

ZHCSBV8A - AUGUST 2013 - REVISED DECEMBER 2013

# 电力线通信模拟前端

# 特性

- 支持:
  - CENELEC A, B, C, D 频带
  - ARIB STD-T84, FCC
  - FSK, SFSK 和 NB-OFDM
- 符合:
  - EN50065-1, -2, -3, -7
  - 美国联邦通信委员会 (FCC),第 15 部分
  - ARIB STD-T84
- 标准:
  - G3, PRIME, P1901.2, ITU-G.hnem
- 可编程 Tx 低通滤波器和
   Rx 带通滤波器
- 具有热保护和过流保护的集成型电力线驱动器
- 低功耗:
  - 50mW (接收器模式)
- 接收敏感度: 10µV<sub>RMS</sub> (典型值)
- 四线制 SPI™ 接口
- 3个集成型零交叉检测器
- 封装方式: 48 引脚四方扁平无引线 (QFN) PowerPAD™
- 扩展温度范围: -40℃ 至 +125℃

# 应用范围

- 电子仪表
- 家庭局域网
- 照明
- 太阳能
- 电缆附线和电动汽车供电设备 (EVSE)

# 描述

AFE032 是一款低成本,集成型,电力线通信 (PLC), 模拟前端 (AFE) 器件,此器件能够在一个数字信号处 理器 (DSP) 或者微控制器控制下实现到电力线的变压 器耦合连接。这款器件非常适合于将高达 1.9A 的高电 流、低阻抗线路驱动进入电抗性负载。 此集成型接收器能够检测到低至 10μV<sub>RMS</sub> 的信 号(G3-FCC 模式),并且能够支持宽范围增益选项 以适应不同的输入信号情况。此单片集成电路在要求 严格的电力线通信应用中提供高可靠性。

AFE032 传输功率放大器由电压范围在 7V 至 24V 的
 单电源供电。在负载电流为典型值时 (I<sub>OUT</sub> = 1.5
 A<sub>PEAK</sub>),一个宽输出摆幅用一个额定 15V 的电源提供
 12V<sub>PP</sub> 性能。

此器件在过热和短路情况下受到内部保护。此器件还 提供一个可选电流限值。提供一个表示电流限制,过 热限制和过压的中断输出。还提供一个关断引脚,并 且可被用来将此器件快速置于最低功耗状态。为了通 过串行外设接口 (SPI) 来优化功率耗散,可以启用或禁 用每个功能块。

AFE032 采用耐热增强型,表面贴装, PowerPAD QFN-48 封装方式。额定工作扩展工业结温范围为 - 40℃ 至 +125℃。



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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

# ORDERING INFORMATION<sup>(1)</sup>

(1) For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or visit the device product folder at www.ti.com.

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

Over operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

|                  |                                      |                               |                                 | VALUE                       | UNIT |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|
| PA_VS            | Supply voltage (pins 44, 4           | 15)                           |                                 | +26                         | V    |
|                  |                                      |                               | Pins 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10          | DGND - 0.4 to DVDD + 0.4    | V    |
|                  |                                      | (2)                           | Pins 13, 21, 28, 31, 32, 38, 39 | AGND - 0.4 to AVDD + 0.4    | V    |
|                  |                                      | Voltage <sup>v-/</sup>        | Pins 18, 19                     | PA_GND - 0.4 to PA_VS + 0.4 | V    |
|                  | Oinn al innut tannin ala             |                               | Pin 27                          | AVDD + 0.4 to 26            | V    |
|                  | Signal input terminals               |                               | Pins 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10          | ±10                         | mA   |
|                  |                                      | 0                             | Pins 13, 21, 28, 31, 32, 38, 39 | ±10                         | mA   |
|                  |                                      | Current                       | Pins 18, 19                     | ±10                         | mA   |
|                  |                                      |                               | Pin 35                          | ±10                         | mA   |
|                  |                                      |                               | Pins 5, 9, 47, 48               | DGND - 0.4 to DVDD + 0.4    | V    |
|                  |                                      | Voltage                       | Pins 14, 17, 20, 22, 33, 36, 37 | AGND - 0.4 to AVDD + 0.4    | V    |
|                  | Cignal autout tarminala              |                               | Pins 42, 43                     | PA_GND - 0.4 to PA_VS + 0.4 | V    |
|                  | Signal output terminals              | Current; short-circuit to GND | Pins 5, 9, 47, 48               | Continuous                  |      |
|                  |                                      | Current; short-circuit to GND | Pins 14, 17, 20, 22, 33, 36, 37 | Continuous                  |      |
|                  |                                      | Current; short-circuit to GND | Pins 42, 43                     | Continuous                  |      |
| AVDD             | Analog supply voltage (pi            | ns 11, 30)                    |                                 | 5.5                         | V    |
| DVDD             | Digital supply voltage               |                               |                                 | 5.5                         | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>   | Operating temperature <sup>(3)</sup> |                               |                                 | -40 to +150                 | °C   |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | Storage temperature                  |                               |                                 | -55 to +150                 | °C   |
| TJ               | Junction temperature                 | emperature                    |                                 | +150                        | °C   |
|                  |                                      | Human body model (HBM)        |                                 | 3000                        | V    |
| ESD              | Electrostatic discharge              | Machine model (MM)            |                                 | 200                         | V    |
|                  | raunys                               | Charged device model (CDM)    |                                 | 500                         | V    |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.4 V beyond the supply rails should be current limited to 10 mA or less.

(3) The device automatically goes to shutdown above +165°C.

# THERMAL INFORMATION

|                    |  | AFE032    |       |
|--------------------|--|-----------|-------|
|                    | THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>                | RGZ (QFN) | UNITS |
|                    |  | 48 PINS   |       |
| θ <sub>JA</sub>    | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance       | 22.5      |       |
| θ <sub>JCtop</sub> | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance    | 12.1      |       |
| $\theta_{JB}$      | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | 7.5       | °C/M  |
| Ψ <sub>JT</sub>    | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | 2.0       | C/W   |
| $\Psi_{JB}$        | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 5.4       |       |
| θ <sub>JCbot</sub> | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | 1.7       |       |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.



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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Transmitter**

At  $T_{CASE}$  = +25°C,  $V_{PAVS}$  = 15 V, and  $V_{AVDD}$  =  $V_{DVDD}$  = 3.3 V, unless otherwise noted.

|                           | PARAMETER                   |                    | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN                         | TYP                          | MAX                | UNIT          |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| DAC                       |                             |                    |  |                             |                              |                    |               |
|                           | Resolution                  |                    | 12-bit DAC, internal V <sub>REF</sub> = 0.7 V  | 165                         | 171                          | 176                | μV            |
| DR                        | Data rate <sup>(1)</sup>    |                    | DAC pin high, 12-bit word  |                             | 4.8                          | 5.2                | MSPS          |
| G <sub>E</sub>            | Gain error                  |                    | Full-scale range, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C   | -2%                         | ±0.5%                        | 2%                 |               |
| DAC OUT                   | DAC OUTPUT                  |                    |  |                             |                              |                    |               |
| R <sub>O</sub>            | Output resistance           |                    | G = 1, f = 100 kHz   |                             | 1                            |                    | kΩ            |
| TX_PGA I                  | NPUT                        |                    |  |                             |                              |                    |               |
|                           | Input voltage range         |                    |  | (AGND +<br>0.15) /<br>gain  | (AVDD                        | – 0.15) /<br>gain  | V             |
|                           |                             |                    | G = 1.15 V/V   |                             | 52                           |                    | kΩ            |
| D                         | Innut registeres            |                    | G = 2.3 V/V  |                             | 34                           |                    | kΩ            |
| κ <sub>l</sub>            | Input resistance            |                    | G = 3.25 V/V   |                             | 26                           |                    | kΩ            |
|                           |                             |                    | G = 4.6 V/V  |                             | 20                           |                    | kΩ            |
| G                         | Gain                        |                    |  | 1.15, 2                     | 2.3, 3.25, 4.6 <sup>(2</sup> | ?)                 | V/V           |
| G <sub>E</sub>            | Gain error                  |                    | Includes DAC, programmable filter, and TX_PGA for all gains, $T_{\rm J}$ = –40°C to +125°C                         | -2%                         | ±0.1%                        | 2%                 |               |
|                           | Gain error drift            |                    | Includes DAC, programmable filter, and TX_PGA for all gains, $T_{\rm J}$ = –40°C to +125°C                         | -10                         | ±3                           | +10                | ppm/°C        |
| TX_PGA FREQUENCY RESPONSE |                             |                    |  |                             |                              |                    |               |
|                           |                             |                    | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 1.15 \text{ V/V}, \\ T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |                             | 30                           |                    | MHz           |
| D\A/                      | Bandwidth <sup>(3)</sup>    |                    | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 2.3 \text{ V/V}, \\ T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$  |                             | 21.5                         |                    | MHz           |
| BW                        | Danuwium                    |                    | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 3.25 \text{ V/V}, \\ T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C to} + 125^{\circ}\text{C}$         |                             | 17.5                         |                    | MHz           |
|                           |                             |                    | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 4.6 \text{ V/V}, \\ T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$  |                             | 15.5                         |                    | MHz           |
| TX PATH                   | TRANSMITTER NO              | ISE <sup>(4)</sup> |  |                             |                              |                    |               |
|                           |                             | CEN-A              | 35 kHz to 95 kHz   |                             | 370                          |                    | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                           |                             | CEN-B              | 95 kHz to 125 kHz  |                             | 220                          |                    | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                           |                             | CEN-C              | 125 kHz to 140 kHz   |                             | 160                          |                    | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                           | at PA output <sup>(5)</sup> | CEN-D              | 140 kHz to 148 kHz   |                             | 98                           |                    | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                           |                             | ARIB STD-T84       | 35 kHz to 420 kHz  |                             | 640                          |                    | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                           |                             | FCC-LOW            | 35 kHz to 125 kHz  |                             | 384                          |                    | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                           |                             | G3-FCC             | 150 kHz to 490 kHz   |                             | 565                          |                    | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
| POWER A                   | MPLIFIER (PA) INF           | TUT                |  |                             |                              |                    |               |
|                           | Input voltage range         |                    | For linear operation   | (PA_GND<br>+ 0.4) /<br>gain | (PA_VS                       | 6 – 0.4) /<br>gain | V             |
|                           | Input impedance             |                    |  |                             | 17                           |                    | kΩ            |
| PA FREQ                   | UENCY RESPONSE              | E                  |  |                             |                              |                    |               |
| BW                        | Bandwidth                   |                    | I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0 mA   | 3.4                         | 3.82                         | 4.23               | MHz           |
| SR                        | Slew rate                   |                    | PA_VS = 24 V, 20-V step  |                             | 75                           |                    | V/µs          |
|                           | Full-power bandw            | idth               | $PA_VS = 24 V, V_{OUT} = 20 V_{PP}$  |                             | 1                            |                    | MHz           |
| PSRR                      | Power-supply reje           | ection ratio       | RTI, dc to f = 50 kHz  | 80                          | 94                           |                    | dB            |

(1) Refer to the Application Information section.

(2) This parameter is from DAC\_OUT to TX\_F\_OUT. This parameter includes the LPF gain error and is the dc gain. Adding LPF causes some loss of gain flatness.

This parameter is internal to the device. Bandwidth is designed and simulated over corners to ensure a low-distortion PGA in the (3) application.

Includes the DAC, programmable filter, TX\_PGA, and PA noise-reducing capacitor = 1 nF from DAC\_NRF to ground, PA\_NRF to (4) ground, and TX\_RF\_NRF to ground. Includes the DAC, TX\_PGA (gain = 4.6), LPF, and PA.

(5)

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ISTRUMENTS

EXAS

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Transmitter (continued)**

At  $T_{CASE} = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{PAVS} = 15$  V, and  $V_{AVDD} = V_{DVDD} = 3.3$  V, unless otherwise noted.

|                | PARAME             | FER                                 | TEST CONDITIONS   | MIN       | TYP                | MAX         | UNIT     |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------|--------------------|-------------|----------|
| PA OUT         | PUT                |                                     |   |           |                    |             |          |
|                |                    |                                     | I <sub>O</sub> = 200-mA sourcing, 1-ms pulse                |           |                    | 0.5         | V        |
| V              | Voltage output     | FIOIII FA_VS                        | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.5-A sourcing, 1-ms pulse                 |           |                    | 2.25        | V        |
| vo             | swing              |                                     | I <sub>O</sub> = 200 mA sinking, 1-ms pulse                 |           |                    | 0.5         | V        |
|                |                    | FIOIT FA_GND                        | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.5-A sinking, 1-ms pulse                  |           |                    | 1.5         | V        |
|                | Maximum continu    | ious current, dc                    | Pin 26 connected to ground,<br>REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG[5:4] = 11 |           | 1.9                |             | А        |
|                | Output resistance  | )                                   | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 A, f = 500 kHz                         |           | 0.1                |             | Ω        |
|                | PA disabled outp   | ut impedance                        | f = 100 kHz, PA_NRF enabled                                 | 1         | 30    105          |             | kΩ    pF |
|                |                    | Resistor-selectable                 | R <sub>SET</sub> connected from pin 26 to ground            | See the A | pplication In      | formation s | section  |
|                |                    | Digitally-selectable <sup>(6)</sup> | Pin 26 connected to ground,<br>REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG[5:4] = 00 |           | 1.25               |             | А        |
|                | Output current     |                                     | Pin 26 connected to ground,<br>REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG[5:4] = 01 |           | 1.8                |             | А        |
|                |                    |                                     | Pin 26 connected to ground,<br>REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG[5:4] = 10 |           | 2.5                |             | А        |
|                |                    |                                     | Pin 26 connected to ground,<br>REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG[5:4] = 11 |           | 3.0                |             | А        |
| PA THE         | RMAL SHUTDOWN      |                                     |   |           |                    |             |          |
|                | Junction tempera   | ture at shutdown                    |   |           | +165               |             | °C       |
|                | Hysteresis         |                                     |   |           | +15                |             | °C       |
|                | Return to normal   | operation                           |   |           | +150               |             | °C       |
| PA TSE         | NSE DIODE          |                                     |   |           |                    |             |          |
| η              | Diode ideality fac | tor                                 |   |           | 1.03               |             |          |
| PA GAIN        |                    |                                     |   |           |                    |             |          |
| G              | Nominal gain       |                                     | PA_OUT / PA_IN  |           | 7.4 <sup>(7)</sup> |             | V/V      |
| G <sub>E</sub> | Gain error         |                                     | $T_J = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$              | -2%       | 0.1%               | 2%          |          |
|                | Gain error drift   |                                     | $T_{\rm J} = -40^{\circ} C \ to \ +125^{\circ} C$           |           | ±5                 |             | ppm/°C   |

(6)

Refer to the *Application Information* section. This gain reflects a direct measurement on the PA block by itself. The gain in the signal chain composed by Tx PGA, Tx Filter and PA (7) equals the Tx PGA gain multiplied by 7 V/V (where 7 V/V is the gain of the PA block when its input is capacitively coupled to the Tx Filter output). Refer to the Power Amplifier Block section for more information.



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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Programmable Filter**

At  $T_{CASE}$  = +25°C,  $V_{PAVS}$  = 15 V, and  $V_{AVDD}$  =  $V_{DVDD}$  = 3.3 V, unless otherwise noted.

|                | PARAME                               | TER                  | TEST CONDITIONS   | MIN | ТҮР               | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
| LOW-PASS       | FILTER (LPF)                         |                      |   |     |                   |     |      |
| 0.45#          | CEN-A                                |                      | 1-dB gain flatness, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C                                  | 94  | 102               | 110 | kHz  |
| frequencies    | CEN-B, CEN-C, CE                     | N-D, FCC-LOW         | 1-dB gain flatness, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C                                  | 148 | 160               | 172 | kHz  |
| in Tx          | ARIB STD-T84                         |                      | 1-dB gain flatness, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C                                  | 405 | 435               | 475 | kHz  |
| mode           | G3-FCC                               |                      | 1-dB gain flatness, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C                                  | 470 | 505               | 540 | kHz  |
|                | Transition time                      | Rx to Tx             | PA_NRF, TX_RX_NRF, and DAC,<br>T <sub>J</sub> = $-40^{\circ}$ C to $+125^{\circ}$ C |     | 80 <sup>(2)</sup> |     | μs   |
|                |                                      | Tx to Rx             | NRF enabled, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C   |     | 30                |     | μs   |
| LPF OUTPU      | т                                    |                      |   |     |                   |     |      |
| R <sub>O</sub> | Output impedance                     |                      | f = 100 kHz   |     | 1                 |     | kΩ   |
| HIGH-PASS      | FILTER (HPF)                         |                      |   |     |                   |     |      |
|                | CEN-A, CEN-B, CE<br>ARIB STD-T84, FC | N-C, CEN-D,<br>C-LOW | 1-dB gain flatness, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C                                  | 30  | 35                | 40  | kHz  |
|                | G3-FCC                               |                      | 1-dB gain flatness, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C                                  | 120 | 132               | 152 | kHz  |
|                | Transition time                      | Rx to Tx             | PA_NRF, TX_RX_NRF, and DAC,<br>T <sub>J</sub> = $-40^{\circ}$ C to $+125^{\circ}$ C |     | 30                |     | μs   |
|                |                                      | Tx to Rx             | NRF enabled, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C   |     | 80 <sup>(2)</sup> |     | μs   |
| HPF OUTPUT     |                                      |                      |   |     |                   |     |      |
| R <sub>O</sub> | Output impedance                     |                      | f = 100 kHz   |     | 1                 |     | kΩ   |

(1) These cutoff frequencies are only valid when the filter is used as a low-pass filter. Refer to the Register Map section in the Application *Information* for register settings. See the *Application Information* section for the start-up procedure.

(2)

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# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Receiver

At  $T_{CASE}$  = +25°C,  $V_{PAVS}$  = 15 V, and  $V_{AVDD}$  =  $V_{DVDD}$  = 3.3 V, unless otherwise noted.

|                | PARAMETER            | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN                               | TYP MAX                    | UNIT   |
|----------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|
| RX_PGA         | 1 INPUT              |  |                                   |                            | -      |
|                | Input voltage range  | For linear operation                                   | (AGND +<br>0.15) /<br>gain        | (AVDD – 0.15)<br>gair      | v      |
|                |                      | G = 0.125 V/V  |                                   | 111.1                      | kΩ     |
|                |                      | G = 0.25 V/V   | 100                               |                            | kΩ     |
|                |                      | G = 0.5 V/V  | 133                               |                            | kΩ     |
|                |                      | G = 1 V/V  | 100                               |                            | kΩ     |
| RI             | Input resistance     | G = 2 V/V  |                                   | 66                         | kΩ     |
|                |                      | G = 4 V/V  |                                   | 40                         | kΩ     |
|                |                      | G = 8 V/V  |                                   | 22                         | kΩ     |
|                |                      | G = 16 V/V   |                                   | 12                         | kΩ     |
|                |                      | G = 32 V/V   |                                   | 6                          | kΩ     |
| RX_PGA         | 1 GAIN               | ·  |                                   |                            |        |
|                | DC gain              |  | 0.125,<br>1, 2, 4                 | 0.25, 0.5,<br>, 8, 16, 32  | V/V    |
| G <sub>E</sub> | Gain error           | For all gains, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ | -5%                               | 5%                         |        |
|                | Gain error drift     | $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$                |                                   | ±100                       | ppm/°C |
| RX_PGA         | 1 FREQUENCY RESPONSE | ·  |                                   |                            |        |
|                |                      | C <sub>L</sub> = 20 pF, G = 0.125 V/V                  | 47                                |                            | MHz    |
|                |                      | C <sub>L</sub> = 20 pF, G = 0.25 V/V                   |                                   | 18                         | MHz    |
|                |                      | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 0.5 \text{ V/V}$     |                                   | 6                          | MHz    |
|                |                      | $C_{L} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 1 \text{ V/V}$     |                                   | 4                          | MHz    |
| BW             | Bandwidth            | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 2 \text{ V/V}$       |                                   | 3                          | MHz    |
|                |                      | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 4 \text{ V/V}$       |                                   | 2.5                        | MHz    |
|                |                      | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 8 \text{ V/V}$       |                                   | 2.1                        | MHz    |
|                |                      | $C_{L} = 20 pF, G = 16 V/V$                            |                                   | 1.85                       | MHz    |
|                |                      | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 32 \text{ V/V}$      |                                   | 1.55                       | MHz    |
| RX_PGA         | 2 INPUT              |  |                                   |                            |        |
|                | Input voltage range  | For linear operation                                   | (A <sub>GND</sub> + 0.15)<br>gain | / (AVDD -<br>0.15)<br>gair | V      |
|                |                      | G = 1 V/V  |                                   | 54                         | kΩ     |
| RI             | Input resistance     | G = 4 V/V  | 21                                |                            | kΩ     |
|                |                      | G = 16 V/V   |                                   | kΩ                         |        |



**AFE032** 

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Receiver (continued)**

At  $T_{CASE}$  = +25°C,  $V_{PAVS}$  = 15 V, and  $V_{AVDD}$  =  $V_{DVDD}$  = 3.3 V, unless otherwise noted.

|                | PARAMET                       | ER           | TEST CONDITIONS                                  | MIN | TYP      | MAX | UNIT          |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--|-----|----------|-----|---------------|
| Rx_PG          | A2 GAIN                       |              |  |     |          |     |               |
| G              | Gain                          |              |  |     | 1, 4, 16 |     | V/V           |
| G <sub>E</sub> | Gain error                    |              | For all gains, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C    | -2% |          | 2%  |               |
|                | Gain error drift              |              | $T_{\rm J} = -40^{\circ}{\rm C}$ to +125°C       |     | ±100     |     | ppm/°C        |
| RX_PG          | A2 FREQUENCY RE               | SPONSE       |  |     |          |     |               |
|                |                               |              | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 1 \text{ V/V}$ |     | 6.73     |     | MHz           |
| BW             | Bandwidth                     |              | $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ G} = 4 \text{ V/V}$ |     | 5        |     | MHz           |
|                |                               |              | C <sub>L</sub> = 20 pF, G = 16 V/V               |     | 3        |     | MHz           |
| RX_PG          | A2 OUTPUT                     |              |  |     |          |     |               |
|                | Output resistance             |              | G = 1, f = 100 kHz                               |     | 1        |     | kΩ            |
| RX PA          | TH SENSITIVITY <sup>(1)</sup> |              |  |     |          |     |               |
|                |                               | CEN-A        | 35 kHz to 95 kHz                                 |     | 10       |     | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                |                               | CEN-B        | 95 kHz to 125 kHz                                |     | 5        |     | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                |                               | CEN-C        | 125 kHz to 140 kHz                               |     | 3        |     | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                | Input-referred                | CEN-D        | 140 kHz to 148 kHz                               |     | 2        |     | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                | integrated helde              | ARIB STD-T84 | 35kHz to 400 kHz                                 |     | 12       |     | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                |                               | FCC-LOW      | 35 kHz to 125 kHz                                |     | 11       |     | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                |                               | G3-FCC       | 150 kHz to 490 kHz                               |     | 10       |     | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |

(1) Noise-reducing capacitor = 1 nF from TX\_RX\_NRF to ground, RX\_PGA1 = 32, and RX\_PGA2 = 1.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Noise-Reducing Filters**

At  $T_{CASE}$  = +25°C,  $V_{PAVS}$  = 15 V, and  $V_{AVDD}$  =  $V_{DVDD}$  = 3.3 V, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER        |                   | TEST CONDITIONS   | MIN TYP                 | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------|-----|------|
| PA_NRI           | F                 |   |                         |     |      |
|                  | Bias voltage      |   | V <sub>PAV S</sub> / 2  |     | V    |
| R <sub>OUT</sub> | Output resistance |   | 4                       |     | kΩ   |
| t <sub>ON</sub>  | Turn-on time      | Noise-reducing capacitor = 1 nF from<br>PA_NRF to ground    | 250                     |     | ms   |
| t <sub>OFF</sub> | Turn-off time     |   | 10                      |     | μs   |
| TX_RX_           | NRF               |   |                         |     |      |
|                  | Bias voltage      |   | V <sub>AVDD</sub> / 2   |     | V    |
| R <sub>OUT</sub> | Output resistance |   | 1                       |     | kΩ   |
| t <sub>ON</sub>  | Turn-on time      | Noise-reducing capacitor = 1 nF from<br>TX_RX_NRF to ground | 10                      |     | μs   |
| t <sub>OFF</sub> | Turn-off time     |   | 10                      |     | μs   |
| DAC_N            | RF                |   |                         |     |      |
|                  | Bias voltage      |   | V <sub>AVDD</sub> / 4.7 |     | V    |
| R <sub>OUT</sub> | Output resistance |   | 1                       |     | kΩ   |
| t <sub>ON</sub>  | Turn-on time      | Noise-reducing capacitor = 1 nF from<br>DAC_NRF to ground   | 10                      |     | μs   |
| t <sub>OFF</sub> | Turn-off time     |   | 10                      |     | μs   |



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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Digital**

At  $T_{CASE}$  = +25°C,  $V_{PAVS}$  = 15 V, and  $V_{AVDD}$  =  $V_{DVDD}$  = 3.3 V, unless otherwise noted.

|                 | PARAMETER                         | र                | TEST CONDITIONS                      | MIN                        | TYP MAX               | UNIT      |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| DIGITAL IN      | PUTS (SCLK, DI, <del>CS</del> , S | SD, DAC, XCLK)   | <u>"</u>                             |                            |                       |           |
|                 | Leakage input current             |                  | $0 \vee \leq V_{IN} \leq D \vee D D$ | -1                         | 0.01 1                | μA        |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | High-level input voltage          | 9                |                                      | 0.7 × DVDD                 |                       | V         |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | Low-level input voltage           |                  |                                      |                            | 0.3 × DVDD            |           |
|                 | SD pin function                   | SD pin high      | SD > 0.7 x DVDD                      | [                          | Device in shutdown    |           |
|                 | (active high)                     | SD pin low       | SD < 0.3 × DVDD                      | Device in normal operation |                       |           |
|                 | DAC pin function                  | DAC pin high     | DAC > 0.7 × DVDD                     | SPI a                      | access to DAC registe | rs        |
|                 | (active high)                     | DAC pin low      | DAC < 0.3 × DVDD                     | SPI access t               | to command and data   | registers |
|                 | XCLK frequency range              |                  | XCLK jitter < 180 ps                 | 5                          | 40                    | MHz       |
| DIGITAL OU      | JTPUTS (DO, ZC_OUT                | )                |                                      |                            |                       |           |
| V <sub>OH</sub> | High-level output voltage         | ge               | I <sub>OH</sub> = 3 mA               | DVDD - 0.4                 | DVDD                  | V         |
| V <sub>OL</sub> | Low-level output voltage          |                  | $I_{OL} = -3 \text{ mA}$             | GND                        | GND + 0.4             | V         |
| DIGITAL OU      | JTPUTS (INT, TX_FLA               | G, RX_FLAG)      |                                      |                            |                       |           |
| I <sub>OH</sub> | High-level output curre           | nt               | V <sub>OH</sub> = 3.3 V              |                            | 1                     | μA        |
| V <sub>OL</sub> | Low-level output voltag           | le               | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA               |                            | 0.4                   | V         |
| I <sub>OL</sub> | Low-level output currer           | nt               | V <sub>OL</sub> = 400 mV             | 4                          |                       | mA        |
|                 | INT pin (active low,              | INT pin high     | INT sink high < 1 µA                 |                            | Normal operation      |           |
|                 | open-drain)                       | INT pin low      | INT < 0.4 V                          | In                         | terrupt has occurred  |           |
|                 | TX_FLAG (active low,              | TX_FLAG pin high | TX_FLAG sink high < 1 $\mu$ A        |                            | Tx block disabled     |           |
|                 | open-drain)                       | TX_FLAG pin low  | TX_FLAG < 0.4 V                      |                            | Tx block ready        |           |
|                 | RX_FLAG (active                   | RX_FLAG pin high | RX_FLAG sink high < 1 $\mu$ A        |                            | Rx block disabled     |           |
|                 | low, open-drain)                  | RX_FLAG pin low  | RX_FLAG < 0.4 V                      |                            | Rx block ready        |           |
| GAIN TIMIN      | IG                                |                  |                                      |                            |                       |           |
|                 | Gain select time                  |                  |                                      |                            | 0.2                   | μs        |
| SHUTDOW         | N MODE TIMING                     |                  |                                      |                            |                       |           |
|                 | Enable time                       |                  | SD pin transitions from high to low  |                            | 3                     | ms        |
|                 | Disable time                      |                  | SD pin transitions from low to high  |                            | 2                     | ms        |
| POR TIMINO      | G                                 |                  |                                      |                            |                       |           |
|                 | Power-on reset power-             | up time          | DVDD ≥ 2 V                           |                            | 3                     | ms        |



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# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Zero-Crossing Detector

At  $T_{CASE}$  = +25°C,  $V_{PAVS}$  = 15 V, and  $V_{AVDD}$  =  $V_{DVDD}$  = 3.3 V, unless otherwise noted.

|                 | PARAMETER           | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN  | TYP | MAX  | UNIT |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|------|-----|------|------|
|                 | Input voltage range |  | AGND |     | AVDD | V    |
|                 | Input current range |  | -10  |     | 10   | mA   |
| R <sub>IN</sub> | Input resistance    | $AGND \le V_{IN} \le AVDD$                                     |      | 2   |      | MΩ   |
| CIN             | Input capacitance   |  |      | 4   |      | pF   |
|                 | Rising threshold    |  | 0.45 | 0.9 | 1.35 | V    |
|                 | Falling threshold   |  | 0.25 | 0.5 | 0.75 | V    |
|                 | Hysteresis          |  | 0.2  | 0.4 | 0.6  | V    |
|                 | Jitter              | 50 Hz and 60 Hz, 240 $V_{\text{RMS}}$ and 120 $V_{\text{RMS}}$ |      | 10  |      | ns   |

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Power Supply

At  $T_{CASE} = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_{J} = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{PAVS} = 15$  V, and  $V_{AVDD} = V_{DVDD} = 3.3$  V, unless otherwise noted.

|                     | PARAMETER              | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| OPERATI             | NG SUPPLY RANGE        |  |     |     |     |      |
| PA_VS               | Power amplifier        |  | 7   | 15  | 24  | V    |
| DVDD                | Digital supply         |  |     | 3.3 |     | V    |
| AVDD                | Analog supply          |  |     | 3.3 |     | V    |
| QUIESCE             | NT CURRENT (SD pin lov | w)   |     |     |     |      |
|                     |                        | I <sub>O</sub> = 0 V, PA = on <sup>(1)</sup> ,<br>REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG[7:6] = 00 | 40  | 48  | 56  | mA   |
| 10                  | Power amplifier        | I <sub>O</sub> = 0 V, PA = on <sup>(1)</sup> ,<br>REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG[7:6] = 01 | 68  | 78  | 88  | mA   |
| IQ <sub>PA_VS</sub> |                        | I <sub>O</sub> = 0 V, PA = on <sup>(1)</sup> ,<br>REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG[7:6] = 10 | 84  | 96  | 108 | mA   |
|                     |                        | I <sub>O</sub> = 0 V, PA = on <sup>(1)</sup> ,<br>REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG[7:6] = 11 | 10  | 17  | 24  | mA   |
|                     |                        | Tx configuration <sup>(2)</sup>  | 1.5 | 2.5 | 3.5 | mA   |
| IQ <sub>DVDD</sub>  | Digital supply         | Rx configuration <sup>(3)</sup>  | 1.1 | 2.1 | 3.1 | mA   |
|                     |                        | All blocks disabled <sup>(4)</sup>   |     | 330 | 450 | μA   |
|                     |                        | Tx configuration <sup>(3)</sup>  | 8   | 11  | 14  | mA   |
| IQ <sub>AVDD</sub>  | Analog supply          | Rx configuration <sup>(4)</sup>  | 9   | 13  | 17  | mA   |
|                     |                        | All blocks disabled <sup>(4)</sup>   |     | 25  | 100 | μA   |
| SHUTDOV             | VN                     |  |     |     |     |      |
| SD <sub>PA_VS</sub> | Power amplifier        | SD pin high  |     | 40  | 150 | μA   |
| SD <sub>DVDD</sub>  | Digital supply         | SD pin high  |     | 330 | 400 | μA   |
| SD <sub>AVDD</sub>  | Analog supply          | SD pin high  |     | 25  | 50  | μA   |

(1) PA and PA output enabled.

(2) The DAC, TX\_PGA, low-pass filter, PA, PA\_NRF, TX\_RX\_NRF, and DAC\_NRF blocks are enabled in the Tx configuration. All other blocks are disabled.

(3) The RX\_PGA1, high-pass filter, low-pass filter, RX\_PGA2, and TX\_RX\_NRF blocks are enabled in the Rx configuration. All other blocks are disabled.

(4) All internal blocks disabled, SD pin low.

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# **SPI TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

|                   | PARAMETER  | MIN  | ТҮР | MAX | UNIT                             |
|-------------------|--|------|-----|-----|----------------------------------|
|                   | Input capacitance  |      | 1   |     | pF                               |
| t <sub>RFI</sub>  | Input rising and falling time (CS, DIN, SCLK)            |      |     | 2   | ns                               |
| t <sub>RFO</sub>  | DOUT rising and falling time                             |      |     | 10  | ns                               |
| t <sub>CSH</sub>  | CS high time   | 10   |     |     | DAC_CLK<br>cycles <sup>(1)</sup> |
| t <sub>CS0</sub>  | SCLK edge to $\overline{CS}$ falling edge setup time     | 10   |     |     | ns                               |
| t <sub>CSSC</sub> | CS falling edge to first SCLK edge setup time            | 10   |     |     | ns                               |
| f <sub>SCLK</sub> | SCLK frequency   |      | 20  | 30  | MHz                              |
| t <sub>HI</sub>   | SCLK high time   | 16.7 | 25  |     | ns                               |
| t <sub>LO</sub>   | SCLK low time  | 16.7 | 25  |     | ns                               |
| t <sub>SCCS</sub> | SCLK last edge to $\overline{CS}$ rising edge setup time | 10   |     |     | ns                               |
| t <sub>CS1</sub>  | CS rising edge to SCLK edge setup time                   | 10   |     |     | ns                               |
| t <sub>SU</sub>   | DIN setup time   | 5    |     |     | ns                               |
| t <sub>HD</sub>   | DIN hold time  | 5    |     |     | ns                               |
| t <sub>DO</sub>   | SCLK to DOUT valid propagation delay                     |      |     | 16  | ns                               |
| t <sub>soz</sub>  | CS rising edge to DOUT forced to Hi-Z                    |      |     | 20  | ns                               |

(1) CS pin must remain high for at least ten DAC\_CLK cycles after a write operation and must remain high for at least five DAC\_CLK cycles after a read operation.



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# TIMING DIAGRAMS



Figure 1. SPI Mode 0,0



Figure 2. SPI Mode 1,1

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#### **PIN CONFIGURATION**

NOTE: Connect exposed thermal pad to ground.



### **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

| NAME        | PIN NO. | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------------|---------|---|
| AGND1       | 12      | Analog ground   |
| AGND2       | 29      | Analog ground   |
| AVDD1       | 11      | Analog supply   |
| AVDD2       | 30      | Analog supply   |
| CS          | 6       | SPI digital chip-select input   |
| DAC         | 7       | DAC mode select digital input   |
| DAC_OUT     | 14      | DAC analog output   |
| DAC_NRF     | 16      | DAC noise-reducing filter analog input  |
| DGND        | 1       | Digital ground  |
| DGND2       | 24      | Digital ground  |
| DIN         | 4       | SPI digital input   |
| DNC         | 15, 34  | Do not connect  |
| DOUT        | 5       | SPI digital output (push or pull)   |
| DVDD        | 2       | Digital supply  |
| INT         | 9       | Interrupt on undervoltage, undercurrent, or thermal overload (digital output, open-drain, active low) |
| NC          | 23, 25  | No internal connection (connect to GND or leave unconnected)  |
| PA_GND1     | 41      | Power amplifier ground  |
| PA_GND2     | 40      | Power amplifier ground (connect to PA_GND1, pin 41)   |
| PA_GND3     | 31      | Power amplifier ground (connect to PA_GND1, pin 41)   |
| PA_IN       | 18      | Power amplifier analog input  |
| PA_ISET     | 26      | Power amplifier current-limit adjust pin (left open if not used)                                      |
| PA_NRF      | 19      | Power amplifier noise-reducing filter analog input  |
| PA_OUT1     | 43      | Power amplifier output  |
| PA_OUT2     | 42      | Power amplifier output (connect to PA_OUT1, pin 43)   |
| PA_VS1      | 45      | Power amplifier supply  |
| PA_VS2      | 44      | Power amplifier supply (connect to PA_VS1, pin 45)  |
| PA_VS3      | 46      | Power amplifier supply (connect to PA_VS1, pin 45)  |
| RX_F_OUT    | 22      | Receiver filter analog output   |
| RX_FLAG     | 48      | Receiver ready flag (digital output, open-drain, active low)  |
| RX_PGA1_IN  | 27      | Receiver PGA1 analog input  |
| RX_PGA2_IN  | 21      | Receiver PGA2 analog input  |
| RX_PGA2_OUT | 20      | Receiver PGA2 analog output   |
| SCLK        | 3       | SPI serial clock input  |
| SD          | 8       | System shutdown digital input (active high)   |
| TSENSE      | 35      | Analog temperature sensing diode (anode)  |
| TX_F_OUT    | 17      | Transmit filter analog output   |
| TX_FLAG     | 47      | Transmitter ready flag (digital output, open-drain, active low)                                       |
| TX_PGA_IN   | 13      | Transmitter PGA analog input  |
| TX_RX_NRF   | 28      | Transmitter and receiver noise-reducing filter analog input   |
| XCLK        | 10      | DAC clock digital input   |
| ZC_IN1      | 39      | Zero-crossing detector 1, analog input  |
| ZC_IN2      | 38      | Zero-crossing detector 2, analog input  |
| ZC_IN3      | 32      | Zero-crossing detector 3, analog input  |
| ZC_OUT1     | 37      | Zero-crossing detector 1, digital output (push or pull)   |
| ZC_OUT2     | 36      | Zero-crossing detector 2, digital output (push or pull)   |
| ZC_OUT3     | 33      | Zero-crossing detector 3, digital output (push or pull)   |

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FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM





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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 









Figure 4. Rx BAND-PASS FILTER GAIN vs FREQUENCY









# **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The AFE032 is an integrated, power-line communication, analog front-end device that functions in conjunction with a microcontroller. The device conditions data generated in a microcontroller and transmits such data onto power lines through a line-coupling circuit.

The device includes several primary functional blocks:

- A power amplifier (PA) transmits data onto power lines through a line-coupling circuit.
- The transmit path (Tx) consists of a high-precision, digital-to-analog converter (DAC), programmable amplifier (TX\_PGA), and low-pass filter (LPF).
- The receive path (Rx) consists of two programmable amplifiers (RX\_PGA1 and RX\_PAG2) and a band-pass filter [(an LPF and a high-pass filter (HPF)].

# **BLOCK DESCRIPTIONS**

# **Power Amplifier Block**

The power amplifier (PA) block consists of a high slew rate, high-voltage, and high-current operational amplifier. The PA is configured with an inverting gain of 7 V/V, has a low-pass filter response, and maintains excellent linearity and low distortion throughout its bandwidth. The PA is specified to operate from 7 V to 24 V and can deliver up to  $\pm 1.9$  A of continuous output current over the specified junction temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $\pm 125^{\circ}$ C. The PA block is shown in Figure 12.



Figure 12. PA Block Equivalent Circuit

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Connecting the PA in a typical power line communication (PLC) application requires few additional components. Figure 13 shows the typical connections to the PA block.



Figure 13. Typical Connections to the PA

The external capacitor ( $C_{IN}$ ) introduces a single-pole, high-pass characteristic to the PA transfer function. The  $C_{IN}$  and PA combination has a band-pass response because of the inherent low-pass transfer function from the PA. The value of the high-pass cutoff frequency is determined by  $C_{IN}$  reacting with the input resistance of the PA circuit, and can be determined by Equation 1:

$$C_{IN} = \frac{1}{2 \times \pi \times 18 \text{ k}\Omega \times f_{HP}}$$

where:

- C<sub>IN</sub> = external input capacitor and
- f<sub>HP</sub> = desired high-pass cutoff frequency.

For example, setting  $C_{IN}$  to 3.3 nF results in a high-pass cutoff frequency of 2.9 kHz. The voltage rating for  $C_{IN}$  should be determined to withstand operation up to the PA power-supply voltage.

When the transmitter is not in use, the output can be disabled and placed in a high-impedance state by following the procedure outlined in the *Power Amplifier Enable Sequence* section.

Refer to the *Initialization Sequence* and *Power Amplifier Enable Sequence* sections for details on the proper sequence when enabling the power amplifier.



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#### PA Current Limiting

The PA\_ISET pin (pin 26) provides a resistor-programmable output current limit for the PA block. Equation 2 determines the value of the external  $R_{SET}$  resistor attached to this pin.

$$I_{\text{LIM}} = \frac{1.2 \text{ V} \times 16.320 \text{ k}\Omega}{\text{R}_{\text{INT}} + \text{R}_{\text{SET}}}$$

where:

- R<sub>SET</sub> = the value of the external resistor connected between pin 26 and ground,
- R<sub>INT</sub> = the value of the internal resistor as programmed by the SPI interface in Table 18 (bits 4 and 5), and
- I<sub>lim</sub> = the value of the desired current limit for the PA.

R<sub>INT</sub> bit setting for bits 4 and 5 in Table 18 are listed in Table 1.

| BIT SETTING | R <sub>INT</sub> VALUE |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 00          | 17 kΩ                  |  |  |  |  |
| 01          | 11 kΩ                  |  |  |  |  |
| 10          | 8 kΩ                   |  |  |  |  |
| 11          | 1.2 kΩ                 |  |  |  |  |

| Table 1. RINT Bit Settings |
|----------------------------|
|----------------------------|

Note that there is a 30% tolerance on the I<sub>lim</sub> value given by Equation 2.

#### **Tx Block**

The Tx block consists of the Tx PGA and Tx filter.

The Tx PGA is a low-noise, high-performance, programmable gain amplifier. In DAC mode [where the DAC pin, pin 7, is a logic '1' and Tx enable (bit 4 in the REG\_RX/TX\_CTL register) is a logic '1'], the Tx PGA operates as the internal digital-to-analog converter (DAC) output buffer with programmable gain. The Tx PGA gain is programmed through the serial interface. The Tx PGA gain settings are 1.15 V/V, 2.3 V/V, 3.25 V/V, and 4.6 V/V. Gain is selectable via the TX\_PGA gain pins (bits 2 to 0 in the REG\_RX/TX\_CTL register).

The Tx filter is a unity-gain, fourth-order, low-pass filter. The Tx filter cutoff frequency is selectable between the CENELEC (bands A, B, C, or D), ARIB, or FCC modes. The LPF band select bits (bits 6 to 4 in the REG\_HPF/LPF\_CFG register) determine the cutoff frequency.

When in DAC mode, the device accepts serial data from the microprocessor and writes that data to the internal DAC registers.

Proper connections for the Tx signal path for DAC mode operation are shown in Figure 14.



(1) For the capacitor value of C<sub>IN</sub>,  $f_{HP}$  is the desired lower cutoff frequency and 17 k $\Omega$  is the PA input resistance.

#### Figure 14. Recommended Tx Signal Chain Connections



The capacitors listed in Figure 14 should be rated to withstand the full AVDD power-supply voltage for  $C_{DAC}$  and PA\_VS for  $C_{IN}$ .

#### Rx Block

The Rx block consists of the Rx PGA1, Rx filter, and Rx PGA2. Both Rx PGA1 and Rx PGA2 are high-performance programmable gain amplifiers that can be configured through the SPI interface.

Rx PGA1 can operate as either an attenuator or in gain. The Rx PGA1 gain steps are 0.125 V/V, 0.25 V/V, 0.5 V/V, 1 V/V, 2 V/V, 4 V/V, 8 V/V, 16 V/V, and 32 V/V. Gains are selectable with the RX\_PGA1 gain bits (bits 7 to 4 in the REG\_RXPGA\_CFG register). Configuring the Rx PGA1 as an attenuator (at gains less than 1 V/V) is useful for applications where large interference signals are present within the signal band. Attenuating the large interference allows these signals to pass through the analog Rx signal chain without causing an overload; the interference signal can then be processed and removed within the microprocessor as necessary. Similarly, if a transmitter is located close to the receiver, gains less than 1 V/V may be needed.

The Rx PGA2 gain steps are 1 V/V, 4 V/V, and 16 V/V. Gains are selectable through the RX\_PGA2 gain bits (bits 3 to 1 in the REG\_RXPGA\_CFG register).

The Rx filter is a very low-noise, unity-gain, fourth-order, low-pass or band-pass filter. The Rx filter cutoff frequency is selectable between the CENELEC (bands A, B, C, or D), ARIB, or FCC modes. The LPF band select bits (bits 6 to 4 of the REG\_HPF/LPF\_REG register) determine the cutoff frequency for the LPF. The HPF band select bits (bits 1 and 2 of the REG\_HPF/LPF\_REG register) set up the cutoff frequency of the HPF.

Recommended connections for the Rx signal chain are shown in Figure 15.



- (1) For capacitor value C<sub>1</sub>, f is the desired lower cutoff frequency and R<sub>RXPAG1IN</sub> is the input resistance of RX\_PGA1.
- (2) For capacitor value C<sub>2</sub>, f is the desired lower cutoff frequency and R<sub>RXPAG2IN</sub> is the input resistance of RX\_PGA2.

#### Figure 15. Recommended Connections for Rx Signal Chain

Figure 16 shows, a fourth-order, passive band-pass filter that is optional but recommended for applications with high performance needs. The external passive band-pass filter removes unwanted, out-of-band signals from the signal path, and it prevents such signals from reaching the active internal filters within the device.



(1) For capacitor value  $C_1$ , f is the desired lower cutoff frequency and  $R_{RXPGA1IN}$  is the input resistance of RX\_PGA1.

#### Figure 16. Passive Band-Pass Rx Filter



The following steps can be used to quickly design the passive pass-band filter. (Note that these steps produce an approximate result.)

- 1. Choose the filter characteristic impedance,  $Z_C$ :
  - For a –6-db passband attenuation:  $R_3 = R_4 = Z_C$ .
  - For a 0-db passband attenuation:  $R_4 = Z_C$ ,  $R_3 = 10 \times Z_C$ .
- 2. Calculate values for  $C_3$ ,  $C_4$ ,  $L_3$ , and  $L_4$  using the following equations:

$$C_{3} = \frac{1}{2 \times \pi \times f_{3} \times Z_{C}}$$

$$C_{4} = \frac{1}{2 \times \pi \times f_{4} \times Z_{C}}$$

$$L_{3} = \frac{Z_{C}}{2 \times \pi \times f_{3}}$$

$$L_{4} = \frac{Z_{C}}{2 \times \pi \times f_{4}}$$

Table 2 and Table 3 show standard values for common applications.

# Table 2. Recommended Component Values for Fourth-Order Passive Band-Pass Filters (0-dB Pass-Band Attenuation)

| FREQUENCY BAND  | FREQUENCY<br>RANGE<br>(kHz) | CHARACTERISTIC<br>IMPEDANCE | R3    | R4<br>(kΩ) | C3<br>(nF) | C4<br>(nF) | L3<br>(µH) | L4<br>(µH) |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| CENELEC A       | 35 to 95                    | 1 kΩ                        | 1 kΩ  | 10         | 4.7        | 1.5        | 1500       | 4700       |
| CENELEC B, C, D | 95 to 150                   | 1 kΩ                        | 1 kΩ  | 10         | 1.7        | 1          | 1200       | 1500       |
| SFSK            | 63 to 74                    | 1 kΩ                        | 1 kΩ  | 10         | 2.7        | 2.2        | 2200       | 2200       |
| FCC and ARIB    | 15 to 600                   | 100 Ω                       | 100 Ω | 1          | 100        | 2.2        | 27         | 1000       |

#### Table 3. Recommended Component Values for Fourth-Order Passive Band-Pass Filters (-6-dB Pass-Band Attenuation)

| FREQUENCY BAND  | FREQUENCY<br>RANGE<br>(kHz) | CHARACTERISTIC<br>IMPEDANCE | R3    | R4    | C3<br>(nF) | C4<br>(nF) | L3<br>(µH) | L4<br>(μΗ) |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| CENELEC A       | 35 to 95                    | 1 kΩ                        | 1 kΩ  | 1 kΩ  | 4.7        | 1.5        | 1500       | 4700       |
| CENELEC B, C, D | 95 to 150                   | 1 kΩ                        | 1 kΩ  | 1 kΩ  | 1.7        | 1          | 1200       | 1500       |
| SFSK            | 63 to 74                    | 1 kΩ                        | 1 kΩ  | 1 kΩ  | 2.7        | 2.2        | 2200       | 2200       |
| FCC and ARIB    | 15 to 600                   | 100 Ω                       | 100 Ω | 100 Ω | 100        | 2.2        | 27         | 1000       |

Avoid excessive capacitive loading when laying out the printed circuit board (PCB) traces from the inputs or outputs of the Rx block components. Keeping the PCB capacitance from the inputs to ground, or outputs to ground, below 100 pF is recommended.

Figure 17 shows the complete Rx signal path, including the optional passive band-pass filter.



(1) For capacitor value  $C_1$ , f is the desired lower cutoff frequency and  $R_{RXPGA1IN}$  is the input resistance of RX\_PGA1.

(2) For capacitor value C<sub>2</sub>, f is the desired lower cutoff frequency and R<sub>RXPGA2IN</sub> is the input resistance of RX\_PGA2.

# Figure 17. Complete Rx Signal Path (with Optional Band-Pass Filter)

# DAC Block and DSP Path

The AFE032 contains a digital signal processing (DSP) path that receives incoming DAC samples delivered from an external processor, conditions each sample, and delivers these samples to a 12-bit DAC. The device serial interface is used to write directly to the DSP path when the DAC pin (pin 7) is driven high. Use the following sequence to write samples to the DAC:

- Send a valid XCLK signal to the device (refer to the *AFE032 Clock Requirements* section for more details on the XCLK signal).
- Set CS low.
- Wait 20 DAC\_CLK cycles (refer to the *AFE032 Clock Requirements* section for more details on the relationship between the XCLK frequency and DAC\_CLK frequency).
- Set the DAC pin (pin 7) high to configure the device in DAC mode.
- Write a 12-bit word to DIN. <sup>(1)</sup> Note that the DAC register is left-justified.
- Set  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  high to indicate that the sample is entered.

Refer to the DAC Mode section for more details on using the device in DAC mode.

The full-scale DAC output swing equals the DAC\_NRF voltage level. Table Table 4 shows the ideal dc DAC output voltage for a given input code.

| INPUT CODE (Hex) | IDEAL DAC OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)  |
|------------------|---|
| 7FF              | DAC_NRF bias voltage  |
| 001              | [(DAC_NRF bias voltage) / (2 <sup>12</sup> – 1)] + (DAC_NRF bias voltage) / 2 |
| 000              | (DAC_NRF bias voltage) / 2  |
| FFF              | [(DAC_NRF bias voltage) / 2] – (DAC_NRF bias voltage) / (2 <sup>12</sup> – 1) |
| 800              | 0   |

# Table 4. Ideal DAC Output

(1) The only exception to the 12-bit DAC sample length is when using a 16-bit envelope. See the SPI Envelope Exception Case section for more details.

# DAC\_NRF, PA\_NRF, and TX\_RX\_NRF Blocks

The DAC\_NRF, PA\_NRF, and TX\_RX\_NRF blocks create biasing points used internally to the device. Each reference divides its respective power-supply voltage with a precision resistive voltage divider. PA\_NRF provides a PA\_VS / 2 voltage used for the PA; TX\_RX\_NRF provides an AVDD / 2 voltage used for the Tx PGA, Tx filter, Rx PGA1, Rx filter, and Rx PGA2; and DAC\_NRF provides an AVDD / 4.7 voltage used for the DAC. Each NRF block has its output brought out to an external pin that can be used for filtering and noise reduction. These capacitors are optional, but are recommended for best performance.



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#### Zero-Crossing Detector Block

The device includes three zero-crossing detectors. Zero-crossing detectors can be used to synchronize communications signals to the ac line or sources of noise. Typically, in single-phase applications, only a single zero-crossing detector is used. In three-phase applications, two or three zero-crossing detectors can be used. Figure 18 shows the AFE032 configured for non-isolated, zero-crossing detection.



Figure 18. Non-Isolated Zero-Crossing Detection Using the AFE032

Non-isolated zero-crossing waveforms are shown in Figure 19.



Figure 19. Non-Isolated, Zero-Crossing Waveforms



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Schottky diodes are recommended (see Figure 18) for maximum device protection from line transients. These diodes limit the ZC\_IN pins (pins 32, 38, and 39) to within the maximum rating of (AVDD + 0.4 V) and (AGND - 0.4 V). Some applications may require an isolated zero-crossing detection circuit. With a minimal amount of components, the AFE032 can be configured for isolated zero-crossing detection, as shown in Figure 20.



Figure 20. Isolated Zero-Crossing Detection Using the AFE032

Isolated zero-crossing waveforms are shown in Figure 21.



Figure 21. Isolated Zero-Crossing Waveforms



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#### DIGITAL LOGIC INTERFACE

The primary functions of the AFE032 digital module are to:

- Provide an interface for an external DSP to configure the internal blocks of the AFE032.
- Provide a digital processing path that conditions samples coming from an external DSP.
- Transmit the conditioned samples to the internal 12-bit DAC.

To accomplish these functions, the device digital logic supports two modes of operation: SPI mode and DAC mode.

In SPI mode, the device processes commands to either configure the internal analog and digital circuits or to provide status to an external DSP. In DAC mode, an external DSP uses the SPI to provide DAC samples to the device.

Descriptions of all the registers mentioned in this section can be found in the Register Map section.

#### **AFE032 Clock Requirements**

The device requires the following clocks: XCLK and SCLK.

XCLK is a free-running clock with a 50/50 duty cycle, frequency ranges from 10 MHz to 40 MHz, and less than 180 ps of RMS jitter. SCLK is an SPI clock used for the SPI interface with frequency ranges from 14 MHz to 30 MHz. This clock is active when CS is '0'.

The device contains two programmable clock dividers that can be used to generate the internal DAC clock (referred to as *DAC\_CLK*). This internal DAC clock determines the rate at which the internal device DAC updates its analog output. The internal DAC clock is also used by the digital logic in the device (with the exception of the SPI slave module that requires a separate SCLK signal). The REG\_CLK\_DIV register is programmed by the user to control the internal DAC clock frequency. The internal DAC clock is created by two 4-bit clock dividers in series. Each divider is a 4-bit decimal clock divider that can divide the frequency of the XCLK signal by an integer between 1 and 16. Each clock divider produces an N+1 divided-down clock, where *N* is the programmed, 4-bit divide value. The XCLK frequency can be divided by a maximum value of 256. The first divider in the series is controlled by the POST\_CLK\_DIV bits (bits 7 to 4 in the REG\_CLK\_DIV register) and the second divider is controlled by the PRE\_CLK\_DIV bits (bits 3 to 0 in the REG\_CLK\_DIV register). If the application does not need to divide XCLK by a value greater than 16, then POST\_CLK\_DIV is not programmed because these bits default to '0'. For applications where XCLK must be divided down by a number greater than 16, both PRE\_CLK\_DIV and POST\_CLK\_DIV are used to create the target divide-down value required to generate DAC\_CLK. In sum, the relationship between XCLK and DAC\_CLK can be expressed as Equation 3:

XCLK = (POST\_CLK\_DIV + 1) (PRE\_CLK\_DIV + 1) (DAC\_CLK)

(3)

Note that for proper device operation, DAC\_CLK must always be slower than SCLK.

In DAC mode, an external processor (also referred to as the *SPI master* or *external DSP*) transmits DAC samples to the device via the SPI at a rate of f<sub>S</sub> samples per second. f<sub>S</sub> may be less than or equal to DAC\_CLK; however, the external processor clock and the AFE032 XCLK must be generated from the same crystal.

#### **Power-Up Sequence**

A specific power-up sequence must be implemented to properly use the AFE032. The device internal blocks are disabled if proper VDD levels are not maintained. The following sequence applies at power-up (note that the SD pin must be held low throughout the entire power-up sequence):

- Power is applied to the device.
- When the supply connected to the AVDD1, AVDD2, and DVDD pins reaches a valid, 3-V dc voltage level, the device digital logic comes out of reset.
- At this point, a valid XCLK signal is sent to the device for at least 65,536 cycles.

Every time power is applied to the device, in addition to the power-up sequence, a complete initialization sequence must be followed before the user can transmit data with the power amplifier. The complete initialization sequence must be followed also after a soft reset is performed (see the AFE032 Reset Options section for more information on soft reset). The *Initialization Sequence* section provides more details. Similarly, perform a sequence each time the device transitions from receiver mode (also referred to as *RX mode*) to transmitter mode (also referred to as *TX mode*). The *Power Amplifier Enable Sequence* section provides more details for this Rx to Tx mode transition sequence.

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# SPI Mode

Holding the DAC pin low places the device in SPI mode. The following rules apply to the SPI slave operation when the device is in SPI mode:

- Each SPI operation is 16 bits wide.
- The  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  pin is set to '0' for each 16-bit SPI operation.
- The  $\overline{CS}$  pin is set to '1' between consecutive SPI operations.
- A minimum of ten DAC\_CLK cycles must be inserted after a write operation and a minimum of five DAC\_CLK cycles must be inserted after a read operation. During these cycles, the CS pin is set to '1'.
- The device DIN pin value is latched in during the SCLK rising edge.
- The device drives DOUT on the SCLK falling edge.
- DOUT assumes a high-impedance state when CS is set to '1'.

During an SPI operation in SPI mode, the following protocol is applied to the DIN pin by the SPI master:

- The first bit of the operation is the read and write (R/W) bit. An SPI read is specified when an R/W bit is '1'. An SPI write is specified when an R/W bit is '0'.
- The next seven bits are the SPI address.
- The next eight bits are the SPI data.

Table 5 lists a complete example of the 16-bit codeword format.

#### Table 5. 16-Bit Codeword Format for an SPI Operation in SPI Mode

| BIT NAME | LOCATION<br>(0 = LSB, 15 = MSB) | FUNCTION                           |  |  |
|----------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| DATA0    | 0                               | LSB of SPI data                    |  |  |
| DATA1    | 1                               | SPI data                           |  |  |
| DATA2    | 2                               | SPI data                           |  |  |
| DATA3    | 3                               | SPI data                           |  |  |
| DATA4    | 4                               | SPI data                           |  |  |
| DATA5    | 5                               | SPI data                           |  |  |
| DATA6    | 6                               | SPI data                           |  |  |
| DATA7    | 7                               | MSB of SPI data                    |  |  |
| ADDR0    | 8                               | LSB of register address bit        |  |  |
| ADDR1    | 9                               | Register address bit               |  |  |
| ADDR2    | 10                              | Register address bit               |  |  |
| ADDR3    | 11                              | Register address bit               |  |  |
| ADDR4    | 12                              | Register address bit               |  |  |
| ADDR5    | 13                              | Register address bit               |  |  |
| ADDR6    | 14                              | MSB of register address bit        |  |  |
| R/W      | 15                              | Read or write: 0 = write, 1 = read |  |  |

During an SPI operation, the following protocol is applied to the DOUT pin:

- If the current SPI operation from the master is a write operation, the AFE032 displays the previous operation received from the master on DOUT.
- If the current SPI operation from the master is a read operation, the AFE032 displays the R/W bit of the previous operation followed by the 7-bit address of the previous operation on DOUT. The remaining eight bits that follow depend on whether the previous operation was a read or write operation.
  - If a read request immediately follows a write operation, then the last eight bits are whatever was written to the device on DIN by the SPI master.
  - If a read request immediately follows a read operation, then the last eight bits are the contents of the AFE032 address used in the previous read operation.

Note that two SPI operations are required for the device to transmit status bits over the SPI. The first operation provides the AFE032 with the SPI register address to be read. The second operation transfers the data.



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A minimum of ten DAC\_CLK cycles must be inserted between consecutive write operations and a minimum of five DAC\_CLK cycles must be inserted between consecutive read operations.

# DAC Mode

The device digital logic contains four digital processing blocks to condition incoming DAC samples delivered from an external processor. The digital processing blocks in the device are referred to as the *DSP path*, as shown in Figure 22.



Figure 22. AFE032 DSP Path

Each block in the DSP path can be enabled or disabled to accommodate for different application scenarios. Processing DAC samples through the device can be broken down as follows:

- The device receives DAC samples (12 bits per sample) from an external DSP through the SPI at a rate of f<sub>S</sub> samples per second.
- The device receives the 12-bit samples and processes them as real signed numbers. Thus, bit 11 is processed as a sign bit. Therefore, the absolute value of each sample has 11 bits of resolution.
- The device extracts the DAC samples from the SPI and synchronizes them to DAC\_CLK through the ASYNCH FIFO.

# NOTE

The only exception to the 12-bit DAC sample length is when using a 16-bit envelope. See the *SPI Envelope Exception Case* section for more details.

When an external DSP is ready to send DAC samples to the device, the DAC\_MODE pin is asserted. The device digital logic reconfigures the SPI slave to run in a proprietary mode of operation in order to receive samples from the external DSP. In other words, the SPI interface becomes a write-only serial interface so that the external DSP can send DAC samples to the device. Each sample must be 12 bits wide.



The device digital logic sends valid samples to the DAC as long as the external DSP asserts the DAC\_MODE pin and sends 12-bit samples to the device. Note that whenever DAC\_MODE is not asserted, whichever values are present in the output stage of the DSP path continue to be driven to the DAC. Note also that, by default, all digital processing blocks in the device retain their states when DAC mode is deasserted (see the *DSP Path State Retention* section for more details). Use the following sequence to write samples to the DAC:

- 1. Send a valid XCLK signal to the device (refer to the *AFE032 Clock Requirements* section for more details on the XCLK signal).
- 2. Set CS low.
- 3. Wait for at least 20 DAC\_CLK cycles.
- 4. Set DAC (pin 7) high. This setting places the device in DAC mode.
- 5. Write the first 12-bit word to DIN. Note that the DAC register is left-justified.
- 6. Set  $\overline{CS}$  high to indicate that the sample is entered.
- 7. Wait for at least four SCLK cycles.
- 8. Set CS low.
- 9. Write the subsequent 12-bit word to DIN. Note that the DAC register is left-justified.
- 10. Set  $\overline{CS}$  high for at least four SCLK cycles to indicate that the sample is entered.
- 11. Repeat the last three steps for each new DAC sample.

#### NOTE

The only exception to the 12-bit DAC sample length is when using a 16-bit envelope. See the *SPI Envelope Exception Case* section for more details.

Appending 24 mid-range value samples at the end of every transmission of DAC samples is recommended. These 24 samples provide a smooth transition of the entire transmit path (that is, <u>DSP</u> blocks, Tx PGA, and Tx filter) to SPI mode. When the transmission of the last DAC sample ends (and the <u>CS</u> pin is set high), wait for at least 20 DAC\_CLK cycles before bringing the DAC pin (pin 7) low.

#### SPI Envelope Exception Case

Some external processors cannot create a 12-bit wide SPI transmission and output 16 bits. If this limitation is encountered, the device supports a special mode where a 12-bit DAC sample can be sent over the SPI inside a 16-bit window. To use the AFE032 16-bit SPI envelope feature take into account the following points:

- Set the DAC SPI select bit (bit 0 of the REG\_AFE032\_CTRL register) to '1'.
- Wait for at least 20 DAC\_CLK cycles after setting the DAC SPI select bit.
- Set the DAC pin (pin 7) high. This setting places the device in DAC mode.
- Drive the 12-bit DAC sample in the MSB position of the 16-bit SPI envelope.
- Provide 16 valid SCLK cycles in the SPI envelope.

The AFE032 SPI slave latches the first 12 bits and forwards them to the DSP path. The remaining four bits are dropped. When operating the device with the 16-bit SPI envelope enabled, the SPI must be driven exactly as described in this section or the device will not process the DAC samples successfully.

# **Digital Filtering**

Blocks 1 and 2 of the DSP path provide digital filtering to the samples generated by the external processor.

This section provides recommendations for the coefficient values for filter block 1 and filter block 2 of the DSP path. Three frequency bands are considered:

- CENELEC A band, comprised of frequencies between 3 kHz and 95 kHz.
- ARIB band, comprised of frequencies between 10 kHz and 450 kHz.
- FCC band, comprised of frequencies between 10 kHz and 490 kHz.

Note that the addresses of all registers mentioned in this section are given in the **REGISTER MAP** section.

Table 6 provides the recommended PRE\_CLK\_DIV and POST\_CLK\_DIV values of the REG\_CLK\_DIV register for the case of a 37.5 MHz XCLK frequency.

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#### Table 6. Recommended Clock Divider Values for Different Frequency Bands and XCLK = 37.5 MHz

| Frequency band | Clock divider value (decimal) | POST_CLK_DIV (Hex) | PRE_CLK_DIV (Hex) |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| CENELEC A      | 22                            | 10                 | 1                 |
| ARIB           | 7                             | 0                  | 6                 |
| FCC            | 7                             | 0                  | 6                 |

Table 7 provides the recommended coefficient values (in hexadecimal form) for block 1.

### Table 7. Recommended Coefficient Values for Block 1 of DSP Path

| Register              | CENELEC A | ARIB | FCC |
|-----------------------|-----------|------|-----|
| REG_COEFF1_BLOCK_1_MS | Disable   | CC   | A3  |
| REG_COEFF1_BLOCK_1_LS | Disable   | 40   | EO  |
| REG_COEFF2_BLOCK_1_MS | Disable   | E4   | D8  |
| REG_COEFF2_BLOCK_1_LS | Disable   | 50   | E0  |
| REG_COEFF3_BLOCK_1_MS | Disable   | 40   | 40  |
| REG_COEFF3_BLOCK_1_LS | Disable   | 00   | 00  |
| REG_COEFF4_BLOCK_1_MS | Disable   | 78   | 7E  |
| REG_COEFF4_BLOCK_1_LS | Disable   | 40   | 80  |
| REG_COEFF5_BLOCK_1_MS | Disable   | 40   | 40  |
| REG_COEFF5_BLOCK_1_LS | Disable   | 00   | 00  |
| REG_COEFF6_BLOCK_1_MS | Disable   | 30   | 17  |
| REG_COEFF6_BLOCK_1_LS | Disable   | CO   | A0  |
| REG_COEFF7_BLOCK_1_MS | Disable   | 15   | 3E  |
| REG_COEFF7_BLOCK_1_LS | Disable   | A0   | D0  |

Table 8 provides the recommended coefficient values (in hexadecimal form) for block 2.

# Table 8. Recommended Coefficient Values for Block 2 of DSP Path

| Register               | CENELEC A | ARIB | FCC |
|------------------------|-----------|------|-----|
| REG_COEFF1_BLOCK_2_MS  | 10        | F8   | D4  |
| REG_COEFF1_BLOCK_2_LS  | 40        | 30   | 00  |
| REG_COEFF2_BLOCK_2_MS  | 00        | 00   | 00  |
| REG_COEFF2_BLOCK_2_LS  | 00        | 00   | 00  |
| REG_COEFF3_BLOCK_2_MS  | 0C        | 0C   | 0C  |
| REG_COEFF3_BLOCK_2_LS  | F0        | B0   | 60  |
| REG_COEFF4_BLOCK_2_MS  | 0C        | 0C   | 0C  |
| REG_COEFF4_BLOCK_2_LS  | F0        | B0   | 60  |
| REG_COEFF5_BLOCK_2_MS  | 00        | 00   | 00  |
| REG_COEFF5_BLOCK_2_LS  | 00        | 00   | 00  |
| REG_COEFF6_BLOCK_2_MS  | 06        | C3   | 96  |
| REG_COEFF6_BLOCK_2_LS  | EO        | 80   | 20  |
| REG_COEFF7_BLOCK_2_MS  | D1        | D0   | СС  |
| REG_COEFF7_BLOCK_2_LS  | 80        | F0   | 70  |
| REG_COEFF8_BLOCK_2_MS  | 0A        | 09   | 19  |
| REG_COEFF8_BLOCK_2_LS  | CO        | 20   | AO  |
| REG_COEFF9_BLOCK_2_MS  | 06        | 0D   | 30  |
| REG_COEFF9_BLOCK_2_LS  | 00        | CO   | EO  |
| REG_COEFF10_BLOCK_2_MS | 0A        | 09   | 19  |
| REG_COEFF10_BLOCK_2_LS | CO        | 20   | A0  |
| REG_COEFF11_BLOCK_2_MS | 2D        | 60   | 3B  |
| REG_COEFF11_BLOCK_2_LS | 20        | 60   | CO  |
| REG_COEFF12_BLOCK_2_MS | 69        | 6B   | 6E  |
| REG_COEFF12_BLOCK_2_LS | 60        | 90   | 80  |



Figure 23 shows the transfer function of block 2 when the recommended coefficients for the CENELEC A band are used.



Figure 23. Transfer Function of Block 2 - CENELEC A Band Coefficients According to Table 8

Figure 24 shows the transfer function of blocks 1 and 2 when the recommended coefficients for the ARIB band are used.



Figure 24. Transfer Function of Blocks 1 and 2 - ARIB Band Coefficients According to Table 7 and Table 8

Figure 25 shows the transfer function of blocks 1 and 2 when the recommended coefficients for the FCC band are used.





# SPI Clock To DAC Clock Synchronization

The device receives DAC samples from the external DSP over the SPI (which operates using SCLK) and writes these samples to the ASYNCH FIFO for internal synchronization (the ASYNCH FIFO and the rest of the DSP path operate using the internally-generated DAC\_CLK signal). The FIFO read controller pulls the samples out of the ASYNCH FIFO at the rate determined by the DAC\_CLK frequency (not the rate determined by  $f_s$ ).



Refer to Figure 22 for the block diagram of the AFE032 DSP path. Bits 1 though 4 of the REG\_AFE032\_CTRL register determine which blocks are included in the DSP path and which are bypassed. The default values of these bits is '0' and all four blocks are included in the DSP path when the device is powered up.

Block 3 of the DSP path operates synchronously with DAC\_CLK and interpolates (by a factor of four) the signals coming from the ASYNCH FIFO. Such interpolation requires that samples stored in the ASYNCH FIFO be extracted no faster than one time every four DAC\_CLK cycles; such interpolation also imposes an upper bound to  $f_s$ . The external DSP must send samples to the device at a rate less than or equal to one-fourth the DAC\_CLK frequency [that is,  $f_s \leq (DAC_CLK / 4)$ ].

Block 4 should be used to improve performance in two cases:

- When block 3 is included in the DSP path and f<sub>S</sub> is strictly less than one-fourth the DAC\_CLK frequency [that is, f<sub>S</sub> < (DAC\_CLK / 4)].</li>
- When block 3 is bypassed (not included in the DSP path) and f<sub>S</sub> is strictly less than the DAC\_CLK frequency (that is, f<sub>S</sub> < DAC\_CLK).</li>

For these two cases, block 4 should be used and its 32-bit parameter should be written to the REG\_OFFSET0, REG\_OFFSET1, REG\_OFFSET2, and REG\_OFFSET3 registers. This section describes four typical scenarios that can be found in most applications.

#### Block 3 and Block 4 Are Bypassed

If an external DSP transmits DAC samples to the device at a rate equal to the DAC\_CLK frequency (that is,  $f_S = DAC_CLK$ ), then both block 3 and block 4 should be bypassed. Write a '0' to bits 1 to 4 of the REG\_AFE032\_CTRL register. A parameter for block 4 does not need to be calculated or written. Table 9 shows examples of this scenario.

| f <sub>S</sub><br>(kSPS) | XCLK<br>(MHz) | XCLK<br>DIVIDER | REG_CLK_DIV (Hex) | DAC_CLK<br>(MHz) | BLOCK 3  | BLOCK 4  |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|----------|
| 500                      | 37.5          | 75              | 4E                | 0.5              | Bypassed | Bypassed |
| 800                      | 19.2          | 24              | 27                | 0.8              | Bypassed | Bypassed |

#### Table 9. Example Cases of Bypassed Blocks 3 and 4

#### Block 3 Is Included, Block 4 Is Bypassed

If an external DSP transmits DAC samples to the device at a rate equal to one-fourth the DAC\_CLK frequency [that is,  $f_S = (DAC_CLK / 4)$ ], then block 3 is included and block 4 is bypassed. Write a '0' to bits 1, 2, and 4 and write a '1' to bit 3 of the REG\_AFE032\_CTRL register. A parameter for block 4 does not need to be calculated or written. Table 10 shows examples of this scenario.

| f <sub>S</sub><br>(MSPS) | XCLK<br>(MHz) | XCLK<br>DIVIDER | REG_CLK_DIV (Hex) | DAC_CLK<br>(MHz) | BLOCK 3  | BLOCK 4  |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|----------|
| 1.2                      | 19.2          | 4               | 03                | 4.8              | Included | Bypassed |
| 0.625                    | 37.5          | 15              | 0E                | 2.5              | Included | Bypassed |

 Table 10. Example Cases of Block 3 Included and Block 4 Bypassed



#### Block 3 Is Bypassed, Block 4 Is Included

If an external DSP transmits DAC samples to the device at a rate close to but less than the DAC\_CLK frequency (that is,  $f_S < DAC_CLK$ ), then block 3 is bypassed and block 4 is included. Write a '0' to bits 1, 2, and 3 and write a '1' to bit 4 of the REG\_AFE032\_CTRL register. In this case, the 32-bit parameter for block 4 must be calculated and written. This mode of operation is recommended as long as the ratio between  $f_S$  and DAC\_CLK is greater than 0.8 and less than 1 (that is, 0.8 DAC\_CLK <  $f_S < DAC_CLK$ ). Table 11 shows examples of this scenario.

To calculate the 32-bit parameter for block 4:

- Calculate the ratio between  $f_s$  and DAC\_CLK. Ratio =  $f_s$  / DAC\_CLK.
- Multiply the ratio by 4,294,967,296. Product = (ratio)(4,294,967,296).
- The parameter for block 4 is equal to the integer part of the product found. Parameter = integer part of product.

The value of the 32-bit parameter for block 4 must be written in hexadecimal form to the REG\_OFFSET0, REG\_OFFSET1, REG\_OFFSET2, and REG\_OFFSET3 registers. The order should be such that the most significant byte of the parameter is stored in REG\_OFFSET0 and the least significant byte is stored in REG\_OFFSET3.

| f <sub>S</sub><br>(MSPS) | XCLK<br>(MHz) | XCLK<br>DIVIDER | REG_CLK_<br>DIV (Hex) | DAC_CLK<br>(MHz) | BLOCK 3  | BLOCK 4  | BLOCK 4<br>PARAMETER<br>(Hex) |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------|----------|-------------------------------|
| 1.2                      | 37.5          | 28              | 1D                    | 1.339            | Bypassed | Included | E5604189                      |
| 0.8                      | 37.5          | 45              | 48                    | 0.833            | Bypassed | Included | F5C28F5C                      |

#### Table 11. Example Cases of Block 3 Bypassed and Block 4 Included

#### Block 3 and Block 4 Are Included

If an external DSP transmits DAC samples to the device at a rate close to but less than one-fourth the DAC\_CLK frequency [that is,  $f_S < (DAC_CLK / 4)$ ], then both block 3 and block 4 are included. Write a '0' to bits 1 and 2 and write a '1' to bits 3 and 4 of the REG\_AFE032\_CTRL register. In this case, the 32-bit parameter for block 4 must be calculated and written. This mode of operation is recommended as long as the ratio between  $f_S$  and DAC\_CLK is greater than 0.2 and less than 0.25 (that is, 0.2 DAC\_CLK <  $f_S < 0.25$  DAC\_CLK). Table 12 shows examples of this scenario.

To calculate the 32-bit parameter for block 4:

- Calculate the ratio between  $f_s$  and DAC\_CLK. Ratio =  $f_s$  / DAC\_CLK.
- Multiply the ratio by 17,179,869,184. Product = (ratio)(17,179,869,184).
- The parameter for block 4 is equal to the integer part of the product found. Parameter = integer part of product.

The value of the 32-bit parameter for block 4 must be written in hexadecimal form to the REG\_OFFSET0, REG\_OFFSET1, REG\_OFFSET2, and REG\_OFFSET3 registers. The order should be such that the most significant byte of the parameter is stored in REG\_OFFSET0 and the least significant byte is stored in REG\_OFFSET3.

| f <sub>S</sub><br>(MSPS) | XCLK<br>(MHz) | XCLK<br>DIVIDER | REG_CLK_<br>DIV (Hex) | DAC_CLK<br>(MHz) | BLOCK 3  | BLOCK 4  | BLOCK 4<br>PARAMETER<br>(Hex) |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------|----------|-------------------------------|
| 1                        | 37.5          | 9               | 08                    | 4.167            | Included | Included | F5C28F5C                      |
| 1                        | 19.2          | 4               | 03                    | 4.8              | Included | Included | D5555555                      |
| 0.4                      | 22.5          | 14              | 0D                    | 1.607            | Included | Included | FEDCBA98                      |

 Table 12. Example Cases of Block 3 and Block 4 Included



#### **DSP Path State Retention**

By default, blocks 1 through 4 of the DSP path retain their states in between DAC sample bursts (when DAC mode is deasserted). This default implementation functions best for most applications provided that all DAC sample bursts end with at least 24 samples of midrange values. These 24 samples provide a smooth transition to SPI mode. The default implementation can be altered by changing the DSP\_CFG bit of the REG\_AUX\_CTL register (see the *Register Map* section).

#### DAC Sample Clipping and Bias

The device provides the ability to clip DAC samples at the last stage of digital processing. An additional offset may be added to the clipped DAC sample at the user's discretion. The clipping circuit operates in the following manner:

- Program the device with an 11-bit clip value on the REG\_CLIP0 and REG\_CLIP1 registers.
- Program the device with an 11-bit clip offset value on the REG\_CLIP\_OFFSET0 and REG\_CLIP\_OFFSET1 registers.
- The programmed clip and offset values are not signed.
- The device digital logic compares the 11-bit magnitude of the DAC sample from the DSP path to the clip value.
- If the magnitude of the DAC sample is greater than the clip value, then the final DAC sample equals the clip value minus the offset value.
- If the magnitude of the DAC sample is less than the clip value, then the final DAC sample is unchanged.

#### AFE032 Reset Options

The device has two main types of reset mechanisms available. These reset options are hardware invoked and software invoked.

#### External Reset and Analog Shutdown Mode

The device can be disabled by asserting the external SD pin. Asserting the external SD pin causes the device digital logic to reset and also causes the analog module to shut down. Asserting the external SD pin disables the DAC clock and the entire device is disabled. Adhere to the following protocol when asserting the external SD pin:

- Assert the SD pin for at least 1 µs.
- Make sure that the device receives a valid XCLK clock before, during, and after the SD pin is asserted.

When the SD pin is deasserted, a valid XCLK signal must be sent to the device for at least 65,536 cycles. The device must be reprogrammed because all control registers are now reset.

#### Software Reset Options

Two types of software resets can be applied to the device digital logic: soft reset and sticky reset. Soft reset and sticky reset create a reset pulse that is eight DAC\_CLK cycles wide for the internal logic. These two reset commands are controlled by the REG\_AFE032\_CTL register. Sticky reset preserves all SPI register settings. In order to properly use the sticky reset, the values of all other control bits in the REG\_AFE032\_CTL register must be read and noted before asserting the sticky reset bit. Whatever is written to the REG\_AFE032\_CTL register is latched when performing a sticky reset. A soft reset, on the other hand, brings all device digital circuits to their default states.

After a soft reset or sticky reset is performed, a valid XCLK signal must be sent to the device for at least 65,536 cycles. The device must be reprogrammed because all control registers are now reset (with the exception of the REG\_AFE032\_CTL register bits in the case of a sticky reset).



# AFE032 Interrupts

The device contains three maskable interrupt signals: IFLAG\_INT, TFLAG\_INT, and DIG\_ERR\_INT. These interrupt masks are set by default and can be changed by writing to the REG\_FLAG\_CTL register. The interrupt masks are used to prevent any or all interrupt signals from commanding the active-low, open-drain interrupt pin (INT). The REG\_AFE\_STATUS register contains the status of the three maskable interrupt signals; these signals operate as follows:

- IFLAG\_INT: This interrupt is asserted when the PA goes to current limit mode for at least 16,384 DAC\_CLK cycles. If the PA goes to current limit mode but then falls out of current limit mode before 16,384 DAC\_CLK cycles have elapsed, then the IFLAG\_INT is not set.
- TFLAG\_INT: This interrupt is asserted when the PA goes to overtemperature mode.
- DIG\_ERR\_INT: This interrupt is a logical OR of all of individual interrupt vectors located in the REG\_DIG\_ERR register. See the Digital Interrupt Bits section and Table 26 for more details.

Note that reading the REG\_AFE\_STATUS register resets the IFLAG\_INT and TFLAG\_INT bits. Similarly, reading the REG\_DIG\_ERR register resets all of its bits. Note that the DIG\_ERR\_INT bit is not reset until the REG\_DIG\_ERR register is read.

#### Digital Interrupt Bits

The device can identify certain errors that may be caused because of improper programming or clocking. These errors are: AFIFO overflow, SPI write address fail, SPI illegal access, and SPI address error.

An AFIFO overflow error occurs if the ASYNCH FIFO used to convert DAC samples from the SPI to the DAC clock domain has overflowed. This error indicates that the external DSP is transmitting DAC samples at a rate ( $f_S$ ) higher than the maximum capability of the device DSP path for the current configuration. Refer to the *SPI Clock To DAC Clock Synchronization* section for details on the proper selection of  $f_S$  and XCLK.

An SPI write address fail error occurs when a read-only register is attempted to be written to. An SPI illegal access error occurs when a reserved SPI register is attempted to be written to.

An SPI address error occurs when an SPI register is attempted to be accessed incorrectly. This error is caused by several reasons: if a reserved SPI register is attempted to be written to, if an SPI register is attempted to be accessed with an incorrect address (that is, an address that does not exist in Table 13), or if a read-only register is attempted to be written to.

#### Initialization Sequence

The following initialization sequence must be performed (in addition to the sequence described in the *Power-Up Sequence* section) to ensure the device is ready for communication to the power line each time power is applied to the device and each time after a soft reset is performed:

- Ensure the shutdown pin is low.
- Ensure a valid XCLK signal is present.
- Configure the device in SPI mode by taking the DAC pin low.
- Wait for at least 65,536 XCLK cycles.
- Enable the PA\_NRF, TX\_RX\_NRF, and DAC\_NRF blocks.
- Configure the two programmable clock dividers.
- Select the Tx filter band.
- Set the Enable assist bit (bit 7 in the REG HPF/LPF CFG register).
- Select which block in the digital path is used and which is bypassed.
- If block 4 is included, program the block 4 parameter of the DSP path.
- Set the Tx PGA, Rx PGA 1, and Rx PGA 2 gains.
- Enable the low-pass filter (LPF) and high-pass filter (HPF) according to the application requirements by writing to the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTL register. Make sure to enable the filter bias (bit 5 of the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTL register).
- Enable the DAC block by writing to register REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTL (do not set the DAC pin high; just enable the DAC block to ensure the block is ready when the device is configured for transmission).
- Wait for two seconds to ensure all voltage references and signal path capacitors reach a steady state.



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#### **Power Amplifier Enable and Disable Sequences**

Whether immediately after the initialization sequence or when transitioning from receiver mode to transmitter mode, one of the PA enable sequences described in this section must be used each time the device initiates a signal transmission on the power line via the power amplifier. The specific enable sequence used depends on whether the DAC block is enabled at least 300 µs prior to the start of the PA enable sequence or not.

#### PA Enable Sequence for a DAC Already Enabled Case

Use the following sequence if the DAC has been enabled for at least 300  $\mu$ s.

- Simultaneously set the PA IQ current control bits (bits 6 and 7) and the PA current limit bits (bits 4 and 5) of the REG\_PA\_CURRENT\_CFG register. The PA IQ current control bits must be set to '10' (that is, the 95 mA option). The PA current limit bit settings depend on the application.
- Enable the Filter bias enable bit (bit 5) of the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTL register.
- Write '1' to the TX enable bit (bit 4), and '0' to the RX enable bit (bit 3) of the REG\_RX/TX\_CTL register.
- Wait for 50 µs.
- Write B4 (hex) to the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTRL register. (This setting enables the PA internal subregulation circuitry, maintains the LPF and filter bias, and keeps the DAC enabled while leaving the HPF and PA output stage disabled.)
- Wait for 20 µs.
- Write BC (hex) to the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTRL register. (This setting enables the PA output stage while keeping the PA internal sub-regulation circuitry, LPF, filter bias, and DAC enabled. The HPF remains disabled.)
- Enable the ENPAIQN bit (bit 3) and the ENPAIQP bit (bit 2) of the REG\_PA\_CURRENT\_CFG register.
- Enable the ENPCOMP bit (bit 7) and ENNCOMP bit (bit 6) of the REG\_RX/TX\_CTL register.
- Set the Tx PGA gain to the desired value.
- Wait for at least 20 DAC\_CLK cycles.
- Configure the device in DAC mode by taking the DAC pin high.
- Write the desired samples to the DAC following the procedure outlined in the DAC Mode section.

#### PA Enable Sequence Starting from a DAC in Disabled State Case

Use the following sequence if the DAC is disabled or if it is enabled for less than 300  $\mu$ s prior to the start of the PA enable sequence:

- Simultaneously set the PA IQ current control bits (bits 6 and 7) and PA current limit bits (bits 4 and 5) of the REG\_PA\_CURRENT\_CFG register. The PA IQ current control bits must be set to '10' (that is, the 95 mA option). The PA current limit bit settings depend on the application.
- Enable the DAC by writing '1' to the DAC enable bit (bit 2) and the Filter bias enable bit (bit 5) of the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTL register.
- Write '1' to the TX enable bit (bit 4), and '0' to the RX enable bit (bit 3) of the REG\_RX/TX\_CTL register.
- Wait for 300 µs.
- Write B4 (hex) to the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTRL register. (This setting enables the PA internal subregulation circuitry, maintains the LPF and filter bias, and keeps the DAC enabled while leaving the HPF and PA output stage disabled.)
- Wait for 20 µs.
- Write BC (hex) to the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTRL register. (This setting enables the PA output stage while keeping the PA internal sub-regulation circuitry, LPF, filter bias, and DAC enabled. The HPF remains disabled.)
- Enable the ENPAIQN bit (bit 3) and the ENPAIQP bit (bit 2) of the REG\_PA\_CURRENT\_CFG register.
- Enable the ENPCOMP bit (bit 7) and ENNCOMP bit (bit 6) of the REG\_RX/TX\_CTL register.
- Set the Tx PGA gain to the desired value.
- Wait for at least 20 DAC\_CLK cycles.
- Configure the device in DAC mode by taking the DAC pin high.
- Write the desired samples to the DAC following the procedure outlined in the DAC Mode section.

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# PA Disable Sequence

Use the following sequence to disable the PA:

- Disable the PA output enable bit (bit 3) on the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTRL register.
- Disable the PA internal sub-regulation circuitry (bit 4) of the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTL register.
- Disable the ENPAIQN bit (bit 3) and the ENPAIQP bit (bit 2) of the REG\_PA\_CURRENT\_CFG register.
- Disable the ENPCOMP bit (bit 7) and ENNCOMP bit (bit 6) of the REG\_RX/TX\_CTL register.
- Set the PA IQ current control bits (bits 6 and 7) of the REG\_PA\_CURRENT\_CFG register to '00' (that is, the 55 mA option).


# **REGISTER MAP**

The AFE032 data registers are listed in the memory map of Table 13. A description of each register is given in the *Register Description* section.

| REGISTER               | ADDRESS<br>(Hex) | DEFAULT<br>VALUE (Hex) | BIT 7                        | BIT 6                        | BIT 5                        | BIT 4                     | BIT 3   | BIT 2          | BIT 1          | BIT 0          |
|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| REG_AFE032_CTL         | 00               | 00                     | Soft reset                   | Sticky reset                 | Reserved                     | Bypass Block 4            | Bypass Block 3  | Bypass Block 2 | Bypass Block 1 | DAC SPI select |
| REG_FLAG_CTL           | 01               | E0                     | IFLAG mask                   | TFLAG mask                   | DIG_ERR<br>mask              |                           |   | Reserved       |                |                |
| RESERVED               | 02               | 7F                     |                              |                              |                              | Rese                      | erved   |                |                |                |
| REG_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA_CTL | 03               | 00                     | LPF enable                   | HPF enable                   | Filter bias<br>enable        | PA enable                 | PA output<br>enable   | DAC enable     | Reserved       | Disable TLIM   |
| REG_PA_CURRENT_CFG     | 04               | 00                     | PA IQ curr                   | ent control                  | PA curr                      | rent limit                | ENPAIQN   | ENPAIQP        | ENPAICLN       | ENPAICLP       |
| REG_HPF/LPF_CFG        | 05               | 00                     | Enable Assist                |                              | LPF band select              |                           | Reserved  | HPF ba         | nd select      | Reserved       |
| REG_RX/TX_CTL          | 06               | 00                     | ENPCOMP                      | ENNCOMP                      | Reserved                     | Tx enable                 | Rx enable   |                | TX_PGA gain    |                |
| REG_RX_PGA_CFG         | 07               | 00                     |                              | RX_PG                        | A1 gain                      |                           | RX_PGA2 gain Reser  |                |                | Reserved       |
| REG_VREF/ZEROX         | 08               | 00                     | Zero-cross1<br>detect enable | Zero-cross2<br>detect enable | Zero-cross3<br>detect enable | PA_NRF<br>enable          | TX_RX_NRF DAC_NRF enable enable Reserved                            |                |                | erved          |
| RESERVED               | 09               | 18                     |                              |                              |                              | Rese                      | erved   |                |                |                |
| REG_AFE_STATUS         | 0A               | 01                     | IFLAG_INT                    | TFLAG_INT                    | Reserved                     | DIG_ERR_INT               | JT Reserved   |                |                |                |
| RESERVED               | 0B               | 00                     | Reserved                     |                              |                              |                           |   |                |                |                |
| RESERVED               | 0C               | 00                     | Reserved                     |                              |                              |                           |   |                |                |                |
| REG_DIG_ERROR          | 0D               | 00                     | Reserved                     | Reserved                     | AFIFO overflow               | SPI write<br>address fail | SPI illegal<br>access         SPI address<br>error         Reserved |                |                | erved          |
| REG_ID                 | 0E               | 00                     | Die                          | _ID                          |                              | Revision                  |   |                | Reserved       |                |
| REG_CLK_DIV            | 0F               | 03                     |                              | DAC clock PC                 | DST_CLK_DIV                  |                           |   | DAC clock P    | RE_CLK_DIV     |                |
| REG_OFFSET_0           | 10               | F5                     |                              |                              | Мс                           | ost significant byte      | of block 4 parame   | eter           |                |                |
| REG_OFFSET_1           | 11               | C2                     |                              |                              |                              | Second to MSB of          | block 4 paramete  | r              |                |                |
| REG_OFFSET_2           | 12               | 8F                     |                              |                              |                              | Third to MSB of b         | olock 4 parameter   |                |                |                |
| REG_OFFSET_3           | 13               | 5C                     |                              |                              | Lea                          | ast significant byte      | of block 4 parame   | eter           |                |                |
| REG_CLIP_0             | 14               | FF                     |                              |                              |                              | CLIP                      | _MSB  |                |                |                |
| REG_CLIP_1             | 15               | E0                     |                              | CLIP_LSB                     |                              |                           |   | Reserved       |                |                |
| REG_CLIP_OFFSET_0      | 16               | 00                     |                              |                              |                              | CLIP_O                    | FF_MSB  |                |                |                |
| REG_CLIP_OFFSET_1      | 17               | 00                     |                              | CLIP_OFF_LSB                 |                              |                           |   | Reserved       |                |                |
| REG_AUX_CTL            | 18               | 26                     | Reserved                     | Reserved                     | DSP_CFG                      |                           |   | Reserved       |                |                |
| RESERVED               | 19 to 23         | 00                     |                              |                              |                              | Rese                      | erved   |                |                |                |
| REG_COEFF1_BLOCK_2_MS  | 24               | B9                     |                              |                              | В                            | its 11:4 of coefficie     | ent 1 for filter block  | : 2            |                |                |
| REG_COEFF1_BLOCK_2_LS  | 25               | D0                     | В                            | its 3:0 of coefficie         | nt 1 for filter block        | 2                         |   | Rese           | erved          |                |
| REG_COEFF2_BLOCK_2_MS  | 26               | E8                     |                              |                              | В                            | its 11:4 of coefficie     | ent 2 for filter block  | : 2            |                |                |
| REG_COEFF2_BLOCK_2_LS  | 27               | 60                     | В                            | its 3:0 of coefficie         | nt 2 for filter block        | 2                         |   | Rese           | erved          |                |

# Table 13. Data Register Memory Map

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# Table 13. Data Register Memory Map (continued)

| REGISTER               | ADDRESS<br>(Hex) | DEFAULT<br>VALUE (Hex) | BIT 7  | BIT 6   | BIT 5                  | BIT 4                 | BIT 3                 | BIT 2    | BIT 1 | BIT 0 |
|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|--|---|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------|-------|-------|
| REG_COEFF3_BLOCK_2_MS  | 28               | 0F                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 3 for filter block | x 2      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF3_BLOCK_2_LS  | 29               | 00                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 3 for filter block  | 2                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF4_BLOCK_2_MS  | 2A               | 1D                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 4 for filter block | x 2      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF4_BLOCK_2_LS  | 2B               | C0                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 4 for filter block 2 Reserved |                        |                       |                       |          |       |       |
| REG_COEFF5_BLOCK_2_MS  | 2C               | 0F                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 5 for filter block | < 2      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF5_BLOCK_2_LS  | 2D               | 00                     | B  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 5 for filter block  | 2                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF6_BLOCK_2_MS  | 2E               | 99                     |  | Bits 11:4 of coefficient 6 for filter block 2         |                        |                       |                       |          |       |       |
| REG_COEFF6_BLOCK_2_LS  | 2F               | 40                     | B  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 6 for filter block  | 2                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF7_BLOCK_2_MS  | 30               | CA                     |  | Bits 11:4 of coefficient 7 for filter block 2         |                        |                       |                       |          |       |       |
| REG_COEFF7_BLOCK_2_LS  | 31               | 10                     | B  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 7 for filter block  | 2                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF8_BLOCK_2_MS  | 32               | 1F                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 8 for filter block | x 2      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF8_BLOCK_2_LS  | 33               | 20                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 8 for filter block  | 2                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF9_BLOCK_2_MS  | 34               | 3B                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 9 for filter block | x 2      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF9_BLOCK_2_LS  | 35               | 10                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 9 for filter block  | 2                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF10_BLOCK_2_MS | 36               | 1F                     |  |   | Bit                    | ts 11:4 of coefficie  | nt 10 for filter bloc | k 2      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF10_BLOCK_2_LS | 37               | 20                     | Bi   | its 3:0 of coefficier                                 | nt 10 for filter block | < 2                   |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF11_BLOCK_2_MS | 38               | 23                     |  |   | Bit                    | ts 11:4 of coefficie  | nt 11 for filter bloc | k 2      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF11_BLOCK_2_LS | 39               | B0                     | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 11 for filter block 2 Reserved |   |                        |                       |                       |          |       |       |
| REG_COEFF12_BLOCK_2_MS | ЗA               | 44                     |  |   | Bit                    | ts 11:4 of coefficie  | nt 12 for filter bloc | k 2      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF12_BLOCK_2_LS | 3B               | 20                     | Bi   | its 3:0 of coefficier                                 | nt 12 for filter block | < 2                   |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF1_BLOCK_1_MS  | 3C               | B9                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 1 for filter block | < 1      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF1_BLOCK_1_LS  | 3D               | D0                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 1 for filter block  | 1                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF2_BLOCK_1_MS  | 3E               | E8                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 2 for filter block | < 1      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF2_BLOCK_1_LS  | 3F               | 60                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 2 for filter block  | 1                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF3_BLOCK_1_MS  | 40               | 0F                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 3 for filter block | < 1      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF3_BLOCK_1_LS  | 41               | 00                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 3 for filter block  | 1                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF4_BLOCK_1_MS  | 42               | 1D                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 4 for filter block | < 1      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF4_BLOCK_1_LS  | 43               | C0                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 4 for filter block  | 1                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF5_BLOCK_1_MS  | 44               | 0F                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 5 for filter block | < 1      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF5_BLOCK_1_LS  | 45               | 00                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 5 for filter block  | 1                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF6_BLOCK_1_MS  | 46               | 23                     |  |   | В                      | its 11:4 of coefficie | nt 6 for filter block | < 1      |       |       |
| REG_COEFF6_BLOCK_1_LS  | 47               | B0                     | В  | Bits 3:0 of coefficie                                 | nt 6 for filter block  | 1                     |                       | Rese     | erved |       |
| REG_COEFF7_BLOCK_1_MS  | 48               | 44                     | Bits 11:4 of coefficient 7 for filter block 1          |   |                        |                       |                       |          |       |       |
| REG_COEFF7_BLOCK_1_LS  | 49               | 20                     | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 7 for filter block 1 Reserved  |   |                        |                       |                       |          |       |       |
| REG_DAC_SAMPLE_MS      | 4A               | 00                     |  |   | Bits 11:4              | of DAC sample fe      | ed from DSP path      | into DAC |       |       |
| REG_DAC_SAMPLE_LS      | 4B               | 00                     | Bits 3:0   | of DAC sample fe                                      | d from DSP path i      | into DAC              |                       | Res      | erved |       |



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# **Register Description**

|               | ٦  | Table 14. RE   | G_AFE032_CT          | L Register (A        | ddress = 00h          | )                     |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 7             | 6  | 5  | 4                    | 3                    | 2                     | 1                     | 0              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Soft reset    | Sticky reset   | Reserved   | Bypass Block 4       | Bypass Block 3       | Bypass Block 2        | Bypass Block 1        | DAC SPI select |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R0/W          | R0/W   | R  | R/W                  | R/W                  | R/W                   | R/W                   | R/W            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write; R  | 0/W = read '0' a   | nd write (these bits | always reset to '0   | )' after being writte | en); R = read-only.   |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 7         | Soft reset   |  |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit cre   | eates a reset pul  | se to all AFE digita | I circuits and conti | rol registers. This   | bit is self resetting | I.             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = Norma<br>1 = Reset   | l operation (defa  | ult)                 |                      | C                     |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 6         | Sticky res   | et   |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit res<br>values. Thi                                    | This bit resets all AFE digital circuits except the SPI registers. The SPI registers maintain all currently programmed values. This bit is self resetting. |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = Norma<br>1 = Reset   | l operation (defa  | ult)                 |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 5         | Reserved   |  |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit is r<br>Default = 0                                   | reserved.<br>).  |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 4         | Bypass Bl  | lock 4   |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit det   | termines if block  | 4 is included in the | e signal path.       |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = Include<br>1 = Bypass                                      | e block 4 (defaul<br>s block 4   | t)                   |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 3         | Bypass Bl  | lock 3   |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit determines if block 3 is included in the signal path. |  |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = Include<br>1 = Bypass                                      | 0 = Include block 3 (default)<br>1 = Bypass block 3  |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 2         | Bypass Bl  | lock 2   |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit det   | termines if block  | 2 is included in the | e signal path.       |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = Include<br>1 = Bypass                                      | e block 2 (defaul<br>s block 2   | t)                   |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 1         | Bypass Bl  | lock 1   |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit det   | termines if block  | 1 is included in the | e signal path.       |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = Include<br>1 = Bypass                                      | e block 1 (defaul<br>s block 1   | t)                   |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 0         | DAC SPI s  | select   |                      |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit set   | ts the 12-bit DAC  | C sample in either a | a 16-bit SCLK env    | elope or a 12-bit \$  | SCLK envelope.        |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = 12-bit I<br>1 = 16-bit I                                   | DAC burst (defa<br>DAC burst   | ult)                 |                      |                       |                       |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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|---------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
|               |                           | Table 15. REG                                    | G_FLAG_CTL                           | . Register (Ad                            | dress = 01h)                       |                                 |                |
| 7             | 6                         | 5  | 4                                    | 3   | 2                                  | 1                               | 0              |
| IFLAG mask    | TFLAG mask                | DIG_ERR<br>mask                                  |                                      |   | Reserved                           |                                 |                |
| R/W           | R/W                       | R/W  |                                      |   | R                                  |                                 |                |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write; R       | t = read-only.                                   |                                      |   |                                    |                                 |                |
| Bit 7         | IFLAG ma<br>Software a    | isk<br>asserts this bit to pr                    | event the curren                     | t-limit interrupt from                    | n commanding the                   | INT external pin                | . The current  |
|               | 0 = Do not<br>1 = Mask I  | mask<br>FLAG_INT (default                        | :)                                   | IE REG_AFE_ST                             | ar os register.                    |                                 |                |
| Bit 6         | TFLAG m                   | ask  |                                      |   |                                    |                                 |                |
|               | Software a overtempe      | asserts this bit to pr<br>erature event still as | event the overter<br>serts the TFLAG | mperature interrup<br>6_INT bit on the RI | t from commanding<br>EG_AFE_STATUS | g the INT externative register. | l pin. The     |
|               | 0 = Do not<br>1 = Mask    | t mask<br>TFLAG_INT (defau                       | lt)                                  |   |                                    |                                 |                |
| Bit 5         | DIG_ERR                   | mask   |                                      |   |                                    |                                 |                |
|               | Software a<br>errors can  | asserts this bit to pr<br>still be read in the   | event the digital<br>REG_DIG_ERR     | error status bits fro<br>OR register.     | om commanding th                   | e INT external pi               | n. Any digital |
|               | 0 = Do not<br>1 = Mask (  | t mask<br>digital errors (defau                  | lt)                                  |   |                                    |                                 |                |
| Bits[4:0]     | Reserved                  |  |                                      |   |                                    |                                 |                |
|               | These bits<br>Default = 0 | are reserved.<br>).                              |                                      |   |                                    |                                 |                |
|               |                           | Table 16. R                                      | ESERVED R                            | egister (Addro                            | ess = 02h)                         |                                 |                |
| 7             | 6                         | 5  | 4                                    | 3   | 2                                  | 1                               | 0              |
|               |                           |  | Rese                                 | erved                                     |                                    |                                 |                |
|               |                           |  | F                                    | २   |                                    |                                 |                |

LEGEND: R = read-only.

This register is reserved. Default = 7Fh



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|               | Table  | 17. REG_DA  | C/HPF/LPF/PA                                       | _CTRL Regis                             | ster (Address                               | = 03h)                               |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--|---|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 7             | 6  | 5   | 4  | 3                                       | 2   | 1                                    | 0                                    |  |  |  |  |
| LPF enable    | HPF enable   | Filter bias<br>enable                                       | PA enable  | PA output<br>enable                     | DAC enable                                  | Reserved                             | Disable TLIM                         |  |  |  |  |
| R/W           | R/W  | R/W   | R/W  | R/W                                     | R/W   | R/W                                  | R/W                                  |  |  |  |  |
| LEGEND: R/W = | read and write.  |   |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Di4 7         | I DE anabi   | •   |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               |  | e<br>ables and disable                                      | e the programmal                                   | hle analog low-na                       | ss filtor (I DE)                            |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = LPF dis<br>1 = LPF er  | sabled (default)  |  | ole analog low pa                       |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 6         | HPF enabl  | le  |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit en  | ables and disable   | s the programmal                                   | ble analog high-pa                      | ass filter (HPF).                           |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = HPF di<br>1 = HPF er   | sabled (default)  |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 5         | Filter bias  | enable  |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit ena<br>enabled. Fe<br>output impo   | ables and disable<br>or power-down o<br>edance.             | es the programmal<br>peration, this bit is         | ble LPF and HPF.<br>disabled by plac    | . For normal Rx or<br>ing the analog filter | Tx operation, th<br>s in low-power r | is bit remains<br>node with high     |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable  | ed (default)<br>filter bias                                 |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 4         | PA enable  | •   |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit ena   | ables and disable   | s the internal sub                                 | -regulation circuit                     | ry of the power am                          | plifier.                             |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = Disable<br>1 = PA ena  | ed (default)<br>abled                                       |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 3         | PA output  | enable  |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit enables the PA output stage. When enabled, the PA output stage functions normally with a low output<br>impedance capable of driving heavy loads. When disabled, the PA output stage is placed in a high-impedance<br>state. |   |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = Disable<br>1 = PA out  | ed (default)<br>put enabled                                 |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 2         | DAC enab   | le  |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit ena   | ables and disable   | es the DAC.  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = DAC di<br>1 = DAC ei   | isabled (default)<br>nabled                                 |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 1         | Reserved   |   |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit is r<br>Default = 0   | reserved.   |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 0         | Disable TL   | _IM   |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               | This bit ena<br>circuitry en<br><i>Overload</i> s  | ables and disable<br>abled to prevent<br>section for more d | es the PA thermal<br>potential permane<br>letails. | shutdown circuitry<br>ent damage to the | y. Warning: keeping<br>device is strongly   | g the PA therma recommended.         | l shutdown<br>See the <i>Thermal</i> |  |  |  |  |
|               | 0 = PA TLI<br>1 = PA TLI   | M enabled (defau<br>M disabled                              | ult)   |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|               |  |   |  |   |   |                                      |                                      |  |  |  |  |

0

R/W

ENPAICLP

#### ZHCSBV8A-AUGUST 2013-REVISED DECEMBER 2013 Table 18. REG PA CURRENT CFG Register (Address = 04h) 6 5 3 2 7 4 1 PA IQ current control PA current limit **ENPAIQN** ENPAIQP **ENPAICLN** R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W LEGEND: R/W = read and write. Bits[7:6] PA IQ current control These bits control the PA programmable quiescent current. 00 = > 55 mA, typ (default) 01 = > 80 mA, typ 10 = > 95 mA, typ 11 = > 25 mA, typ

Bits[5:4] PA current limit These bits control the PA programmable current limit. 00 = > 1.25 A, typ (default) 01 = > 1.8 A, typ 10 = > 2.5 A, typ 11 = > 3.0 A, typ Bit 3 ENPAIQN This bit enables and disables the PA quiescent current negative bias circuitry. 0 = Disabled (default) 1 = Enabled Bit 2 ENPAIQP This bit enables and disables the PA quiescent current positive bias circuitry. 0 = Disabled (default) 1 = Enabled **ENPAICLN** Bit 1 This bit enables and disables the PA negative current limit circuitry. 0 = The PA negative current limit circuitry is enabled and protects the device (default) 1 = The PA negative current limit circuitry is disabled and the device is at risk of permanent damage if a current overload event occurs Bit 0 ENPAICLP This bit enables and disables the PA positive current limit circuitry. 0 = The PA positive current limit circuitry is enabled and protects the device (default) 1 = The PA positive current limit circuitry is disabled and the device is at risk of permanent damage if a current

overload event occurs

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|                   | 1   | able 19. REG                              | HPF/LPF_C         | FG Register (Ad      | ddress = 05h   | ı)                 |            |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------|
| 7                 | 6   | 5   | 4                 | 3                    | 2              | 1                  | 0          |
| Enable assist     |   | LPF band select                           |                   | Reserved             | HPF bar        | nd select          | Reserved   |
| R/W               |   | R/W                                       |                   | R/W                  | R/             | W                  | R          |
| LEGEND: R/W = rea | ad and write; F                                   | R = read only.                            |                   |                      |                |                    |            |
| Bit 7             | Enable as   | sist                                      |                   |                      |                |                    |            |
|                   | This bit m  | ust be asserted as                        | part of the analo | a sional chain (Tx a | nd Rx PGAs and | d filters) enablin | a process. |
|                   | 0 = Enable  | e assist circuitry is                     | not engaged (de   | fault)               |                |                    | 5          |
|                   | 1 = Enable  | e assist circuitry is                     | engaged (recom    | mended for best per  | formance)      |                    |            |
| Bits[6:4]         | LPF band  | select                                    | 3-3- (            |                      | · · · · · ,    |                    |            |
|                   | This bit se                                       | elects the programn                       | nable analog LPI  | - cutoff frequency.  |                |                    |            |
|                   | 000 = 95  <br>001 = 150<br>010 = 420<br>011 = 490 | kHz (default)<br>kHz<br>kHz<br>kHz<br>kHz | Ţ                 |                      |                |                    |            |
| Bit 3             | Reserved  |   |                   |                      |                |                    |            |
|                   | This bit is<br>Default =                          | reserved.<br>0                            |                   |                      |                |                    |            |
| Bits[2:1]         | HPF band  | l select                                  |                   |                      |                |                    |            |
|                   | This bit se                                       | elects the programn                       | nable analog HP   | F cutoff frequency.  |                |                    |            |
|                   | 00 = 35 kl<br>01 = 150 l                          | Hz (default)<br>‹Hz                       |                   |                      |                |                    |            |
| Bit 0             | Reserved  |   |                   |                      |                |                    |            |
|                   | This bit is<br>Default =                          | reserved.<br>0                            |                   |                      |                |                    |            |

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|               |  | Table 20. RE                    | G_RX/TX_CTI          | L Register (Add       | lress = 06h      | )                     |             |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 7             | 6  | 5                               | 4                    | 3                     | 2                | 1                     | 0           |
| ENPCOMP       | ENNCOMP  | Reserved                        | TX enable            | RX enable             |                  | TX_PGA gain           |             |
| R/W           | R/W  | R/W                             | R/W                  | R/W                   |                  | R/W                   |             |
| LEGEND: R/W = | read and write.                                    |                                 |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               |  |                                 |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
| Bit 7         | ENPCOMF  | 5                               |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               | This bit ena                                       | ables the PA posi               | tive start control.  |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable                          | ed (default)<br>ed              |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
| Bit 6         | ENNCOMF  | C                               |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               | This bit ena                                       | ables the PA neg                | ative start control. |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable                          | ed (default)<br>ed              |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
| Bit 5         | Reserved   |                                 |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               | This bit is r<br>Default = 0                       | reserved.<br>)                  |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
| Bit 4         | TX enable  | i.                              |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               | This bit ena                                       | ables and disable               | s TX_PGA and co      | onfigures the program | mmable filter fo | or either Tx or Rx mo | de.         |
|               | 0 = Tx path<br>1 = Tx path                         | h disabled (defaul<br>h enabled | t)                   |                       |                  |                       |             |
| Bit 3         | RX enable  | •                               |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               | This bit ena<br>mode.                              | ables and disable               | s RX_PGA1 and        | RX_PGA2. This bit of  | can either be le | ft enabled or disable | d during Tx |
|               | 0 = Rx disa<br>1 = Rx ena                          | abled (default)<br>abled        |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
| Bits[2:0]     | TX_PGA g   | Jain                            |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               | These bits   | select the TX_PC                | GA gain.             |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               | 000 = 1.15<br>001 = 2.3<br>010 = 3.25<br>011 = 4.6 | i (default)                     |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |
|               |  |                                 |                      |                       |                  |                       |             |



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Table 21. REG\_RXPGA\_CFG Register (Address = 07h) 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 RX\_PGA1 gain RX\_PGA2 gain Reserved R/W R/W R/W LEGEND: R/W = read and write. Bits[7:4] **RX\_PGA1** gain These bits select the RX\_PGA1 gain. 0000 = 0.125 (default) 0001 = 0.25 0010 = 0.50011 = 1 0100 = 20101 = 4 0110 = 80111 = 16 1000 = 32Bits[3:1] RX\_PGA2 gain These bits select the RX\_PGA2 gain. 000 = 1 (default) 001 = 4 010 = 16 Bit 0 Reserved This bit is reserved.

Default = 0

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|                              | ٦   | Table 22. REG   | _VREF/ZER   | OX Register (A   | ddress = 08h)                              |  |             |
|------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|-------------|
| 7                            | 6   | 5   | 4   | 3  | 2  | 1 0  |             |
| Zero-cross1<br>detect enable | Zero-cross2<br>detect enable              | Zero-cross3<br>detect enable  | PA_NRF<br>enable  | TX_RX_NRF<br>enable                                      | DAC_NRF<br>enable                          | Reserved   |             |
| R/W                          | R/W                                       | R/W   | R/W   | R/W  | R/W  | R  |             |
| LEGEND: R/W =                | read and write; R                         | R = read-only.  |   |  |  |  |             |
|                              |   |   |   |  |  |  |             |
| Bit 7                        | Zero-cros                                 | s1 detect enable  |   |  |  |  |             |
|                              | This bit en                               | ables and disables  | the zero-crossi   | ng 1 detector.   |  |  |             |
|                              | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable                 | ed (default)<br>ed  |   |  |  |  |             |
| Bit 6                        | Zero-cros                                 | s2 detect enable  |   |  |  |  |             |
|                              | This bit en                               | ables and disables  | the zero-crossi   | ng 2 detector.   |  |  |             |
|                              | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable                 | ed (default)<br>ed  |   |  |  |  |             |
| Bit 5                        | Zero-cros                                 | s3 detect enable  |   |  |  |  |             |
|                              | This bit en                               | ables and disables  | the zero-crossi   | ng 3 detector.   |  |  |             |
|                              | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable                 | ed (default)<br>ed  |   |  |  |  |             |
| Bit 4                        | PA_NRF e                                  | enable  |   |  |  |  |             |
|                              | This bit en<br>operation,<br>The device   | ables and disables<br>this bit is enabled.<br>e cannot transmit w     | the PA noise-re<br>This bit is disat<br>hen this bit is d | educing filter (NRF)<br>bled during operatio<br>isabled. | and internal referent nal conditions requi | nce bias generator. For norr<br>ring maximum power saving    | nal<br>js.  |
|                              | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable                 | ed (default)<br>ed  |   |  |  |  |             |
| Bit 3                        | TX_RX_NI                                  | RF enable   |   |  |  |  |             |
|                              | This bit en<br>bit is enab<br>cannot trar | ables and disables<br>led. This bit is disa<br>nsmit or receive wh    | the Tx and Rx<br>bled during ope<br>nen this bit is dis   | NRF and internal re<br>rational conditions r<br>abled.   | eference bias gener<br>requiring maximum   | ator. For normal operation, power savings. The device        | this        |
|                              | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable                 | ed (default)<br>ed  |   |  |  |  |             |
| Bit 2                        | DAC_NRF                                   | enable  |   |  |  |  |             |
|                              | This bit en<br>enabled. T<br>transmit w   | ables and disables<br>his bit is disabled of<br>hen this bit is disab | the DAC NRF aduring operation<br>bled.                    | and internal referen<br>al conditions requir             | ce bias generator. I<br>ing maximum powe   | For normal operation, this bi<br>r savings. The device canno | it is<br>ot |
|                              | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable                 | ed (default)<br>ed  |   |  |  |  |             |
| Bits[1:0]                    | Reserved                                  |   |   |  |  |  |             |
|                              | These bits<br>Default = 0                 | are reserved.   |   |  |  |  |             |
|                              |   | Table 23. R   |   | Register (Addro  | ess = 09h)                                 |  |             |
| 7                            | 6   | 5   | 4   | 3  | 2  | 1 0  |             |
|                              |   |   | Res   | served   |  |  |             |
|                              |   |   |   | R  |  |  |             |
| LEGEND: R = re               | ad-only.                                  |   |   |  |  |  |             |

This register is reserved. Default = 18h



| 7     6       IFLAG_INT     TFLAG_INT       R0     R0       LEGEND: R/W = read and write;       Bit 7     IFLAG_I       This bit i       cleared a       0 = PA c       1 = PA c | Table 24. REC                                |                           |                      |                      | n.cn ZHCSBV8A – AUGUST 2013 – REVISED DECEMBE |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 7     6       IFLAG_INT     TFLAG_INT       R0     R0       LEGEND: R/W = read and write;       Bit 7     IFLAG_I       This bit i       cleared a       0 = PA c       1 = PA c |  | J_AFE_STATUS              | Register (A          | ddress = 0Ah         | )   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IFLAG_INT TFLAG_INT<br>R0 R0<br>LEGEND: R/W = read and write;<br>Bit 7 IFLAG_I<br>This bit i<br>cleared a<br>0 = PA c<br>1 = PA c  | 5  | 4                         | 3                    | 2                    | 1   | 0                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R0 R0<br>LEGEND: R/W = read and write;<br>Bit 7 IFLAG_I<br>This bit i<br>cleared a<br>0 = PA c<br>1 = PA c   | Reserved                                     | DIG_ERR_INT               |                      | Rese                 | rved  |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEGEND: R/W = read and write;<br>Bit 7 IFLAG_I<br>This bit i<br>cleared a<br>0 = PA c<br>1 = PA c  | R0   | R                         |                      | R                    | 1   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 7 IFLAG_I<br>This bit i<br>cleared a<br>0 = PA c<br>1 = PA c   | R = read-only; R0                            | = read '0' (these bits    | reset to '0' after   | being read).         |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| This bit i<br>cleared a<br>0 = PA c<br>1 = PA c  | NT   |                           |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 = PA c<br>1 = PA c   | s set when the PA<br>after being read.       | enters the current lin    | nit state for at lea | ast 16,384 DAC_0     | CLK cycles. This in                           | nterrupt is      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | urrent limit not det<br>urrent limit detecte | ected (default)<br>ed     |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 6 TFLAG_   | INT  |                           |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| This bit i   | s set when the PA                            | enters the thermal lin    | nit state. This in   | terrupt is cleared a | after being read.                             |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 = PA t t 1 = PA t t  | hermal limit not de<br>hermal limit detect   | tected (default)<br>ed    |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 5 Reserve  | :d   |                           |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| This bit i<br>Default =  | s reserved.<br>= 0                           |                           |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| it 4 DIG_ER  | R_INT  |                           |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| This bit i<br>interrupt  | s set when a digita                          | al error is detected. The | ne REG_DIG_EI        | RROR register mu     | ist be read in orde                           | er to clear this |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 = Digit<br>1 = Digit   | al errors not detec<br>al errors detected    | ted (default)             |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bits[3:0] Reserve  | d  |                           |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| These bi<br>Default =  | ts are reserved.<br>= not applicable         |                           |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Table 25. RES                                | SERVED Registe            | rs (Address          | = 0Bh to 0Ch         | )   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 6  | 5  | 4                         | 3                    | 2                    | 1   | 0                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Reserv                    | red                  |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | R                         |                      |                      |   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

These registers are reserved.

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|                  |                          | Table 26. REG  | _DIG_ERRO                 | R Register (A         | ddress = 0Dh)        |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| 7                | 6                        | 5  | 4                         | 3                     | 2                    | 1                    | 0              |  |  |  |  |
| Reserved         | Reserved                 | AFIFO overflow                                       | SPI write<br>address fail | SPI illegal<br>access | SPI address<br>error | Reserv               | ed             |  |  |  |  |
| R0               | R0                       | R0   | R0                        | R0                    | R0                   | R                    |                |  |  |  |  |
| LEGEND: R = rea  | ad-only; R0 = rea        | id '0' (these bits res                               | set to '0' after beir     | ng read).             |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| This register is | comprised of             | f digital logic er                                   | ror detection b           | oits. All bits ar     | e reset to '0' wh    | nen read.            |                |  |  |  |  |
| Bits[7:6]        | Reserved                 | I  |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | Reserved<br>Default =    | 0  |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 5            | AFIFO ov                 | erflow   |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | SPI and D                | PI and DAC ASYNCH FIFO overflow.                     |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | 0 = Norma<br>1 = Error o | al operation (defaul<br>detected                     | t)                        |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 4            | SPI write                | address fail   |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | An error ir              | ndicates that a read                                 | d-only register wa        | s attempted to be     | e written to.        |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | 0 = Norma<br>1 = Error o | 0 = Normal operation (default)<br>1 = Error detected |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 3            | SPI illega               | l access   |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | An error ir              | ndicates that a regi                                 | ster reserved for f       | factory testing an    | d trimming was atte  | empted to be writter | n to.          |  |  |  |  |
|                  | 0 = Norma<br>1 = Error o | al operation (defaul<br>detected                     | t)                        |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| Bit 2            | SPI addre                | ess error  |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | An error ir written to.  | ndicates that either                                 | a nonexistent reg         | gister, a reserved    | register, or a read- | only register was at | ttempted to be |  |  |  |  |
|                  | 0 = Norma<br>1 = Error o | al operation (defaul<br>detected                     | t)                        |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| Bits 1:0         | Reserved                 | l  |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | These bits<br>Default =  | s are reserved.<br>0                                 |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  |                          | Table 27.  | REG_ID Reg                | jister (Addres        | ss = 0Eh)            |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| 7                | 6                        | 5  | 4                         | 3                     | 2                    | 1                    | 0              |  |  |  |  |
| Die              | _ID                      |  | Revision                  |                       |                      | Reserved             |                |  |  |  |  |
| R                | ł                        |  | R                         |                       |                      | R                    |                |  |  |  |  |
| LEGEND: R = rea  | ad-only.                 |  |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| Bits[7:6]        | Die_ID                   |  |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | These bits<br>Default =  | are the die identifi<br>0                            | ication.                  |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| Bits[5:3]        | Revision                 |  |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | These bits<br>Default =  | s are the revision in<br>0                           | dicator.                  |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
| Bits[2:0]        | Reserved                 | l  |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |
|                  | These bits<br>Default =  | s are reserved.<br>0                                 |                           |                       |                      |                      |                |  |  |  |  |



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|--------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------|--|--|
|                    |  | Table 28. R                               | EG_CLK_DIV                           | Register (Ad     | dress = 0Fh)         |                  |                |  |  |
| 7                  | 6  | 5   | 4                                    | 3                | 2                    | 1                | 0              |  |  |
|                    | DAC clock PC                               | DST_CLK_DIV                               |                                      |                  | DAC clock PF         | RE_CLK_DIV       |                |  |  |
|                    | R/   | W   |                                      |                  | R/                   | N                |                |  |  |
| LEGEND: R/W = re   | ead and write.                             |   |                                      |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
|                    |  |   |                                      |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
| Bits[7:4]          | DAC cloc                                   | k POST_CLK_D                              | V                                    |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
|                    | Internal D/                                | AC clock divider of                       | offset.                              |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
|                    | These bits<br>+ 1) × (PO<br>Default = (    | control the value<br>ST_CLK_DEV +         | e of the second clo<br>1) x DAC_CLK. | ck divider. DAC_ | CLK is related to X  | CLK by: XCLK = ( | (PRE_CLK_DIV   |  |  |
| Bits[3:0]          | DAC cloc                                   | k PRE_CLK_DIV                             | ,                                    |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
|                    | Internal D                                 | AC clock divider o                        | offset.                              |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
|                    | These bits<br>× (POST_<br>Default = 3      | control the value<br>CLK_DEV + 1) x<br>3h | e of the first clock d<br>DAC_CLK.   | livider. DAC_CLF | K is related to XCLK | by: XCLK = (PR   | E_CLK_DIV + 1) |  |  |
|                    |  | Table 29. RE                              | EG_OFFSET_0                          | Register (A      | ddress = 10h)        |                  |                |  |  |
| 7                  | 6  | 5   | 4                                    | 3                | 2                    | 1                | 0              |  |  |
|                    |  | M   | ost significant byte                 | of block 4 param | neter                |                  |                |  |  |
|                    |  |   | R/                                   | W                |                      |                  |                |  |  |
| LEGEND: $R/W = re$ | ead and write.                             |   |                                      |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
| D1-17 01           |  | the surf have a fill                      |                                      |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
| Bits[7:0]          |  | are the MSD of the                        | lock 4 parameter                     | arfarblaak (aft  | ha DCD nath          |                  |                |  |  |
|                    | Default = $f$                              | F5h                                       | ine 32-bit paramete                  |                  | në DSP pain.         |                  |                |  |  |
|                    |  | Table 30 RF                               | EG OFESET 1                          | Register (A      | ddrass - 11h)        |                  |                |  |  |
| 7                  | 6  | 5 5                                       |                                      | 3                | 2                    | 1                | 0              |  |  |
| /                  | 0  | 5   | Second to MSB of                     | block 4 paramet  | er 2                 | <u> </u>         | 0              |  |  |
|                    |  |   | R/                                   | W                |                      |                  |                |  |  |
| LEGEND: R/W = re   | ead and write.                             |   |                                      |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
|                    |  |   |                                      |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
| Bits[7:0]          | Second to                                  | MSB of block                              | 1 parameter                          |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
|                    | These bits                                 | are second in lir                         | ne to the MSB of th                  | e block 4 parame | eter.                |                  |                |  |  |
|                    | Delault - V                                | 5211                                      |                                      |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
|                    |  | Table 31. RE                              | EG_OFFSET_2                          | Register (A      | ddress = 12h)        |                  |                |  |  |
| 7                  | 6  | 5   | 4                                    | 3                | 2                    | 1                | 0              |  |  |
|                    |  |   | Third to MSB of b                    | olock 4 paramete | r                    |                  |                |  |  |
|                    |  |   | R/                                   | VV               |                      |                  |                |  |  |
|                    | eau anu write.                             |   |                                      |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
| Bits[7:0]          | Third to M                                 | ISB of block 4 n                          | arameter                             |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |
| שווטןי.טן          | These hits                                 | are third in line t                       | o the MSR of the h                   | lock 4 paramete  | r                    |                  |                |  |  |
|                    | Default = 8                                | BFh                                       |                                      |                  |                      |                  |                |  |  |

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|--------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|
|              |                              | Table 32. RE             | G_OFFSET_3           | Register (Ad       | ldress = 13h)      |                    |               |
| 7            | 6                            | 5                        | 4                    | 3                  | 2                  | 1                  | 0             |
|              |                              | Leas                     | st significant byte  | of block 4 param   | eter               |                    |               |
|              |                              |                          | R/                   | N                  |                    |                    |               |
| GEND: R/W =  | = read and write.            |                          |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
|              |                              |                          |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
| its[7:0]     | Least signi                  | ficant byte of bl        | ock 4 parameter      |                    |                    |                    |               |
|              | These bits a<br>Default = 50 | are the LSB of the<br>Ch | e block 4 paramet    | er.                |                    |                    |               |
|              |                              | Table 33. R              | EG_CLIP_0 R          | egister (Add       | ress = 14h)        |                    |               |
| 7            | 6                            | 5                        | 4                    | 3                  | 2                  | 1                  | 0             |
|              |                              |                          | CLIP_                | MSB                |                    |                    |               |
|              |                              |                          | R/                   | N                  |                    |                    |               |
| GEND: R/W :  | = read and write.            |                          |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
|              |                              |                          |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
| ts[7:0]      | CLIP_MSB                     |                          |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
|              | These bits a                 | are the MSB of th        | e 11-bit clip value  | . Input samples to | o the DAC are clip | bed by this value  |               |
|              | These bits o<br>Default = Ff | control DAC_CLIF<br>Fh   | 2[10:3].             |                    |                    |                    |               |
|              |                              | Table 34. R              | EG_CLIP_1 R          | egister (Add       | ress = 15h)        |                    |               |
| 7            | 6                            | 5                        | 4                    | 3                  | 2                  | 1                  | 0             |
|              | CLIP_LSB                     |                          |                      |                    | Reserved           |                    |               |
|              | R/W                          |                          |                      |                    | RU                 |                    |               |
| GEND: R/W    | = read and write, Ru         | 0 = 1000  (lnese)        |                      | ter being read).   |                    |                    |               |
| ite[7·5]     |                              |                          |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
| [3[7.0]      | These bits a                 | are the LSB of the       | 11-bit clip value    | Innut samples to   | the DAC are clinn  | ed by this value   |               |
|              | These bits of Default = 07   | control DAC_CLIF         | P[2:0].              | input samples to   |                    | ed by this value.  |               |
| its[4:0]     | Reserved                     |                          |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
|              | These bits a<br>Default = 0  | are reserved.            |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
|              | Tab                          | ole 35. REG_0            | CLIP_OFFSE           | _0 Register        | (Address = 16      | h)                 |               |
| 7            | 6                            | 5                        | 4                    | 3                  | 2                  | 1                  | 0             |
|              |                              |                          | CLIP_OF              | F_MSB              |                    |                    |               |
|              |                              |                          | R/                   | N                  |                    |                    |               |
| EGEND: R/W : | = read and write.            |                          |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
| its[7:0]     | CLIP_OFF_                    | MSB                      |                      |                    |                    |                    |               |
|              | These bits a clipped valu    | are the MSB of th<br>le. | e 11-bit clip offset | value. Clipped D   | OAC samples have   | this offset subtra | cted from the |
|              | These bits of Default = 0    | control DAC_CLIF         | P_OFF[10:3].         |                    |                    |                    |               |



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|----------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                | Та                       | able 36. REG_C                              | LIP_OFFSE                         | T_1 Register (Ad                                | ddress = 17I           | h)                 |                |
| 7              | 6                        | 5   | 4                                 | 3   | 2                      | 1                  | 0              |
|                | CLIP_OFF_LSB             |   |                                   |   | Reserved               |                    |                |
|                | R/W                      |   |                                   |   | R                      |                    |                |
| LEGEND: R/W =  | = read and write; F      | R = read-only.                              |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
| Bits[7:5]      | CLIP_OF                  | F_LSB                                       |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                | These bits<br>clipped va | s are the LSB of the alue.                  | 11-bit clip offse                 | t value. Clipped DAC                            | Samples have t         | this offset subtra | acted from the |
|                | These bits<br>Default =  | s control DAC_CLIP_<br>0                    | _OFF[2:0].                        |   |                        |                    |                |
| Bits[4:0]      | Reserved                 | I   |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                | These bits<br>Default =  | s are reserved.<br>0                        |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                |                          | Table 37. REC                               | G_AUX_CTL                         | . Register (Addre                               | ess = 18h)             |                    |                |
| 7              | 6                        | 5   | 4                                 | 3   | 2                      | 1                  | 0              |
| Reserved       | Reserved                 | DSP_CFG                                     |                                   | Reserve   | ed                     |                    | Reserved       |
| R/W            | R/W                      | R/W   |                                   | R/W   |                        |                    | R              |
| LEGEND: R/W =  | = read and write; F      | R = read-only.                              |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
| Dito[7:6]      | Pacarivad                |   |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
| Dits[7:0]      | This bits of             | I record                                    |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                | Default =                | 0   |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
| Bit 5          | DSP_CFC                  | 3   |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                | This bit al              | lows the state of the                       | DSP blocks to                     | be retained or to be fe                         | orced to their re      | set values durir   | ng SPI mode.   |
|                | 0 = Hold t<br>1 = Reset  | he state of the DSP<br>the state of the DSF | path blocks wh<br>P path when the | en the device is in SP<br>e device is in DAC mo | l mode (default)<br>de | )                  |                |
| Bits[4:1]      | Reserved                 | l   |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                | These bits<br>Default =  | s are reserved.<br>3h                       |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
| Bit 0          | Reserved                 | I   |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                | This bit is<br>Default = | reserved.<br>0                              |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                | -                        | Table 38 RESE                               | RVFD Reais                        | sters (Address =                                | 19h to 23h)            |                    |                |
| 7              | 6                        | 5   | 4                                 | 3   | 2                      | 1                  | 0              |
|                |                          |   | Res                               | erved   |                        |                    |                |
|                |                          |   |                                   | R   |                        |                    |                |
| LEGEND: R = re | ead-only.                |   |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                | ,                        |   |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
| These registe  | ers are reserve          | d.  |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
|                | Table                    | 39. REG_COEI                                | FF1_BLOCK                         | C_2_MS Register                                 | (Address =             | 24h)               |                |
| 7              | 6                        | 5   | 4                                 | 3   | 2                      | 1                  | 0              |
|                | -                        | Bits  | 11:4 of coefficie                 | ent 1 for filter block 2                        |                        |                    | -              |
|                |                          |   | R                                 | 2/W   |                        |                    |                |
| LEGEND: R/W =  | = read and write.        |   |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |
| Bite [7:0]     | Rite 11.4                | of coefficient 1 for                        | filter block 2                    |   |                        |                    |                |
| טונס [י.ט]     |                          | contain the eight m                         | oet significant                   | nite of coefficient 1 for                       | filter block 2         |                    |                |
|                | Default -                | B9h   | เบรเ รเยาแเวลาโ ไ                 |   | THE DIOCK Z.           |                    |                |
|                | Delauit =                | Doll  |                                   |   |                        |                    |                |

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|               | Table 40. REG_COEF                                   | F1_BLOCI                                | <_2_LS Registe          | er (Address = 25h)          |     |
|---------------|--|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----|
| 7             | 6 5  | 4                                       | 3                       | 2                           | 1 0 |
| E             | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 1 for filter block 2         |   |                         | Reserved                    |     |
|               | R/W  |   |                         | R                           |     |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write; R = read-only.                     |   |                         |                             |     |
| Bits [7:4]    | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 1 for fil                    | ter block 2                             |                         |                             |     |
|               | These bits contain the four least                    | st significant b                        | its of coefficient 1 fo | or filter block 2.          |     |
|               | Default = Dh   |   |                         |                             |     |
| Bits [3:0]    | Reserved   |   |                         |                             |     |
|               | These bits are reserved.<br>Default = not applicable |   |                         |                             |     |
|               | Table 41. REG_COEF                                   | F2_BLOC                                 | <_2_MS Regist           | er (Address = 26h)          |     |
| 7             | 6 5  | 4                                       | 3                       | 2                           | 1 0 |
|               | Bits 1   | 1:4 of coeffici                         | ent 2 for filter block  | 2                           |     |
|               |  | R                                       | 2/W                     |                             |     |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write.                                    |   |                         |                             |     |
|               |  |   |                         |                             |     |
| Bits [7:0]    | Bits 11:4 of coefficient 2 for f                     | ilter block 2                           |                         |                             |     |
|               | These bits contain the eight mo                      | ost significant l                       | bits of coefficient 2 f | or filter block 2.          |     |
|               | Default = E8h  |   |                         |                             |     |
|               |  |   |                         | (4.1.1                      |     |
|               | Table 42. REG_COEF                                   | F2_BLOCI                                | <_2_LS Registe          | er (Address = 2/h)          |     |
| 7             | 6 5  | 4                                       | 3                       | 2                           | 1 0 |
| ΕΕ            | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 2 for filter block 2         |   |                         | Reserved                    |     |
|               | R/W  |   |                         | ĸ                           |     |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write; $R = read-only$ .                  |   |                         |                             |     |
| Bits [7:4]    | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 2 for fil                    | ter block 2                             |                         |                             |     |
|               | These bits contain the four leas                     | st significant h                        | its of coefficient 2 fo | r filter block 2            |     |
|               |  | st significant s                        |                         |                             |     |
| Rite [3:0]    | Beserved   |   |                         |                             |     |
| Dits [5.0]    | These bits are reserved                              |   |                         |                             |     |
|               | Default = not applicable                             |   |                         |                             |     |
|               |  |   |                         |                             |     |
|               | Table 43. REG_COEF                                   | F3_BLOC                                 | <_2_MS Regist           | er (Address = 28h)          |     |
| 7             | 6 5  | 4                                       | 3                       | 2                           | 1 0 |
|               | Bits 1   | 1:4 of coeffici                         | ent 3 for filter block  | 2                           |     |
|               |  | R                                       | z/W                     |                             |     |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write.                                    |   |                         |                             |     |
|               |  |   |                         |                             |     |
| Bits [7:0]    | Bits 11:4 of coefficient 3 for f                     | ilter block 2                           |                         |                             |     |
|               | These bits contain the eight mo                      | ost significant l                       | bits of coefficient 3 f | or filter block 2.          |     |
|               | Default = 0Fh  |   |                         |                             |     |
|               | Table 44 DEC COEF                                    |   |                         | or (Addroco - 204)          |     |
| -             |  | ເມັນ ເມັນ ເມັນ ເມັນ ເມັນ ເມັນ ເມັນ ເມັນ |                         | $rac{1}{2}$ (Audress = 29N) | 4   |
| 7             | <u>6</u> 5   | 4                                       | 3                       | 2                           | 1 0 |
| E             | sits 3:0 of coefficient 3 for filter block 2         |   |                         | Reserved                    |     |
|               |  |   |                         | К                           |     |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write; K = read-only.                     |   |                         |                             |     |



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|               | Table 4                | 9. REG_COEF          | F6_BLOCK          | (_2_MS Registe           | er (Address = 2Eh) |              |
| 7             | 6                      | 5                    | 4                 | 3                        | 2 1                | 0            |
|               |                        | Bits                 | 11:4 of coeffici  | ent 6 for filter block 2 | 2                  |              |
|               |                        |                      | R                 | /W                       |                    |              |
| EGEND: R/W =  | read and write.        |                      |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               |                        |                      |                   |                          |                    |              |
| 3its [7:0]    | Bits 11:4 of           | coefficient 6 for    | filter block 2    |                          |                    |              |
|               | These bits co          | ontain the eight me  | ost significant l | pits of coefficient 6 fo | or filter block 2. |              |
|               | Default = 99           | ו                    |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | Table 5                | 0 REG COEF           |                   | ( 2   S Registe          | r (Address = 2Fh)  |              |
| 7             | 6                      | 5                    | 10_02001          | ۲ <u></u> 2 ۲.0 ۲.091310 | 2  1               | 0            |
| ,<br>         | its 3:0 of coefficient | 6 for filter block 2 | -                 | 5                        | Reserved           | 0            |
|               | R/W                    |                      |                   |                          | R                  |              |
| .EGEND: R/W = | read and write; R =    | read-only.           |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | <b>,</b>               | ,, ,                 |                   |                          |                    |              |
| Bits [7:4]    | Bits 3:0 of c          | oefficient 6 for fi  | Iter block 2      |                          |                    |              |
|               | These bits co          | ontain the four leas | st significant bi | ts of coefficient 6 for  | filter block 2.    |              |
|               | Default = 4h           |                      | 0                 |                          |                    |              |
| Bits [3:0]    | Reserved               |                      |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | These bits a           | e reserved.          |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | Default = not          | applicable           |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | <b>T</b> .1.1. C       |                      |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | lable 5                | 1. REG_COEF          | -F/_BLOCK         | C_2_MS Registe           | er (Address = 30h) |              |
| 7             | 6                      | 5                    | 4                 | 3                        | 2 1                | 0            |
|               |                        | Bits                 | 11:4 of coeffici  | ent 7 for filter block 2 | 2                  |              |
|               | road and write         |                      | ĸ                 | / VV                     |                    |              |
| EGEND. R/W =  | reau and white.        |                      |                   |                          |                    |              |
| Dite [7.0]    | Dito 11.4 of           | ooofficient 7 for    | filtor block 2    |                          |                    |              |
| Sits [7.0]    | Those bits of          | optain the eight m   | oct cignificant l | oite of coofficient 7 fo | or filtor block 2  |              |
|               | Dofault - CA           | h                    | ust significant i |                          | JI III.EI DIOCK 2. |              |
|               | Delault = CA           | 11                   |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | Table 5                | 2. REG_COEF          | F7_BLOC           | X_2_LS Registe           | er (Address = 31h) |              |
| 7             | 6                      | 5                    | 4                 | 3                        | 2 1                | 0            |
| В             | its 3:0 of coefficient | 7 for filter block 2 |                   |                          | Reserved           |              |
|               | R/W                    |                      |                   |                          | R                  |              |
| _EGEND: R/W = | read and write; R =    | read-only.           |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               |                        |                      |                   |                          |                    |              |
| Bits [7:4]    | Bits 3:0 of c          | oefficient 7 for fi  | Iter block 2      |                          |                    |              |
|               | These bits co          | ontain the four leas | st significant bi | ts of coefficient 7 for  | filter block 2.    |              |
|               | Default = 1h           |                      |                   |                          |                    |              |
| Bits [3:0]    | Reserved               |                      |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | These bits a           | e reserved.          |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | Default = not          | applicable           |                   |                          |                    |              |
|               | Table 5                | 3. REG COEF          | F8 BLOCK          | ( 2 MS Registe           | er (Address = 32h) |              |
| 7             | 6                      | 5                    | 4                 | 3                        | 2 1                | 0            |
|               | -                      | Bits                 | 11:4 of coeffici  | ent 8 for filter block 2 | 2                  | ~            |
|               |                        |                      | R                 | /W                       |                    |              |

LEGEND: R/W = read and write.



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|---------------|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Bits [7:0]    | <b>Bits 11:4 of coefficie</b><br>These bits contain the<br>Default = 1Fh | ent 8 for filter block 2<br>eight most significant | t bits of coefficient    | 8 for filter block 2. |                 |                 |
|               | Table 54. REG  | COEFF8_BLOC  | CK_2_LS Regi             | ster (Address :       | = 33h)          |                 |
| 7             | 6 5  | 4  | 3                        | 2                     | 1               | 0               |
| В             | its 3:0 of coefficient 8 for filter                                      | r block 2  |                          | Res                   | erved           |                 |
|               | R/W  |  |                          | I                     | R               |                 |
| LEGEND: R/W = | read and write; R = read-onl   | y.   |                          |                       |                 |                 |
| Bits [7:4]    | Bits 3:0 of coefficier   | nt 8 for filter block 2                            |                          |                       |                 |                 |
| Bito [1.4]    | These bits contain the   | e four least significant                           | bits of coefficient 8    | 3 for filter block 2. |                 |                 |
|               | Default = 2h   | , loai loaot eigillioalti                          |                          |                       |                 |                 |
| Bits [3:0]    | Reserved   |  |                          |                       |                 |                 |
|               | These bits are reserve<br>Default = not applicab                         | ed.<br>vle   |                          |                       |                 |                 |
|               | Table 55. REG  | _COEFF9_BLOC                                       | K_2_MS Reg               | ister (Address        | = 34h)          |                 |
| 7             | 6 5  | 4  | 3                        | 2                     | 1               | 0               |
|               |  | Bits 11:4 of coeffic                               | cient 9 for filter blo   | ock 2                 |                 |                 |
|               |  |  | R/W                      |                       |                 |                 |
| LEGEND: R/W = | read and write.  |  |                          |                       |                 |                 |
| Bits [7:0]    | Bits 11:4 of coefficie   | ent 9 for filter block 2                           | 2                        |                       |                 |                 |
|               | These bits contain the   | e eight most significan                            | t bits of coefficient    | 9 for filter block 2. |                 |                 |
|               | Default = 3Bh  | 0 0  |                          |                       |                 |                 |
|               |  |  |                          | -                     | 0 <b>5</b> 4.)  |                 |
| 7             | Table 56. REG  |  | <sup>2</sup> × 2_L5 Kegi | ster (Address :       | = 35n)          | 0               |
| , в           | its 3:0 of coefficient 9 for filter                                      | r block 2  | 3                        | 2<br>Res              | erved           | 0               |
|               | R/W  | BIOOR 2  |                          | 100                   | R               |                 |
| LEGEND: R/W = | read and write; R = read-onl   | y.   |                          |                       |                 |                 |
|               |  |  |                          |                       |                 |                 |
| Bits [7:4]    | Bits 3:0 of coefficier   | nt 9 for filter block 2                            |                          |                       |                 |                 |
|               | These bits contain the   | e four least significant                           | bits of coefficient      | 9 for filter block 2. |                 |                 |
|               | Default = 1h   |  |                          |                       |                 |                 |
| Bits [3:0]    | Reserved   |  |                          |                       |                 |                 |
|               | These bits are reserve<br>Default = not applicab                         | ed.<br>Ne  |                          |                       |                 |                 |
|               | Table 57. REG  | COEFF10 BLO  | CK 2 MS Red              | lister (Address       | = 36h)          |                 |
| 7             | 6 5  | 4  | 3                        | 2                     | 1               | 0               |
|               |  | Bits 11:4 of coeffic                               | cient 10 for filter bl   | ock 2                 |                 |                 |
|               |  |  | R/W                      |                       |                 |                 |
| LEGEND: R/W = | read and write.  |  |                          |                       |                 |                 |
|               |  |  |                          |                       |                 |                 |
| Bits [7:0]    | Bits 11:4 of coefficie   | ent 10 for filter block                            | 2                        |                       |                 |                 |
|               | These bits contain the   | eight most significant                             | t bits of coefficient    | 10 for filter block 2 |                 |                 |

Default = 1Fh

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|                                     | Table 58. REG_COEFF   | 10_BLOCK_2  | LS Register (A  | ddress = 33   | 57h)  |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7                                   | 6 5   | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0 |
|                                     | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 10 for filter block 2   |   |   | Reserved  | 1   |   |
|                                     | R/W   |   |   | R   |   |   |
| LEGEND: R/M                         | v = read and write; R = read-only.  |   |   |   |   |   |
| Bits [7:4]                          | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 10 for fi   | ter block 2   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     | These bits contain the four least   | significant bits of   | coefficient 10 for filte  | er block 2.   |   |   |
|                                     | Default = 2h  |   |   |   |   |   |
| Bits [3:0]                          | Reserved  |   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     | These bits are reserved.<br>Default = not applicable  |   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     | Table 59. REG_COEFF   | 11_BLOCK_2  | _MS Register (A   | ddress = 3  | 8h)   |   |
| 7                                   | 6 5   | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0 |
|                                     | Bits 11   | :4 of coefficient 11  | for filter block 2  |   |   |   |
|                                     |   | R/W   |   |   |   |   |
| LEGEND: R/W                         | V = read and write.   |   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Bits [7:0]                          | Bits 11:4 of coefficient 11 for t   | ilter block 2   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     | These bits contain the eight mos  | at significant bits o   | f coefficient 11 for fill   | er block 2.   |   |   |
|                                     | Default = 23h   |   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     | Table 60 PEC COEFE  |   | IS Pagistor (A  | ddroce - 2  | 06)   |   |
| 7                                   |   |   |   | 2<br>2  | 1   | 0 |
| 1                                   | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 11 for filter block 2   | 4   | 5   | 2<br>Reserved   | 1   | 0 |
|                                     | R/W   |   |   | R   | 4   |   |
| LEGEND: R/M                         | V = read and write: R = read-only.  |   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Bits [7:4]                          | Bits 3:0 of coefficient 11 for fi   | ter block 2   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     | These bits contain the four least   | significant bits of   | coefficient 11 for filte  | r block 2.  |   |   |
|                                     | Default = Bh  | eiginiteant zhe ei  |   |   |   |   |
| Bits [3:0]                          | Reserved  |   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     | These bits are reserved.<br>Default = not applicable  |   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|                                     | Table 61. REG_COEFF   | 12_BLOCK_2  | _MS Register (A   | ddress = 3  | Ah)   |   |
| 7                                   | Table 61. REG_COEFF           6         5   | 12_BLOCK_2_<br>4  | _MS Register (A   | ddress = 3  | <b>Ah)</b>  | 0 |
| 7                                   | Table 61. REG_COEFF           6         5           Bits 11   | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12  | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2  | 2 2 2   | <b>Ah)</b><br>1   | 0 |
| 7                                   | Table 61. REG_COEFF           6         5           Bits 11   | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W   | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2  | 2 2   | <b>Ah)</b><br>1   | 0 |
| 7<br>LEGEND: R/W                    | Table 61. REG_COEFF         6       5         Bits 11         V = read and write.   | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W   | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2  | address = 3   | <b>Ah)</b><br>1   | 0 |
| 7<br>LEGEND: R/M                    | Table 61. REG_COEFF         6       5         Bits 11         V = read and write.   | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W   | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2  | address = 3   | <b>Ah)</b>  | 0 |
| 7<br>LEGEND: R/W<br>Bits [7:0]      | Table 61. REG_COEFF           6         5           Bits 11           V = read and write.           Bits 11:4 of coefficient 12 for formation   | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W   | _MS Register (A   | 2   | <b>Ah)</b>  | 0 |
| 7<br>LEGEND: R/W<br>Bits [7:0]      | Table 61. REG_COEFF         6       5         Bits 11         V = read and write.       Bits 11:4 of coefficient 12 for for the bits contain the eight most for the bit | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W<br>illter block 2<br>st significant bits o                    | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2  | address = 3   | <b>Ah)</b>  | 0 |
| 7<br>LEGEND: R/M<br>Bits [7:0]      | Table 61. REG_COEFF         6       5         Bits 11         V = read and write.         Bits 11:4 of coefficient 12 for for the se bits contain the eight most perfault = 44h   | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W<br>illter block 2<br>st significant bits o                    | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2  | Address = 3.  | <b>Ah)</b>  | 0 |
| 7<br>LEGEND: R/W<br>Bits [7:0]      | Table 61. REG_COEFF         6       5         Bits 11         V = read and write.       Bits 11:4 of coefficient 12 for f         These bits contain the eight most Default = 44h         Table 62 REG_COEFF  | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W<br>ilter block 2<br>st significant bits o<br>12 BLOCK 2       | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2<br>f coefficient 12 for filt                         | Address = 3.<br>2<br>er block 2.                                      | Ah)<br>1  | 0 |
| 7<br>LEGEND: R/M<br>Bits [7:0]      | Table 61. REG_COEFF         6       5         Bits 11         V = read and write.         Bits 11:4 of coefficient 12 for for the second se  | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W<br>ilter block 2<br>st significant bits o<br>12_BLOCK_2       | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2<br>f coefficient 12 for filt<br>_LS Register (A      | Address = 3<br>2<br>er block 2.<br>Address = 31                       | Ah)<br>1<br>3h)   | 0 |
| 7<br>LEGEND: R/M<br>Bits [7:0]<br>7 | Table 61. REG_COEFF         6       5         Bits 11         V = read and write.         Bits 11:4 of coefficient 12 for f         These bits contain the eight most the bits contain the bits contain the eight most t  | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W<br>:ilter block 2<br>st significant bits o<br>12_BLOCK_2<br>4 | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2<br>f coefficient 12 for filt<br>_LS Register (A<br>3 | Address = 3<br>2<br>er block 2.<br>Address = 31<br>2<br>Reserved      | Ah)<br>1<br>3h)<br>1  | 0 |
| 7<br>LEGEND: R/W<br>Bits [7:0]<br>7 | Table 61. REG_COEFF         6       5         Bits 11         V = read and write.       Bits 11:4 of coefficient 12 for f         These bits contain the eight most Default = 44h         Table 62. REG_COEFF         6       5         Bits 3:0 of coefficient 12 for filter block 2         R/W   | 12_BLOCK_2<br>4<br>:4 of coefficient12<br>R/W<br>ilter block 2<br>st significant bits o<br>12_BLOCK_2<br>4  | _MS Register (A<br>3<br>for filter block 2<br>f coefficient 12 for filt<br>_LS Register (A<br>3 | Address = 3<br>2<br>er block 2.<br>Address = 31<br>2<br>Reserved<br>R | <b>Ah)</b> 1 <b>Bh)</b> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 |



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|                 | Table 6                | 7 REG COEF           |                     | 1 MS Registe            | er (Address = 40h) |              |
| 7               | 6                      | 5                    | 4                   | _1_mo registe           | $2 \qquad 1$       | 0            |
| •               | Ū                      | Bits                 | 11:4 of coefficier  | nt 3 for filter block 1 | <br>1              | •            |
|                 |                        |                      | R/V                 | V                       | ·                  |              |
| LEGEND: R/W =   | read and write.        |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 |                        |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
| Bits [7:0]      | Bits 11:4 of           | coefficient 3 for f  | filter block 1      |                         |                    |              |
|                 | These bits c           | ontain the eight mo  | ost significant bit | s of coefficient 3 fo   | or filter block 1. |              |
|                 | Default = 0F           | h                    | 5                   |                         |                    |              |
|                 | 20.001                 |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 | Table 6                | 8. REG_COEF          | F3_BLOCK            | _1_LS Registe           | er (Address = 41h) |              |
| 7               | 6                      | 5                    | 4                   | 3                       | 2 1                | 0            |
| В               | its 3:0 of coefficient | 3 for filter block 1 |                     |                         | Reserved           |              |
|                 | R/W                    | 1                    |                     |                         | R                  |              |
| LEGEND: R/W =   | read and write; R =    | · read-only.         |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 |                        |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
| Bits [7:4]      | Bits 3:0 of c          | coefficient 3 for fi | Iter block 1        |                         |                    |              |
|                 | These bits c           | ontain the four leas | st significant bits | of coefficient 3 for    | filter block 1.    |              |
|                 | Default = 0h           |                      | 0                   |                         |                    |              |
| Bits [3:0]      | Reserved               |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 | These bits a           | re reserved.         |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 | Default = no           | t applicable         |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 |                        |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 | Table 6                | 9. REG_COEF          | F4_BLOCK_           | _1_MS Registe           | er (Address = 42h) |              |
| 7               | 6                      | 5                    | 4                   | 3                       | 2 1                | 0            |
|                 |                        | Bits 2               | 11:4 of coefficier  | nt 4 for filter block 1 | 1                  |              |
|                 |                        |                      | R/V                 | V                       |                    |              |
| LEGEND: R/W =   | read and write.        |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
| Rits [7·0]      | Bits 11.4 of           | coefficient 4 for    | filter block 1      |                         |                    |              |
| 510 [1:0]       | These bits o           | ontain the eight m   | ost significant bit | s of coefficient 4 fo   | or filter block 1  |              |
|                 |                        |                      | ost signineant bit  |                         | JI III DIOCK 1.    |              |
|                 | Delault = TD           | 11                   |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 | Table 7                | 0. REG COEF          | F4 BLOCK            | 1 LS Registe            | er (Address = 43h) |              |
| 7               | 6                      | 5                    | 4                   | 3                       | 2 1                | 0            |
| В               | its 3:0 of coefficient | 4 for filter block 1 |                     |                         | Reserved           |              |
|                 | R/W                    | 1                    | Ш.                  |                         | R                  |              |
| LEGEND: R/W =   | read and write; R =    | read-only.           |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 |                        |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
| Bits [7:4]      | Bits 3:0 of c          | oefficient 4 for fi  | Iter block 1        |                         |                    |              |
|                 | These bits o           | ontain the four leas | st significant bits | of coefficient 4 for    | filter block 1.    |              |
|                 | Default = Ch           |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
| Bits [3·0]      | Reserved               |                      |                     |                         |                    |              |
| 5113 [0:0]      | These bits a           | re reserved          |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 | Default = no           | t applicable         |                     |                         |                    |              |
|                 | Tabla 7                |                      |                     | 1 MC Dealate            | r (Address - AAb)  |              |
| _               |                        | I. REG_COEF          | ΓЭ_BLUCK_           |                         | a (Address = 44n)  | -            |
| (               | 6                      | 5                    | 4                   | 3                       | 2 1                | 0            |
|                 |                        | Bits                 | 11:4 of coefficier  | nt 5 for filter block 1 | 1                  |              |
|                 |                        |                      | R/V                 | V                       |                    |              |

LEGEND: R/W = read and write.



Bits [7:0] Bits 11:4 of coefficient 5 for filter block 1

These bits contain the eight most significant bits of coefficient 5 for filter block 1. Default = 0Fh

### Table 72. REG\_COEFF5\_BLOCK\_1\_LS Register (Address = 45h)

| 7           | 6   | 5                            | 4                    | 3                    | 2                    | 1      | 0 |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------|---|--|
|             | Bits 3:0 of coefficient   | 5 for filter block           | 1                    |                      | Res                  | erved  |   |  |
|             | R/W   | ,                            |                      |                      |                      | R      |   |  |
| LEGEND: R/W | = read and write; R =   | read-only.                   |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             |   |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
| Bits [7:4]  | Bits 3:0 of c   | coefficient 5 for            | filter block 1       |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | These bits c  | ontain the four le           | ast significant bits | s of coefficient fo  | r filter block 1.    |        |   |  |
|             | Default = 0h  |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
| Bits [3:0]  | Reserved  |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | Default = no  | re reserved.<br>t applicable |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | Table 7   | 3. REG COE                   | FF6 BLOCK            | 1 MS Regis           | ster (Address        | = 46h) |   |  |
| 7           | 6   | 5                            | 4                    | 3                    | 2                    | ,<br>1 | 0 |  |
|             |   | Bits                         | s 11:4 of coefficie  | nt 6 for filter bloc | k 1                  |        |   |  |
|             |   |                              | R/'                  | W                    |                      |        |   |  |
| LEGEND: R/W | = read and write.   |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             |   |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
| Bits [7:0]  | Bits 11:4 of  | coefficient 6 fo             | r filter block 1     |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | These bits contain the eight most significant bits of coefficient 6 for filter block 1. |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | Default = 23  | h                            |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | Table 7   | 4. REG COE                   | EFF6 BLOCK           | 1 LS Regis           | ter (Address         | = 47h) |   |  |
| 7           | 6   | 5                            | 4                    | 3                    | 2                    | 1      | 0 |  |
|             | Bits 3:0 of coefficient   | 6 for filter block           | 1                    |                      | Res                  | erved  |   |  |
|             | R/W   | ,                            |                      |                      |                      | R      |   |  |
| LEGEND: R/W | = read and write; R =   | read-only.                   |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             |   |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
| Bits [7:4]  | Bits 3:0 of c   | coefficient 6 for            | filter block 1       |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | These bits c  | ontain the four le           | ast significant bits | s of coefficient 6   | for filter block 1.  |        |   |  |
|             | Default = Bh  |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
| Bits [3:0]  | Reserved  |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | I hese bits a<br>Default = no   | re reserved.<br>t applicable |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             |   |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | Table 7   | 5. REG_COE                   | FF7_BLOCK            | _1_MS Regis          | ster (Address        | = 48h) |   |  |
| 7           | 6   | 5                            | 4                    | 3                    | 2                    | 1      | 0 |  |
|             |   | Bits                         | s 11:4 of coefficie  | nt 7 for filter bloc | :k 1                 |        |   |  |
|             | - rood and write  |                              | R/                   | VV                   |                      |        |   |  |
| LEGEND: R/W | = read and write.   |                              |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |
| Bits [7:0]  | Rite 11.1 of  | coefficient 7 fo             | r filter block 1     |                      |                      |        |   |  |
|             | These hits of   | ontain the eight r           | nost significant bi  | ts of coefficient 7  | 7 for filter block 1 |        |   |  |
|             |   | ontain the eight i           | noor orginicant Di   |                      | TOT HILDE DIOUR T.   |        |   |  |
|             | Default – 44  | h                            |                      |                      |                      |        |   |  |

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|--|--|

|               | Table  | 76. REG_COEF                   | F7_BLOC          | K_1_LS Regist           | er (Address =      | 49h)         |   |  |  |
|---------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------|---|--|--|
| 7             | 6  | 5                              | 4                | 3                       | 2                  | 1            | 0 |  |  |
| B             | its 3:0 of coefficient                             | 7 for filter block 1           |                  |                         | Rese               | rved         |   |  |  |
|               | R/V  | V                              |                  |                         | R                  | 1            |   |  |  |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write; R                                | = read-only.                   |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               |  |                                |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
| Bits [7:4]    | Bits 3:0 of  | coefficient 7 for fil          | ter block 1      |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               | These bits of                                      | contain the four leas          | st significant l | oits of coefficient 7 f | or filter block 1. |              |   |  |  |
|               | Default = 2h                                       | 1                              |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
| Bits [3:0]    | Reserved   |                                |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               | These bits a<br>Default = no                       | are reserved.<br>ot applicable |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               | Tabl   | e 77. REG_DA                   | C_SAMPL          | E_MS Register           | (Address = 4       | Ah)          |   |  |  |
| 7             | 6  | 5                              | 4                | 3                       | 2                  | 1            | 0 |  |  |
|               |  | Bits 11:4 of                   | DAC sample       | fed from DSP path       | into DAC           |              |   |  |  |
|               |  |                                |                  | R/W                     |                    |              |   |  |  |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write.                                  |                                |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               |  |                                |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
| Bits [7:0]    | Bits 11:4 of DAC sample fed from DSP path into DAC |                                |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               | These bits of                                      | contain the eight mo           | ost significant  | bits of DAC sample      | e fed from DSP pat | in into DAC. |   |  |  |
|               | Default = 00                                       | )h                             |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               | Tabl   | e 78. REG_DA                   | C_SAMPL          | E_LS Register           | (Address = 4       | 3h)          |   |  |  |
| 7             | 6  | 5                              | 4                | 3                       | 2                  | 1            | 0 |  |  |
| Bits 3:0      | of DAC sample fed                                  | from DSP path into             | DAC              |                         | Rese               | rved         |   |  |  |
|               | R/V  | V                              |                  |                         | R                  | 1            |   |  |  |
| LEGEND: R/W = | = read and write; R                                | = read-only.                   |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
| Bits [7:4]    | Bits 3:0 of  | DAC sample fed fr              | om DSP pat       | h into DAC              |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               | These bits of                                      | contain the four leas          | st significant l | oits of DAC sample      | fed from DSP path  | into DAC.    |   |  |  |
|               | Default = 0h                                       | ı                              |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
| Bits [3:0]    | Reserved   |                                |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               | These bits a<br>Default = no                       | are reserved.<br>ot applicable |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               |  |                                |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               |  |                                |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |
|               |  |                                |                  |                         |                    |              |   |  |  |



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AFE032

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### **POWER SUPPLIES**

The device has two low-voltage analog power-supply pins and one low-voltage digital supply pin. Internally, the two analog supply pins are connected to each other through back-to-back electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection diodes. These pins must be connected to each other on the application printed circuit board (PCB). Connecting the digital supply pin and the two analog supply pins together on the PCB is also recommended. Both low-voltage analog ground pins are also connected internally through back-to-back ESD protection diodes. These ground pins should also be connected to the digital ground pin on the PCB. Bypassing the low-voltage power supplies with a parallel combination of a  $10-\mu$ F and 100-nF capacitor is recommended. The PA block is biased separately from a high-voltage, high-current supply.

Three PA power-supply pins and three PA ground pins are available to provide a path for the high currents associated with driving the low impedance of the ac mains. Connecting the three PA supply pins together is recommended. Placing a 47- $\mu$ F to 100- $\mu$ F bypass capacitor in parallel with a 100-nF capacitor as close as possible to the device is also recommended. Care must be taken when routing the high-current ground lines on the PCB to avoid creating voltage drops in the PCB ground that may vary with changes in load current.

The device has many options to enable or disable the functional blocks to allow for flexible power-savings modes. Refer to the Electrical Characteristics: Power Supply table for power consumption in specific modes.

# DAC, SD, INT, TSENSE, TX\_FLAG, AND RX\_FLAG PINS

This section discusses the DAC, SD, INT, TSENSE, TX\_FLAG, and RX\_FLAG pins.

### DAC (Pin 7)

The DAC pin is used to configure the SPI to either read data to or write data from the command and data registers, or to write data to the DAC register. Setting the DAC pin high allows access to the DAC register. Setting the DAC pin low allows access to the command and data registers.

### SD (Pin 8)

The shutdown pin (SD) can be used to shut down the entire device for maximum power savings. When the SD pin is low, the device operates normally. When the SD pin is high, all circuit blocks within the device (including the serial interface) are placed in the lowest-power operating modes. In this condition, the entire device draws only 395  $\mu$ A (typical) of current. All register contents at the time the device is placed in shutdown mode are erased; when the device is re-enabled, the register contents are the device default values. Follow the protocol described in the External Reset and Analog Shutdown Mode section when asserting the SD pin.

#### INT (Pin 9)

The interrupt pin (INT) is an active-low, open-drain output pin that can be used to signal the microprocessor of an unusual operating condition that results from an anomaly on the power line. The INT pin can be triggered by external circuit conditions and SPI operations, depending upon the REG\_FLAG\_CTL register settings. The device can be programmed to issue an interrupt on current overload, thermal overload, and digital error conditions. Refer to the *AFE032 Interrupts* section for more information.

When an interrupt is signaled (that is, INT goes low), the contents of the IFLAG\_INT, TFLAG\_INT, and DIG\_ERR\_INT bits (bits 7, 6, and 4, respectively, in the REG\_AFE\_STATUS register) can be read to determine the type of interrupt that occurred. The REG\_FLAG\_CTL register settings should be configured each time the device is powered on.

Current overload and thermal overload conditions are explained in the *Current Overload* and *Thermal Overload* sections. Digital error conditions are explained in the *AFE032 Interrupts* section.

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#### Current Overload

The maximum output current allowed from the power amplifier (PA) can be programmed with the external  $R_{SET}$  resistor connected between PA\_ISET (pin 26) and ground. The PA goes to current limit state if a fault condition occurs, causing the PA to source or sink more current than its programmed limit value. IFLAG\_INT (bit 7 in the REG\_AFE\_STATUS register) is set to '1' if the PA goes to current limit state for more than 16,384 DAC\_CLK cycles.

Setting the IFLAG mask bit of the REG\_FLAG\_CTL register prevents a fault condition from commanding the active-low, open-drain interrupt pin (INT). Note that the PA still goes to a current limit state to protect the device and the IFLAG\_INT bit is still set to '1'.

### CAUTION

ENPAICLN and ENPAICLP (bits 1 and 0 of the REG\_PA\_CURRENT\_CFG register, respectively) allow the current limit protection circuitry to be enabled or disabled. By default, the current limit protection circuitry is enabled and protects the device from damage during current overload events only if the ENPAICLN and ENPAICLP bits remain in their default states. Disabling these bits can potentially damage the device in an current overload event.

#### Thermal Overload

The device contains internal PA thermal shutdown protection circuitry that automatically disables the PA output stage if the junction temperature exceeds +165°C.

Note that the thermal shutdown protection circuitry only operates if a fault condition causes thermal overload (that is, forces the junction temperature to exceed +165°C) and the Disable TLIM bit (bit 0 in the REG\_DAC/HPF/LPF/PA\_CTL register) remains in the default state of '0'. The device thermal shutdown protection circuitry allows the PA to resume normal operation only when the junction temperature falls below +150°C. The TFLAG\_INT bit remains set to '1' even after the device returns to normal operation. The TFLAG\_INT bit can be reset to '0' by performing a read operation on the REG\_AFE\_STATUS register.

Setting the TFLAG mask bit of the REG\_FLAG\_CTL register prevents a thermal overload event from commanding the active-low, open-drain interrupt pin (INT). Note that the internal PA thermal shutdown protection circuitry still disables the PA output stage automatically (provided that a thermal overload condition occurs and the Disable TLIM bit is in set to '0') and the TFLAG\_INT bit is still set to '1'.



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#### **TSENSE (Pin 35)**

The TSENSE pin is internally connected to the anode of a temperature-sensing diode located within the PA output stage. Figure 26 shows a remote junction temperature sensor circuit that can be used to measure the device junction temperature. Measuring the device junction temperature is optional and is not required.



Figure 26. Interfacing the TMP411 to the AFE032

#### TX\_FLAG (Pin 47)

The TX\_FLAG pin is an open-drain output that indicates the readiness of the Tx signal path for transmission. When the TX\_FLAG pin is high, the transmit signal path is enabled and ready for transmission. When the TX\_FLAG pin is low, the transmit path is not ready for transmission.

#### RX\_FLAG (Pin 48)

The RX\_FLAG pin is an open-drain output that indicates the readiness of the Rx signal path for transmission. When the RX\_FLAG pin is high, the transmit signal path is enabled and ready for transmission. When the RX\_FLAG pin is low, the transmit path is not ready for transmission.

#### LINE-COUPLING CIRCUIT

The line-coupling circuit is one of the most critical circuits in a power-line modem. The line-coupling circuit has two primary functions: first, to block the low-frequency signal of the mains (commonly 50 Hz or 60 Hz) from damaging the low-voltage modem circuitry; second, to couple the modem signal to and from the ac mains. A typical line-coupling circuit is shown in Figure 27.



Figure 27. Simplified Line-Coupling Circuit



# **CIRCUIT PROTECTION**

Power-line communications are often located in operating environments that are harsh for electrical components connected to the ac line. Noise or surges from electrical anomalies (such as lightning, capacitor bank switching, inductive switching, or other grid fault conditions) can damage high-performance integrated circuits if proper protection is not provided. The AFE032, however, can survive even the harshest conditions by using a variety of techniques to protect the device.

Layout the protection circuitry in order to dissipate as much of the electrical disturbance as possible with a multilayer approach using metal-oxide varistors (MOVs), transient voltage suppression diodes (TVSs), Schottky diodes, and a Zener diode. These components dissipate the electrical disturbance before the anomaly reaches the device. Figure 28 shows the recommended strategy for transient overvoltage protection.



Figure 28. Transient Overvoltage Protection for AFE032

Note that the high-voltage coupling capacitor must be able to withstand pulses up to the clamping protection provided by the MOV. A metalized polypropylene capacitor, such as the 474MKP275KA from Illinois Capacitor<sup>™</sup>, is rated for 50 Hz to 60 Hz and 250 VAC to 310 VAC, and can withstand 24 impulses of 2.5 kV.



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#### Table 79 and Table 80 list several recommended transient protection components.

| COMPONENT    | DESCRIPTION                  | MANUFACTURER            | MFR PART NO (OR EQUIVALENT) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| D1           | Zener diode                  | Diodes, Inc.            | 1SMB59xxB <sup>(1)</sup>    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D2, D3       | Schottky diode               | Diodes, Inc.            | B340A                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TVS          | Transient voltage suppressor | Littelfuse, Inc.        | SMCJxxCA <sup>(2)</sup>     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOV          | Varistor                     | Littelfuse, Inc.        | TMOV20RP140E                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HV capacitor | High-voltage capacitor       | Illinois Capacitor, Inc | 474MKP275KA <sup>(3)</sup>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Table 79. Recommended Transient Protection Devices (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Select the zener breakdown voltage at the lowest available rating beyond the normal power-supply operating range. For example, 1SMB5931B is suitable for systems where PA\_VS = 15 V, whereas 1SMB5934B is suitable for systems where PA\_VS = 20 V.
 Select the TVS breakdown voltage at or slightly less than (0.5 x PA\_VS). For example, SMCJ6.0CA is suitable for systems where

 $PA_VS = 15 V$ , whereas SMCJ8.0CA is suitable for systems where  $PA_VS = 20 V$ .

(3) A common value for the high-voltage capacitor is 470 nF. Other values may be substituted depending on the application requirements. Note that when making a substitution, for reliability, the capacitor must be selected from the same family or an equivalent family of capacitors rated to withstand high-voltage surges on the power line.

#### Table 80. Recommended Transient Protection Devices (240 VAC, 50 Hz)

| COMPONENT    | DESCRIPTION                  | MANUFACTURER            | MFR PART NO (OR EQUIVALENT) |
|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| D1           | Zener diode                  | Diodes, Inc.            | 1SMB59xxB <sup>(1)</sup>    |
| D2, D3       | Schottky diode               | Diodes, Inc.            | B340A                       |
| TVS          | Transient voltage suppressor | Littelfuse, Inc.        | SMCJxxCA <sup>(2)</sup>     |
| MOV          | Varistor                     | Littelfuse, Inc.        | TMOV20RP300E                |
| HV capacitor | High-voltage capacitor       | Illinois Capacitor, Inc | 474MKP275KA <sup>(3)</sup>  |

Select the zener breakdown voltage at the lowest available rating beyond the normal power-supply operating range. For example, 1SMB5931B is suitable for systems where PA\_VS = 15 V, whereas 1SMB5934B is suitable for systems where PA\_VS = 20 V.

(2) Select the TVS breakdown voltage at or slightly less than (0.5 × PA\_VS). For example, SMCJ6.0CA is suitable for systems where PA\_VS = 15 V, whereas SMCJ8.0CA is suitable for systems where PA\_VS = 20 V.

(3) A common value for the high-voltage capacitor is 470 nF. Other values may be substituted depending on the application requirements. Note that when making a substitution, for reliability, the capacitor must be selected from the same family or an equivalent family of capacitors rated to withstand high-voltage surges on the power line.

# THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

In a typical power-line communications application, the device dissipates 2 W of power when transmitting to the low-impedance ac line. This amount of power dissipation can increase the junction temperature, which in turn can lead to a thermal overload that results in signal transmission interruptions if the PCB thermal design is not implemented properly. Proper management of heat flow from the device as well as good PCB design and construction are required to ensure proper device temperature, maximize performance, and extend device operating life.

The device is assembled in a 7-mm x 7-mm, QFN-48 package. As Figure 29 shows, this QFN package has a large-area exposed thermal pad on the underside that is used to conduct heat away from the device and to the underlying PCB.



Figure 29. QFN Package with Large-Area Exposed Thermal Pad



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Some heat is conducted from the silicon die surface through the plastic packaging material and is transferred to the ambient environment. However, this route is not the primary thermal path for heat flow because plastic is a relatively poor conductor of heat. Heat also flows across the silicon die surface to the bond pads, through the wire bonds, to the package leads, and finally to the top layer of the PCB. While both of these paths for heat flow are important, the majority (nearly 80%) of the heat flows downward, through the silicon die, to the thermally-conductive die-attach epoxy, and to the exposed thermal pad on the underside of the package (as shown in Figure 30). Minimizing the thermal resistance of this downward path to the ambient environment maximizes the life and performance of the device.



Figure 30. Heat Flow in the QFN Package

The exposed thermal pad must be soldered to the PCB thermal pad. The thermal pad on the PCB must be the same size as the exposed thermal pad on the underside of the QFN package. Refer to Application Report, *QFN/SON PCB Attachment* (SLUA271A), for recommendations on attaching the thermal pad to the PCB. Figure 31 illustrates the direction of heat spreading to the PCB from the device.



Figure 31. Heat Spreading to PCB

The heat spreading to the PCB is maximized if the thermal path is uninterrupted. Best results are achieved if the heat-spreading surfaces are filled with copper to the greatest extent possible, thus maximizing the percentage of area covered on each layer. As an example, a thermally robust, multilayer PCB design can consist of four layers with copper (Cu) coverage of 60% in the top layer, 85% and 90% in the inner layers (respectively), and 95% on the bottom layer.



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Increasing the number of layers in the PCB, using thicker copper, and increasing the PCB area are all factors that improve the spread of heat. Figure 32 through Figure 34 show thermal resistance performance as a function of each of these factors.











Figure 34. Thermal Resistance as a Function of Copper Thickness

For additional information on thermal PCB design using exposed thermal pad packages, refer to Application Reports Analog Front-End Design for a Narrowband Power-Line Communications Modem Using the AFE031 (SBOA130) and PowerPAD<sup>™</sup> Thermally-Enhanced Package (SLMA002E) (both available for download at www.ti.com).

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# **TYPICAL APPLICATION SCHEMATIC**

A schematic for a typical application is provided in Figure 35.



Figure 35. Typical Application with Transformer Coupling

# PACKAGING AND MECHANICALS

Complete mechanical drawings and packaging information are appended to the end of this data sheet.



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# 修订历史记录

请注意:前一修订版的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同。

| CI | nanges from Original (August 2013) to Revision A P              | 'age |
|----|---|------|
| •  | 将文档从产品预览改为生产数据  | 1    |
| •  | Changed 第二特定着重号的第一个子着重号   | 1    |
| •  | Changed 首页图   | 1    |
| •  | Added Ordering Information and Absolute Maximum Ratings table   | 2    |
| •  | Added Thermal Information and Electrical Characteristics tables | 3    |
| •  | Added SPI Timing Requirements table and Timing Diagrams section | . 10 |
| •  | Added Pin Configuration section                                 | . 12 |
| •  | Added Functional Block Diagram section                          | . 14 |
| •  | Added Typical Characteristics section                           | . 15 |
| •  | Added Application Information section                           | . 17 |
| •  | Changed Series name in graph in Figure 23                       | . 30 |
| •  | Changed Series names in graph legend in Figure 24               | . 30 |
| •  | Changed Series names in graph legend in Figure 25               | . 30 |



10-Dec-2020

# PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2) | Lead finish/<br>Ball material<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------|
| AFE032IRGZR      | ACTIVE        | VQFN         | RGZ                | 48   | 2500           | RoHS & Green    | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 125   | AFE032                  | Samples |
| AFE032IRGZT      | ACTIVE        | VQFN         | RGZ                | 48   | 250            | RoHS & Green    | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 125   | AFE032                  | Samples |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





# QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



| *All dimensions are nominal |                 |                    |      |      |                          |                          |            |            |            |            |           |                  |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| Device                      | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
| AFE032IRGZR                 | VQFN            | RGZ                | 48   | 2500 | 330.0                    | 16.4                     | 7.3        | 7.3        | 1.1        | 12.0       | 16.0      | Q2               |
| AFE032IRGZT                 | VQFN            | RGZ                | 48   | 250  | 180.0                    | 16.4                     | 7.3        | 7.3        | 1.1        | 12.0       | 16.0      | Q2               |
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### PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

25-Mar-2015



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device      | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| AFE032IRGZR | VQFN         | RGZ             | 48   | 2500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 38.0        |
| AFE032IRGZT | VQFN         | RGZ             | 48   | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |

## **RGZ 48**

7 x 7, 0.5 mm pitch

# **GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW**

#### VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUADFLAT PACK- NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



# **RGZ0048A**

### PACKAGE OUTLINE VQFN - 1 mm max height

VQI II IIIIII IIIAX Holgiit

PLASTIC QUADFLAT PACK- NO LEAD



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for optimal thermal and mechanical performance.



## **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

#### VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUADFLAT PACK- NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



### **RGZ0048A**

# **RGZ0048A**

#### **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

#### VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUADFLAT PACK- NO LEAD



6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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