

Magnetic Proportion System / Compact size and High-speed response

LA01M SERIES



RoHS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameters | Symbol | Unit | Value | Comment |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-------|----------------------|
| Supply voltage | V _{DD} | V | 6 | |
| Jumper temperature | _ | °C | 120 | |
| Output current | lout | mA | ±1 | Recommend; < ± 0.5mA |
| ESD rating (HBM: Human Body Model) | _ | kV | 2 | C=100pF, R=1.5k Ω |

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

| Parameters | Symbol | Unit | Value | Comment | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Insulation voltage | Vd | V | ≥ AC2500V, 50/60Hz, for 1 minute (Sensing current 0.5mA) | Primary ⇔ Secondary | | | |
| Impulse withstand voltage | Vw | kV | 2.5 | Primary ⇔ Secondary Input waveform: Front time 1.2µs Time to half value 50µs single | | | |
| Clearance distance | d _{CI} | mm | 2.0 | Primary ⇔ Secondary | | | |
| Creepage distance | d _{Cp} | mm | 2.0 | Primary ⇔ Secondary | | | |
| Case material | _ | _ | UL94 V-0 | | | | |
| Comparative Tracking Index; (CTI) | СТІ | V | 200 | | | | |

ENVIRONMENTAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Parameters | Symbol | Unit | | Value | | Commont |
|-------------------------------|----------------|------|-------------|-------|-------|---------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | Comment |
| Ambient operating temperature | T _A | °C | - 40 | | + 90 | |
| Ambient storage temperature | Ts | °C | - 40 | | + 125 | |
| Mass | m | g | | 2 | | |

SPECIFICATIONS

 $Ta=+25^{\circ}C, V_{DD}=+5V, R_{L} \ge 10M\Omega$

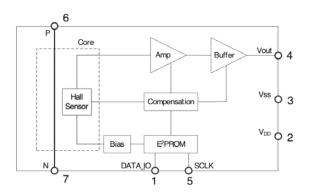
| Parameters | | Symbol | Unit | Value | | | Commont |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------|--------|-----|------|---------|
| | | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | Comment |
| Measurement current range | LA01M021S05 | | | - 21 | | 21 | |
| | LA01M032S05 | I _{PN} | А | - 31.8 | | 31.8 | |
| | LA01M035S05 | | | - 35 | | 35 | |
| | LA01M041S05 | | | - 41 | | 41 | |
| Maximum primary current (RMS) | | Ip _(RMS) max | Α | | | 20 | |



 $\textbf{SPECIFICATIONS} \\ \textbf{Ta=+25°C,} \textbf{V}_{DD} = \textbf{+5V,} \textbf{R}_{L} \\ \textbf{\geq} \textbf{10M} \\ \textbf{\Omega} \\ \textbf{} \\ \textbf{}$

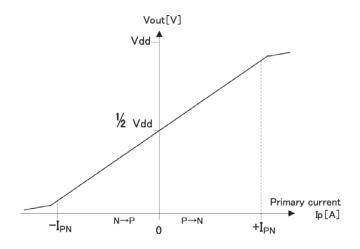
| Parameters | | Symbol | Unit | Value | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | Comment |
| Supply Voltage | | V _{DD} | V | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | |
| Number of primary turns | | Np | Т | 1 | | | |
| Primary Jumper resistance | | Rp | mΩ | | 0.34 | | |
| Current consumption (at Ip=0A) | | I _{DD} | mA | | | 10 | |
| Offset voltage | LA01M021S05 | | V | 2.390 | 2.500 | 2.610 | |
| | LA01M032S05 | Vof | | 2.408 | 2.500 | 2.592 | |
| | LA01M035S05 | VOT | | 2.423 | 2.500 | 2.577 | |
| | LA01M041S05 | | | 2.432 | 2.500 | 2.568 | |
| Temperature drift of offset voltage | LA01M021S05 | | mV | | ± 26.0 | | |
| (at Ta= $-40 \sim +90^{\circ}$ C, Variation from Vof (Ta=35°C), Ip=0A) | LA01M032S05 | | | | ± 22.0 | | |
| (13. 55.57) | LA01M035S05 | TCVo | | | ± 17.5 | | |
| | LA01M041S05 | | | | ± 14.5 | | |
| Sensitivity | LA01M021S05 | G | mV/A | 98.0 | 100.0 | 102.0 | |
| | LA01M032S05 | | | 64.7 | 66.0 | 67.3 | |
| | LA01M035S05 | | | 58.8 | 60.0 | 61.2 | |
| | LA01M041S05 | | | 49.0 | 50.0 | 51.0 | |
| Temperature coefficient 1 of G | LA01M021S05 | | % | | ± 1.0 | | |
| (at Ta= $+$ 35 \sim $+$ 90°C, Variation ratio to G (Ta=35°C)) | LA01M032S05 | | | | ± 1.0 | | |
| | LA01M035S05 | TCG1 | | | ± 1.0 | | |
| | LA01M041S05 | | | | ± 2.0 | | |
| Temperature coefficient 2 of G (at $Ta=-40 \sim +35^{\circ}C$, Variation ratio to G ($Ta=35^{\circ}C$)) | | TCG2 | % | | ± 2.0 | | |
| Linearity error | | ϵ_{L} | % | -1 | | 1 | at IP = 0A \sim I _{PN} |
| Output noise voltage | | V _{NRMS} | mVrms | | | 2.1 | |
| Ratiometric error of sensitivity | | V_{G-R} | % | -1 | | 1 | |
| Ratiometric error of offset voltage | | V _{of-R} | % | -1 | | 1 | |
| Response time 1 (at 90% of I _{PN}) | | tr | μs | | 1 | | C _L =100pF |
| Frequency bandwidth (- 3dB) | | BW | kHz | | 400 | | C _L =100pF |

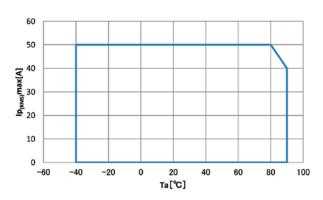
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM





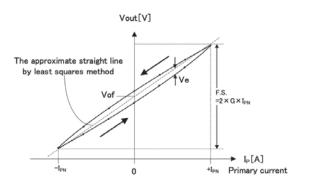
CHARACTERISTIC CURVE (TYP) AND PRIMARY CURRENT DERATING CURVE





Conditions: Mounted on the test board complying with the EIA/JEDEC Standards (EIA/JESD51.)

CHARACTERISTICS DEFINITIONS



Sensitivity G[mV/A],Offset voltage Vof[V]

Sensitivity (G) is defined as slope of the approximate straight line by least squares method, using the data of the output voltage (Vout) when sweeping the measured current lp at rated current range.

Also Offset voltage (Vof) is defined as the intercept of the approximate straight line.

Output linearity ε_L[%]

Output linearity (ε_L) is defined as the ratio of maximum error voltage (Ve) to the full scale (F.S.) , where Vd is maximum difference between the Output voltage (Vout) and the approximate straight line calculated in the sensitivity and offset voltage definition;

 ε_L =Ve/F.S.×100

 Ratiometric error of sensitivity V_{G-R}[%], ratiometric error of Offset voltage Vof._R[%]

Output of LA01M Series is ratiometric.

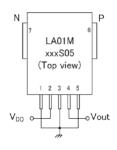
Sensitivity(G) and Offset voltage(Vof) are proportional to Supply voltage (V_{DD}).

• Ratiometric error is defined as follows in the supply voltage range $(4.5V < V_{DD}1 < 5.5V)$;

$$\begin{split} &V_{\text{G-R}} = &100 \times [(\text{G}(V_{\text{DD}} = V_{\text{DD}}1) / \text{G}(V_{\text{DD}} = 5V)) - (V_{\text{DD}}1 / 5)] / (V_{\text{DD}}1 / 5) \\ &Vof_{\text{-R}} = &100 \times [\text{Vof}(V_{\text{DD}} = V_{\text{DD}}1) - \text{Vof}(V_{\text{DD}} = 5V) \times (V_{\text{DD}}1 / 5)] / \text{F.S.} \end{split}$$



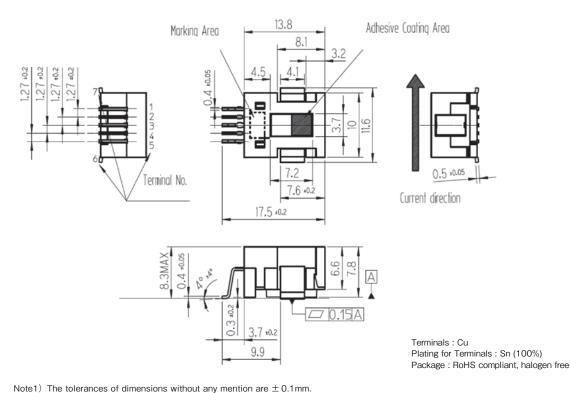
TERMINAL DESCRIPTIONS



Terminal number

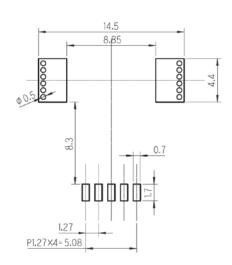
- ① DATA_IO Test pin (connect to GND)
- Power supply (5V)
- ③ V_{SS} GND (OV)
- 4 Vout Analog output
- ⑤ SCLK Test pin (connect to GND)
- 6 P Input ⑦ N
- Output

DIMENSIONS (mm)



Note2) The adhesive material (RoHS compliant, halogen free) is used for holding the magnetic core.

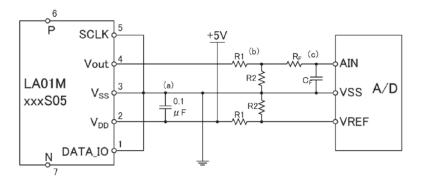
RECOMMENDED THROUGH-HOLE LAYOUTS (mm)



Note) If 2 or more trace layers are used as the current path, please make enough number of through-holes to flow current between the trace layers.



TYPICAL APPLICATION



- (a) Please be placed the bypass capacitor 0.1 μ F as close as possible to the VDD and VSS pins of LA01M Series.
- (b) LA01M Series have a ratiometric output. When received output by the A / D converter, it is possible to reduce the A / D conversion error due to supply voltage fluctuations by setting a common voltage level of the A / D converter and supply voltage. The resistive divider with R1 and R2 is required, if the reference voltage of the A / D converter is lower than +5V.
- (c) If necessary, please insert a low-pass filter to Vout.

TYPE DESIGNATION



- ① Model (4 figures) LA01 : Series
- ② Mounting configuration (1 figure)

M: Surface mount type

 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{3}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{Measurement}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{current}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{range}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mathsf{(3 figures)}}\xspace$

Ex) 035:35A 100:100A

4 Control power supply type (1 figure)

 ${\sf S}: {\sf Single \ supply}$

⑤ Power supply voltage (2 digits)



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 - · Use that involves placing inflammable material next to the
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Application notes

<General Considerations>

- 1. The sensor uses polar electronic components. When the polarity of the power supply is mistaken, the sensor is damaged.
- 2. Static electricity or excessive voltage can increase an offset voltage in the Hall element, and cause offset voltage to change. Please exercise care in handling and application.
- 3. In order to prevent the influence of noise, the use of twisted cable or shielded cable for the output line is recommended
- 4. If using this device within a magnetic field generated by other devices, the specified accuracy may not be obtainable.
- 5. Our products (several models are excluded) are adjusted with the trimming method by the measurement condition (Load resistance, Power supply voltage) of specification sheets. Therefore, characteristics (Offset, Output, etc.) and its deviation may be changed in different circuit conditions from the measurement condition. All change characteristic items are not indicated on specification sheets.
- 6. The performance of current sensors with through-hole (aperture) is dependent on the position of the primary conductor. Tamura specifications are based on a primary conductor completely filling the through-hole (aperture) area.
- 7. The current sensor rated current in DC Amps.
- 8. Please use mating connector with equivalent terminal plating material to insure proper operation and avoid possibility of 'galvanic corrosion'.
- 9. Please do not store in high-temperature and high-humidity storage environment. Please use it after confirming soldering when it is kept for six months or more. (product soldered with substrate)
- 10. We recommend performing a zero offset adjustment by measuring the offset voltage at startup. In continuously operation for a few months, or at change of ambient temperature or humidity is large, we recommend regularly performing a zero offset adjustment at being idling (it is clear that the current is not apply) .
- 11. The current sensor doesn't have built-in protection circuit (devices and fuses, etc.). As a failure mode of the sensor, there is a short circuit and open state. In the case of a shortcircuit state, the abnor-mal temperature rise of the internal parts is assumed, and there is a possibility to smoke and to ignite. If it is used in safety critical circuit blocks, please take appropriate measures by protection devices, protection circuits, etc. For closed loop -type sensors and flux gate (closed loop type) sensors, the consumption current of the secondary power supply varies in proportion to the measurement current.

<Open loop>

- 1. High frequency primary current may result in excessive heating in iron magnetic core and cause damage to internal circuitry; for high frequency applications select current sensor with ferrite core material.
- 2. If the measured current exceeds the rated current, magnetic core saturation will occur and the output voltage signal will not be linearly proportional to the measured current.

<Closed Loop>

- 1. For closed loop current sensors please insure the power supply voltage is balanced, symmetrical, and, applied simultaneously to avoid potential increase in DC offset error.
- 2. Maximum rated current measurement duration is timedependent. Maximum rated current applied in excess of the time limit can result in damage to internal electronic circuitry; please consult Tamura for assistance.
- 3. When using a measurement resistor to convert current output to voltage output select a resistor with stable temperature characteristic to insure accuracy of the output voltage.
- 4. Compensation current supplied to the secondary winding varies in proportion to the measured current based on the conversion ratio. (If/KN; KN = secondary turns) Please insure the PSU has required current capacity to supply compensation current to the secondary winding.

<Flux-Gate>

- 1. Compensation current supplied to the secondary winding varies in proportion to the measured current. Please insure the PSU has required current capacity to supply compensation current to the secondary winding.
- 2. There is 450kHz ripple voltage present on the output and reference output voltage signals . An external capacitor maybe added if necessary.

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