DELIVERY SPECIFICATION SPEC. No. A-General-j

D A T E: March, 2021

Non-Controlled Copy

CUSTOMER'S PRODUCT NAME TDK'S PRODUCT NAME Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitors Bulk and Tape packaging [RoHS compliant] CGA1,CGA2,CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9Type C0G,NP0,X7R,X7S,X7T,X8R,X8L Characteristics

Please return this specification to TDK representatives with your signature. If orders are placed without returned specification, please allow us to judge that specification is accepted by your side.

RECEIPT CONFIRMATION

DATE: YEAR MONTH DAY

Test conditions in this specification based on AEC-Q200 for automotive application.

TDK Corporation

Sales Engineering

Electronic Components Business Company Electronic Components Ceramic Capacitors Business Group Sales & Marketing Group

APPROVED	Person in charge

APPROVED	CHECKED	Person in charge

CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	6	P	1	X7T	0G	107	M	250	Α	C
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
1	CC0201	0.60	0.30	0.10
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

(3) THICKHESS CODE		
Code	Thickness	
Α	0.30mm	
В	0.50mm	
C	0.60mm	
E	0.80mm	
F	0.85mm	
Н	1.15mm	
J	1.25mm	
L	1.60mm	
М	2.00mm	
N	2.30mm	
Р	2.50mm	
Q	2.80mm	
R	3.20mm	

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition
1	1 x R.V.
2	2 x R.V.
3	1.5 x R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature	Temperature coefficient	Temperature
characteristics	or capacitance change	range
COG	0±30ppm/℃	-55 to +125℃
X5R	±15%	-55 to +85℃
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125℃
X7S	±22%	-55 to +125℃
X7T	+22,-33%	-55 to +125℃

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

(-)	3 - (/
Code	Voltage (DC)
0E	2.5V
0G	4V
OJ	6.3V
1A	10V
1C	16V
1E	25V
1V	35V
1H	50V
1N	75V
-	

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example)
$$0R5 = 0.5pF$$

101 = 100pF

 $225 = 2,200,000 pF = 2.2 \mu F$

(8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.50pF
J	±5%
K	±10%
М	±20%

(9) Thickness

Code	Thickness
030	0.30mm
050	0.50mm
060	0.60mm
080	0.80mm
085	0.85mm
115	1.15mm
125	1.25mm
160	1.60mm
200	2.00mm
230	2.30mm
250	2.50mm
280	2.80mm
320	3.20mm

(10) Packaging style

Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Description
A,B,C	TDK internal code

CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	9	Р	3	X7S	2A	156	М	250	K	В
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

(2) Diffic	TISIOTIS E X VV (TITITI	/		
Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20min
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20min
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20min

(3) Thickness code

(3) THICKIE	ss code
Code	Thickness
В	0.50mm
С	0.60mm
<u>C</u> <u>E</u> F	0.80mm
F	0.85mm
Н	1.15mm
J	1.25mm
K	1.30mm
L	1.60mm
М	2.00mm
N	2.30mm
Р	2.50mm
Q	2.80mm
R	3.20mm

(4) Voltage condition for life test

(i) voicage	contaition for the test
Symbol	Condition
1	1 x R.V.
2	2 x R.V.
3	1.5 x R.V.
4	1.2 x R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature	Temperature coefficient	Temperature
characteristics	or capacitance change	range
COG	0±30ppm/℃	-55 to +125℃
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125℃
X7S	±22%	-55 to +125℃
X7T	+22%,-33%	-55 to +125℃

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Code	Voltage (DC)
2A	100V
2E	250V
2W	450V
2J	630V

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example) 0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF $225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2\mu F$

(8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.50pF
J	±5%
K	±10%
М	±20%

(9) Thickness

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Thickness
0.50mm
0.60mm
0.80mm
0.85mm
1.10mm
1.30mm
1.60mm
2.00mm
2.30mm
2.50mm
2.80mm

(10) Packaging style

Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Description
A,B,C,N	TDK internal code

CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	6	Р	1	X8L	1C	226	M	250	Α	C	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

(-)				
Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

(3) Thickness code				
Code	Thickness			
В	0.50mm			
C E	0.60mm			
Е	0.80mm			
F	0.85mm			
Н	1.15mm			
J	1.25mm			
L M	1.60mm			
М	2.00mm			
N	2.30mm			
Р	2.50mm			
Q	2.80mm			
R	3.20mm			

(4) Voltage condition for life test

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Symbol	Condition
1	1 x R.V.
2	2 x R.V.
3	1.5 x R.V.
4	1.2 x R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature	Temperature coefficient	Temperature
characteristics	or capacitance change	range
NP0	0±30ppm/℃	-55 to +125℃
X8R	±15%	-55 to +150℃
X8L	+15,-40%	-55 to +150℃

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

(b) Nated Voltage (DC)				
Code	Voltage (DC)			
0G	4V			
OJ	6.3V			
1A	10V			
1C	16V			
1E	25V			
1H	50V			
2A	100V			
2E	250V			
2W	450V			
2J	630V			

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example) 0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF $225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2\mu F$

(8) Capacitance tolerance Code Tolerance C ±0.25pF D ±0.50pF J ±5% K ±10% M ±20%

(9) Thickness				
Code	Thickness			
050	0.50mm			
060	0.60mm			
080	0.80mm			
085	0.85mm			
115	1.15mm			
125	1.25mm			
160	1.60mm			
200	2.00mm			
230	2.30mm			
250	2.50mm			
280	280mm			
320	3.20mm			
	·			

(10) Packaging style

Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code Description

A,B,C,N Conductive epoxy application

SCOPE

This delivery specification shall be applied to Multilayer ceramic chip capacitors to be delivered to

PRODUCTION PLACES

Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK Corporation, TDK(Suzhou)Co.,Ltd and TDK Components U.S.A.,Inc.

PRODUCT NAME

The name of the product to be defined in this specifications shall be $CGA \diamondsuit \diamondsuit OOO \triangle \triangle \Box \Box \Box \times$.

REFERENCE STANDARD

JIS C 5101-1:2010	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part 1: Generic specification
C 5101-21:2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part21 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class1
C 5101-22:2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part22 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class 2
C 0806-3:2014	Packaging of components for automatic handling - Part 3: Packaging of
	surface mount components on continuous tapes
JEITA RCR-2335 C 2014	Safety application guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic
	equipment

CONTENTS

- 1. CODE CONSTRUCTION
- 2. COMBINATION OF RATED CAPACITANCE AND TOLERANCE
- 3. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE
- 4. STORING CONDITION AND TERM
- 5. P.C. BOARD
- 6. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL
- 7. PERFORMANCE
- 8. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL
- 9. PACKAGING
- 10. RECOMMENDATION

- 11. SOLDERING CONDITION
- 12. CAUTION
- 13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

<EXPLANATORY NOTE>

When the mistrust in the spec arises, this specification is given priority. And it will be confirmed by written spec change after conference of both posts involved.

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitor. Capacitors should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

If the use of the capacitors goes beyond the bounds of this specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

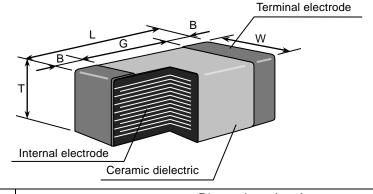
Division	Date	SPEC. No.	
Ceramic Capacitors Business Group	March, 2021	A-General-j	

1. CODE CONSTRUCTION

(1) Series

Symbol	Series
CGA	For automotive application

(2) Case size



Case size	Case size	Dimensions (mm)				
Symbol	(EIA style)	L	W	Т	В	G
1	CGA1	0.60±0.03	0.30±0.03	0.30±0.03		0.20 min.
	(CC0201)	0.60 ^{+0.10} -0.03	0.30 ^{+0.10} -0.03	0.30 +0.10 -0.03	0.10 min.	
		1.00±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.50±0.05		
2	CGA2	1.00±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.10 min.	0.30 min.
	(CC0402)	1.00 ^{+0.10} -0.05	0.50 ^{+0.10} -0.05	0.50 ^{+0.10} -0.05		0.00 111111
		1.60±0.10	0.80±0.10	0.80±0.10		
	CGA3	1.60±0.15	0.80±0.15	0.80±0.15		
3	(CC0603)	1.60±0.20	0.80±0.20	0.80±0.20	0.20 min.	0.30 min.
	,	1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.10	0.80 ^{+0.30} -0.10	0.80 ^{+0.30} _{-0.10}		
				0.60±0.15		0.50 min.
		2.00±0.20	1.25±0.20	0.85±0.15	0.20 min.	
4	CGA4			1.25±0.20		
4	(CC0805)	2.00 ^{+0.25} -0.15	1.25 ^{+0.25} -0.15	1.25 ^{+0.25} -0.15		
		2.00 ^{+0.30} -0.15	1.25 ^{+0.30} -0.15	1.25 ^{+0.30} -0.15		
	CGA5 (CC1206)		1.60±0.20	0.60±0.15	0.20 min.	1.00 min.
				0.85±0.15		
		3.20±0.20		1.15±0.15		
5		CGA5		1.30±0.20		
5				1.60±0.20	0.20 11111.	
		3.20 ^{+0.30} -0.10	1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.10	1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.10		
		3.20 ^{+0.40} -0.10	1.60 ^{+0.40} -0.10	1.60 ^{+0.40} -0.10		
6				1.25±0.20	0.20 min.	
			2.50±0.30	1.60±0.20		
		3.20±0.40		2.00±0.20		
	CGA6			2.30±0.20		
	(CC1210)			2.50±0.30	0.20 11111.	
		3.20 ^{+0.45} -0.40	2.50 ^{+0.35} -0.30	2.50 ^{+0.35} -0.30		
		3.20±0.40	2.50 ^{+0.40} -0.30	2.50 ^{+0.40} -0.30		
* Ac for	r aach itam	nlease refer to d	etail nage on TDI	< woh		

^{*} As for each item, please refer to detail page on TDK web.

Case size	Case size	Dimensions (mm)				
Symbol	(EIA style)	L	W	Т	В	G
			3.20±0.40	1.60±0.20	0.20 min.	
	0040			2.00±0.20		
8	CGA8 (CC1812)	4.50±0.40		2.30±0.20		
				2.50±0.30		
				3.20±0.30		
				1.60±0.20		
9	CGA9 (CC2220)		5.00±0.40	2.00±0.20	0.20 min.	
				2.30±0.20		
				2.50±0.30		
				2.80±0.30		

^{*} As for each item, please refer to detail page on TDK web.

(3) Thickness

Symbol	Dimension(mm)
Α	0.30
В	0.50
С	0.60
Е	0.80
F	0.85
Н	1.15
J	1.25

Symbol	Dimension(mm)
K	1.30
L	1.60
М	2.00
N	2.30
Р	2.50
Q	2.80
R	3.20

(4) Voltage condition in the life test

^{*} Details are shown in table 1 No.16 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

Symbol	Condition		
1	Rated Voltage		
2	Rated Voltage x 2		
3	Rated Voltage x 1.5		
4	Rated Voltage x 1.2		
	·		

(5) Temperature Characteristics

(6) Rated Voltage

Symbol	Rated Voltage			
2 J	DC 630 V			
2 W	DC 450 V			
2 E	DC 250 V			
2 A	DC 100 V			
1 N	DC 75 V			
1 H	DC 50 V			
1 V	DC 35 V			

Symbol	Rated Voltage
1 E	DC 25 V
1 C	DC 16 V
1 A	DC 10 V
0 J	DC 6.3 V
0 G	DC 4 V
0 E	DC 2.5 V

(7) Rated Capacitance

Stated in three digits and in units of pico farads (pF). The first and Second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance, the third digit identifies the multiplier.

R is designated for a decimal point.

(Example)	Symbol	Rated Capacitance
	2R2	2.2 pF
	104	100,000 pF

^{*} Details are shown in table 1 No.6 and No.7 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

(8) Capacitance tolerance

* M tolerance shall be standard for over 10uF.

Symbol	Tolerance	Capacitance	
С	± 0.25 pF	10pE and under	
D	± 0.5 pF	10pF and under	
J	± 5%		
K	± 10 %	Over 10pF	
*M	± 20 %		

(9) Packaging

* CGA1 and CGA2 types are applicable to tape packaging only.

Symbol	Packaging	
В	Bulk	
Т	Taping	

(10) TDK internal code

2. COMBINATION OF RATED CAPACITANCE AND TOLERANCE

Class	Temperature Characteristics	Capacitar	nce tolerance	Rated capacitance	
		10pF and	C (±0.25pF)	1, 1.5, 2, 2.2, 3, 3.3, 4, 4.7, 5	
	COG	under	D (±0.5pF)	6, 6.8, 7, 8, 9, 10	
1	NP0	12pF to 10,000pF		E – 12 series	
		Over 10,000pF	J (± 5%)	E – 6 series	
2	X7R 0.1uF and X7S under		K (± 10 %)	5 O series	
X8	X7T X8R X8L	Over 0.1uF	K (± 10 %) M (± 20 %)	E – 6 series	

Capacitance Step in E series

E series	Capacitance Step											
E- 6	1.0 1.5 2.2 3.3 4.7 6.8											
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2

3. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

T.C.	Min. operating Temperature	Max. operating Temperature	Reference Temperature
C0G	-55°C	125°C	25°C
NP0	-55°C	150°C	25°C
X7R/X7S/X7T	-55°C	125°C	25°C
X8R/X8L	-55°C	150°C	25°C

4. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

Storing temperature	Storing humidity	Storing term
5~40°C	20~70%RH	Within 6 months upon receipt.

5. P.C. BOARD

When mounting on an aluminum substrate, large case size such as CGA6 [CC1210] and larger are more likely to be affected by heat stress from the substrate.

Please inquire separate specification for the large case sizes when mounted on the substrate.

6. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.

7. PERFORMANCE

Table 1

				14515 1					
No.	Item	ı	Pe	rformance		Test o	r inspectio	n m	nethod
1	External App	earance	No defects wh performance.	ich may affect	In case	Inspect with magnifying glass (3x) In case of CGA1[CC0201] type, with magnifying glass(10x).			
2	2 Insulation Resistance		10,000MΩ or 500MΩ·μF min. (As for the capacitors of rated voltage 16V DC and lower, 10,000 MΩ or 100MΩ·μF min.), whichever smaller.		(As for DC, app	the cap		ate	d voltage 630V
3	3 Voltage Proof			voltage without akdown or other	Class 1	Volta RV 100V < 500 RV 100V <	ated age(RV) ≤100V RV≤500V 0V <rv erv≤500v<="" td="" ≤100v=""><td>3 x 1.5 1.3 2.5 1.5</td><td>x rated voltage x rated voltage</td></rv>	3 x 1.5 1.3 2.5 1.5	x rated voltage
				_	applica	N <rv ation time arge curre</rv 	: 1s	× rated voltage . 50mA or lower	
4	Capacitance	Capacitance Within the specified tolerance.		《Class	1》				
				Capac	citance	Measurir frequenc	_	Measuring voltage	
					pF and ider	1MHz±10		0.5 ~ 5 Vrms.	
				Over 1	1000pF	1kHz±10	%	_	
				《Class	2》				
						citance	Measurir frequenc	-	Measuring voltage
					un	and der	1kHz±10		1.0±0.2Vrms
					Over	10uF	120Hz±20)%	0.5±0.2Vrms.
					DC, 0.5 As an e	Vrms is xceptio	applied. n, 1.0Vrm	s is	d voltage 6.3V applied for racteristics.
5	Q	Class1	Please refer to web.	detail page on TDK	See No conditio		s table for	me	easuring
	Dissipation Factor	Class2							
6	6 Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class1)		Characteristics of Capacitance T.C. Temperature Coefficient (ppm/°C)		Temperature coefficient shall be calculated based on values at 25°C and 85°C temperature. Measuring temperature below 25°C shall be -10°C and -25°C.				d 85°C

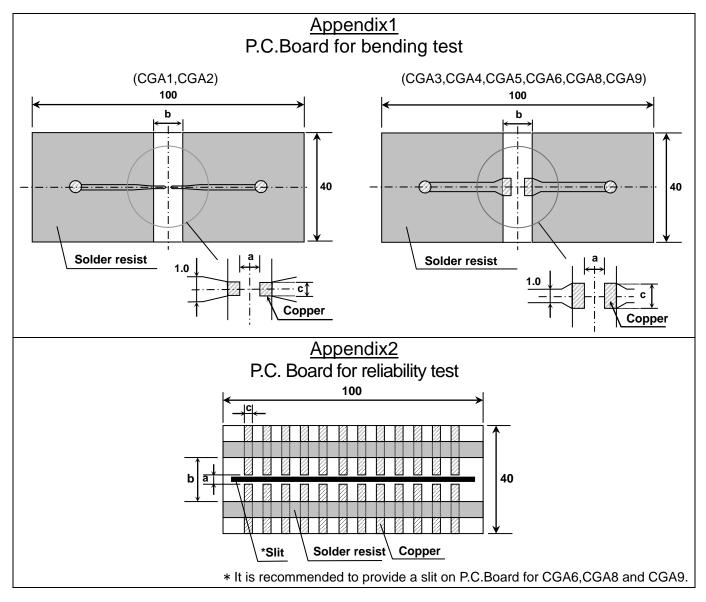
(0	ontinued)	I	<u> </u>
No.	Item	Performance	Test or inspection method
7	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance	Capacitance Change (%)	Capacitance shall be measured by the steps shown in the following table after thermal equilibrium is obtained for each
	(Class2)	No voltage applied	step.
		X7R:±15	ΔC be calculated ref. STEP3 reading
		X7S: ±22	Step Temperature(°C)
		X7T : +22 -33	1 Reference temp. ± 2
		X8R:±15	2 Min. operating temp. ± 2
		X8L : +15 -40	3 Reference temp. ± 2
			4 Max. operating temp. ± 2
			As for Min./ Max. operating temp. and Reference temp., please refer to "3.OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE". As for measuring voltage, please contact with our sales representative.
8	Robustness of Terminations	No sign of termination coming off, breakage of ceramic, or other abnormal signs.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2. Apply a pushing force gradually at the center of a specimen in a horizontal direction of P.C.board. Pushing force: 17.7N (2N is applied for CGA1 and CGA2 type.) Holding time: 10±1s. Pushing force P.C.Board
9	Bending	No mechanical damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1. (1mm is applied for 0.85mm thickness of Class2 items.) F R230 (Unit : mm)
10	Solderability	New solder to cover over 75% of termination. 25% may have pin holes or rough spots but not concentrated in one spot. Ceramic surface of A sections shall not be exposed due to melting or shifting of termination material. A section	Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Flux: Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution. Solder temp.: 245±5°C Dwell time: 3±0.3s. Solder Until both terminations are completely soaked.

No.	Ite	em		Perf	ormance	Test or	inspection method	
11	Resistance to solder heat	External appearance Capacitance	terminati	ons sh	allowed and all be covered at new solder.	Solder : Flux :	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902)	
		Capachano	Characteristics Ch		Change from the value before test	0.11	25% solid solution.	
			Class1	C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.	Solder temp. : Dwell time :	260±5°C 10±1s.	
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R	± 7.5 %	Solder position :	Until both terminations are completely soaked.	
		Q	Meet the	X8L	snec	Pre-heating :	Temp. — $110 \sim 140$ °C Time — $30 \sim 60$ s.	
		(Class1)	weet the	IIIIIai	spec.	Leave the cap	acitors in ambient	
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the initial spec.			Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measuremen		
		Insulation Resistance		Meet the initial spec.				
	Voltage proof		No insulation breakdown or other damage.					
12	Vibration	External appearance	No mech	anical	damage.	Applied force : 5G max. Frequency : 10~2,000Hz		
		Capacitance	Characte	eristics	Change from the value before test		sweep time : 20 min. les in each 3 mutually	
			Class1	C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.		ndicular directions.	
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	±7.5%		the capacitors on a wn in Appendix 2 before	
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.			
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the initial spec.					

No.	Ite	em		Perf	ormance		Test or inspection m	ethod	
13	Temperature cycle	External appearance	No mech		damage.	step1 t	e the capacitors in the through step 4 listed in the through step 4 listed in the through table.	e condition	
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Temp. cycle: 1,000 cycles			
				C0C		Step	Temperature(°C)	Time (min.)	
			Class1	C0G NP0	Please contact	1	Min. operating temp. ±3	30 ± 3	
				X7R X7S	with our sales representative.	_ 2	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5	
			Class2	X7T X8R X8L	roprocornativo.	3	Max. operating temp. ±2	30 ± 2	
						4	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5	
	Q Meet the initial spec. (Class1)		refer to	Min./ Max. operating b "3.OPERATING TEI					
		D.F.	Meet the	initial	spec.	RANG			
		(Class2)				Leave conditi	the capacitors in am on for	bient	
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	initial	spec.		1 : 6~24h 2 : 24±2h before mea	asurement.	
		Voltage proof	No insulation breakdown or other damage.			Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2 before testing.			
14	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			Test hu	Test temp.: 40±2°C Test humidity: 90~95%RH Test time: 500 +24,0h		
	(Steady State)	Capacitance	Charact	teristics	Change from the value before test	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for Class 1: 6~24h Class 2: 24±2h before measurement.			
			Class1	C0G NP0	Diagram				
			Class2 X7F X8F X8I		 Please contact with our sales representative. 	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before testing.			
		Q	Capac	itance	Q				
		(Class1)		nd over	350 min.				
				nd over	275+5/2×C min.				
			Under	10pF	200+10×C min.				
					citance (pF)				
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of	initial s	pec. max.				
		Insulation Resistance	1,000MΩ or 50N (As for the capa voltage 16V DC 1,000 MΩ or 10 whichever smal		acitors of rated c and lower, MΩ·μF min.),				

No.	1			Perfo	rmance	Test or inspection method		
15	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mech	anical o	damage.	Test temp.: 85±2°C Test humidity: 85%RH		
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Applied voltage: Rated voltage Test time: 1,000 +48,0h		
			Class1	C0G NP0		Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower		
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	Please contact with our sales representative.	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for Class 1: 6~24h Class 2: 24±2h before measurement.		
		Q		[Reflow solder the capacitors on a		
		(Class1)	Capac		Q	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before testing.		
			30pF ar		200 min.	tooming.		
			Under		100+10/3×C min.	Initial value setting (only for class 2)		
		D.F.			citance (pF) Dec. max.	Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat the capacitors under testing temperature		
		(Class2)	200 /6 01	ii iiliai Sp	Jec. Illax.	and voltage for 1 hour, leave the		
		Insulation Resistance	500MΩ or 25MΩ·μF min. (As for the capacitors of rated voltage 16V DC and lower, 500 MΩ or 5MΩ·μF min.), whichever smaller.			capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h before measurement. Use this measurement for initial value.		
16	Life	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			Test temp. : Maximum operating temperature±2°C		
		Capacitance	Characteristics Change from the value before test		•	Applied voltage: Please contact with our sales representative. Test time: 1,000 +48,0h		
			Class1	C0G NP0	Please contact	Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower		
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	with our sales representative.	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement.		
		Q	Canad	citance		Reflow solder the capacitors on a		
		(Class1)		nd over	350 min.	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before		
				nd over to		testing. Initial value setting (only for class 2)		
			Unde	r 10pF	200+10×C min.	Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat		
			C : Rate	d capac	citance (pF)	the capacitors under testing temperature		
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of	initial sp	oec. max.	and voltage for 1 hour, leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h		
		Insulation Resistance	1,000MΩ or 50Mg (As for the capac voltage 16V DC a 1,000 MΩ or 10M whichever smalle		citors of rated and lower, MΩ·μF min.),	before measurement. Use this measurement for initial value.		

^{*}As for the initial measurement of capacitors (Class2) on number 7,11,12,13 and 14 leave capacitors at 150 0,–10°C for 1 hour and measure the value after leaving capacitors for 24±2h in ambient condition.



(Unit: mm)

Symbol	Dimensions				
Case size	а	b	С		
CGA1 (CC0201)	0.3	0.8	0.3		
CGA2 (CC0402)	0.4	1.5	0.5		
CGA3 (CC0603)	1.0	3.0	1.2		
CGA4 (CC0805)	1.2	4.0	1.65		
CGA5 (CC1206)	2.2	5.0	2.0		
CGA6 (CC1210)	2.2	5.0	2.9		
CGA8 (CC1812)	3.5	7.0	3.7		
CGA9 (CC2220)	4.5	8.0	5.6		

1. Material : Glass Epoxy(As per JIS C6484 GE4)

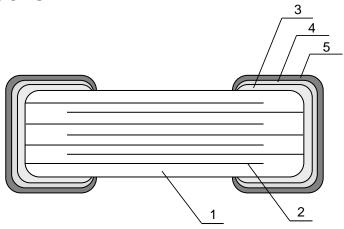
2. Thickness : Appendix 1 — 0.8mm (CGA1,CGA2)

— 1.6mm (CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9)

: Appendix 2 — 1.6mm

Copper(Thickness:0.035mm)
Solder resist

8. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



No.	NAME	MATERIAL				
NO.	INAIVIE	Class1	Class2			
1	Dielectric	CaZrO₃	BaTiO₃			
2	Electrode	Nickel (Ni)				
3		Copper (Cu)				
4	Termination	Nickel (Ni)				
5		Tin (Sn)				

9. PACKAGING

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

- 9.1 Each plastic bag for bulk packaging contains 1000pcs. And the minimum quantity for Bulk packaging is 1000pcs.
- 9.2 Tape packaging is as per 13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION.
 - * CGA1 [CC0201] and CGA2 [CC0402] types are applicable to tape packaging only.
 - 1) Inspection No.
 - 2) TDK P/N
 - 3) Customer's P/N
 - 4) Quantity
 - *Composition of Inspection No.

Example
$$\frac{F}{(a)} \frac{1}{(b)} \frac{A}{(c)} - \frac{23}{(d)} - \frac{001}{(e)}$$

- (a) Line code
- (b) Last digit of the year
- (c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (d) Inspection Date of the month.
- (e) Serial No. of the day
- *Composition of new Inspection No.

(Implemented on and after May 1, 2019 in sequence)

Example	I	F	1	Е	2	3	Α	0	0	1
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(6)	(1	f)	(0	J)

- (a) Prefix
 - (b) Line code
 - (c) Last digit of the year
 - (d) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
 - (e) Inspection Date of the month.
 - (f) Serial No. of the day $(00 \sim ZZ)$
 - (g) Suffix($00 \sim ZZ$)

Until the shift is completed, either current or new composition of inspection No. will be applied.

^{*} It was shifted to the new inspection No. on and after May 2019, but the implementation timing may be different depending on shipment bases.

10. RECOMMENDATION

As for CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, It is recommended to provide a slit (about 1mm width) in the board under the components to improve washing Flux. And please make sure to dry detergent up completely before.

11. SOLDERING CONDITION

As for CGA1 [CC0201], CGA2 [CC0402], CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, reflow soldering only. For other case sizes than the above, reflow soldering is recommended.

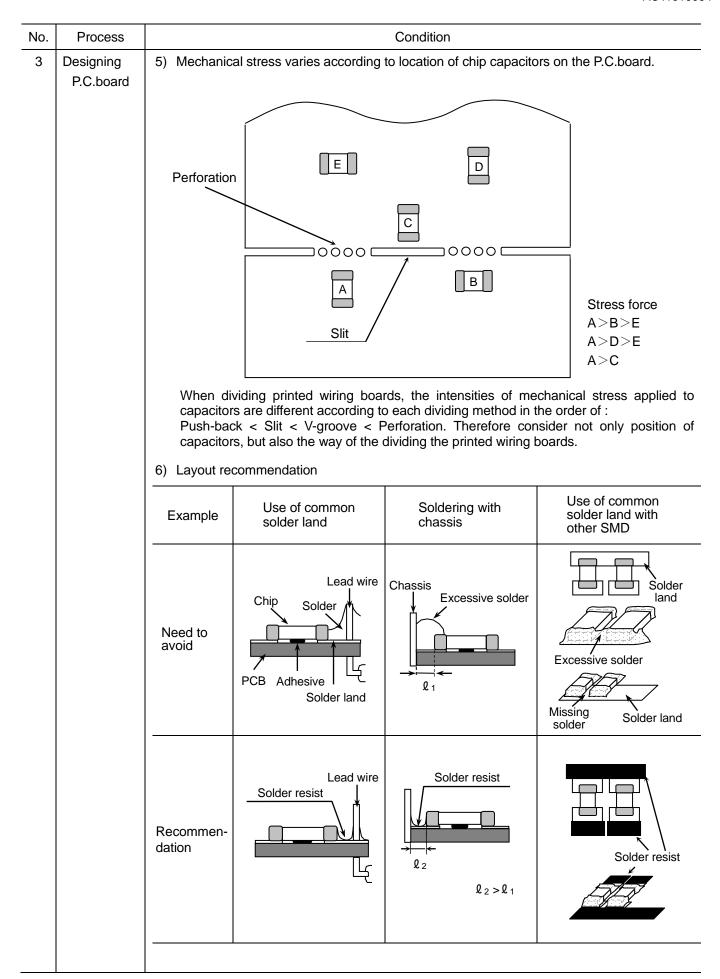
12. CAUTION

No.	Process	Condition
1	Operating Condition (Storage, Use, Transportation)	1-1. Storage, Use The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. JIS C 60721-3-1 Class 1K2 should be followed for the other climatic conditions.
		1) High temperature and humidity environment may affect a capacitor's solder ability because it accelerates terminal oxidization. They also deteriorate performance of taping and packaging. Therefore, SMD capacitors shall be used within 6 months. For capacitors with terminal electrodes consisting of silver or silver-palladium which tend to become oxidized or sulfurized, use as soon as possible, such as within one month after opening the bag.
		 When capacitors are stored for a longer time period than 6 months, confirm the solderability of the capacitors prior to use. During storage, keep the minimum packaging unit in its original packaging without opening it. Do not deviate from the above temperature and humidity conditions even for a short term.
		3) Corrosive gasses in the air or atmosphere may result in deterioration of the reliability, such as poor solderability of the terminal electrodes. Do not store capacitors where they will be exposed to corrosive gas (e.g., hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine ammonia etc.)
		4) Solderability and electrical performance may deteriorate due to photochemical change in the terminal electrode if stored in direct sunlight, or due to condensation from rapid changes in humidity. The capacitors especially which use resin material must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation, as moisture absorption due to condensation may affect the performance.
		5) Refer to JIS C 60721-3-1, class 1K2 for other climate conditions.
		1-2. Handling in transportation In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C 9.2 Handling in transportation)
2	Circuit design Caution	2-1. Operating temperature 1) Upper category temperature (maximum operating temperature) is specified. It is necessary to select a capacitor whose rated temperature us higher than the operating temperature. Also, it is necessary to consider the temperature distribution in the equipment and seasonal temperature variation.
		2) Do not use capacitors above the maximum allowable operating temperature. Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating temperature. (Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied. Especially for high frequency circuit, the heat might be so extreme that it may damage itself or the product mounted on. Please design the circuit so that the maximum temperature of the capacitors including the self heating to be below the maximum allowable operating temperature. Temperature rise at capacitor surface shall be below 20°C)
		The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature into consideration.
		2-2. When overvoltage is applied
		Applying overvoltage to a capacitor may cause dielectric breakdown and result in a short circuit. The duration until dielectric breakdown depends on the applied voltage and the ambient temperature.

No.	Process		С	ondition			
2	Circuit design Caution	2-3. Operating voltage 1) Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage. When AC and DC are super imposed, V _{0-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (1) and (2) AC or pulse with overshooting, V _{P-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (3), (4) and (5) When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use the capacitors within rated voltage containing these Irregular voltage.					
		Voltage	(1) DC voltage	(2) DC+AC voltage	(3) AC voltage		
		Positional Measurement (Rated voltage)	V _{0-P}	V _{0-P}	V _{P-P} 0		
		Voltage	(4) Pulse voltage (A)	(5) Pulse voltage (B)	-		
		Positional	V _{P-P}	V _{P-P}	-		
		the reliability o	f the capacitors may b		AC or pulse is applied, OC and AC voltages.		
				nd designed in taking			
		Abnormal voltage exceed the rate		static electricity, pulse	voltage, etc.) shall not		
			voltage dividing resisto		ssary to add a balancing imbalance in the voltage		
				used in AC and/or puls and generate audible			

No.	Process			Condition						
3	Designing P.C.board	The amount of solder at the terminations has a direct effect on the reliability of the capacitors.								
	1.o.soard	 The greater the amount of solder, the higher the stress on the chip capacitors, and the more likely that it will break. When designing a P.C.board, determine the shape and size of the solder lands to have proper amount of solder on the terminations. 								
		Avoid using common solder land for multiple terminations and provide individual solder land for each terminations.								
		3) Size and recom	nmended land dir	mensions.						
			Ch	ip capacitors	older land					
			Solder resist							
		Reflow solder	ina			(mm)				
		Case size	CGA1	CGA2	CGA3	CGA4				
		Symbol	(CC0201)	(CC0402)	(CC0603)	(CC0805)				
		A	0.25 ~ 0.35	0.3 ~ 0.5	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2				
		B	0.20 ~ 0.30	0.35 ~ 0.45	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.7 ~ 0.9				
		C	0.25 ~ 0.35	0.4 ~ 0.6	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2				
		Case size	CGA5 (CC1206)	CGA6 (CC1210)	CGA8 (CC1812)	CGA9 (CC2220)				
		A	2.0 ~ 2.4	2.0 ~ 2.4	3.1 ~ 3.7	4.1 ~ 4.8				
		В	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.2 ~ 1.4	1.2 ~ 1.4				
		С	1.1 ~ 1.6	1.9 ~ 2.5	2.4 ~ 3.2	4.0 ~ 5.0				
		Flow soldering	g (Unrecommend	d)	(mm)					
		Case size Symbol	CGA3 (CC0603)	CGA4 (CC0805)	CGA5 (CC1206)	•				
		A	0.7 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.3	2.1 ~ 2.5	-				
		В	0.8 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.1 ~ 1.3	•				
		С	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.8 ~ 1.1	1.0 ~ 1.3	•				
						-				

No.	Process		Condition	
3	Designing P.C.board	4) Recommende	d chip capacitors layout is as follo	wing.
			Disadvantage against bending stress	Advantage against bending stress
		Mounting face	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit
			Break P.C.board with mounted side up.	Break P.C.board with mounted side down.
		Chip arrangement (Direction)	Mount perpendicularly to perforation or slit Perforation or slit	Mount in parallel with perforation or slit Perforation or slit
		Distance from slit	Closer to slit is higher stress $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	Away from slit is less stress
				<u>, </u>



No.	Process	Condition							
4	Mounting	4-1. Stress from mounting head If the mounting head is adjusted too low, it may induce excessive stress in the chip capacitors to result in cracking. Please take following precautions.							
		Adjust the bottom dead center of the mounting head to reach on the P.C.board surface and not press it.							
		2) Adjust the mour	2) Adjust the mounting head pressure to be 1 to 3N of static weight.						
		 To minimize the impact energy from mounting head, it is important to provide support from the bottom side of the P.C.board. See following examples. 							
			Not r	ecommended	Recommended				
		Single-sided mounting		Crack	A support pin is not to be underneath the capacitor.				
		Double-sides mounting	Solder	Crack	Support pin				
		When the centering jaw is worn out, it may give mechanical impact on the capacitors to cause crack. Please control the close up dimension of the centering jaw and provide sufficient preventive maintenance and replacement of it.							
		4-2. Amount of adhesive							
		· !		a a b					
		!	c c						
			Example :	CGA4 (CC0805), CG	A5 (CC1206)				
			а	0.2mm m	in.				
			b	70 ~ 100µ	ım				
				Do not touch the s					

No.	Process	Condition						
5	Soldering	5-1. Flux selection Flux can seriously affect the performance of capacitors. Confirm the following to select the appropriate flux. 1) It is recommended to use a mildly activated rosin flux (less than 0.1wt% chlorine). Strong flux is not recommended. 2) Excessive flux must be avoided. Please provide proper amount of flux. 3) When water-soluble flux is used, enough washing is necessary. 5-2. Recommended soldering profile: Reflow method Refer to the following temperature profile at Reflow soldering. Reflow soldering Soldering Preheating Over 60 sec.						
		Reflow soldering is recommended for CGA3,CGA4,CGA5 types, but only reflow soldering is allowed for other case sizes. 5-3. Recommended soldering peak temp and peak temp duration for Reflow soldering Pb free solder is recommended, but if Sn-37Pb must be used, refer to below. Temp./Duration Reflow soldering Peak temp(°C) Duration(sec.) Lead Free Solder 260 max. 10 max. Sn-Pb Solder 230 max. 20 max. Recommended solder compositions Lead Free Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu						

	Process		Condition					
5	Soldering	5-4. Soldering profile : Flow method (Unrecommend) Refer to the following temperature profile at Flow soldering.						
		 	Fle	ow soldering Soldering Natural co	ooling >			
		Peak Temp O Over 60 sec. Over 60 sec.						
		Reflow soldering is recom	Peak Temp time Reflow soldering is recommended for CGA3,CGA4,CGA5 types.					
		5-5. Recommended soldering Pb free solder is recommended.	ended,	•	•			
		Temp./Dura	ition	Flow soldering				
		Solder		Peak temp(°C) Dura		ation(sec.)		
		Lead Free Solo	der	260 max.	5 m	nax.		
		Sn-Pb Solder		250 max. 3 m		nax.		
		-			1			
		Recommended solder of Lead Free Solder: Sn-5-6. Avoiding thermal shock	-3.0Ag-(
		Lead Free Solder: Sn- 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock 1) Preheating condition	-3.0Ag-().5Cu		Tomp (90)		
		Lead Free Solder : Sn-5-6. Avoiding thermal shock	-3.0Ag-(•	Temp. (°C) ΔT ≦ 150		
		Lead Free Solder : Sn- 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock 1) Preheating condition Soldering	CGA1 CGA3 CGA5 CGA6	Case size (CC0201),CGA2(CC04 (CC0603),CGA4(CC08	305)			

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	5-7. Amount of solder Excessive solder will induce higher tensile force in chip capacitors when temperature changes and it may result in chip cracking. In sufficient solder may detach the capacitors from the P.C.board.
		Excessive solder Higher tensile force in chip capacitors to cause crack
		Adequate Maximum amount Minimum amount
		Insufficient solder Low robustness may cause contact failure or chip capacitors come off the P.C.board.
		5-8. Sn-Zn solder Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability. Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder. 5-9. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C Annex A (Informative), Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon.)

No.	Process		Condition					
6	Solder repairing	Solder repairing is unavoidable	e, refer to below.					
		6-1. Soldering rework using spot heater Heat stress during rework may possibly be reduced by using a spot heater (also called a "blower") rather than a soldering iron. It is applied only to adding solder in the case of insufficient solder amount.						
		 Reworking using a spot heater may suppress the occurrence of cracks capacitor compared to using a soldering iron. A spot heater can heat uniformly with a small heat gradient which leads to lower thermal stress caused by quick heating and cooling or localized heating. Moreover, where ultra-small capacitors are mounted close together or circuit board, reworking with a spot heater can eliminate the risk of dire between the tip of a soldering iron and a capacitor. Rework condition If the blower nozzle of a spot heater is too close to a capacitor, a crack capacitor may occur due to heat stress. Below are recommendations a such an occurrence. Keep more than 5mm between a capacitor and a spot heater nozzle. The blower temperature of the spot heater shall be lower than 400°C. The airflow shall be set as weak as possible. 						
		cle is recommended to be 2mm(one-outlet type). The size is air is recommended to be 10s or less for CGA3 (CC0603), GA5 (CC1206), and 30s or less for CGA6 (CC1210), A9 (CC2220), considering surface area of the capacitor of solder. The original area heating. The original area heating area soldering iron, preheating reduces thermal stress on the operating efficiency.						
		Recommended rework	condition (Consult the component manufactures for details.)					
		Distance from nozzle	5mm and over					
		Nozzle angle	45degrees					
		Nozzle temp.	400°C and less					
		Airflow	Set as weak as possible (The airflow shall be the minimum value necessary for solder to melt in the conditions mentioned above.)					
		Nozzle diameter	ϕ 2mm (one-outlet type)					
		Blowing duration	10s and less (CGA3 [CC0603], CGA4 [CC0805], CGA5 [CC1206]) 30s and less (CGA6 [CC1210], CGA8 [CC1812], CGA9 [CC2220])					
		• Example of recommen	nded spot heater use					
			One-outlet type nozzle Angle: 45degrees					
		Excess solder causes results in cracks. Insuffic the substrate and may reliability of the printed w	be suitable to from a proper fillet shape. mechanical and thermal stress on a capacitor and cient solder causes weak adherence of the capacitor to result in detachment of a capacitor and deteriorate viring board. ropriate solder fillet shape for 5-5.Amount of solder.					

No.	Process				Condition			
6	Solder repairing	6-2. Solder repair by s	solder	iron				
		1) Selection of the soldering iron tip Tip temperature of solder iron varies by its type, P.C.board material and solder land size. The higher the tip temperature, the quicker the operation. However, heat shock may cause a crack in the chip capacitors. Please make sure the tip temp. before soldering and keep the peak temp and time in accordance with following recommended condition.						
		Manual soldering						
		(Solder iron) Peak Temp AT Preheating 3sec. (As short as possible)						
		Recommended	solder	iron cor	ndition (Sn-Pb Sol	der and Lead	l Free Solder)	
		Case size		p. (°C)	Duration (sec.)	Wattage (W		
		CGA1(CC0201) CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603) CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	350	max.	3 max.	20 max.	Ø 3.0 max.	
		CGA6(CC1210) CGA8(CC1812) CGA9(CC2220)	280	max.				
		* Please preheat the o	chip ca	pacitors	with the condition	in 6-3 to avo	oid the thermal shock.	
		 Direct contact of the soldering iron with ceramic dielectric of chip capacitors may cause crack. Do not touch the ceramic dielectric and the terminations by solder iron. 						
		6-3. Avoiding thermal	shock					
		Preheating condit	ion					
		Soldering]		Case size		Temp. (°C)	
		Manual solde	ering	CGA3(C	CC0201),CGA2(CC0 CC0603),CGA4(CC0 CC1206)		$\Delta T \leq 150$	
			-	CGA6(C	CC1210), CGA8(CC CC2220)	:1812),	ΔT ≦ 130	

No.	Process	Condition					
7	Cleaning	If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance.					
		2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors.					
		2)-1. Insufficient washing					
		(1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux.					
		(2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance.					
		(3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2).					
		2)-2. Excessive washing					
		When ultrasonic cleaning equipment is used, excessive ultrasonic power or direct vibration transfer to a printed wiring board may generate a resonant vibration in the board. This may cause a crack in a capacitor or its solder joints to the board and degradation in the terminal strength of the capacitor. In order to avoid this, the following cleaning conditions are recommended.					
		Power : 20 W/lmax.					
		Frequency: 40 kHz max.					
		Washing time: 5 minutes max.					
		2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may bring the same result as insufficient cleaning.					
8	Coating and	1) When the P.C.board is coated, please verify the quality influence on the product.					
	molding of the P.C.board	Please verify carefully that there is no harmful decomposing or reaction gas emission during curing which may damage the chip capacitors.					
		3) Please verify the curing temperature.					
9	Handling after chip mounted Caution	Please pay attention not to bend or distort the P.C.board after soldering in handling otherwise the chip capacitors may crack. Bend Twist					

No.	Process	Condition								
9	Handling after chip mounted Caution	 2) Printed circuit board cropping should not be carried out by hand, but by using the proper tooling. Printed circuit board cropping should be carried out using a board cropping jig as shown in the following figure or a board cropping apparatus to prevent inducing mechanical stress on the board. (1)Example of a board cropping jig Recommended example: The board should be pushed from the back side, close to the cropping jig so that the board is not bent and the stress applied to the capacitor is compressive. Unrecommended example: If the pushing point is far from the cropping jig and the pushing direction is from the front side of the board, large tensile stress is applied to the capacitor, which may cause cracks. 								
		Outline of jig Recommended Unrecommended								
		Printed circuit board Printed circuit board Slot cropping jig Direction of load Load point Printed circuit board V-groove Slot Slot								
		(2)Example of a board cropping machine An outline of a printed circuit board cropping machine is shown below. The top and bottom blades are aligned with one another along the lines with the V-grooves on printed circuit board when cropping the board. Unrecommended example: Misalignment of blade position between top and bottom, right and left, or front and rear blades may cause a crack in the capacitor.								
		Outline of machine Principle of operation								
	Printed circuit board V-groove Bottom blade Cross-section Printed circuit board V-groove Bottom blade									
		Unrecommended								
		Recommended Top-bottom Left-right Front-rear misalignment misalignment misalignment								
		Top blade Top blade Top blade Top blade Board Bo								

No.	Process		Condition			
9	Handling after chip mounted Caution	3) When functional check of the P.C.board is performed, check pin pressure tends to be adjusted higher for fear of loose contact. But if the pressure is excessive and bend the P.C.board, it may crack the chip capacitors or peel the terminations off. Please adjust the check pins not to bend the P.C.board.				
		Item	Not recommended	Recommended		
		Board bending	Termination peeling Check pin	Support pin Check pin		
10	Handling of loose chip capacitors	If dropped the chip capacitors may crack. Once dropped do not use it. Especially, the large case sized chip capacitors are tendency to have cracks easily, so please handle with care. Crack				
			P.C.board after mounting for storage y hit the chip capacitors of another be Crack P.C.board	poard to cause crack.		
11	Capacitance aging		rs (Class 2) have aging in the capace constant circuit. In case of the time ne well.			
12	Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors	and the voltage RCR-2335C and estimated fail Temperature The failure ra	timated life and the estimated failure ge. This can be calculated by the eq Annex F (Informative) Calculation of ure rate (Voltage acceleration coeff acceleration coefficient: 10°C rule) te can be decreased by reducing the be guaranteed.	uation described in JEITA the estimated lifetime and the icient: 3 multiplication rule,		

No.	Process	Condition
13	Caution during operation of equipment	A capacitor shall not be touched directly with bare hands during operation in order to avoid electric shock. Electric energy held by the capacitor may be discharged through the human body when touched with a bare hand. Even when the equipment is off, a capacitor may stay charged. The capacitor should be handled after being completely discharged using a resistor.
		2) The terminals of a capacitor shall not be short-circuited by any accidental contact with a conductive object. A capacitor shall not be exposed to a conductive liquid such as an acid or alkali solution. A conductive object or liquid, such as acid and alkali, between the terminals may lead to the breakdown of a capacitor due to short circuit
		 Confirm that the environment to which the equipment will be exposed during transportation and operation meets the specified conditions. Do not to use the equipment in the following environments. Environment where a capacitor is spattered with water or oil Environment where a capacitor is exposed to direct sunlight Environment where a capacitor is exposed to Ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation Environment where a capacitor exposed to corrosive gas(e.g. hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine. ammonia gas etc.) Environment where a capacitor exposed to vibration or mechanical shock exceeding the specified limits. Atmosphere change with causes condensation
14	Others Caution	The product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications under-normal operation and usage conditions. The product is not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of application listed below, whose performance and/or quality requires a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification sheet. If you intend to use the products in the applications listed below or if you have special requirements exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us. (1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment
		 (2) Transportation equipment (electric trains, ships etc.) (3) Medical equipment (Excepting Pharmaceutical Affairs Law classification Class1, 2) (4) Power-generation control equipment (5) Atomic energy-related equipment (6) Seabed equipment (7) Transportation control equipment (8) Public information-processing equipment (9) Military equipment (10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment (11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment (12) Safety equipment (13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications
		When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment. In addition, although the product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications as described above, it is not prohibited to use for general electronic equipment, whose performance and/or quality doesn't require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could not cause serious damage to society, person or property. Therefore, the description of this caution will be applied, when the product is used in general electronic equipment under a normal operation and usage conditions.

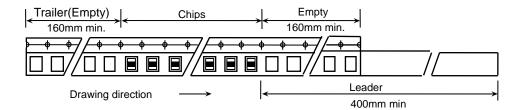
13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 3, 4, 5. Dimensions of plastic tape shall be according to Appendix 6, 7.

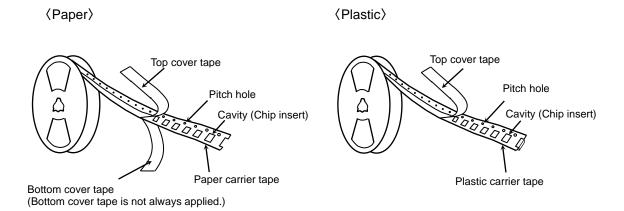
1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping



1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of Ø178 reel shall be according to Appendix 8, 9. Dimensions of Ø330 reel shall be according to Appendix 10, 11.

1-4. Structure of taping



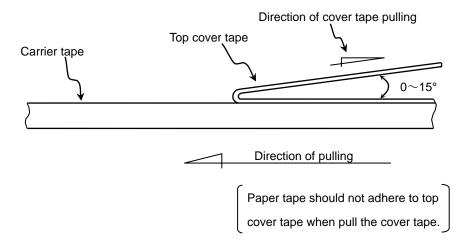
2. CHIP QUANTITY

Please refer to detail page on TDK web.

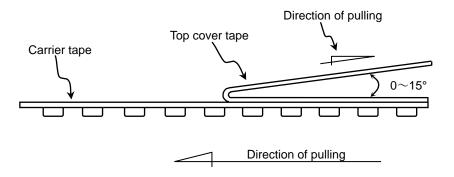
3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape)0.05N < Peeling strength < 0.7N

⟨Paper⟩

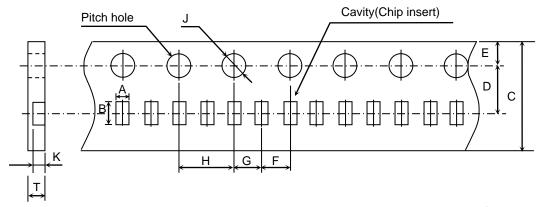


⟨Plastic⟩



- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. When removing the cover tape, there shall not be difficulties by unfitting clearance gap, burrs and crushes of cavities. Also the sprocket holes shall not be covered by absorbing dust into the suction nozzle.

Paper Tape



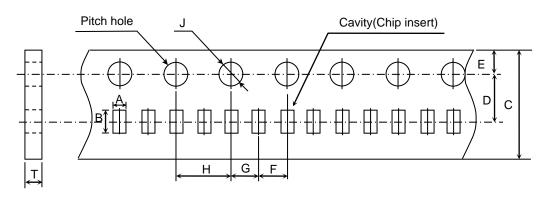
(Unit:mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA1	(0.38)	(0.68)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
(CC0201)	*(0.45)	*(0.75)	0.00 ± 0.30	3.30 ± 0.03	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.03
						-
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	-
	G 2.00 ± 0.05		J Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}		T 0.40 min.	

^() Reference value.

Appendix 4

Paper Tape



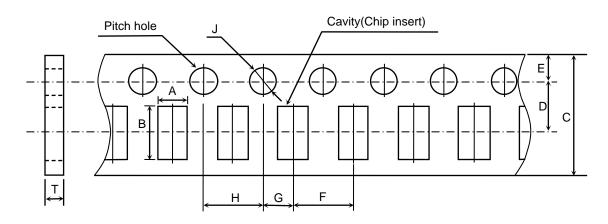
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	Α	В	С	D	E	F
CGA2 (CC0402)	(0.65)	(1.15)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т	•	
CGA2 (CC0402)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10} ₀	0.60±0.15	_	

() Reference value.

^{*} Applied to 100nF.

Paper Tape



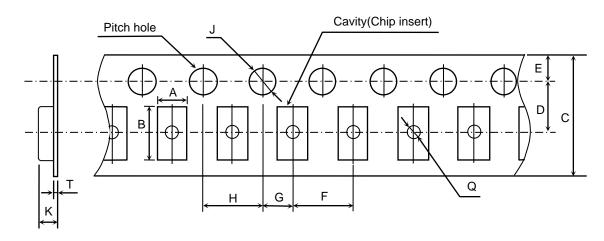
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	Α	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)				
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т		
CGA3 (CC0603)						
CGA4 (CC0805)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10} ₀	1.20 max.		

) Reference value.

(CC0805) CGA5 (CC1206)

Plastic Tape



(Unit: mm)

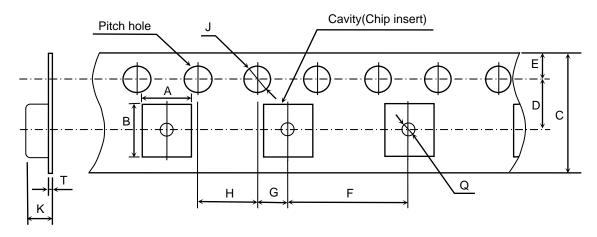
						(
Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)	* 12.00 ± 0.30	*5.50 ± 0.05	1.73 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA6 (CC1210)	(2.90)	(3.60)				
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	Q
CGA3 (CC0603)				1.60 max.		
CGA4 (CC0805)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}	2.50 max.	0.60 max.	Ø 0.50 min.
CGA5 (CC1206)	2.00 ± 0.03	4.00 ± 0.10	0 1.50 0	2.50 IIIax.	0.00 max.	Ø 0.30 mm.
CGA6 (CC1210)				3.40 max.		

^() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

^{*} Applied to thickness, 2.5mm products.

Plastic Tape



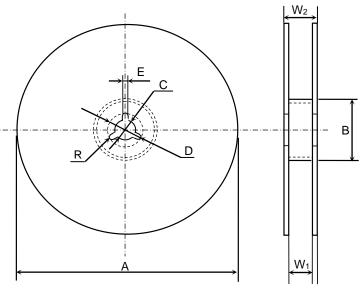
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA8 (CC1812)	(3.60)	(4.90)	12.00 ± 0.30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	8.00 ± 0.10
CGA9 (CC2220)	(5.40)	(6.10)	12.00 ± 0.30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	6.00 ± 0.10
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	Q
CGA8 (CC1812)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}	6.50 max.	0.60 max.	Ø 1.50 min.
CGA9	2.00 ± 0.03	4.00 ± 0.10	0 0.50	0.50 Illax.	0.00 Illax.	יווווו טכוו ש

() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



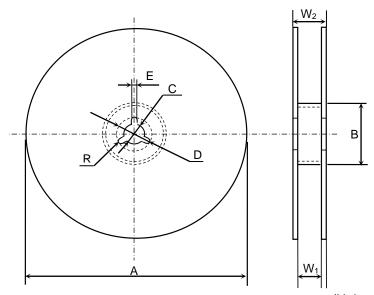
(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	Е	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	9.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W ₂	R
Dimension	13.0 ± 1.4	1.0

Appendix 9

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9

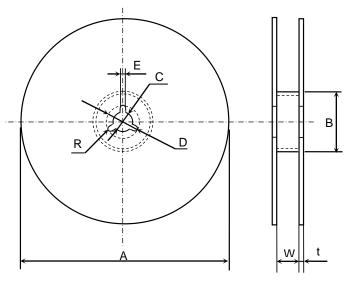


(Unit: mm)

Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	13.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W_2	R
Dimension	17.0 ± 1.4	1.0

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



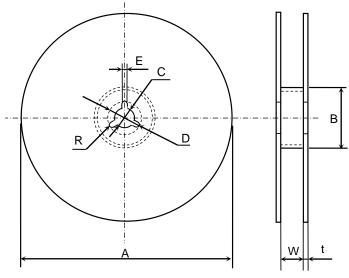
(Unit : mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	Е	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	10.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0

Appendix 11

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9



(Unit: mm)

Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	14.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0

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NIN-FC2R7JTRF NMC0201X5R474K4TRPF NMC0402NPO220J50TRPF NMC0402X5R105K6.3TRPF NMC0402X5R224K6.3TRPF

NMC0402X7R103J25TRPF NMC0402X7R153K16TRPF NMC0603NPO1R8C50TRPF NMC0603NPO20J50TRPF

NMC0603NPO330G50TRPF NMC0603X5R475M6.3TRPF NMC0805NPO270J50TRPF NMC0805NPO820J50TRPF

NMC0805X7R224K16TRPLPF NMC0805X7R224K25TRPF NMC1206X7R102K50TRPF NMC1206X7R106K10TRPLPF

NMC1206X7R475K10TRPLPF NMC-H0805X7R472K250TRPF NMC-L0402NPO7R0C50TRPF NMC-L0603NPO2R2B50TRPF NMC-Q0402NPO8R2D200TRPF C1206C101J1GAC C1608C0G2A221J C1608X7R1E334K C2012C0G2A472J 2220J2K00562KXT

1812J2K00332KXT CDR31BX103AKWR CDR33BX104AKUR CDR33BX683AKUS CGA2B2C0G1H010C CGA2B2C0G1H040C

CGA2B2C0G1H050C CGA2B2C0G1H060D CGA2B2C0G1H070D CGA2B2C0G1H120J CGA2B2C0G1H151J

CGA2B2C0G1H381JT0Y0F CGA2B2C0G1H1R5C CGA2B2C0G1H2R2C CGA2B2C0G1H390J CGA2B2C0G1H391J

CGA2B2C0G1H3R3C