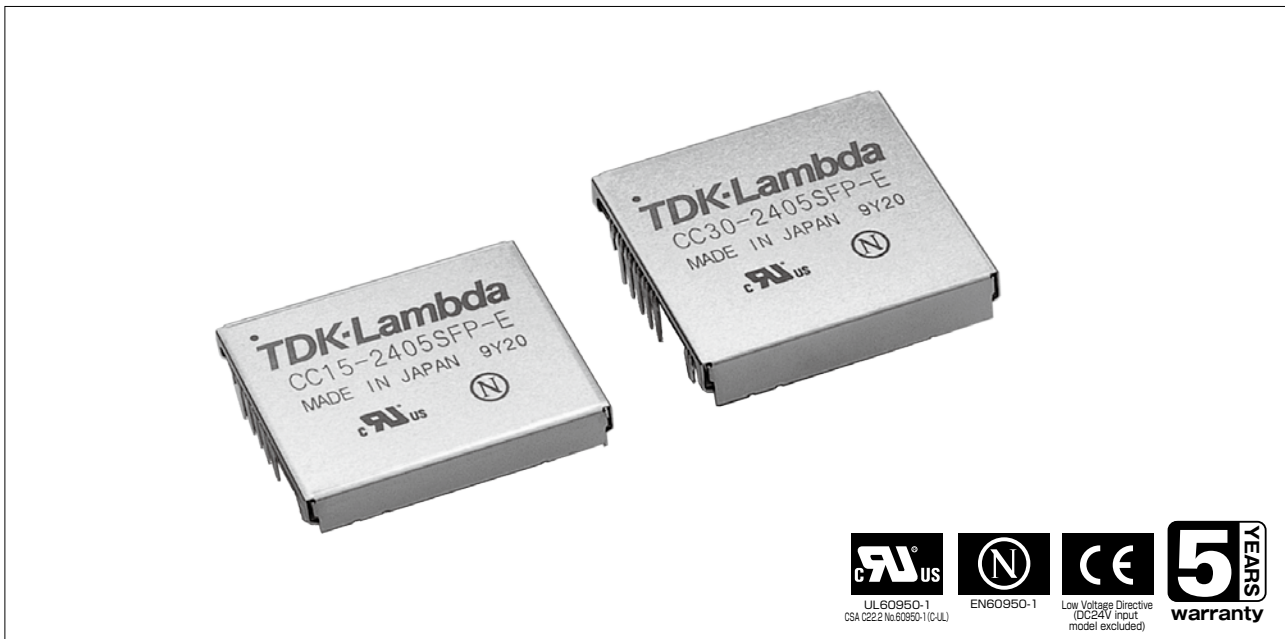


CC-P-E

Insulation type DC-DC converter



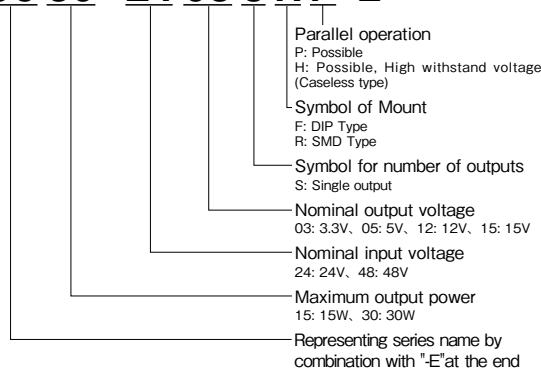
CC-P-E

Features

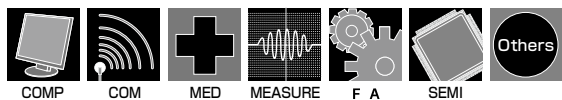
- Compact, High Efficiency
- Photo coupler unused
- Tantalum, aluminum electrolytic capacitors unused
- Remote ON/OFF function
- Alarm function
- Parallel operation capable, simultaneous/delayed start up functions
- Output overcurrent, overvoltage, low-voltage protection
- DIP insertion, SMD installation compatible
- Caseless type is high withstand voltage (1500VDC)
- UL60950-1, CSA C22.2 No.60950-1(C-UL), and EN60950-1(NEMKO) recognition.

Model-naming method

CC 30 - 24 05 S R P - E



Applications



Conformity to RoHS Directive

Product Line up

| Output power | Input power | Output voltage : 3.3V | | | | | | Output voltage : 5V | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | Output current | Model name | | | | Output current | Model name | | | | | |
| | | | DIP type | SMD type | High withstand voltage(Caseless) | | | DIP type | SMD type | High withstand voltage(Caseless) | | | |
| 15W | 24V | 4.5A | CC15-2403SFP-E | CC15-2403SRP-E | CC15-2403SFH-E | CC15-2403SRH-E | 3A | CC15-2405SFP-E | CC15-2405SRP-E | CC15-2405SFH-E | CC15-2405SRH-E | | |
| | 48V | 4.5A | CC15-4803SFP-E | CC15-4803SRP-E | CC15-4803SFH-E | CC15-4803SRH-E | 3A | CC15-4805SFP-E | CC15-4805SRP-E | CC15-4805SFH-E | CC15-4805SRH-E | | |
| 30W | 24V | 9A | CC30-2403SFP-E | CC30-2403SRP-E | CC30-2403SFH-E | CC30-2403SRH-E | 6A | CC30-2405SFP-E | CC30-2405SRP-E | CC30-2405SFH-E | CC30-2405SRH-E | | |
| | 48V | 9A | CC30-4803SFP-E | CC30-4803SRP-E | CC30-4803SFH-E | CC30-4803SRH-E | 6A | CC30-4805SFP-E | CC30-4805SRP-E | CC30-4805SFH-E | CC30-4805SRH-E | | |

| Output power | Input power | Output voltage : 12V | | | | | | Output voltage : 15V | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | Output current | Model name | | | | Output current | Model name | | | | | |
| | | | DIP type | SMD type | High withstand voltage(Caseless) | | | DIP type | SMD type | High withstand voltage(Caseless) | | | |
| 15W | 24V | 1.25A | CC15-2412SFP-E | CC15-2412SRP-E | CC15-2412SFH-E | CC15-2412SRH-E | 1A | CC15-2415SFP-E | CC15-2415SRP-E | CC15-2415SFH-E | CC15-2415SRH-E | | |
| | 48V | 1.25A | CC15-4812SFP-E | CC15-4812SRP-E | CC15-4812SFH-E | CC15-4812SRH-E | 1A | CC15-4815SFP-E | CC15-4815SRP-E | CC15-4815SFH-E | CC15-4815SRH-E | | |
| 30W | 24V | 2.5A | CC30-2412SFP-E | CC30-2412SRP-E | CC30-2412SFH-E | CC30-2412SRH-E | 2A | CC30-2415SFP-E | CC30-2415SRP-E | CC30-2415SFH-E | CC30-2415SRH-E | | |
| | 48V | 2.5A | CC30-4812SFP-E | CC30-4812SRP-E | CC30-4812SFH-E | CC30-4812SRH-E | 2A | CC30-4815SFP-E | CC30-4815SRP-E | CC30-4815SFH-E | CC30-4815SRH-E | | |

CC15-P-E Specifications

| ITEMS/UNITS | | MODEL | CC15-2403Sxx-E | CC15-2405Sxx-E | CC15-2412Sxx-E | CC15-2415Sxx-E | CC15-4803Sxx-E | CC15-4805Sxx-E | CC15-4812Sxx-E | CC15-4815Sxx-E |
|-------------|----------------------------------|------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Input | Nominal Voltage | V | DC24.0 | | | | DC48.0 | | | |
| | Voltage Range | V | DC18 - 36 | | | | DC36 - 76 | | | |
| | Efficiency (typ) | (*) % | 89 | 90 | 89 | 89 | 90 | 89 | 89 | 89 |
| | Current (typ) | (*) A | 0.7 | 0.69 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| | Start-Up Voltage | V | DC16 - 18 | | | | DC32 - 36 | | | |
| | Hysteresis Voltage | V | DC1min | | | | DC2min | | | |
| Output | Nominal Voltage | VDC | 3.3 | 5 | 12 | 15 | 3.3 | 5 | 12 | 15 |
| | Maximum Current | A | 4.5 | 3 | 1.25 | 1 | 4.5 | 3 | 1.25 | 1 |
| | Output Voltage Setting | (*) % | ± 1% of nominal output voltage | | | | | | | |
| | Max Power Total Regulation (max) | % | +5%, -3% | | | | | | | |
| | Maximum Ripple & Noise | (*)2 mVp-p | Vo:3.3V, 5V / 50 ,Vo:12V, 15V / 150 | | | | | | | |
| | Start-Up Time | ms | 20 - 100 | | | | | | | |
| Function | Over Current Protection | A | Works over 103% of maximum current | | | | | | | |
| | Over Voltage Protection | VDC | Works at 115 - 145% of rating | | | | | | | |
| | Low Voltage Protection | VDC | Works at 90% max of rating | | | | | | | |
| | Remote ON/OFF Control | | Possible (RC open:On, RC connected to +Vin:Off) | | | | | | | |
| Environment | Operating Temperature | °C | -40 - +85 | | | | | | | |
| | Storage Temperature | °C | -40 - +85 | | | | | | | |
| | Operating Humidity | % RH | 5-95 (the conditions of maximum 38° C in wet bulb temperature and non-condensation should be ensured.) | | | | | | | |
| | Storage Humidity | % RH | 5-95 (the conditions of maximum 38° C in wet bulb temperature and non-condensation should be ensured.) | | | | | | | |
| | Vibration | | 10-55Hz, 15 minutes sweep and 1.52mm total amplitude, 3 directions, 2h for each | | | | | | | |
| | Shock | | 980m/s ² (100G), 6ms, 6 directions, 3 times for each, in non-operation | | | | | | | |
| Isolation | Withstand Voltage | | With case/ Input - output :DC1000V or AC500V 1 minute, Cutoff current = 100mA (20 ± 15° C) With case/ Input - case :DC500V or AC500V 1 minute, Cutoff current = 10mA (20 ± 15° C) With case/ Output - case :DC500V or AC500V 1 minute, Cutoff current = 10mA (20 ± 15° C) Caseless/ Input - output :DC1500V 1 minute (20 ± 15° C) | | | | | | | |
| | Isolation Resistance | | With case/ Input - output, Input - case, Output - case : DC500V 50M Ω min (20 ± 15° C) Caseless/ Input - output : DC500V 50M Ω min (20 ± 15° C) | | | | | | | |
| Standards | Safety Standards | | UL60950-1, CSA C22.2 No.60950-1(C-UL), EN60950-1(NEMKO) | | | | | | | |
| Mechanical | Weight (typ) | g | With case : 12.5typ, Caseless : 8typ | | | | | | | |
| | Size (W × H × D) | mm | With case : DIP : 38.4 × 6.8 × 29.6, SMD : 39.9 × 6.8 × 29.6 Caseless : DIP : 37.9 × 5.0 × 27.6, SMD : 39.9 × 5.0 × 27.6 | | | | | | | |

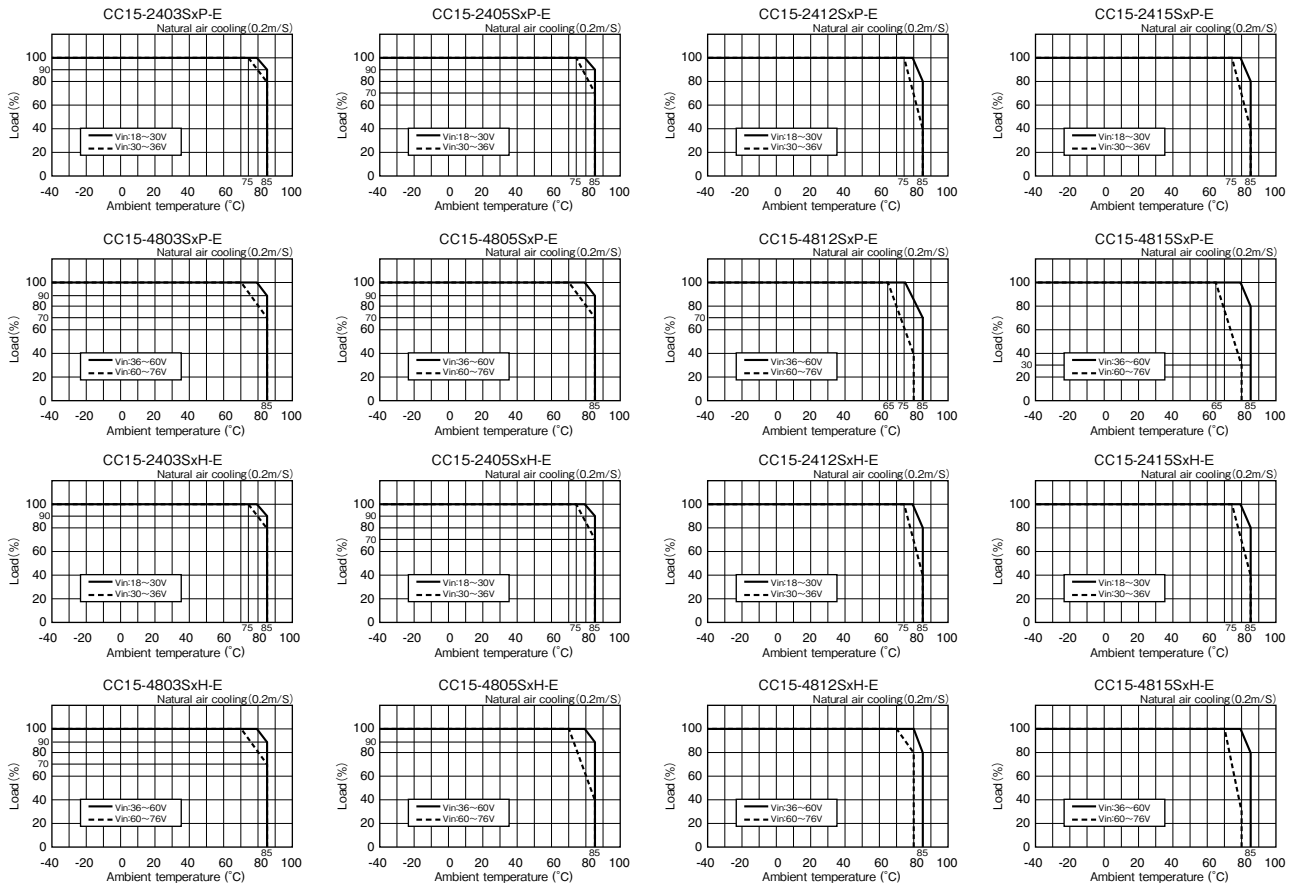
Note: "x" in model names is to be replaced by a symbol which represents the terminal configuration (F : DIP / R :SMD) and with or without the metal case (P : with case /H : caseless) for actual model names.

Note: With nominal input/output voltage, maximum output current, and Ta=25°C , if not specified separately.

(*)1 With nominal input voltage, maximum output current, and Ta=25°C .

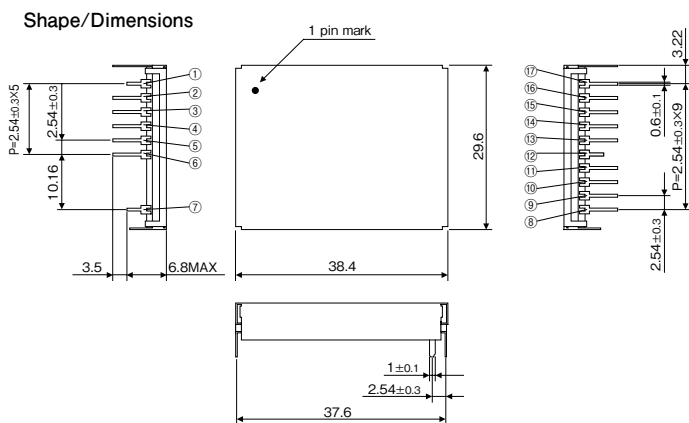
(*)2 In 100MHz, Ta=25°C

Derating Curve

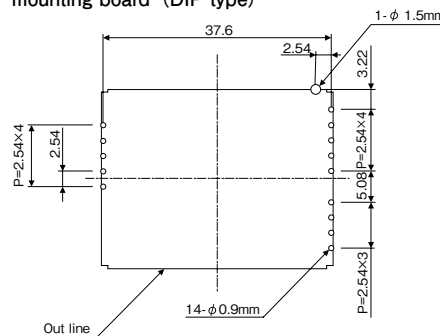


Outline Drawing

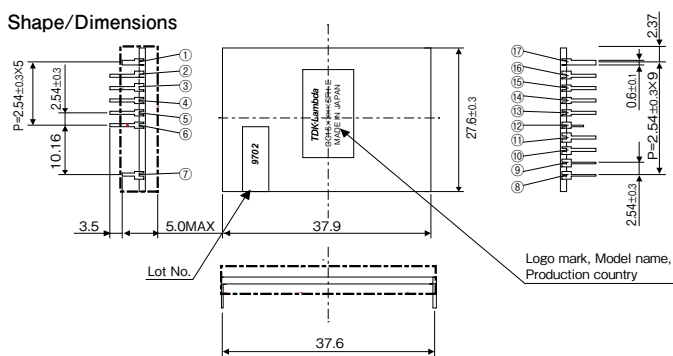
CC15-xxxxSFP-E (DIP type)



Recommended measurements for mounting board (DIP type)

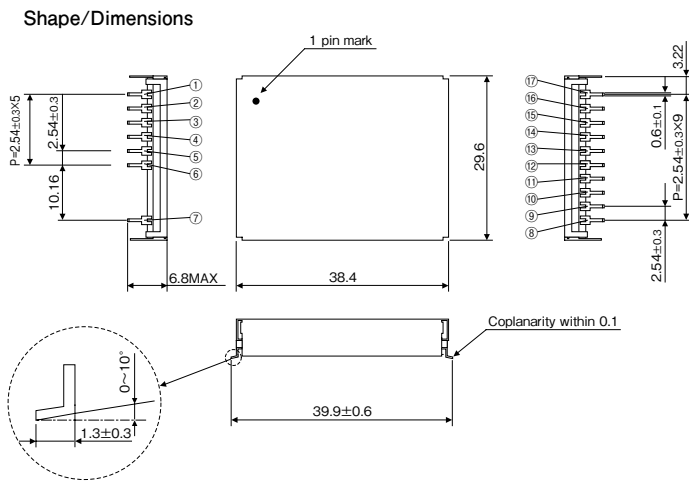


CC15-xxxxSFH-E (DIP type)

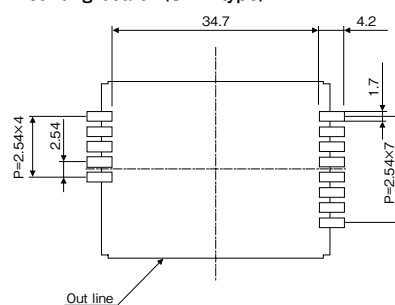


Unit: mm
 Allowable tolerance is ±0.5 if not specified separately.
 Terminal thickness : 0.3±0.1

CC15-xxxxSRP-E (SMD type)

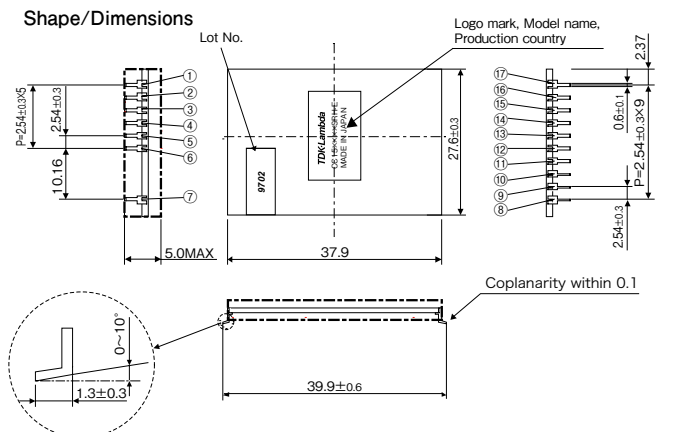


Recommended measurements for mounting board (SMD type)



Unit: mm
 Allowable tolerance is ±0.5 if not specified separately.
 Terminal thickness : 0.3±0.1

CC15-xxxxSRH-E (SMD type)



Terminal connections

| Terminal pin No. | Pin name | Function |
|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| No.1 | Sto p p e r | Stopper |
| No.2 | + V o u t | +DC output |
| No.3 | + V o u t | +DC output |
| No.4 | + V o u t | +DC output |
| No.5 | - V o u t | -DC output |
| No.6 | - V o u t | -DC output |
| No.7 | Sto p p e r | Stopper |
| No.8 | N C | Not connected |
| No.9 | A L M | Alarm |
| No.10 | R C | Remote control |
| No.11 | P O | Start in / out |
| No.12 | Sto p p e r | Stopper |
| No.13 | + V i n | +DC input |
| No.14 | + V i n | +DC input |
| No.15 | - V i n | -DC input |
| No.16 | - V i n | -DC input |
| No.17 | N C | Not connected |

CC30-P-E Specifications (ご使用前にご覧ください)

| ITEMS/UNITS | | MODEL | CC30-2403Sxx-E | CC30-2405Sxx-E | CC30-2412Sxx-E | CC30-2415Sxx-E | CC30-4803Sxx-E | CC30-4805Sxx-E | CC30-4812Sxx-E | CC30-4815Sxx-E | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Input | Nominal Voltage | V | DC24.0 | | | | DC48.0 | | | | |
| | Voltage Range | V | DC18 - 36 | | | | DC36 - 76 | | | | |
| | Efficiency (typ) | (*) % | 91.5 | 92 | | | | 92.5 | | 92 | |
| | Current (typ) | (*) A | 1.36 | | | | 0.67 | 0.68 | | | |
| | Start-Up Voltage | V | DC16 - 18 | | | | DC32 - 36 | | | | |
| | Hysteresis Voltage | V | DC1min | | | | DC2min | | | | |
| Output | Nominal Voltage | VDC | 3.3 | 5 | 12 | 15 | 3.3 | 5 | 12 | 15 | |
| | Maximum Current | A | 9 | 6 | 2.5 | 2 | 9 | 6 | 2.5 | 2 | |
| | Output Voltage Setting | (*) % | ± 1% of nominal output voltage | | | | | | | | |
| | Max Power Total Regulation (max) | % | +5%, -3% | | | | | | | | |
| | Maximum Ripple & Noise | (*) mVp-p | Vo:3.3V, 5V / 50, Vo:12V, 15V / 150 | | | | | | | | |
| | Start-Up Time | ms | 20 - 100 | | | | | | | | |
| Function | Over Current Protection | A | Works over 103% of maximum current | | | | | | | | |
| | Over Voltage Protection | VDC | Works at 115 - 145% of rating | | | | | | | | |
| | Low Voltage Protection | VDC | Works at 90% max of rating | | | | | | | | |
| | Remote ON/OFF Control | | Possible (RC open:On, RC connected to +Vin:Off) | | | | | | | | |
| Environment | Operating Temperature | °C | -40 - +85 | | | | | | | | |
| | Storage Temperature | °C | -40 - +85 | | | | | | | | |
| | Operating Humidity | % RH | 5-95 (the conditions of maximum 38° C in wet bulb temperature and non-condensation should be ensured.) | | | | | | | | |
| | Storage Humidity | % RH | 5-95 (the conditions of maximum 38° C in wet bulb temperature and non-condensation should be ensured.) | | | | | | | | |
| | Vibration | | 10-55Hz, 15 minutes sweep and 1.52mm total amplitude, 3 directions, 2h for each | | | | | | | | |
| | Shock | | 980m/s ² (100G), 6ms, 6 directions, 3 times for each, in non-operation | | | | | | | | |
| Isolation | Withstand Voltage | | With case/ Input - output : DC1000V or AC500V 1 minute, Cutoff current = 100mA (20 ± 15°) With case/ Input - case : DC500V or AC500V 1 minute, Cutoff current = 10mA (20 ± 15°) With case/ Output - case : DC500V or AC500V 1 minute, Cutoff current = 10mA (20 ± 15°) Caseless/ Input - output : DC1500V 1 minute (20 ± 15°) | | | | | | | | |
| | Isolation Resistance | | With case/ Input - output, Input - case, Output - case : DC500V 50M Ω min (20 ± 15°) Caseless/ Input - output : DC500V 50M Ω min (20 ± 15°) | | | | | | | | |
| Standards | Safety Standards | | UL60950-1, CSA C22.2 No.60950-1(C-UL), EN60950-1(NEMKO) | | | | | | | | |
| Mechanical | Weight (typ) | g | With case : 18typ, Caseless : 13.5typ | | | | | | | | |
| | Size (W × H × D) | mm | With case : DIP : 38.4 × 8.3 × 33.5, SMD : 39.9 × 8.3 × 33.5 Caseless : DIP : 37.9 × 6.5 × 31.6, SMD : 39.9 × 6.5 × 31.6 | | | | | | | | |

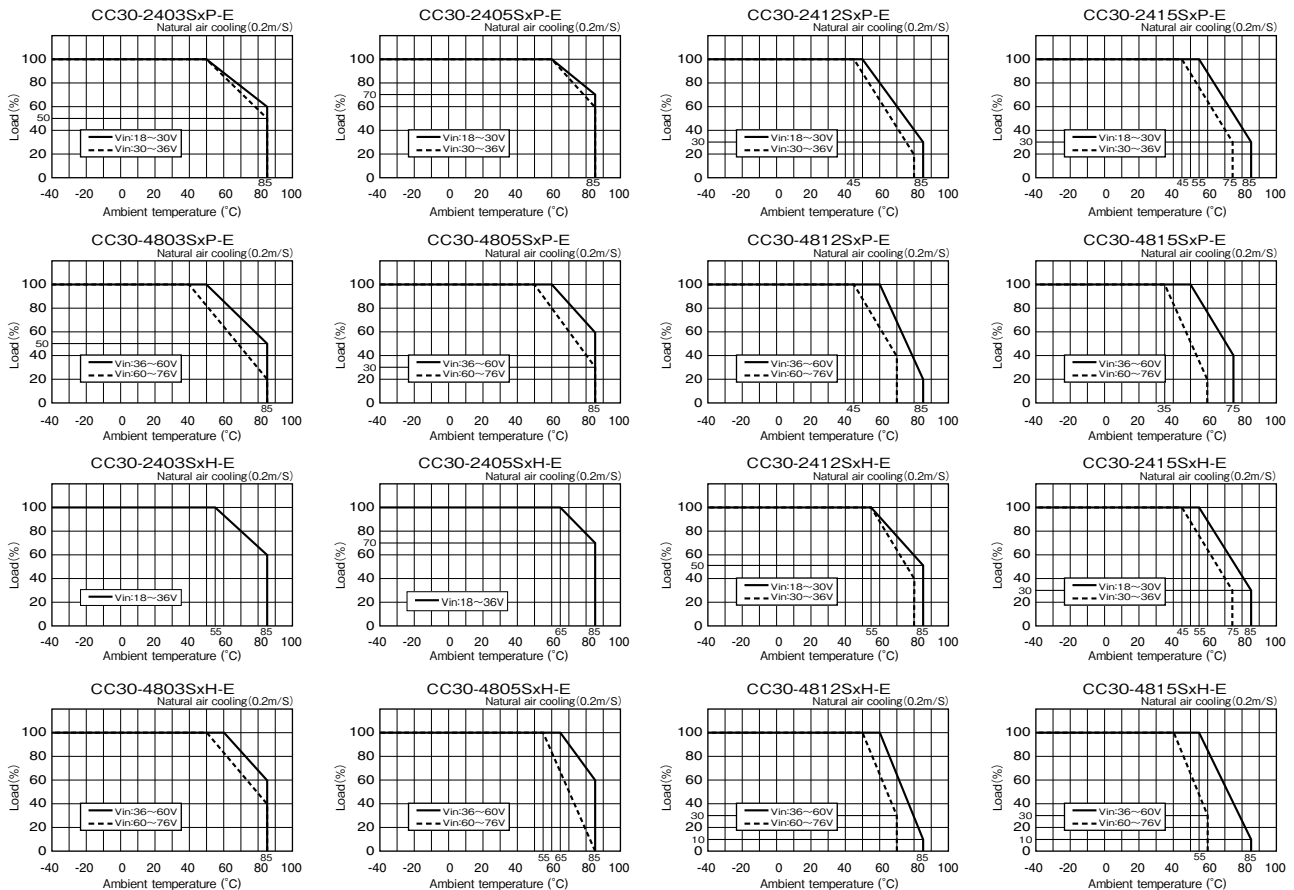
Note: "x" in model names is to be replaced by a symbol which represents the terminal configuration (F : DIP / R :SMD) and with or without the metal case (P : with case / H : caseless) for actual model names.

Note: With nominal input/output voltage, maximum output current, and Ta=25°C, if not specified separately.

(*)1 With nominal input voltage, maximum output current, and Ta=25°C.

(*)2 In 100MHz, Ta=25°C

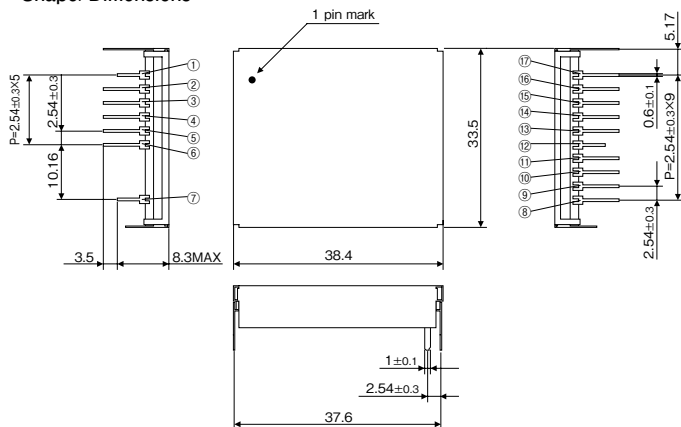
Derating Curve



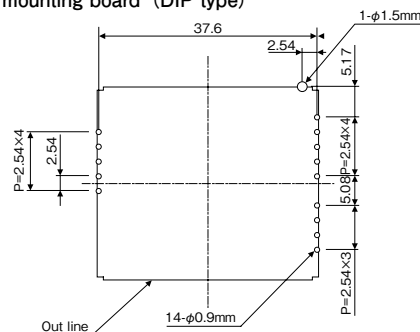
Outline Drawing

CC30-xxxxSFP-E (DIP type)

Shape/Dimensions

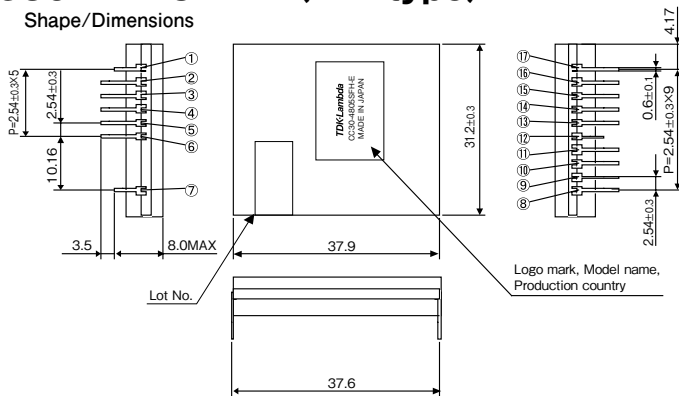


Recommended measurements for mounting board (DIP type)



CC30-xxxxSFH-E (DIP type)

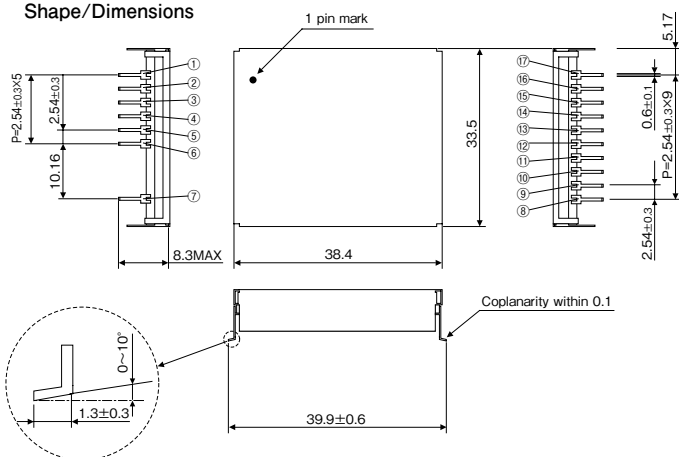
Shape/Dimensions



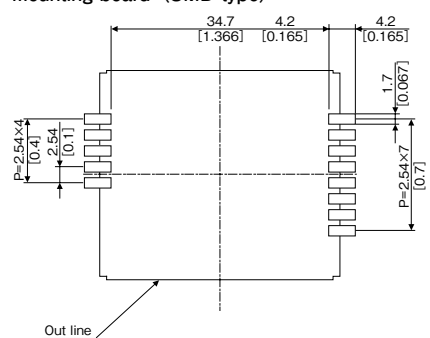
Unit: mm
 Allowable tolerance is ±0.5 if not specified separately.
 Terminal thickness : 0.3±0.1

CC30-xxxxSRP-E (SMD type)

Shape/Dimensions



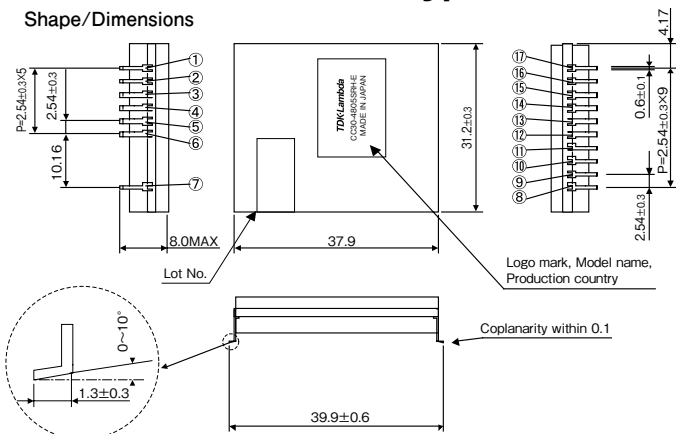
Recommended measurements for mounting board (SMD type)



Unit: mm
 Allowable tolerance is ±0.5 if not specified separately.
 Terminal thickness : 0.3±0.1

CC30-xxxxSRH-E (SMD type)

Shape/Dimensions

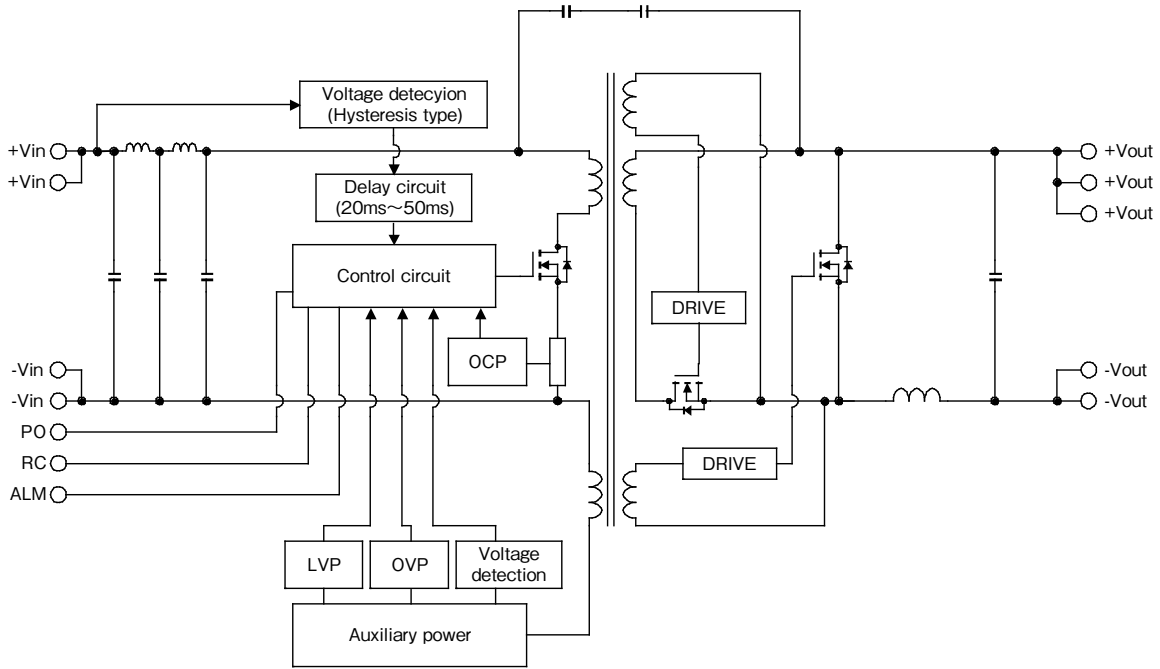


Terminal connections

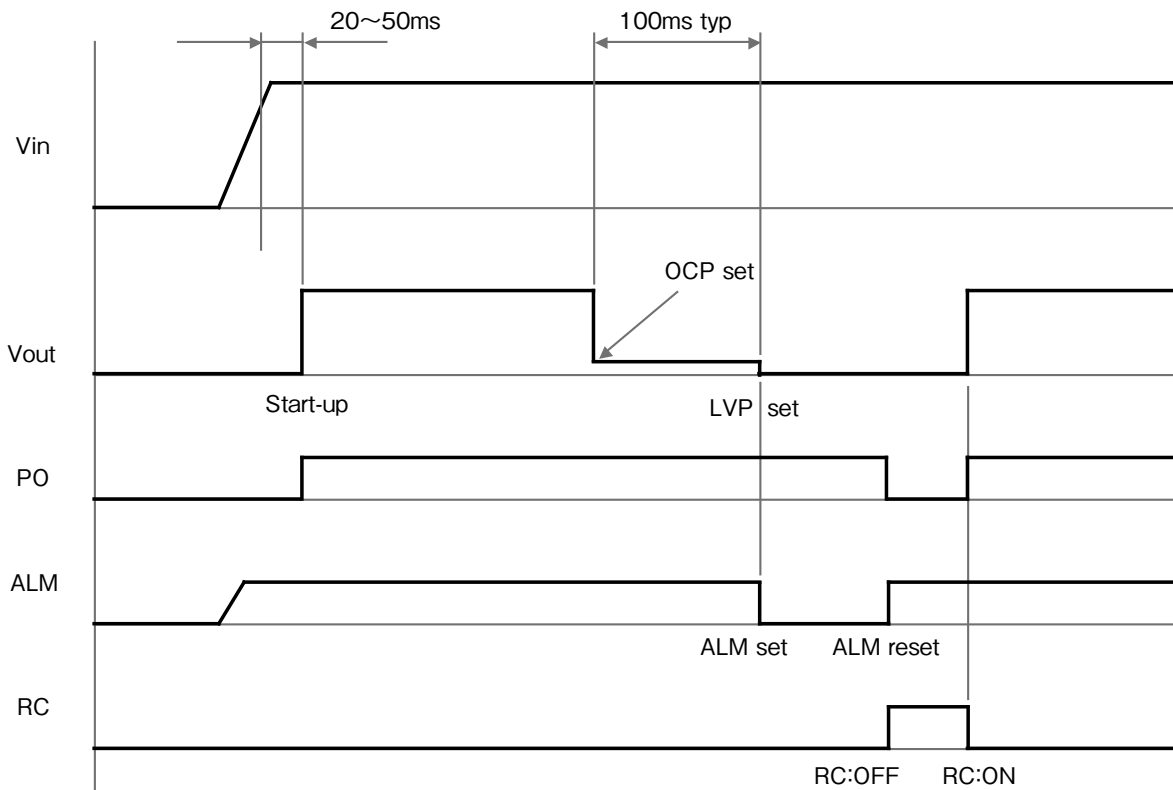
| Terminal pin No. | Pin name | Function |
|------------------|--------------|----------------|
| No.1 | St o p p e r | Stopper |
| No.2 | + V o u t | +DC output |
| No.3 | + V o u t | +DC output |
| No.4 | + V o u t | +DC output |
| No.5 | - V o u t | -DC output |
| No.6 | - V o u t | -DC output |
| No.7 | St o p p e r | Stopper |
| No.8 | N C | Not connected |
| No.9 | A L M | Alarm |
| No.10 | R C | Remote control |
| No.11 | P O | Start in / out |
| No.12 | St o p p e r | Stopper |
| No.13 | + V i n | +DC input |
| No.14 | + V i n | +DC input |
| No.15 | - V i n | -DC input |
| No.16 | - V i n | -DC input |
| No.17 | N C | Not connected |

• All specifications are subject to change without notice.

Block Diagram



Sequence Time Chart



CC-P-E Series Instruction Manual

1. Standard Connection Method

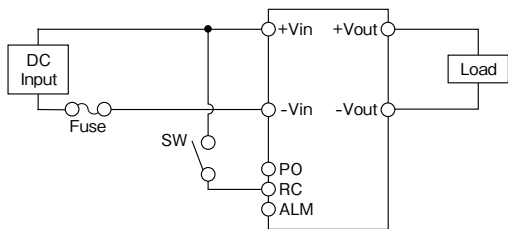


Fig.1 Connection Method

- When not using the Remote Control function, use it with either the RC terminal open or connected to the -Vin terminal.
- When not using the Alarm function, use it with the ALM terminal in an open condition.
- Use the PO terminal for controlling multiple unit operation (series, parallel operation etc.). For single unit operation, use the PO terminal in an open condition.
- The converter is to be operated exclusively on DC input. Use of AC input will cause damage.

2. Input / Output Line Connection

1 Fuse

Because there is no built-in fuse, use an external fuse in accordance with Table 2-1.

In addition, when supplying input voltage from one DC power supply to multiple DC-DC converters, attach a fast breaking fuse to the input of each converter upon use.

- Put the fuse on the +Vin side when the -Vin side is used for GND, and on the -Vin side when the +Vin side is used for GND.
- When a fuse breaks, the Alarm Signal does not operate.

Table 2-1 Recommended Fuse Capacity

| | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Converter Type | CC15-24xxSxx-E | CC30-24xxSxx-E |
| Fuse Capacity | 2A | 4A |
| Converter Type | CC15-48xxSxx-E | CC30-48xxSxx-E |
| Fuse Capacity | 1A | 2A |

2 Input Side External Capacitor

This converter is equipped with a capacitor on the input side and does not need an external capacitor to be attached to the input terminal side when the length of the line connection from the DC power source is short (less than 1 meter is estimated).

However, when the line to the input terminal is long, or when the inductance increases, operation may become unstable, therefore insert external capacitor C_{in} between the +Vin and -Vin terminals.

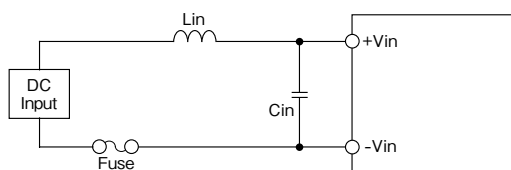


Fig.2-2-1 C_{in} is necessary when an inductance filter is inserted in the input line.

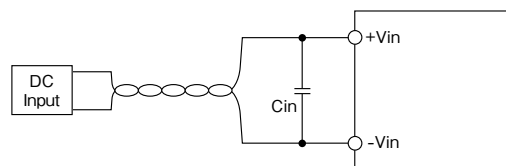


Fig.2-2-2 C_{in} is necessary when the input line is long.

Table 2-2 Recommended External Capacitor C_{in} Values

| | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Converter Type | CC15-24xxSxx-E | CC30-24xxSxx-E |
| Recommended C_{in} Value | 33uF | 68uF |
| Converter Type | CC15-48xxSxx-E | CC30-48xxSxx-E |
| Recommended C_{in} Value | 10uF | 22uF |

This converter has a built-in input filter circuit, in addition, by connecting an input filter as shown in Figure 2-2-3, input ripple noise voltage (conducted emission noise) can be decreased.

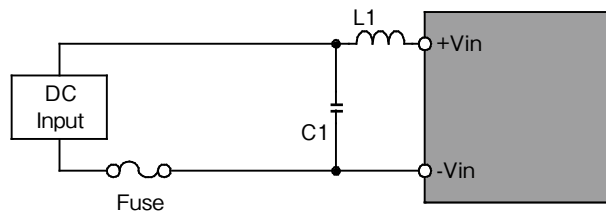


Fig. 2-2-3 Connection Diagram for Input Ripple Noise Reduction Filter

3 Prevention of Reverse Connection

This converter does not have a protection circuit to protect against an input voltage reverse polarity connection. Damage may occur if reverse polarity voltage is applied to the input terminal. When the possibility of the application of reverse polarity voltage exists, attach an external protection circuit as shown in Figure 2-3.

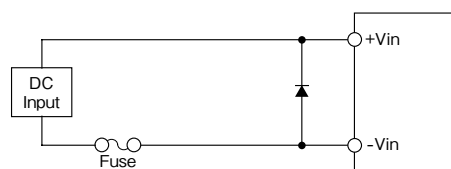


Fig.2-3 Reverse Connection Prevention Circuit

4 Output Side External Capacitor

When connecting a pulse load to this converter, connect capacitor Cout between the +Vout and -Vout terminals.

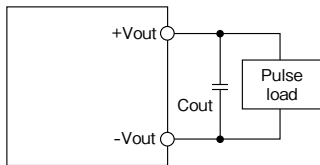


Fig.2-4 Output Side External Capacitor Connection Method

Table2-4 Recommended External Capacitor Cout Values

| Converter Type | CCxx-xx03Sxx-E | CCxx-xx12Sxx-E |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | CCxx-xx05Sxx-E (3.3V, 5V Output) | CCxx-xx15Sxx-E (12V, 15V Output) |
| Recommended Cout Value | 22 ~ 4700uF | 22 ~ 2200uF |

5 Output Ripple Noise Voltage Measurement Method

When measuring the output ripple noise voltage of this converter, the value differs greatly, depending on the measurement method. Measurement is to be made close to the output terminal, do not make a loop when connecting the probe in order to avoid picking up magnetic flux. Also,

note that the measured value will vary greatly as a result of the frequency band of the ripple voltmeter or oscilloscope used for measuring. The TDK ripple noise measurement is External capacitor Cout may influence the output ripple voltage by the ESR and ESL and inductance of the wiring. In particular, caution is required if low ESR ceramic capacitors, etc. are connected, resonance will occur between the capacitor and the wiring inductance and the ripple component may increase according to the method shown in Figure 2-5.

External capacitor Cout may influence the output ripple voltage by the ESR and ESL and inductance of the wiring. In particular, caution is required if low ESR ceramic capacitors, etc. are connected, resonance will occur between the capacitor and the wiring inductance and the ripple component may increase.

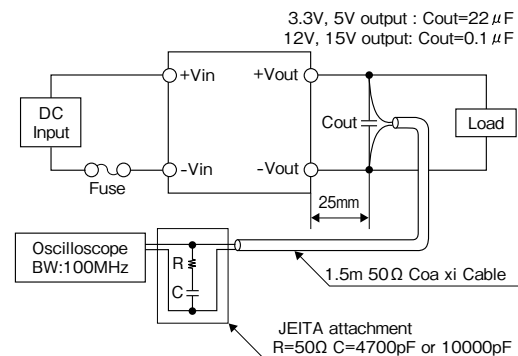


Fig.2-5 Ripple Noise Voltage Measurement Circuit

3. Terminal Function / Protection Function / Series Connection · Parallel Connection

1 Remote Control(RC Terminal)

When the input voltage is in an ON condition, the RC terminal can be used to control output ON/OFF. When not using the Remote Control function, either open the RC terminal or connect it to the -Vin terminal. We recommend connection to the -Vin terminal in order to prevent malfunction caused by noise.

Table 3-1-1 RC Terminal Specifications 1

| +Vin - RC Voltage (VRC1) | Output Condition |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Open | ON |
| $0 \leq VRC1 \leq 1.2V$ or Short | OFF |

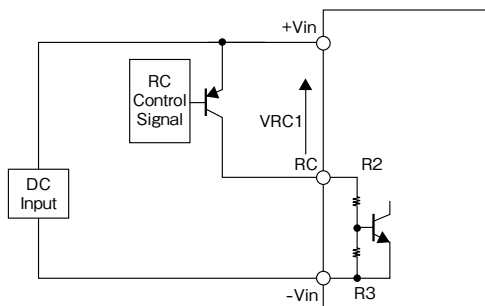


Fig.3-1-1 RC Terminal Connection Method 1

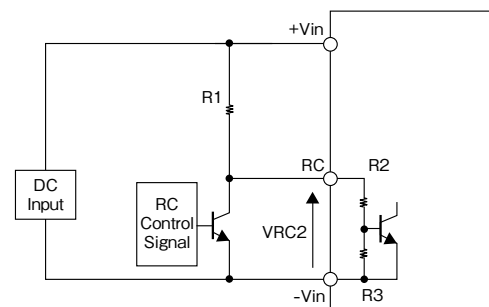


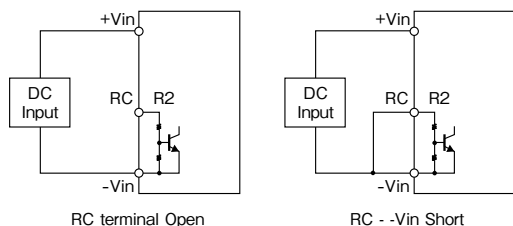
Fig.3-1-2 RC Terminal Connection Method 2

| Converter Type | CCxx-24xxSxx-E | CCxx-48xxSxx-E |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| R1 Recommended Value | 22kΩ | 220kΩ |
| R2 (Typical) | 91kΩ | 194kΩ |
| R3 (Typical) | 15kΩ | 47kΩ |

Table 3-1-2 RC Terminal Specifications 2

| RC - Vin Voltage (VRC2) | Output Condition |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| $0 \leq VRC2 \leq 1.2V$ or Short | ON |
| $10V \leq VRC2$ or Open | OFF |

When a connection method as shown in Fig. 3-1-1 is used, and if capacitance exists between the +Vin and RC terminals, there is the possibility of the RC terminal voltage becoming unstable because of the capacitance in the case when the input voltage is changed suddenly (it becomes a factor causing malfunction).



In that case, we recommend the connection method shown in Fig. 3-1-1. In addition, the rating of the external transistor used is as follows: Vce: greater than the Vin, Ic: minimum 10mA.

2 Over-Current Protection(OCP) & Low-Voltage Protection(LVP)

These converters are equipped with built-in over-current protection and low-voltage protection circuits.

When the output current exceeds the over-current setting point the over-current protection circuit operates and the output voltage begins to fall. When the output voltage falls below 90% of the rated voltage, the low-voltage protection circuit operates and shuts down the output.

There is a time lag of approx. 100 ms from the time the LVP circuit detects an abnormality until the output is shut down. When the output shuts down, the alarm signal operates.

When the output shuts down and operation stops, after the cause of the over-current or low-voltage is removed, recovery can be achieved either by restarting the input power source or by using the remote control function.

3 Over-Voltage Protection

These converters are equipped with a built-in over-voltage protection circuit.

When the output voltage becomes 115%-145% of the rated voltage, the over-voltage protection circuit operates.

When the output current is less than 50% of the rated current, depending on the failure mode, operation at voltage exceeding the upper limit may occur.

When the output shuts down, the alarm signal operates.

When the output shuts down and operation stops, after the cause of the over-current or low-voltage is removed, recovery can be achieved either by restarting the input power source or by using the remote control function.

4 Alarm(ALM Terminal)

By means of the ALM terminal the presence / absence of an abnormal state can be monitored.

When not using the alarm output function, set the ALM terminal in the open condition.

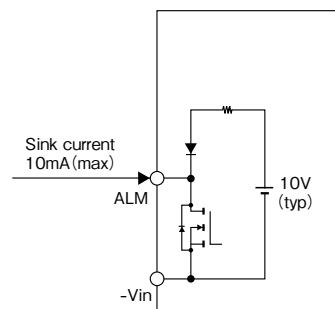


Fig.3-4 Alarm Terminal Internal Circuit

- When the output turns OFF as a result of over-current protection, low-voltage protection, over-voltage protection, the Alarm Signal will operate. At that time, the ALM terminal voltage is L level (the -Vin terminal is 0.3V or less).
- When multiple units are operated in series or in parallel, etc., and the ALM terminals are connected together, when an abnormality occurs and the alarm signal operates in 1 unit, the other connected units can be stopped.
- Converters having different output voltages can be connected. (This applies only to converters belonging to this series).
- Use the ALM terminal at a maximum sink current of 10mA.
- The maximum number of units to which the ALM terminal can be connected is 20 units.

5 Simultaneous Start-Up / Stop (PO Terminal)

By means of the PO terminal, the start-up / stop timing of multiple converter units can be synchronized.

To do so, connect the PO terminals to each other.

When not using the simultaneous start-up / stop function, set the PO terminal in the open position.

- Converters having different output voltages can be connected. (This applies only to converters belonging to this series).
- The maximum number of units to which the PO terminal can be connected is 20 units.

6 Series Operation

For this converter series, it is possible to operate models of the same type in series.

The maximum number of converters which can be operated in series is 2.

When using series operation, connect the +Vin terminal, -Vin terminal, PO terminal and ALM terminal of each converter to the same terminal of the other.

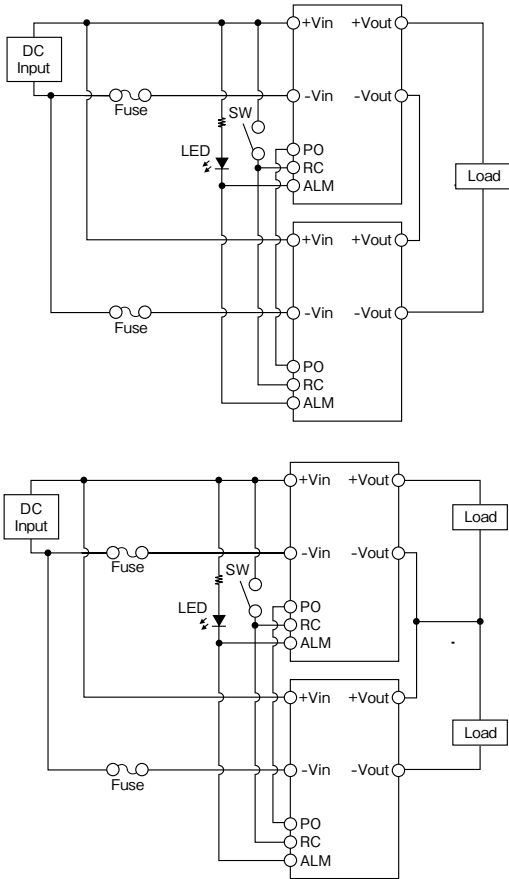


Fig.3-6 Example Series Operation Connection

7 Parallel Operation

For this converter series, it is possible to operate models of the same type in parallel.

- The maximum number of converters which can be operated in parallel is 10.
- When using parallel operation, connect the PO terminal and ALM terminal of each converter to the same terminal of the other.
- As much as possible, insure that the width, length and material of the wiring used for connecting each converter to the load are identical. There is the possibility that the current balance will collapse if there is a difference in the wiring from each respective converter to the load.

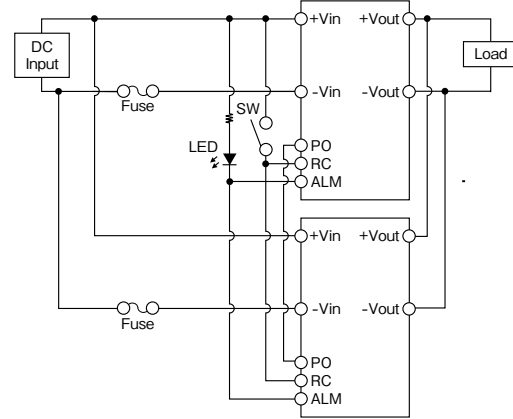


Fig.3-7 Example Parallel Operation Connection

4. Soldering conditions / Cleaning conditions / Installation Method

1 Soldering conditions

[DIP models]

Perform soldering of the converter to the board according to the conditions shown in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1 Solder Conditions for DIP Models

| Method | Condition |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| Solder dip | 260°C, 10s max., 1 time |
| Soldering copper | 380°C, 3s max., 1 time/PIN |

[SMD models]

Lead free solder / high temperature reflow process conditions are shown in Fig.4-1.

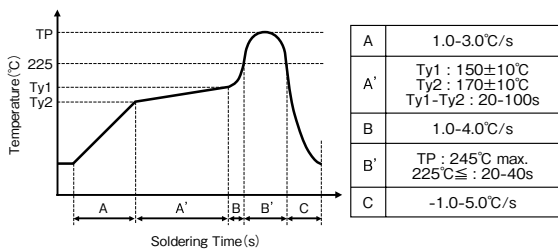


Fig.4-1 Reflow Process Conditions for SMD Models

The reflow must be 1 time only.

2 Cleaning method

Board cleaning after soldering is not recommended. However, the cleaning fluids and conditions shown in the table below have been tested and proved to have no problem. These fluids and conditions can be used. Consult us for using cleaning fluids other than those shown below.

Cleaning fluids and test conditions

Isopropyl alcohol

- (1) Ultrasonic waves at 60°C for 1 minute
- (2) Cool bath cleaning R.T. for 1 minute
- (3) Vapor cleaning at 83°C for 1 minute

3 Installation Method

When installing the converter on the board, avoid having trace pattern, etc. in the slanted line area shown in Figure 4-2 because there is the possibility of an insulation defect occurring.

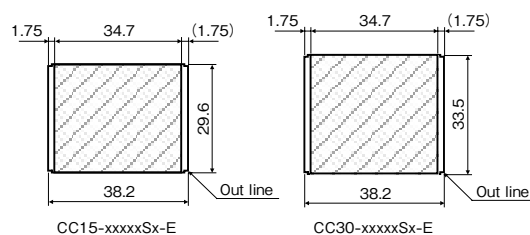


Fig.4-2 Trace Pattern Prohibited Area

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