

## Meter-Bus Transceiver

#### FEATURES

- Meter-Bus Transceiver (for Slave) Meets Standard EN1434-3
- Receiver Logic With Dynamic Level Recognition
- Constant-Current Sink Adjustable By Resistor
- Polarity Independent
- Power-Fail Function
- Module Supply Voltage Switch
- 3.3-V Constant Voltage Source
- Up to 9600 Baud in Half Duplex for UART Protocol
- Slave Power Support
  - Supply From Meter-Bus by Output VDD
  - Supply From Meter-Bus by Output VDD or From Backup Battery
  - Supply From Battery Meter-Bus Active for Data Transmission Only

### **APPLICATIONS**

- E-metering
- Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI)
- Water Meters
- Gas Meters
- Heat Meters

#### DESCRIPTION

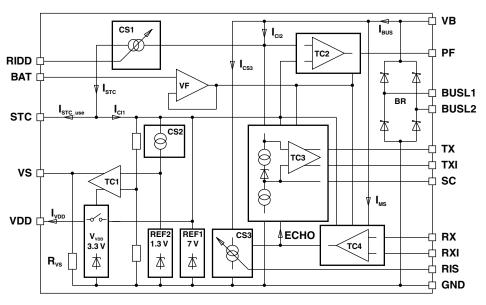
The TSS521 device is a single-chip transceiver developed for Meter-Bus standard (EN1434-3) applications.

The TSS521 interface circuit adjusts the different potentials between a slave system and the Meter-Bus master. The connection to the bus is polarity independent and supports full galvanic slave isolation with optocouplers.

The circuit is supplied by the master through the bus. Therefore, this circuit offers no additional load for the slave battery. A power-fail function is integrated.

The receiver has dynamic level recognition, and the transmitter has a programmable current sink.

A 3.3-V voltage regulator with power reserve for a delayed switch off at bus fault is integrated.



#### Functional Schematic

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

ĀĀ

D PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)												
BUSL2	⊐	1	16		BUSL1							
VB 🗆	Т	2	15		GND							
STC 🛛	Т	3	14		RIS							
	Т	4	13		RXI							
PF 🛛	Т	5	12		RX							
SC 🗆	Т	6	11		VDD							
	Т	7	10		VS							
TX 🗆	Т	8	9		BAT							

TERM	IINAL	
NAME	NO.	DESCRIPTION
BUSL2	1	Meter-Bus
VB	2	Differential bus voltage after rectifier
STC	3	Support capacitor
RIDD	4	Current adjustment input
PF	5	Power fail output
SC	6	Sampling capacitor
TXI	7	Data output inverted
ТΧ	8	Data output
BAT	9	Logic level adjust
VS	10	Switch for bus or battery supply output
VDD	11	Voltage regulator output
RX	12	Data input
RXI	13	Data input inverted
RIS	14	Adjust input for modulation current
GND	15	Ground
BUSL1	16	Meter-Bus



#### **Functional Description**

#### Data Transmission, Master to Slave

The mark level on the bus lines  $V_{BUS}$  = MARK is defined by the difference of BUSL1 and BUSL2 at the slave. It depends on the distance from Master to Slave, which affects the voltage drop on the wire. To make the receiver independent, a dynamic reference level on the SC pin is used for the voltage comparator TC3 (see Figure 1).

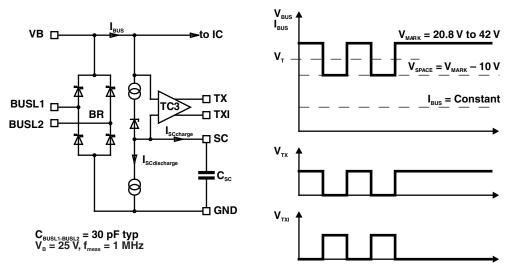


Figure 1. Data Transmission, Master to Slave

A capacitor ( $C_{SC}$ ) at the SC pin is charged by a current ( $I_{SCcharge}$ ) and is discharged with a current ( $I_{SCdischarge}$ ) where:

$$I_{\text{SCdisharge}} = \frac{I_{\text{SCcharge}}}{40 \text{ (typ)}}$$
(1)

This ratio is necessary to run any kind of UART protocol independent of the data contents (for example, if an 11bit UART protocol is transmitted with all data bits at 0 and only the stop bit at 1). There must be sufficient time to recharge the capacitor  $C_{SC}$ . The input level detector TC3 detects voltage modulations from the master ( $V_{BUS}$  = SPACE or MARK conditions) and switches the inverted output TXI and the noninverted output TX.



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#### Data Transmission, Slave to Master

The device uses current modulation to transmit information from the slave to the master while the bus voltage remains constant. The current source CS3 modulates the bus current and the master detects the modulation. The constant current source CS3 is controlled by the inverted input RXI or the noninverted input RX. The current source CS3 can be programmed by an external resistor  $R_{RIS}$ . The modulation supply current  $I_{MS}$  flows in addition to the current source CS3 during the modulation time.

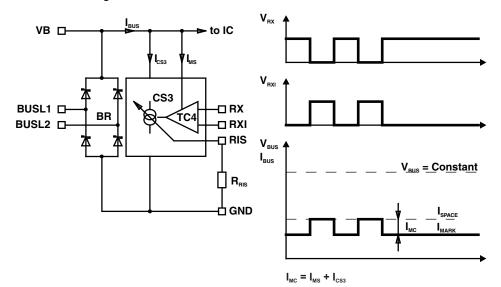


Figure 2. Data Transmission, Slave to Master

Because the TSS521 is configured for half-duplex only, the current modulation from RX or RXI is repeated concurrently as ECHO on the outputs TX and TXI. If the slave, as well as the master, is trying to send information on the lines, the added signals appear on the outputs TX and TXI, which indicates the data collision to the slave (see ).

The bus topology requires a constant current consumption by each connected slave.

To calculate the value of the programming resistor R<sub>RIS</sub>, use the formula shown in Figure 3.

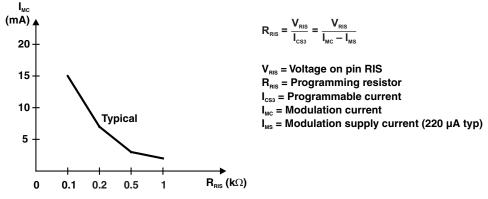


Figure 3. Calculate Programming Resistor R<sub>RIS</sub>



#### Slave Supply, 3.3 V

The TSS521 has an internal 3.3-V voltage regulator. The output power of this voltage regulator is supplied by the storage capacitor  $C_{STC}$  at the STC pin. The storage capacitor  $C_{STC}$  at the STC pin is charged with constant current  $I_{STC\_use}$  from the current source CS1. The maximum capacitor voltage is limited to REF1. The charge current  $I_{STC\_use}$  has to be defined by an external resistor at pin RIDD.

The adjustment resistor  $R_{RIDD}$  can be calculated using Equation 2.

$$R_{\text{RID}} = 25 \frac{V_{\text{RIDD}}}{I_{\text{STC}}} = 25 \frac{V_{\text{RIDD}}}{I_{\text{STC}\_\text{use}} + I_{\text{IC1}}}$$

Where,

 $I_{STC}$  = current from current source CS1

 $I_{STC use}$  = charge current for support capacitor

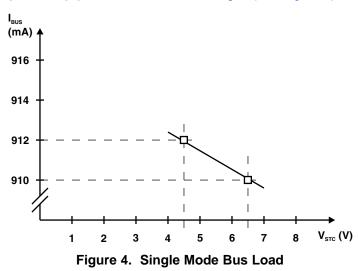
 $I_{CI}$  = internal current

 $V_{RIDD}$  = voltage on pin RIDD

R<sub>RIDD</sub> = value of adjustment resistor

The voltage level of the storage capacitor  $C_{STC}$  is monitored with comparator TC1. Once the voltage  $V_{STC}$  reaches  $V_{VDD\_on}$ , the switch  $S_{VDD}$  connects the stabilized voltage  $V_{VDD}$  to pin VDD. VDD is turned off if the voltage  $V_{STC}$  drops below the  $V_{VDD}$  off level.

Voltage variations on the capacitor C<sub>STC</sub> create bus current changes (see Figure 4).



At a bus fault the shut down time of VDD ( $t_{off}$ ) in which data storage can be performed depends on the system current  $I_{VDD}$  and the value of capacitor  $C_{STC}$ . See Figure 5, which shows a correlation between the shutdown of the bus voltage  $V_{BUS}$  and  $V_{DD}$  off and  $t_{off}$  for dimensioning the capacitor.

The output VS is meant for slave systems that are driven by the bus energy, as well as from a battery should the bus line voltage fail. The switching of VS is synchronized with VDD and is controlled by the comparator TC1. An external transistor at the output VS allows switching from the Meter-Bus remote supply to battery.

(2)



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#### **Power On and Off**

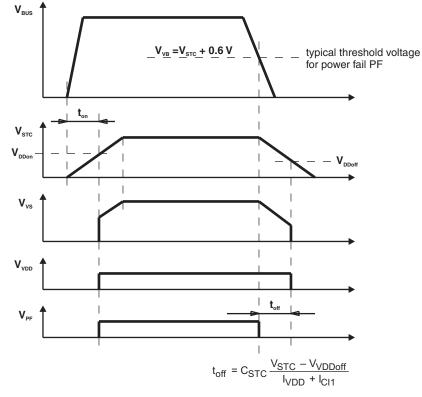


Figure 5. Power On/Off Timing

#### **Power Fail Function**

Because of the rectifier bridge BR at the input, BUSL1, and BUSL2, the TSS521 is polarity independent. The pin VB to ground (GND) delivers the bus voltage  $V_{VB}$  less the voltage drop over the rectifier BR. The voltage comparator TC2 monitors the bus voltage. If the voltage  $V_{VB} > V_{STC} + 0.6$  V, then the output PF = 1. The output level PF = 0 (power fail) provides a warning of a critical voltage drop to the microcontroller to save the data immediately.

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

$V_{MB}$	Voltage, BUSL1 to BUSL2		±50 V
v		RX and RXI	–0.3 V to 5.5 V
vI	Input voltage range	BAT	–0.3 V to 5.5 V
TJ	Operating junction temperature range		–25°C to 150°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature range		–25°C to 85°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature range		–65°C to 150°C
	Power derating factor, junction to ambient		8 mW/°C

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

See note <sup>(1)</sup>. Typical values are specified at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V and  $T_A$  = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>MB</sub>		Receiver	10.8	42	V
	Bus voltage,  BUSL2 – BUSL1	Transmitter	12	42	v
		VB (receive mode)	9.3		N
VI	Input voltage	BAT <sup>(2)</sup>	2.5	3.8	V
R <sub>RIDD</sub>	RIDD resistor		13	80	kΩ
R <sub>RIS</sub>	RIS resistor		100		Ω
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-25	85	°C

(1) All voltage values are measured with respect to the GND terminal unless otherwise noted. (2)  $V_{BAT}(max) \le V_{STC} - 1 V$ 

### **Electrical Characteristics**

See note <sup>(1)</sup>. Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$\Delta V_{BR}$	Voltage drop at rectifier BR	I <sub>BUS</sub> = 3 mA				1.5	V
$\Delta V_{CS1}$	Voltage drop at current source CS1	R <sub>RIDD</sub> = 13 kΩ				1.8	V
I <sub>BUS</sub>	BUS current	$V_{STC} = 6.5 V,$ $I_{MC} = 0 mA$	$R_{RIDD} = 13 k\Omega$			3	mA
ΔI <sub>BUS</sub>	BUS current accuracy		$R_{RIDD}$ = 30 kΩ <sub>MC</sub> = 0 mA, $R_{RIDD}$ = 13 kΩ to 30 kΩ			1.5 2	%
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current		$_{\rm IC}$ = 0 mA, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.8 V, R <sub>RIDD</sub> = 13 kΩ <sup>(2)</sup>			650	μA
I <sub>CI1</sub>	CI1 current	$V_{STC} = 6.5 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{N}$ $V_{BUS} = 6.5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}$	$_{\rm IC}$ = 0 mA, $V_{\rm BAT}$ = 3.8 V, $R_{\rm RIDD}$ = 13 kΩ, X/RXI = off $^{(2)}$			350	μA
V <sub>VDD</sub>	VDD voltage	$-I_{VDD} = 1 \text{ mA}, \text{ V}$	/ <sub>STC</sub> = 6.5 V	3.1		3.4	V
R <sub>VDD</sub>	VDD resistance	$-I_{VDD} = 2$ to 8 m	nA, V <sub>STC</sub> = 4.5 V			5	Ω
	STC voltage	$V_{DD} = on, VS =$	on	5.6		6.4	
V <sub>STC</sub>		$V_{DD} = off, VS =$	off	3.8		4.3	V
		I <sub>VDD</sub> < I <sub>STC_use</sub>		6.5		7.5	l
	070		$R_{RIDD} = 30 \text{ k}\Omega$	0.65		1.1	
I <sub>STC_use</sub>	STC current	$V_{STC} = 5 V$	R <sub>RIDD</sub> = 13 kΩ	1.85		2.4	mA
V <sub>RIDD</sub>	RIDD voltage	$R_{RIDD} = 30 \ k\Omega$		1.23		1.33	V
V <sub>VS</sub>	VS voltage	$V_{DD}$ = on, $I_{VS}$ =	–5 μΑ	$V_{STC} - 0.4$		V <sub>STC</sub>	V
R <sub>VS</sub>	VS resistance	$V_{DD} = off$		0.3		1	MΩ
			$V_{VB} = V_{STC} + 0.8 \text{ V}, I_{PF} = -100 \mu\text{A}$	V <sub>BAT</sub> - 0.6		$V_{BAT}$	
V <sub>PF</sub>	PF voltage	$V_{STC}$ = 6.5 V	$V_{VB} = V_{STC} + 0.3 \text{ V}, I_{PF} = 1 \ \mu\text{A}$	0		0.6	V
			$V_{VB} = V_{STC} + 0.3 \text{ V}, I_{PF} = 5 \ \mu\text{A}$	0		0.9	l

(1) All voltage values are measured with respect to the GND terminal unless otherwise noted.

(2) Inputs RX/RXI and outputs TX/TXI are open,  $I_{CC} = I_{CI1} + I_{CI2}$ 

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### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

See note <sup>(1)</sup>. Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>on</sub>	Turn-on time	$C_{STC}$ = 50 µF, Bus voltage slew rate: 1 V/µs			3	s

#### **Receiver Section Electrical Characteristics**

See note <sup>(1)</sup>. Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V <sub>T</sub>		See Figure 1	MARK - 8.2	MARK – 5.7	V
V <sub>SC</sub>	SC voltage			V <sub>VB</sub>	V
I <sub>SCcharge</sub>	SC charge current	$V_{SC} = 24 \text{ V}, V_{VB} = 36 \text{ V}$	-15	-40	μA
I <sub>SCdischarge</sub>	SC discharge current	$V_{SC} = V_{VB} = 24 V$	0.3	−0.033 × I <sub>SCcharge</sub>	IIA I
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage (TX, TXI)	$I_{TX}$ , $I_{TXI} = -100 \ \mu A$ (see Figure 1)	V <sub>BAT</sub> – 0.6	V <sub>BAT</sub>	V
N/	Low-level output voltage	I <sub>TX</sub> , I <sub>TXI</sub> = 100 μA	0	0.5	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	(TX, TXI)	I <sub>TX</sub> = 1.1 mA	0	1.5	V
I <sub>TX</sub> I <sub>TXI</sub>	TX, TXI current	$V_{TX} = 7.5, V_{VB} = 12 V, V_{STC} = 6 V, V_{BAT} = 3.8 V$		16	μA

(1) All voltage values are measured with respect to the GND terminal unless otherwise noted.

#### **Transmitter Section Electrical Characteristics**

See note <sup>(1)</sup>. Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
I <sub>MC</sub>	MC voltage	R <sub>RIS</sub> = 100 Ω	11.5	19.5	mA
V	DIC voltage	R <sub>RIS</sub> = 100 Ω	1.4	1.7	V
V <sub>RIS</sub> RIS voltaç	RIS voltage	R <sub>RIS</sub> = 1000 Ω	1.5	1.8	v
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage (RX, RXI)	See Figure 2, see <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>BAT</sub> – 0.8	5.5	V
VIL	Low-level input voltage (RX, RXI)	See Figure 2	0	0.8	V
I <sub>RX</sub>	RX current	$V_{RX} = 0 V$ , $V_{BAT} = 3 V$ , $V_{STC} = 6.5 V$	-10	-40	μA
I <sub>RXI</sub>	RXI current	$V_{RXI} = V_{BAT} = 3 V, V_{STC} = 6.5 V$	10	40	μA

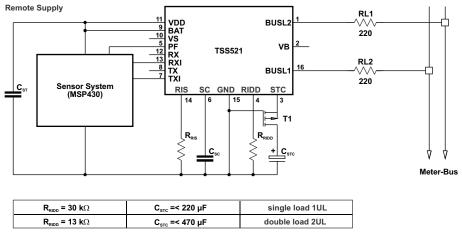
(1) All voltage values are measured with respect to the GND terminal unless otherwise noted.

(2)  $V_{IH}(max) = 5.5 \text{ V}$  is valid only when  $V_{STC} \ge 6.5 \text{ V}$ .



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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



NOTE: Transistor T1 should be a BSS84.

#### Figure 6. Basic Application Circuit With Support Capacitor $C_{STC} > 50 \ \mu F$

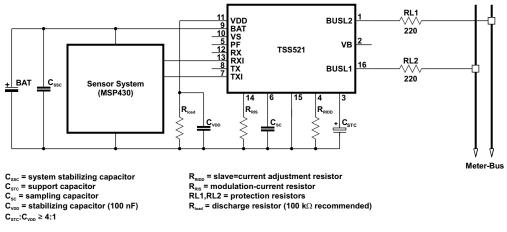
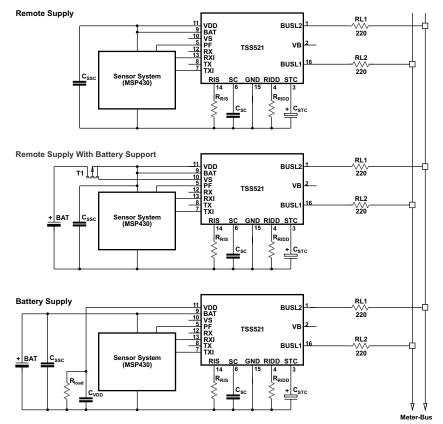


Figure 7. Basic Application Circuit for Supply From Battery



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NOTE: R<sub>DSon</sub> of the transistor T1 (BSS84) at low battery voltage must be considered during application design.

Figure 8. Basic Applications for Different Supply Modes

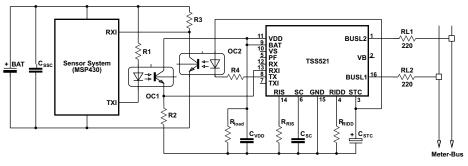


Figure 9. Basic Optocoupler Application



10-Dec-2020

### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TSS521D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-25 to 85	TSS521	Samples
TSS521DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-25 to 85	TSS521	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

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<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TSS521DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1



## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

5-Jan-2022



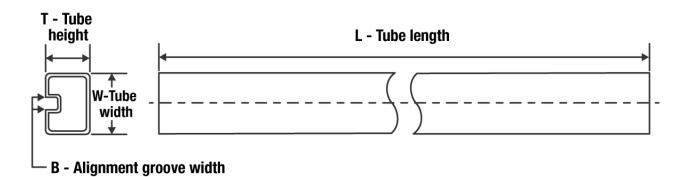
\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TSS521DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	350.0	350.0	43.0



5-Jan-2022

### TUBE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	Τ (μm)	B (mm)
TSS521D	D	SOIC	16	40	505.46	6.76	3810	4

D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



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