

# CeraLink

Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors

Series/Type: SMD 2220 - 500 V Ordering code: Z63000Z2910Z1Z50

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Version: 1.1

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## Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors

SMD 2220 - 500 V

## **Applications**

- Power converters and inverters
- DC link/snubber capacitor for power converters and inverters



#### **Features**

- High ripple current capability
- High temperature robustness
- Low equivalent serial inductance (ESL)
- Low equivalent serial resistance (ESR)
- Low power loss
- Low dielectric absorption
- Optimized for high frequencies up to several MHz
- Increasing capacitance with DC bias up to operating voltage
- High capacitance density
- Minimized dielectric loss at high temperatures
- Qualification based on AEC-Q200 rev. D in progress
- Suitable for reflow soldering and wave soldering

#### Construction

- RoHS-compatible PLZT ceramic (lead lanthanum zirconium titanate)
- Copper inner electrodes
- Copper-Nickel-Tin termination

#### General technical data

Dissipation factor	$ an \delta$	< 0.02	
Insulation resistance	R <sub>ins, typ</sub> 1)	> 1	GΩ
Operating device temperature	T <sub>device</sub>	-40 <b>+</b> 150	°C
Weight of device		approx. 0.26	g

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{}^{1)}$  Typical insulation resistance, measured at operating voltage  $V_{op}$  and measurement time > 240s, +25 °C



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# Electrical specifications and ordering code

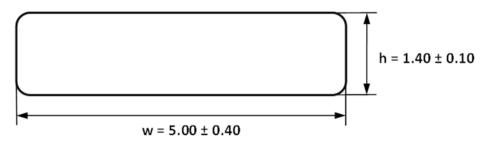
V <sub>pk, max</sub>	$V_R$	V <sub>op</sub>	C <sub>nom, typ</sub>	C <sub>eff</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>	Ordering code
V	V	V	nF	nF	nF	
650	500	400	220	110 ±20%	60 ±20%	Z63000Z2910Z1Z50

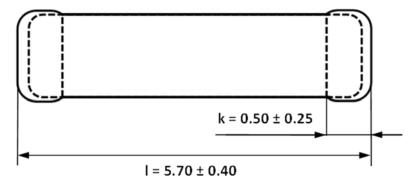
# Typical values as a design reference for CeraLink® applications

		ESR	ESR	ESL	I <sub>op</sub> 1)
		0 V <sub>DC</sub> , 0.5 V <sub>RMS</sub> , 25 °C, 1 kHz	0 V <sub>DC</sub> , 0.5 V <sub>RMS</sub> , 25 °C, 5 MHz		100 kHz T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C
		Ω	mΩ	nH	A <sub>RMS</sub>
$V_{R}$	500 V	16	15	3	4

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Normal operating current without forced cooling at  $T_{device}$  = +150 °C. Higher values permissible at reduced lifetime.

# **Dimensional drawings**





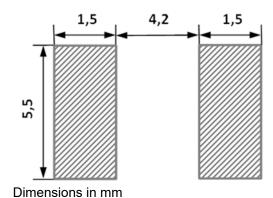
Dimensions in mm



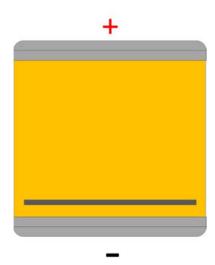
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## Recommended solder pads



# Polarity and marking of components



Ceralink 2220 components are marked with a straight line indicating "-" polarity.

Note that polarity is only for inspection purposes and does not affect operation. If put under reverse rated voltage  $V_R$ , CeraLink is repoled and works identically.



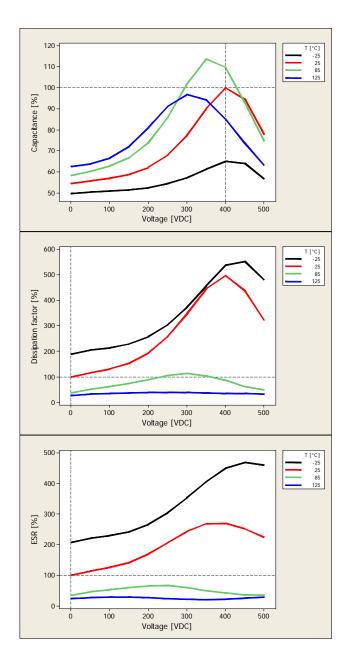
## Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors

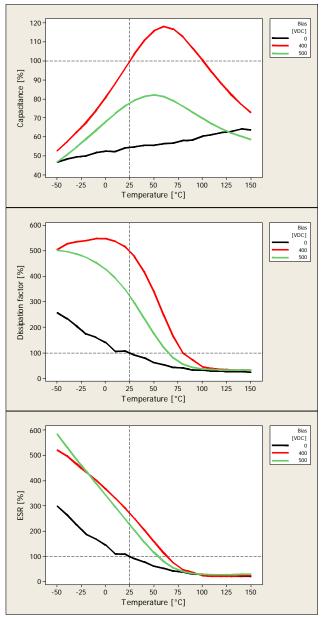
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# Typical characteristics as a function of temperature and voltage $(V_{AC} = 0.5 V_{RMS}, frequency = 1 kHz)$

All given temperatures are device temperatures.

The curves show the relative changes of the capacitance, dissipation factor and ESR. The 100% values correspond to  $C_{\text{eff,typ}}$  and  $\tan \delta$  which are given on page 2 and 3 of this data sheet.







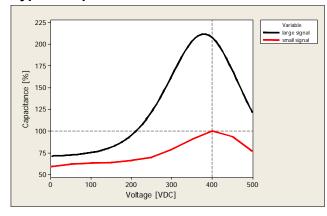
## Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors

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## **Application Notes**

Further typical electrical characteristics as a design reference for CeraLink applications.

#### Typical capacitance values as a function of voltage



Large signal capacitance:

Quasistatic (slow variation of the voltage), 25 °C

The nominal capacitance is defined as the large signal capacitance at  $V_{\text{op.}}$ 

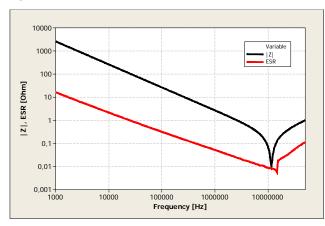
See glossary for further information.

Small signal capacitance:

0.5 V<sub>RMS</sub>, 1 kHz, 25 °C

The effective capacitance is defined as the small signal capacitance at  $V_{\text{op.}}$ 

## Typical impedance and ESR as a function of frequency



 $V_{DC} = 0 V$ ,  $V_{AC} = 0.5 V_{RMS}$ ,  $T_{device} = 25 °C$ 

#### **Aging**

The capacitance has an aging behavior which shows a decrease of capacitance with time.

The typical aging rate is about 2.5% per logarithmic decade in hours.



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## Reliability

A. Preconditioning:

- Reflow solder the capacitor on a PCB using the recommended soldering profile
- Check of external appearance
- Measurement of electrical parameters  $R_{ins},\,C_0,\,tan\;\delta$ 
  - o Apply  $V_{pk,max}$  for 7 seconds and measure  $R_{ins}$  at room temperature: Isolation resistance (@ V<sub>pk,max</sub>, 7 s, 25 °C)

 $R_{ins} > 100 M\Omega$ 

 $R_{ins} > 10 M\Omega$ 

- Measure  $C_0$  and tan  $\delta$  within 10 minutes to 1 hour afterwards: Initial capacitance (@ 0 V<sub>DC</sub>, 0.5 V<sub>RMS</sub>, 1 kHz, 25 °C) Dissipation factor (@ 0 V<sub>DC</sub>, 0.5 V<sub>RMS</sub>, 1 kHz, 25 °C)
- B. Performance of a specific reliability test.
- C. After performing a specific test:
- Check the external appearance again
- Repeat the measurement of the electrical parameters
  - Apply  $V_{pk,max}$  for 7 seconds and measure  $R_{ins}$  at room temperature: Isolation resistance (@ V<sub>pk,max</sub>, 7 s, 25 °C)
    - Measure C and tan  $\delta$ :

Change of initial capacitance (@ 0 V<sub>DC</sub>, 0.5 V<sub>RMS</sub>, 1 kHz, 25 °C)  $|\Delta C_0 / C_0| < 15\%$  $tan \delta < 0.05$ 

Dissipation factor (@ 0 V<sub>DC</sub>, 0.5 V<sub>RMS</sub>, 1 kHz, 25 °C)

Test	Standard	Test conditions	Criteria
External appearance		Visual inspection with magnifying glass	No defects that might affect performance
High temperature operating life	MIL-STD-202, method 108	150 °C, V <sub>R</sub> , 1000 hours	No mechanical damage $\mid \Delta \ C \ / \ C_0 \mid$ , tan $\delta$ and $R_{ins}$ within defined limits
Biased humidity	MIL-STD-202, method 103	85 °C, 85% rel. hum., V <sub>R</sub> , 1000 hours	No mechanical damage $\mid \Delta \ C \ / \ C_0 \mid$ , tan $\delta$ and $R_{ins}$ within defined limits
Temperature shock	IEC 60384-9, 4.8	-55 °C to +150 °C 20 seconds transfer time 15 minutes dwell time, 1000 cycles	No mechanical damage $\mid \Delta$ C / C <sub>0</sub> $\mid$ , tan $\delta$ and R <sub>ins</sub> within defined limits
Terminal strength test	AEC-Q200-006	Apply a force of 17.7 N for 60 seconds  Pushing force P.C.Board	No detaching of termination. No rupture of ceramic $\mid \Delta \ C \ / \ C_0 \mid, \ tan \ \delta \ and \ R_{ins}$ within defined limits



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Test	Standard	Test conditions	Criteria
Board flex	AEC-Q200-005	Bending of 2 mm for 60 seconds  Support  Solder Chip Printed circuit board before testing  45±2  Radius 340  Printed circuit board under test  Displacement  Displacement	No mechanical damage $\mid \Delta \ C \ / \ C_0 \mid, \ \text{tan } \delta \ \text{and } R_{\text{ins}}$ within defined limits
Reflow test		3 times recommended reflow soldering profile	No mechanical damage Proper solder coating of contact areas   Δ C / C <sub>0</sub>  , tan δ and R <sub>ins</sub> within defined limits
Leaching test	MIL-STD-202, method 210, condition B	Dip test of contact areas in solder bath (260 °C for 10 seconds)	No damage of lead frame silver coating
Solderability	J-STD-002, method A @ 235 °C, category 3	Dip test of contact areas in solder bath (235 °C for 5 ± 0.5 seconds)	> 95% wettability of lead frame
Geometry		Using a caliper	Within specified tolerance in the chapter construction



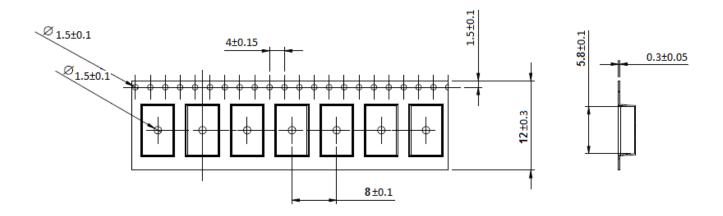
## **Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors**

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# **Packaging**

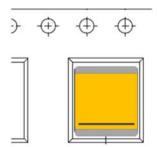
The CeraLink SMD 2220 types will be delivered in a blister tape (taping to IEC 60286-3, 180-mm reel with 1000 pieces).





#### Part orientation

The part orientation/polarity is the same for all Ceralink 2220 capacitors in the blister tape.





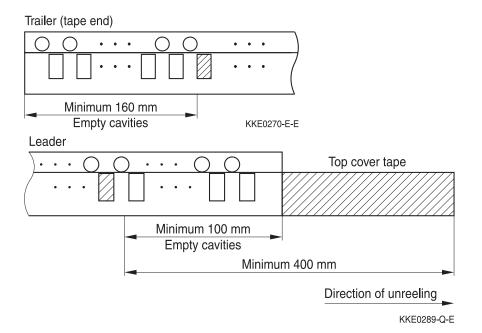
## Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors

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## **Taping information**

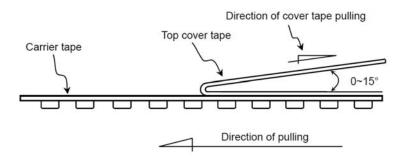
Trailer: There is a minimum of 160 mm of carrier tape with empty compartments and sealed by the cover tape.

Leader: There is a minimum of 400 mm of cover tape, which includes at least 100 mm of carrier tape with empty compartments.



## Fixing peeling strength (top tape)

The peeling strength is 0.1 ... 1.3 N.

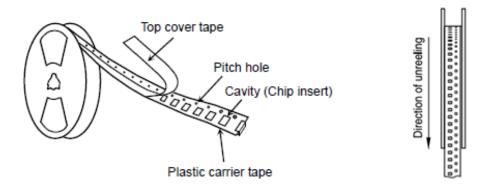


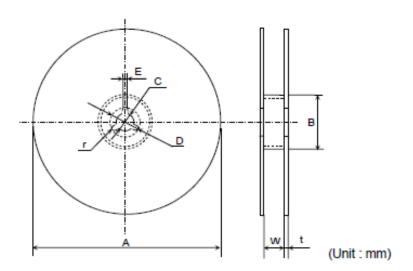


## **Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors**

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# Reel packing





Α	180 ±2
В	60 ±1
С	13 +0.5/ -0.2
D	20.2 min.
E	4.8 ±0.2
W	13.0 +2

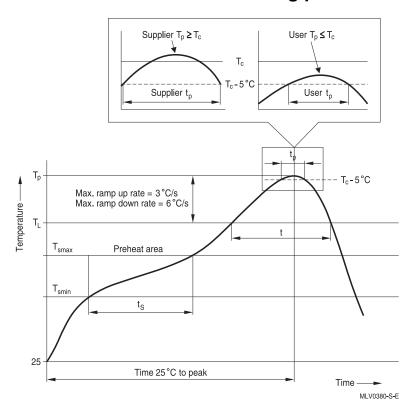
Dimensions in mm



## Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors

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## Recommended reflow soldering profile



Profile feature		SAC, Sn95.5Ag3.8Cu0.7 @ N <sub>2</sub> atmosphere
Preheat and soak		-
- Temperature min	T <sub>smin</sub>	+150 °C
- Temperature max	T <sub>smax</sub>	+200 °C
- Time	t <sub>smin</sub> to t <sub>smax</sub>	60 120 seconds
Average ramp-up rate	T <sub>L</sub> to T <sub>p</sub>	3 °C/ second max.
Liquidus temperature	T <sub>L</sub>	+217 °C
Time at liquidus temperature	t∟	60 150 seconds
Peak package body temperature	T <sub>p</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	245 °C 260 °C max. <sup>2)</sup>
Time (t <sub>p</sub> ) <sup>3)</sup> within +5 °C of specified		30 seconds <sup>3)</sup>
classification temperature (Tc)		
Average ramp-down rate	T <sub>p</sub> to T <sub>L</sub>	+6 °C/ second max.
Time +25 °C to peak temperature		maximum 8 minutes

- 1) Tolerance for peak profile temperature (Tp) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.
- 2) Depending on package thickness (cf. JEDEC J-STD-020D).
- 3) Tolerance for time at peak profile temperature (tp) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

#### Notes:

All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.

Max. number of reflow cycles: 3

After the soldering process, the capacitance is lowered. Applying  $V_R$  to the device will re-establish the capacitance. The proposed soldering profile is based on IEC 60068-2-58 (respectively JEDEC J-STD-020D) recommendations



## Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors

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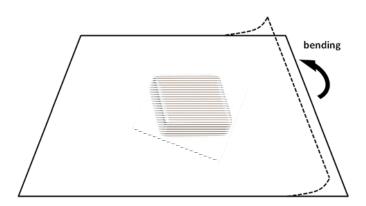
#### General technical information

#### Storage

- Only store CeraLink capacitors in their original packaging. Do not open the package prior to processing.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: temperature -25 °C to +45 °C, relative humidity ≤ 75% annual average, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Do not store CeraLink capacitors where they are exposed to heat or direct sunlight. Otherwise the packaging material may be deformed or CeraLink may stick together, causing problems during mounting.
- Avoid contamination of the CeraLink surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storing CeraLink devices in harmful environments where they are exposed to corrosive gases (e.g. SOx, CI).
- Use CeraLink as soon as possible after opening factory seals such as polyvinyl-sealed packages.
- Solder CeraLink components within 6 months after shipment.

#### Handling

- Do not drop CeraLink components or allow them to be chipped.
- Do not touch CeraLink with your bare hands gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of the CeraLink surface during handling.
- The CeraLink 2220 was tested to withstand the board flex test defined in the AEC-Q200 rev. D, method 005.
- The CeraLink 2220 uses a Copper-Nickel-Tin termination. Too much bending causes open mode. Avoid high mechanical stress like twisting after soldering on a PCB.





## Capacitors for fast-switching semiconductors

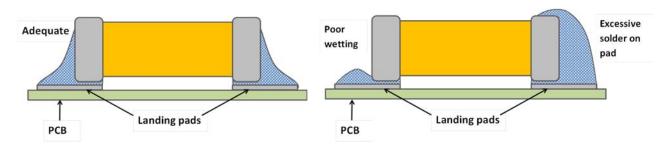
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#### Mounting

- Do not subject CeraLink devices to mechanical stress when encapsulating them with sealing material or overmolding with plastic material. Encapsulation may lead to worse heat dissipation too. Please ask for further information.
- Do not scratch the electrodes before, during or after the mounting process.
- Make sure contacts and housings used for assembly with CeraLink components are clean before mounting.
- The surface temperature of an operating CeraLink can be higher than the ambient temperature. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from a CeraLink to allow proper cooling.
- Avoid contamination of the CeraLink surface during processing.

#### Soldering

- The use of mild, non-activated fluxes for soldering is recommended, as well as proper cleaning of the PCB.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended to avoid surface contamination that can result in an instable and/or high leakage current.
- Use resin-type or non-activated flux.
- Bear in mind that insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended, otherwise a component may crack.
- Excessive usage of solder paste can reduce the mechanical robustness of the device, whereas insufficient solder may cause the CeraLink to detach from the PCB. Use an adequate amount of solder paste, but on the landing pads only.



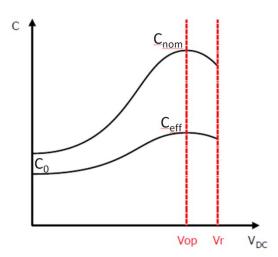
- If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or foreign particles may stick to the CeraLink surface and deteriorate its insulation resistance. Insufficient or improper cleaning of the CeraLink may cause damage to the component.
- Excessive washing like ultrasonic cleaning, can affect the connection between the ceramic chip and the outer electrode. To avoid this, we give the following recommendation:
  - Power: 20 W/I max.
  - Frequency: 40 kHz max.
  - Washing time: 5 minutes max.



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## **Glossary**



Initial capacitance  $C_0$ : Is the value at the origin of the hysteresis without any applied direct

voltage.

Effective capacitance C<sub>eff</sub>: Occurs at V<sub>op</sub> and is measured with an applied ripple voltage of

 $0.5~V_{\text{RMS}}$  and 1 kHz. The CeraLink is designed to have its highest

capacitance value at the operating voltage Vop.

Nominal capacitance C<sub>nom</sub>: Is the value derived by the tangent of the mean hysteresis as the

derivative of the mean hysteresis is dQ/dV ~ C.



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## Symbols and terms

AC Alternating current

C<sub>0</sub> Initial capacitance @ 0 V<sub>DC</sub>, 0.5 V<sub>RMS</sub>, 1 kHz, +25 °C

C<sub>eff,typ</sub> Typical effective capacitance @ V<sub>op</sub>, 0.5 V<sub>RMS</sub>, 1 kHz, +25 °C

C<sub>nom,typ</sub> Typical nominal capacitance @ V<sub>op</sub>, quasistatic, +25 °C. See glossary for

definition of the nominal capacitance

DC Direct current

ESL Equivalent serial inductance
ESR Equivalent serial resistance

I<sub>op</sub> Operating ripple current, root mean square value of sinusoidal AC current

LP Low profile

PCB Printed circuit board

PLZT Lead lanthanum zirconium titanate

 $R_{ins}$  Insulation resistance @  $V_{pk,max}$ , measurement time t = 7 s, +25 °C R<sub>ins, typ</sub> Insulation resistance @  $V_{op}$ , measurement time t > 240 s, +25 °C

SAC Tin silver copper alloy; lead-free solder paste

T<sub>amb</sub> Ambient temperature

tan  $\delta$  Dissipation factor @ 0 V<sub>DC</sub>, 0.5 V<sub>RMS</sub>,1 kHz, +25°C

 $T_{device}$  Device temperature.  $T_{device} = T_{amb} + \Delta T$  ( $\Delta T$  defines the self-heating of the device

due to applied current).

 $V_{\text{op}}$  Operating voltage at maximum attenuation capability  $V_{\text{R}}$  Rated voltage. Reference DC voltage for reliability tests.

V<sub>RMS</sub> Root mean square value of sinusoidal AC voltage

V<sub>pk,max</sub> Maximum peak operating voltage

ΔT Increase of temperature during operation



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## **Cautions and warnings**

#### General

Not for use in resonant circuits, where a voltage of alternating polarity occurs.

Not for AC applications. Consult our local representative for further details.

If used in snubber circuits, ensure that the sum of all voltages remains at the same polarity.

Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our CeraLink components for certain areas of application, including recommendations about incorporation/design-in of these products into customer applications. The statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements often made of our CeraLink devices in the particular areas. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our CeraLink components for a particular customer application. As a rule, TDK is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether the CeraLink devices with the properties described in the product specification are suitable for use in a particular customer application.

- Do not use CeraLink components for purposes not identified in our specifications.
- Ensure the suitability of a CeraLink in particular by testing it for reliability during design-in. Always evaluate a CeraLink component under worst-case conditions.
- Pay special attention to the reliability of CeraLink devices intended for use in safety-critical applications (e.g. medical equipment, automotive, spacecraft, nuclear power plant).

#### Design notes

- Consider derating at higher operating temperatures. As a rule, lower temperatures and voltages increase the life time of CeraLink devices.
- If steep surge current edges are to be expected, make sure your design is as low-inductive as possible.
- In some cases the malfunctioning of passive electronic components or failure before the end of their service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially when the malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention, life-saving systems, or automotive battery line applications such as clamp 30), ensure by suitable design of the application or other measures (e.g. installation of protective circuitry, fuse or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of such a malfunction or failure.
- Specified values only apply to CeraLink components that have not been subject to prior electrical, mechanical or thermal damage. The use of CeraLink devices in line-to-ground applications is therefore not advisable, and it is only allowed together with safety countermeasures such as thermal fuses.



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#### Operation

- Use CeraLink only within the specified operating temperature range.
- Use CeraLink only within specified voltage and current ranges.
- The CeraLink has to be operated in a dry atmosphere, which must not contain any additional chemical vapors or substances.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the CeraLink. Use the capacitors under normal atmospheric conditions only. A reduction of the oxygen partial pressure to below 1 mbar is not permissible.
- Prevent a CeraLink from contacting liquids and solvents.
- Avoid dewing and condensation.
- During operation, the CeraLink can produce audible noise due to its piezoelectric characteristic.
- CeraLink components are mainly designed for encased applications. Under all circumstances avoid exposure to:
  - o direct sunlight
  - o rain or condensation
  - o steam, saline spray
  - o corrosive gases
  - atmosphere with reduced oxygen content

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of the manufacturer.

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The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule we are either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether a product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
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- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
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#### Important notes

8. The trade names EPCOS, CeraCharge, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, ExoCore, FilterCap, FormFit, LeaXield, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PowerHap, PQSine, PQvar, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, ThermoFuse, WindCap are trademarks registered or pending in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/trademarks.

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NMC0603X5R475M6.3TRPF NMC0805NPO220J100TRPF NMC0805NPO270J50TRPF NMC0805NPO681F50TRPF

NMC0805NPO820J50TRPF NMC1206X7R102K50TRPF NMC1210Y5V105Z50TRPLPF NMC-L0402NPO7R0C50TRPF NMC-L0603NPO2R2B50TRPF NMC-P1206X7R103K1KVTRPLPF NMC-Q0402NPO8R2D200TRPF NPIS27H102MTRF C1206C101J1GAC

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