

## **Magnetic Proportion System / Through Type**

# L37S D15 SERIES











## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameters	Symbol	Unit	Value	Comment
Supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	V	± 18V	

#### **ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameters	Symbol	Unit	Value	Comment	
Insulation voltage	Vd	_	AC3600V, for 1 minute (Sensing current 0.5mA)	Primary ⇔ Secondary	
Impulse withstand voltage	Vw	kV	6.6	Primary ⇔ Secondary Input waveform: • Front time 1.2μs • Time to half value 50μs • single	
Insulation resistance	R <sub>IS</sub>	_	≧ 1000M Ω (at DC500V)	Primary ⇔ Secondary	
Clearance distance	d <sub>CI</sub>	_	6.5mm (MIN)	Primary ⇔ Secondary	
Creepage distance	$d_{Cp}$	_	6.5mm (MIN)	Primary ⇔ Secondary	
Case material	_	_	UL94 V-0		
Comparative tracking index; (CTI)	СТІ	V	200 (group Illa)		
Analication accounts		_	300V, CAT Ⅲ, PD2	Reinforced isolation, non uniform field according to EN62477-1:2012 and EN62477-1:2012/A11 2014, IEC/EN 61010-1	
Application example	_	_	600V, CAT Ⅲ, PD2	Basic isolation, non uniform field according to EN62477-1:2012 and EN62477-1:2012/A11 2014, IEC/EN 61010-1	

## **ENVIRONMENTAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Devemeters	Symbol	Unit	Value			Comment
Parameters			MIN	TYP	MAX	Comment
Ambient operating temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	°C	<b>- 40</b>		+ 85	
Ambient storage temperature	Ts	°C	- 40		+ 85	
Mass	m	g		62		



**SPECIFICATIONS**  $Ta=+25^{\circ}C,R_L=10k\Omega,V_{cc}=\pm15V$ 

Parameters.		O make t		Value			0
Parameters		Symbol	Unit	MIN	TYP	MAX	Comment
Primary norminal current * 1	L37S050D15*				Ifmax		
	L37S100D15*				100		
	L37S200D15*				200		
	L37S300D15*	I <sub>PN</sub>	A		300		
	L37S400D15*				400		
	L37S500D15*				500		
	L37S600D15*				600		
Primary current, measuring range * 2	L37S050D15*			150			
	L37S100D15*			300			
	L37S200D15*			600			
	L37S300D15*	I <sub>PM</sub>	A	900			
	L37S400D15*			1000			
	L37S500D15*			1000			
	L37S600D15*			1000			
Supply voltage * 3		Vcc	V	± 12(± 5%)	± 15(± 5%)		
Consumption current		lcc	mA		15	20	
Rated output voltage		Vo	V	3.960	4.000	4.040	at I <sub>PN</sub>
Offset voltage * 4	L37S050D15*			- 0.030	0.000	+ 0.030	
	L37S100D15*			- 0.020	0.000	+ 0.020	
	L37S200D15*			- 0.020	0.000	+ 0.020	
	L37S300D15*	Vof	V	- 0.020	0.000	+ 0.020	at I <sub>P</sub> = 0A
	L37S400D15*			- 0.020	0.000	+ 0.020	
	L37S500D15*			- 0.020	0.000	+ 0.020	
	L37S600D15*			- 0.020	0.000	+ 0.020	
Hysteresis error		V <sub>OH</sub>	mV			± 20	at $0A \rightarrow I_{PN} \rightarrow 0A$
Thermal drift of gain		TcVo	%/°C			± 0.1	Without TcVof
Temperature coefficient of Vof	L37S050D15*					± 2	
	L37S100D15*					± 1	
	L37S200D15*					± 1	
	L37S300D15*	TcVof	mV/℃			± 1	at I <sub>P</sub> = 0A
	L37S400D15*					± 1	
	L37S500D15*					± 1	
	L37S600D15*					± 1	
Linearity error		ει	%	<b>-1</b>		+ 1	at $I_P = 0A \sim I_{PN}$
Response time (at 90% of I <sub>PN</sub> )	tr	μs			3	di/dt=100A/μs	

 $<sup>\</sup>pmb{\ast}$  1 Products with a primary nominal current of 800A are also available. Please contact us for details.

<sup>\*2</sup> If the product of 300A or less operate at Vcc =  $\pm$  12V power supplies, measuring range reduced to 2.5 x I<sub>PN</sub>-\*3 The power on rise time should be less than 45ms at time from 0 to  $\pm$  11V.

 $<sup>\</sup>dot{\text{Current}}$  sensor may not operate normally because EEPROM in sensor does not work normally.

 $<sup>\</sup>ast\,4$  Offset voltage value is after removal of core hysteresis.

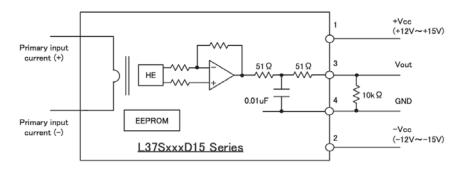


### **STANDARDS**

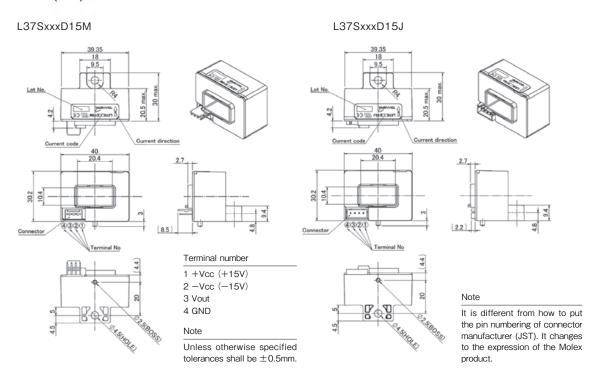
 $EN62477-1: 2012 \text{ and } EN62477-1: 2012/A11\ 2014, IEC/EN\ 61010-1, IEC/EN\ 62109-1, UL508\ (file\ No.\ E243511)$ 

\* Please refer to the another sheet about conditions of UL Recognition.

## CONNECTION



## **DIMENSIONS (mm)**



## Order number and Connector number (terminal plating)

Types		Connector						
		Manufacturer	Part Number	Old Part Number	Plating of terminal			
L37SxxxD15J	Standard	JST	B4B-XH-A-G	_	Au			
L37SxxxD15M	Standard	Molov	22-04-1041	5045-04A	Sn			
L37SxxxD15M-A	Build to Order	Molex	22-11-1041	5045-04AG	Au			

As for the L37SxxxD15M series of a gold-plated connector, '-A' attaches to the end of the product name.



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  - · Use in locations where corrosive gases such as sea winds, CI2, H2S, NH3, S02, or NO2, are present. (Some product improves durability)
  - · Use in environments with strong static electricity or electromagnetic radiation.
  - · Use that involves placing inflammable material next to the
  - · Use of this product either sealed with a resin filling or coated with resin.
  - Use of water or a water soluble detergent for flux cleaning.
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# **Application notes**

#### <General Considerations>

- 1. The sensor uses polar electronic components. When the polarity of the power supply is mistaken, the sensor is damaged.
- 2. Static electricity or excessive voltage can increase an offset voltage in the Hall element, and cause offset voltage to change. Please exercise care in handling and application.
- 3. In order to prevent the influence of noise, the use of twisted cable or shielded cable for the output line is recommended
- 4. If using this device within a magnetic field generated by other devices, the specified accuracy may not be obtainable.
- 5. Our products (several models are excluded ) are adjusted with the trimming method by the measurement condition (Load resistance, Power supply voltage) of specification sheets. Therefore, characteristics (Offset, Output, etc.) and its deviation may be changed in different circuit conditions from the measurement condition. All change characteristic items are not indicated on specification sheets.
- 6. The performance of current sensors with through-hole (aperture) is dependent on the position of the primary conductor. Tamura specifications are based on a primary conductor completely filling the through-hole (aperture) area.
- 7. The current sensor rated current in DC Amps.
- 8. Please use mating connector with equivalent terminal plating material to insure proper operation and avoid possibility of 'galvanic corrosion'.
- 9. Please do not store in high-temperature and high-humidity storage environment. Please use it after confirming soldering when it is kept for six months or more. (product soldered with substrate)
- 10. We recommend performing a zero offset adjustment by measuring the offset voltage at startup. In continuously operation for a few months, or at change of ambient temperature or humidity is large, we recommend regularly performing a zero offset adjustment at being idling (it is clear that the current is not apply) .
- 11. The current sensor doesn't have built-in protection circuit (devices and fuses, etc.). As a failure mode of the sensor, there is a short circuit and open state. In the case of a shortcircuit state, the abnor-mal temperature rise of the internal parts is assumed, and there is a possibility to smoke and to ignite. If it is used in safety critical circuit blocks, please take appropriate measures by protection devices, protection circuits, etc. For closed loop -type sensors and flux gate (closed loop type) sensors, the consumption current of the secondary power supply varies in proportion to the measurement current.

#### <Open loop>

- 1. High frequency primary current may result in excessive heating in iron magnetic core and cause damage to internal circuitry; for high frequency applications select current sensor with ferrite core material.
- 2. If the measured current exceeds the rated current, magnetic core saturation will occur and the output voltage signal will not be linearly proportional to the measured current.

#### <Closed Loop>

- 1. For closed loop current sensors please insure the power supply voltage is balanced, symmetrical, and, applied simultaneously to avoid potential increase in DC offset error.
- 2. Maximum rated current measurement duration is timedependent. Maximum rated current applied in excess of the time limit can result in damage to internal electronic circuitry; please consult Tamura for assistance.
- 3. When using a measurement resistor to convert current output to voltage output select a resistor with stable temperature characteristic to insure accuracy of the output voltage.
- 4. Compensation current supplied to the secondary winding varies in proportion to the measured current based on the conversion ratio. (If/KN; KN = secondary turns) Please insure the PSU has required current capacity to supply compensation current to the secondary winding.

#### <Flux-Gate>

- 1. Compensation current supplied to the secondary winding varies in proportion to the measured current. Please insure the PSU has required current capacity to supply compensation current to the secondary winding.
- 2. There is 450kHz ripple voltage present on the output and reference output voltage signals . An external capacitor maybe added if necessary.

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