 UHFE				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7152 VHFE		100		X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7222 VHFE		[X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7332 VHFE		[X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7472 UHFE				X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7682 UHFE		I		X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	
HMK105 B7103∏VHFE		Ī		X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5 ± 0.05	

●107TYPE (Dimension:1.6 × 0.8mm JIS:1608 EIA:0603)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R($-55 \sim +125 ^{\circ}$ C), C7 : X7S($-55 \sim +125 ^{\circ}$ C)] 0.8mm thickness(A)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage	Tempera	ature	Capacitance	Capacitance	tan δ	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
Part number 1	Fart number 2	[V]	character	eristics [F]		tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Thickness [mm]	Note
HMK107 B7102□AHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7152 AHT				X7R	1500 p	$\pm 10, \pm 20$	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7222□AHT				X7R	2200 p	$\pm 10, \pm 20$	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7332□AHT				X7R	3300 p	$\pm 10, \pm 20$	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7472□AHT				X7R	4700 p	$\pm 10, \pm 20$	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7682□AHT				X7R	6800 p	$\pm 10, \pm 20$	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7103□AHT		100		X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7153[AHT				X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7223□AHT				X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8 ± 0.10	
HMK107 B7333∏AHT				X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7473[]AHT		I		X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	•
HMK107 B7104[]AHT		I		X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 C7224 ☐AHTE				X7S	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	0.8±0.10	

■212TYPE (Dimension:2.0 × 1.25mm JIS:2012 EIA:0805)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R($-55 \sim +125^{\circ}$ C), C7 : X7S($-55 \sim +125^{\circ}$ C)] 1.25mm thickness(G)

		Rated voltage Tempe			Capacitance	Capacitance	tan δ	HTLT		
Part number 1	Part number 2	[V]	characteristics		[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
HMK212 B7472 GHT				X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7682∏GHT				X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7103[]GHT				X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7153[]GHT				X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7223∏GHT		Ī		X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7333∏GHT		100		X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7473∏GHT		100		X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7683∏GHT		Ī		X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7104∏GHT		Ī		X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7224∏GHT		Ī		X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 C7474[]GHTE		Ī		X7S	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.25±0.10	
HMK212BC7105∏GHTE		Ī		X7S	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.25+0.20/-0	
QMK212 B7472 GHT				X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	
QMK212 B7682[]GHT		Î		X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	
QMK212 B7103[]GHT		250		X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	
QMK212 B7153[]GHT		Î		X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	
QMK212 B7223[]GHT		Î		X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C)] 0.85mm thickness(D)

Tremperature Orial acteristic B7 : A711(35 - 1 125 C/) 0.0011111 trilokness(D)											
Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics		Capacitance	Capacitance	$ an\delta$	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note	
	Fart number 2				[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Inickness [mm]	Note	
HMK212 B7102 DHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	0.85 ± 0.10		
HMK212 B7152 DHT		100		X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	0.85 ± 0.10		
HMK212 B7222 DHT		100		X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	0.85 ± 0.10	,	
HMK212 B7332 DHT		Ī		X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	0.85 ± 0.10	,	
QMK212 B7102[]DHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85 ± 0.10	,	
QMK212 B7152[]DHT		350		X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85 ± 0.10	,	
QMK212 B7222 DHT		250		X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85 ± 0.10	,	
QMK212 B7332 DHT		Ī		X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85 ± 0.10	,	

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■316TYPE (Dimension:3.2 × 1.6mm JIS:3216 EIA:1206)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R($-55 \sim +125 ^{\circ}$ C), C7 : X7S($-55 \sim +125 ^{\circ}$ C)] 1.6mm thickness(L)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage	Tempe	erature	Capacitance	Capacitance	$ an\delta$	HTLT	·· *1 c 3	Note
Part number 1	Part number 2	[V]	charact	eristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
HMK316 B7473[]LHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	
HMK316 B7683[]LHT				X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	
HMK316 B7104[]LHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	
HMK316 B7154[]LHT				X7R	0.15 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	
HMK316 B7224 LHT		100		X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	
HMK316 B7334 LHT				X7R	0.33 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	
HMK316 B7474 LHT				X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	
HMK316 B7105[LHT				X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	
HMK316AC7225 LHTE				X7S	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.6±0.20	
QMK316 B7223 LHT				X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20	
QMK316 B7333 LHT				X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20	
QMK316 B7473[]LHT		250		X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20	
QMK316 B7683[]LHT				X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20	
QMK316 B7104[]LHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20	
SMK316 B7153[]LHT				X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20	
SMK316 B7223[]LHT		630		X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20	
SMK316AB7333 LHT				X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20	
SMK316AB7473 LHT			,	X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20	

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : $X7R(-55\sim+125^{\circ}C)$] 1.15mm thickness(F)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics		Capacitance	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
Part number 1					[F]			Rated voltage x %	inickness [mm]	11000
SMK316 B7102∏FHT				X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	<u>.</u>
SMK316 B7152∏FHT				X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	<u>.</u>
SMK316 B7222∏FHT				X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	<u>.</u>
SMK316 B7332∏FHT		630		X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	<u>.</u>
SMK316 B7472∏FHT				X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	<u>.</u>
SMK316 B7682∏FHT				X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	<u>.</u>
SMK316 B7103[FHT				X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	

325TYPE (Dimension:3.2 × 2.5mm JIS:3225 EIA:1210)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R($-55 \sim +125 ^{\circ}$ C), C7 : X7S($-55 \sim +125 ^{\circ}$ C)] 2.5mm thickness(M)

	Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	erature teristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
НМ	K325 B7225∏MHP		100	X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20	
НМ	K325 C7475∏MHPE		100	X7S	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	2.5±0.20	

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : $X7R(-55 \sim +125^{\circ}C)$] 1.9mm thickness(N)

Part number 1 Part number 2	David wormhau 2	Rated voltage	ed voltage Temperature Capac		Capacitance		tan δ	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
	[V]	charact	characteristics [F]		tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Inickness [mm]	Note	
HMK325 B7224[]NHT				X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
HMK325 B7474[NHT		100		X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
HMK325 B7684□NHT		100		X7R	0.68 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
HMK325 B7105∏NHT				X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	
QMK325 B7473[]NHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	
QMK325 B7104□NHT		250		X7R	0.1 μ	$\pm 10, \pm 20$	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	
QMK325 B7154[]NHT		230		X7R	0.15 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	
QMK325 B7224[]NHT				X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	
SMK325 B7223[NHT				X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20	
SMK325 B7333∏NHT		630		X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20	
SMK325 B7473□NHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20	

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R($-55\sim+125^{\circ}$ C)] 1.15mm thickness(F)

L Tomporatare onara	Tremperature characteristics B7: X7TQ CC 1 126 C/2 1: Termin chicking C(1)									
Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperatu characterist		Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
HMK325 B7104∏FHT		100	Х	(7R	0.1 //	+10 +20	3.5	200	1 15+0 10	

432TYPE (Dimension:4.5 × 3.2mm JIS:4532 EIA:1812)

 $\begin{tabular}{l} \textbf{[} Temperature Characteristic B7: X7R(-55~+125^{\circ}C) \begin{tabular}{l} 2.5mm thickness(M) \end{tabular} \label{table}$

Part number 1 Part nu	Part number 2	Rated voltage	Temperature Capacitance		Capacitance	$ an\delta$	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note	
Part number 1	Part number 2	[V]	characte	characteristics [F]		tolerance [%] [%]		Rated voltage x %	Thickness [mm]	Note
HMK432 B7474∏MHT				X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20	
HMK432 B7105∏MHT		100		X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20	
HMK432 B7155∏MHT		100		X7R	1.5 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20	
HMK432 B7225∏MHT				X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20	
QMK432 B7104 MHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20	
QMK432 B7224[]MHT		250		X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20	
QMK432 B7334[]MHT		250		X7R	0.33 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20	
QMK432 B7474[]MHT				X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20	
SMK432 B7473 MHT				X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	2.5±0.20	
SMK432 B7683∏MHT		630		X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	2.5±0.20	
SMK432 B7104☐MHT				X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	2.5±0.20	

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PACKAGING

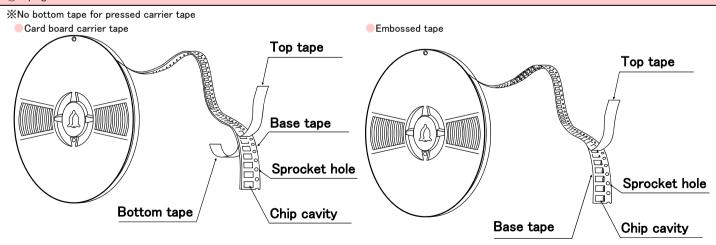
①Minimum Quantity

Ta	nad	nac	kage

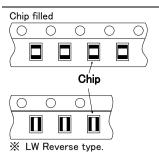
Τ (ΓΙΛ)	Thic	kness	Standard quantity [pcs]		
Type(EIA)	mm	code	Paper tape	Embossed tape	
☐MK021(008004)	0.125	K		50000	
□VS021(008004)	0.125			30000	
☐MK042(01005)	0.2	C, D	_	40000	
□VS042(01005)	0.2	С		40000	
☐MK063(0201)	0.3	P,T	15000	_	
□WK105(0204) ※	0.3	Р	10000	_	
	0.13	Н	_	20000	
ΠΜ(10Ε(0400)	0.18	E	_	15000	
☐MK105(0402)	0.2	С	20000	_	
□MF105(0402)	0.3	Р	15000	_	
	0.5	V	10000	_	
□VK105(0402)	0.5	W	10000	_	
□MK107(0603)	0.45	K	4000	_	
□WK107(0306) ※	0.5	V	_	4000	
☐MF107(0603)	0.8	Α	4000	_	
□VS107(0603)	0.7	С	4000	_	
□MJ107(0603)	0.8	Α	3000	3000	
□MK212(0805)	0.45	К	4000		
□WK212(0508) ※	0.85	D	4000	_	
□MF212(0805)	1.25	G	_	3000	
□VS212(0805)	0.85	D	4000	_	
	0.85	D	4000	_	
□MJ212(0805)	1.25	G	_	2000	
	0.85	D	4000	_	
☐MK316(1206)	1.15	F	_	3000	
□MF316(1206)	1.6	L	_	2000	
	1.15	F	_	3000	
□MJ316(1206)	1.6	L	_	2000	
	0.85	D			
	1.15	F	 		
☐MK325(1210)	1.9	N	 	2000	
□MF325(1210)	2.0max.	Υ	7		
	2.5	М	_	1000	
51.1005 (1010)	1.9	N	_	2000	
□MJ325(1210)	2.5	М	_	500(T), 1000(P)	
□MK432(1812)	2.5	М	_	500	

Note: 💥 LW Reverse type.

②Taping material

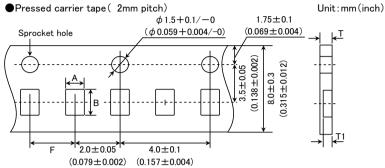


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3 Representative taping dimensions

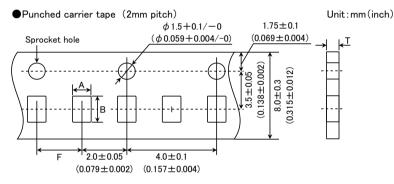
Paper Tape (8mm wide)



Type(EIA)	Chip	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	T1	
☐MK063(0201)	0.37	0.67		0.45	0.40	
□WK105(0204) ※			0.0.1.0.05	0.45max.	0.42max.	
□MK105(0402) (*1 C)	0.65	1.15	2.0±0.05	0.4max.	0.3max.	
□MK105(0402) (*1 P)				0.45max.	0.42max.	

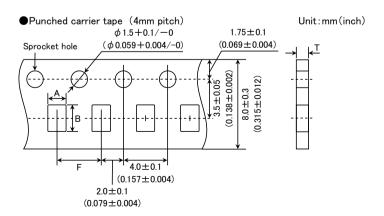
Note *1 Thickness, C:0.2mm ,P:0.3mm. 💥 LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm



Type(EIA)	Chip (Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т
☐MK105 (0402)				
☐MF105 (0402)	0.65	1.15	2.0 ± 0.05	0.8max.
□VK105 (0402)				

Unit: mm



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Τ (ΓΙΔ)	Chip (Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	
□MK107(0603)					
□WK107(0306) ※	1.0	1.8		1.1max.	
☐MF107(0603)			40101		
☐MK212(0805)	1.65	0.4	4.0±0.1		
□WK212(0508) ※	1.65	2.4		1.1max.	
□MK316(1206)	2.0	3.6			

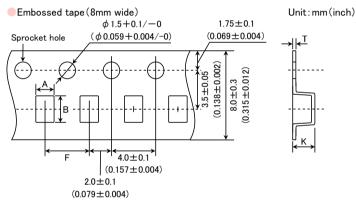
Note: Taping size might be different depending on the size of the product. X LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

Embossed tape (4mm wide)			Unit:mm(inch)
	ϕ 0.8 \pm 0.04	0.9 ± 0.05	
Sprocket hole	$(\phi 0.031 \pm 0.002)$	(0.035 ± 0.002)	JLT
F 1.0±0.02 (0.039±0.001) (0	2.0±0.04 .079±0.002)	$\begin{array}{c} 1.8\pm0.02 \\ (0.071\pm0.001) \\ 4.0\pm0.05 \\ (0.157\pm0.002) \end{array}$	K

Type(EIA)	Chip (Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т	
☐MK021(008004)	0.135	0.27				
□VS021(008004)	0.133	0.27	1.0±0.02	0.5max.	0.25max.	
☐MK042(01005)	0.23	0.43	1.0±0.02		U.Zomax.	
□VS042(01005)	0.23	0.43				

Unit:mm



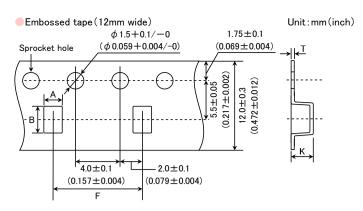
Type(EIA)	Chip	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т	
☐MK105(0402)	0.6	1.1	2.0±0.1	0.6max	0.2±0.1	
□WK107(0306) ※	1.0	1.8	4.0±0.1	1.3max.	0.25±0.1	
☐MK212(0805) ☐MF212(0805)	1.65	2.4			0.6max.	
☐MK316(1206) ☐MF316(1206)	2.0	3.6		3.4max.		
□MK325(1210) □MF325(1210)	2.8	3.6				

Note:

LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

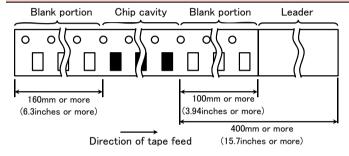
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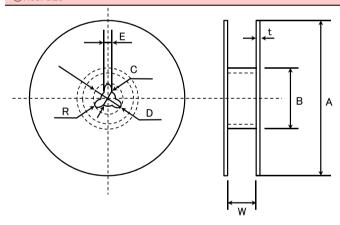
Type(EIA)	Chip (Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
	Α	В	F	K	T	
☐MK325(1210)	3.1	4.0	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.	
☐MK432(1812)	3.7	4.9	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.	

Unit:mm

4 Trailer and Leader



⑤Reel size



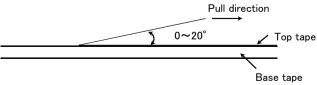
Α	В	С	D	E	R
ϕ 178±2.0	<i>ф</i> 50min.	ϕ 13.0 \pm 0.2	ϕ 21.0 ± 0.8	2.0±0.5	1.0

	T	W
4mm wide tape	1.5max.	5±1.0
8mm wide tape	2.5max.	10±1.5
12mm wide tape	2.5max.	14±1.5

Unit:mm

6Top Tape Strength

The top tape requires a peel-off force of 0.1 to 0.7N in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.



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Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor

■RELIABILITY DATA

1. Operating Tempe	rature Range				
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) CG(C0G) : -55 to +125°C				
Specified Value	High permittivity X7R, X7S : -55 to +125°C X5 : -55 to +85°C B : -25 to +85°C				
2. Storage Tempera	uture Range				
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) CG(C0G) : −55 to +125°C				
Specified Value	High permittivity X7R, X7S : -55 to +125°C X5R : -55 to +85°C B : -25 to +85°C				
3. Rated Voltage					
Specified Value	100VDC(HMK,HMJ), 250VDC(QMK,QMJ,QVS), 630VDC(SMK,SMJ)				
4. Withstanding Vol	tage (Between terminals)				
Specified Value	No breakdown or damage				
Test Methods and Remarks	Applied voltage : Rated voltage × 2.5 (HMK,HMJ), Rated voltage × 2 (QMK,QMJ,QVS), Rated voltage × 1.2 (SMK,SMJ) Duration : 1 to 5 sec. Carge/discharge current : 50mA max.				
5. Insulation Resist	ance				
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) $10000M\Omega\text{min}$				
	High permittivity 100MQ // F or 10GQ, whichever is smaller				

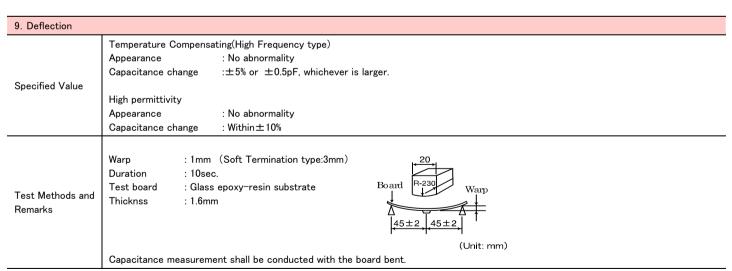
5. Insulation Resist	tance	
	(High Frequency type)	
Specified Value		
	High permittivity	
	never is smaller.	
T . M .!	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage(HMK,HMJ, QMK,QMJ,QVS), 500V(SMK,SMJ)
Test Methods and	Duration	: 60±5sec.
Remarks	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.

b. Capacitance (1	olci arioc)			
Specified Value	·	ing(High Frequency type) $5pF(C < 10pF) \pm 0.5pF(5pF \le C < 10pF) \pm 2\%(C=10pF) \pm 5\%(C \ge 10pF)$		
	High permittivity			
	±10%, ±20%	±10%, ±20%		
	Temperature Compensat	ing(High Frequency type)		
Test Methods and	Measuring frequency	: 1MHz±10%		
	Measuring voltage	: 0.5 to 5Vrms		
	Bias application	: None		
Remarks	High permittivity			
	Measuring frequency	: 1kHz±10%		
	Measuring voltage	: 1±0.2Vrms		
	Bias application	: None		

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7. Q or Dissipation	Factor	
	Temperature Compensa	ting(High Frequency type)
	C<30pF: Q≧800+20	
	C≧30pF: Q≧1400	C:Normal Capacitance(/pF)
Specified Value		
	High permittivity	
	3.5%max(HMK,HMJ)	
	2.5%max (QMK,QMJ, SM	K,SMJ)
	ting(High Frequency type)	
	Measuring frequency	: 1MHz±10%
	Measuring voltage	: 0.5 to 5Vrms
Test Methods and	Bas application	: None
Remarks	High permittivity	
	Measuring frequency	: 1kHz±10%
	Measuring voltage	: 1±0.2Vrms
	Bas application	: None

	Bas application : None				
8. Temperature Ch	aracteristic of Capacitance				
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Freque COG :±30ppm(25 to +125°C) High permittivity B :±10%(-25 to +85°C)				
	X5R : $\pm 15\%(-55 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$ X7R : $\pm 15\%(-55 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C})$ X7S : $\pm 22\%(-55 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C})$				
		ency type) e measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the e measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the			
Test Methods and Remarks	Step B X 1 Minimum operating te 2 20°C	X5R、X7R、X7S empeature 25°C			
	3 Maximum operating temperature				
	$\frac{(C-C_2)}{C_2} \times 100(\%)$ C: Capacitance value in Step 1 or Step C2: Capacitance value in Step 2	ep 3			



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10. Adhesive Stren	10. Adhesive Strength of Terminal Electrodes			
Specified Value	No terminal separation or its indication.			
Test Methods and Remarks	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) Applied force : 2N Duration : 10±5sec. High permittivity Applied force : 5N Duration : 30±5sec.			

11. Solderability			
Specified Value	At least 95% of terminal elect	rode is covered by new solder	
		Eutectic solder	Lead-free solder
Test Methods and	Solder type	H60A or H63A	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu
Remarks	Solder temperature	230±5°C	245±3°C

4±1 sec.

Duration

12. Resistance to S	Soldering		
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)		
	Appearance	: No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: C※≦10pF :±0.25pF C※>10pF :±2.5%	
	Insulation resistance	: Initial value	
	Withstanding voltage	(between terminals): No abnormality	
Specified Value	High permittivity		
	Appearance	: No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%(HMK,HMJ), ±10%(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ)	
	Dissipation factor	: Inital value	
	Insulation resistance	: Initial value	
	Withstanding voltage	(between terminals): No abnormality	
	Preconditioning	: Thermal treatment(at 150°C for 1hr) Note1 (Only High permittivity)	
Test Methods and	Solder temperature	: 270±5℃	
Remarks	Duration	: 3±0.5sec.	
	Preheating conditions	: 80 to 100°C, 2 to 5 min. 150 to 200°C, 2 to 5min.	
	Recovery	: 24 ± 2 hrs under the stadard condition Note 3	

13. Temperature Cycle (Thermal Shock) Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) Appearance : No abnormality : $C\% \le 10pF : \pm 0.25\%$ $C\% > 10pF : \pm 2.5\%$ Capacitance change Insulation resistance : Initial value Withstanding voltage (between terminals): No abnormality Specified Value High permittivity : No abnormality Appearance : Within $\pm 15\%$ (HMK,HMJ), $\pm 7.5\%$ (QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ) Capacitance change Dissipation factor : Initial value Insulation resistance : Initial value Withstanding voltage (between terminals): No abnormality Preconditioning: Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1hr) Note1 Conditions for 1 cycle Step $temperature (^{\circ}\!C)$ Time (min.) Minimum operating temperature $30 \pm 3 \text{min}$. Test Methods and 2 Normal temperature 2 to 3min. Remarks 3 Maximum operating temperature $30 \pm 3 \text{min}$. 4 Normal temperature 2 to 3min. Number of cycles: 5 times Recovery : $24 \pm 2 \text{hrs}$ under the standard condition Note3

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14. Humidity (Stea	dy state)		
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)		
	Appearance	: No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: C‰≦10pF :±0.5pF C‰>10pF :±5%	
	Insulation resistance	: 1000M Ω min	
Specified Value	High permittivity		
	Appearance	: No abnormality	
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%	
	Dissipation factor	: 7%max(HMK,HMJ), 5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ).	
	Insulation resistance	: 25M Ω μ F or 1000M Ω , whichever is smaller.	
	Preconditioning	: Thermal treatment(at 150°C for 1hr) Note1 (Only High permittivity)	
Test Methods and	Temperature	: 40±2°C	
Remarks	Humidity	: 90 to 95%RH	
1/Ciliains	Duration	: 500 + 24/-0 hrs	
	Recovery	: 24 ± 2 hrs under the standard condition Note3	

15. Humidity Loadin	ng				
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)				
	Appearance	: No abnormality			
	Capacitance change	: C※≦2.0pF :±0.4pF			
	Insulation resistance	: $500M\Omega$ min			
Specified Value					
	High permittivity				
	Appearance	: No abnormality			
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%			
	Dissipation factor	: 7%max(HMK,HMJ), 5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ).			
	Insulation resistance	: 10M Ω μ F or 500M Ω , whichever is smaller.			
	According to JIS 5102 clause 9.9.				
	Preconditioning	: Voltage treatment Note2 (Only High permittivity)			
	Temperature	: 40±2°C			
Test Methods and	Humidity	: 90 to 95%RH			
Remarks	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage			
	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.			
	Duration	: 500 + 24/-0 hrs			
	Recovery	: 24 ± 2 hrs under the standard condition Note3			

	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)			
	Appearance	: No abnormality		
	Capacitance change	: C‰≦10pF :±0.3pF C‰>10pF :±3%		
	Insulation resistance	:1000M Ω min		
Specified Value	High permittivity			
	Appearance	: No abnormality		
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%		
	Dissipation factor	: 7%max(HMK,HMJ), 5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ).		
	Insulation resistance	: 50M Ω μ F or 1000M Ω , whichever is smaller.		
	According to JIS 5102 claus	se 9.10.		
	Preconditioning	: Voltage treatment Note2 (Only High permittivity)		
Test Methods and Remarks	Temperature	: Maximum operating temperature		
	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage \times 2 (HMK,HMJ,QVS) Rated voltage \times 1.5 (QMK,QMJ) Rated voltage \times 1.2 (SMK,SMJ)		
	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.		
	Duration	: 1000 + 24/-0 hrs		
	Recovery	: 24±2hrs under the standard condition Note3		

Note1 Thermal treatment : Initial value shall be measured after test sample is heat-treated at $150 \pm 0/-10^{\circ}$ C for an hour and kept at room temperature

for 24±2hours.

Note2 Voltage treatment : Initial value shall be measured after test sample is voltage-treated for an hour at both the temperature and voltage specified in

the test conditions, and kept at room temperature for 24 \pm 2hours.

Note3 Standard condition : Temperature: 5 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 85 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa

When there are questions concerning measurement results, in order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted

under the following condition.

Temperature: $20\pm2^{\circ}$ C, Relative humidity: 60 to 70 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition".

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Precautions on the use of Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

1. Circuit Design

- Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance
 - 1. A malfunction of equipment in fields such as medical, aerospace, nuclear control, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications.

Therefore, any capacitors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and reliability, and shall be clearly differentiated from them used in general purpose applications.

Precautions

- ◆Operating Voltage (Verification of Rated voltage)
 - 1. The operating voltage for capacitors must always be their rated voltage or less.
 - If an AC voltage is loaded on a DC voltage, the sum of the two peak voltages shall be the rated voltage or less.
 - For a circuit where an AC or a pulse voltage may be used, the sum of their peak voltages shall also be the rated voltage or less.
 - 2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage or a pulse voltage having rapid rise time is used in a circuit.

2. PCB Design

Precautions

- ◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
- 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCBs, the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect the capacitor performance. Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of land patterns:
 - (1) Excessive solder applied can cause mechanical stresses which lead to chip breaking or cracking. Therefore, please consider appropriate land-patterns for proper amount of solder.
 - (2) When more than one component are jointly soldered onto the same land, each component's soldering point shall be separated by solder-resist.
- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)

After capacitors are mounted on boards, they can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering of the boards, etc.). For this reason, land pattern configurations and positions of capacitors shall be carefully considered to minimize stresses.

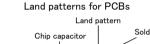
◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)

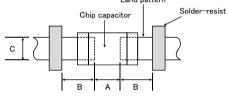
The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended land patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts.

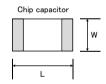
- (1) Recommended land dimensions for typical chip capacitors
- Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors : Recommended land dimensions (unit: mm)

Wave-soldering

		0			
Type		107	212	316	325
.: 		1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2
Size		0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5
A	4	0.8 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5
E	3	0.5 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.5	0.8 to 1.7	0.8 to 1.7
()	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.2	1.2 to 1.6	1.8 to 2.5







Technical considerations

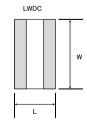
Reflow-soldering

		ordorning							
Ty	/ре	042	063	105	107	212	316	325	432
C:	L	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2	4.5
Size	W	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5	3.2
	A	0.15 to 0.25	0.20 to 0.30	0.45 to 0.55	0.8 to 1.0	0.8 to 1.2	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5	2.5 to 3.5
	В	0.15 to 0.20	0.20 to 0.30	0.40 to 0.50	0.6 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.2	1.0 to 1.5	1.0 to 1.5	1.5 to 1.8
	С	0.15 to 0.30	0.25 to 0.40	0.45 to 0.55	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.6	1.2 to 2.0	1.8 to 3.2	2.3 to 3.5

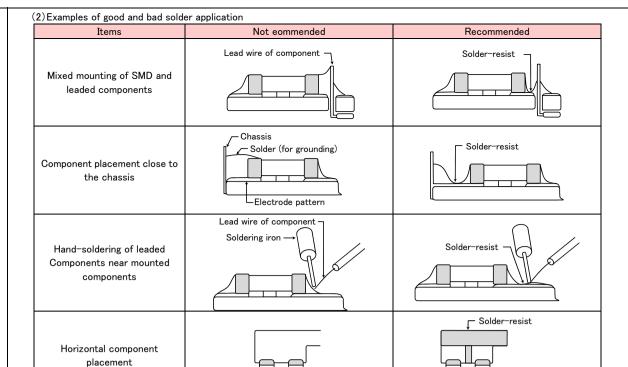
Note: Recommended land size might be different according to the allowance of the size of the product.

●LWDC: Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (unit: mm)

(0				
Ту	ре	105	107	212
Size	L	0.52	0.8	1.25
Size	W	1.0	1.6	2.0
1	4	0.18 to 0.22	0.25 to 0.3	0.5 to 0.7
Е	3	0.2 to 0.25	0.3 to 0.4	0.4 to 0.5
С		0.9 to 1.1	1.5 to 1.7	1.9 to 2.1



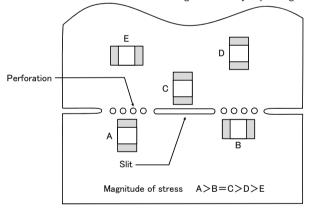
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- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)
 - 1-1. The following is examples of good and bad capacitor layouts; capacitors shall be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Octobboo It offit board 11	arp or domoodiom.			
Items Not recommended		Recommended		
Deflection of board		Place the product at a right angle to the direction of the anticipated mechanical stress.		

1-2. The amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on capacitor layout. Please refer to diagram below.



1-3. When PCB is split, the amount of mechanical stress on the capacitors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, please consider the PCB, split methods as well as chip location.

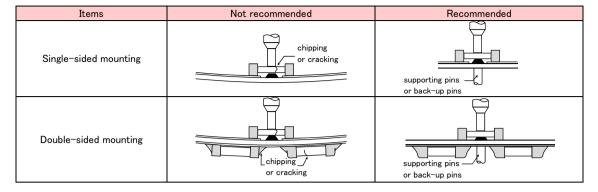
3. Mounting

- ◆Adjustment of mounting machine
 - 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCB, excessive impact load shall not be imposed on them.
 - 2. Maintenance and inspection of mounting machines shall be conducted periodically.
- Precautions Selection of Adhesives
 - 1. When chips are attached on PCBs with adhesives prior to soldering, it may cause capacitor characteristics degradation unless the following factors are appropriately checked: size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, please contact us for further information.

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◆Adjustment of mounting machine

- 1. When the bottom dead center of a pick-up nozzle is too low, excessive force is imposed on capacitors and causes damages. To avoid this, the following points shall be considerable.
 - (1) The bottom dead center of the pick-up nozzle shall be adjusted to the surface level of PCB without the board deflection.
 - (2) The pressure of nozzle shall be adjusted between 1 and 3 N static loads.
 - (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins shall be used on the other side of the PCB. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good and bad pick-up nozzle placement:



Technical considerations

2. As the alignment pin is worn out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of capacitors because of mechanical impact on the capacitors.

To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pins in the stopped position, maintenance, check and replacement of the pin shall be conducted periodically.

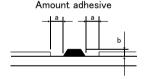
◆Selection of Adhesives

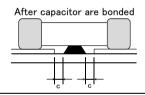
Some adhesives may cause IR deterioration. The different shrinkage percentage of between the adhesive and the capacitors may result in stresses on the capacitors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect components. Therefore, the following precautions shall be noted in the application of adhesives.

- (1) Required adhesive characteristics
 - a. The adhesive shall be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
 - b. The adhesive shall have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
 - c. The adhesive shall have good coating and thickness consistency.
 - d. The adhesive shall be used during its prescribed shelf life.
 - e. The adhesive shall harden rapidly.
 - f. The adhesive shall have corrosion resistance.
 - g. The adhesive shall have excellent insulation characteristics.
 - h. The adhesive shall have no emission of toxic gasses and no effect on the human body.
- (2) The recommended amount of adhesives is as follows;

[Recommended condition]

Figure	212/316 case sizes as examples		
а	0.3mm min		
b	100 to 120 μm		
С	Adhesives shall not contact land		





4. Soldering

Precautions

◆Selection of Flux

Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of capacitors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;

- (1) Flux used shall be less than or equal to 0.1 wt%(in CI equivalent) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content shall not be applied.
- (2) When shall capacitors are soldered on boards, the amount of flux applied shall be controlled at the optimum level.
- (3) When water-soluble flux is used, special care shall be taken to properly clean the boards.

◆Soldering

Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. shall be set in accordance with their recommended conditions.

Sn-Zn solder paste can adversely affect MLCC reliability.

Please contact us prior to usage of Sn-Zn solder.

◆Selection of Flux

1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate flux, or highly acidic flux is used, it may lead to corrosion of terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surfaces of the capacitors.

- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in wave soldering. However if too much flux is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may adversely affect the solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved in moisture in the air, the residues on the surfaces of capacitors in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and reliability of the capacitors. Therefore, the cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used shall also be considered carefully when water-soluble flux is used.

Technical

considerations

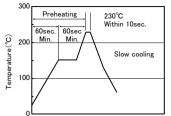
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♦Soldering

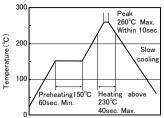
- · Ceramic chip capacitors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling.
- · Therefore, the soldering must be conducted with great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock
- Preheating: Capacitors shall be preheated sufficiently, and the temperature difference between the capacitors and solder shall be within 100 to 130°C.
- · Cooling: The temperature difference between the capacitors and cleaning process shall not be greater than 100°C.

[Reflow soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]

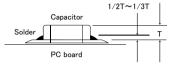


[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



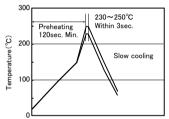
Caution

- 1The ideal condition is to have solder mass(fillet)controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of a capacitor.
- ②Because excessive dwell times can adversely affect solderability, soldering duration shall be kept as close to recommended times as possible.
- 3 Allowable number of reflow soldering: 2 times max.

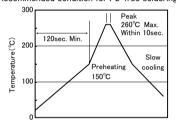


[Wave soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]

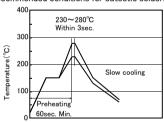


Caution

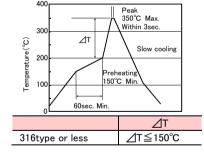
- ①Wave soldering must not be applied to capacitors designated as for reflow soldering only.
- ②Allowable number of wave soldering: 1 times max.

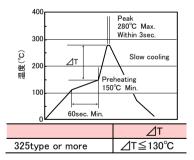
[Hand soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]





Caution

- ①Use a 50W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm.
- 2The soldering iron shall not directly touch capacitors.
- ③Allowable number of hand soldering: 1 times max.

	♦Cleaning conditions			
Precautions	 When PCBs are cleaned after capacitors mounting, please select the appropriate cleaning solution in accordance with the intended use of the cleaning. (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.) Cleaning condition shall be determined after it is verified by using actual cleaning machine that the cleaning process does not affect capacitor's characteristics. 			
Technical considerations	1. The use of inappropriate cleaning solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to capacitors or deteriorate their outer coating, resulting in a degradation of the capacitor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance). 2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may adversely affect the performance of the capacitors. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of PCBs which may lead to the cracking of capacitors or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Therefore, the following conditions shall be carefully checked; Ultrasonic output: 20 W/l or less Ultrasonic frequency: 40 kHz or less Ultrasonic washing period: 5 min. or less			

6. Resin coating and mold

Precautions

- 1. With some type of resins, decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the capacitor's performance.
- 2. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than capacitor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excessive heat may lead to damage or destruction of capacitors.

The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.

7. Handling

♦Splitting of PCB

- 1. When PCBs are split after components mounting, care shall be taken so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board.
- 2. Board separation shall not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices.

Precautions

◆Mechanical considerations

Be careful not to subject capacitors to excessive mechanical shocks.

- (1) If ceramic capacitors are dropped onto a floor or a hard surface, they shall not be used.
- (2) Please be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.

8. Storage conditions

◆Storage

- 1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep packaging materials in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.
 - Recommended conditions

Precautions

Ambient temperature : Below 30°C
Humidity : Below 70% RH

The ambient temperature must be kept below 40° C. Even under ideal storage conditions, solderability of capacitor is deteriorated as time passes, so capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.

- Ceramic chip capacitors shall be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.
- 2. The capacitance values of high dielectric constant capacitors will gradually decrease with the passage of time, so care shall be taken to design circuits. Even if capacitance value decreases as time passes, it will get back to the initial value by a heat treatment at 150°C for 1hour.

Technical considerations

If capacitors are stored in a high temperature and humidity environment, it might rapidly cause poor solderability due to terminal oxidation and quality loss of taping/packaging materials. For this reason, capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the capacitors.

**RCR-2335B(Safety Application Guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic equipment) is published by JEITA. Please check the guide regarding precautions for deflection test, soldering by spot heat, and so on.

This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

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