

85mΩ High Function Power Switch

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XC8108 series is a P-channel MOSFET power switch IC with a low ON resistance. A current limit, reverse current prevention (prevents reverse current from V_{OUT} to V_{IN}), soft start, thermal shutdown, and an under voltage lockout (UVLO) are incorporated as protective functions. A flag function monitors the power switch status. The flag output has N-channel open drain structure, and outputs Low level signal while over-current or overheating is detected, or while the reverse current prevention is operated.

A variable current limiting function is integrated, allowing the current limit value to be set, using an external resistor. The voltage level which is fed to CE pin determines the status of XC8108. The logic level of CE pin is selectable between either one of active high or active low.

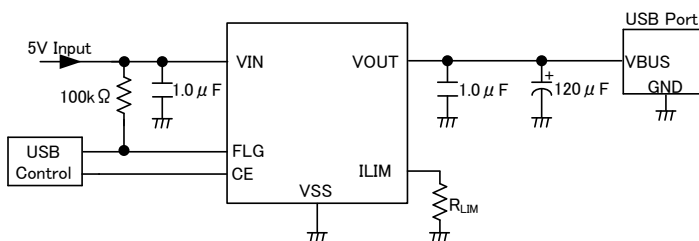
■ APPLICATIONS

- Set Top Boxes
- Digital TVs
- PCs
- USB Ports/USB Hubs
- HDMI

■ FEATURES

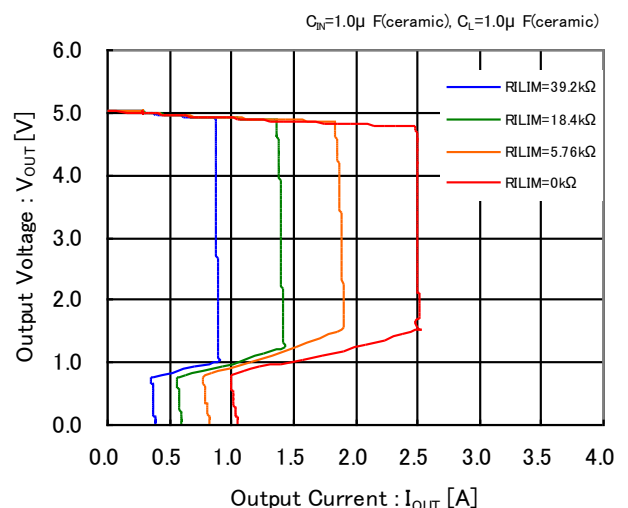
Input Voltage	: 2.5V~5.5V
Maximum Output Current	: 2A
ON Resistance	: 85mΩ@ $V_{IN}=5.0V$ (TYP.)
Supply Current	: 40 μA @ $V_{IN}=5.0V$
Stand-by Current	: 0.1 μA (TYP.)
Flag Delay Time	: 7.5ms (TYP.)
	* At over-current detection
	: 4ms (TYP.)
	* At reverse voltage detection
Protection Circuit	: Reverse Current Prevention 0.9A ~ 2.4A(TYP.) Thermal Shutdown Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) Soft start
Functions	: Flag Output CE Pin Input Logic Selectable
Current Limit Response Time	: 2 μs (TYP.) *Reference value
Operating Ambient Temperature	: -40°C ~ 105°C
Packages	: USP-6C
Environmentally Friendly	: EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

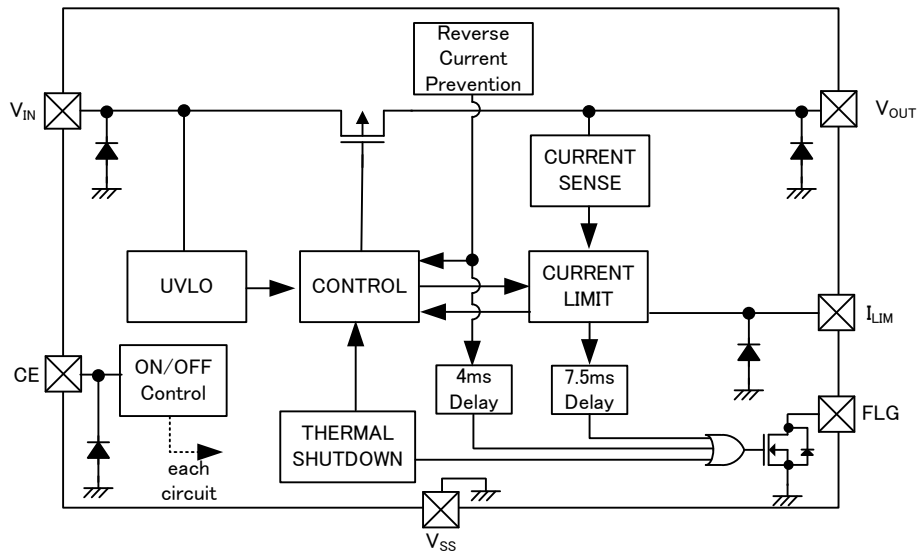


■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

XC8108xC20ER



■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



* Diodes inside the circuit are an ESD protection diode and a parasitic diode.

■ PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

● Ordering Information

XC8108①②③④⑤⑥-⑦

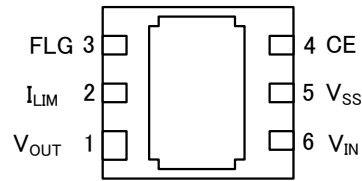
DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
①	CE Logic	A	Refer to Selection Guide
		B	
②	Protection Circuits Type	C	
		D	
③④	Maximum Output Current	20	2.0A (Adjustable current limit range: 900mA~2400mA)
⑤⑥-⑦ (*1)	Package (Order Unit)	ER-G	USP-6C (3,000pcs/Reel)

(*1) The "-G" suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

● Selection Guide

FUNCTION	TYPE			
	AC	AD	BC	BD
CE LOGIC SELECTABLE	Active High		Active Low	
SOFT-START	Yes		Yes	
UVLO	Yes		Yes	
REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION	Yes		Yes	
THERMAL SHUT DOWN	Yes		Yes	
CURRENT LIMIT ADJUSTABLE	Yes		Yes	
CURRENT LIMITER / REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION (Automatic Recovery)	Yes	-	Yes	-
CURRENT LIMITER / REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION (Latch Protection)	-	Yes	-	Yes

PIN CONFIGURATION



USP-6C
(BOTTOM VIEW)

* The dissipation pad for the USP-6C packages should be solder-plated for mounting strength and heat dissipation. Please refer to the reference mount pattern and metal masking. The dissipation pad should be connected to the V_{SS} (No. 5) pin.

PIN ASSIGNMENT

PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS
USP-6C		
1	V _{OUT}	Output
2	I _{LIM}	Current Limit Adjustment
3	FLG	Fault Report
4	CE	ON/OFF Control
5	V _{SS}	Ground
6	V _{IN}	Power Input

FUNCTION

TYPE	PIN NAME	SIGNAL	STATUS
A	CE	H	Active
		L	Stand-by
		OPEN	Undefined State ^(*)
B		H	Stand-by
		L	Active
		OPEN	Undefined State ^(*)

* Avoid leaving the CE pin open; set to any fixed voltage.

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
Input Voltage		V_{IN}	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
Output Voltage		V_{OUT}	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
Output Current		I_{OUT}	2.8	A
CE Input Voltage		V_{CE}	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
FLG Pin Voltage		V_{FLG}	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
FLG Pin Current		I_{FLG}	15	mA
I_{LIM} Pin Voltage		V_{LIM}	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V
I_{LIM} Pin Current		I_{LIM}	±1	mA
Power Dissipation ($T_a=25^{\circ}C$)	USP-6C	P_d	120	mW
			1000 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) ^{(*)2}	
			1250 (JESD51-7 board) ^{(*)1}	
Operating Ambient Temperature		T_{opr}	-40 ~ 105	°C
Storage Temperature		T_{stg}	-55 ~ 125	°C

* All voltages are described based on the V_{SS} .

^{(*)1} Use with I_{OUT} less than $P_d/(V_{IN}-V_{OUT})$.

^{(*)2} The power dissipation figure shown is PCB mounted and is for reference only
Please refer to PACKAGING INFORMATION for the mounting condition.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-	2.5	-	5.5	V	①
On Resistance	R _{ON}	V _{IN} =3.3V, I _{OUT} =1.0A	-	100	110	mΩ	①
		V _{IN} =5.0V, I _{OUT} =1.0A	-	85	104	mΩ	
Supply Current	I _{SS}	V _{OUT} =OPEN	-	40	75	μA	②
Stand-by Current	I _{STBY}	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{OUT} =OPEN V _{CE} =V _{SS} (XC8108A series) V _{CE} =V _{IN} (XC8108B series)	-	0.01	1.0	μA	②
Switch Leakage Current	I _{LEAK}	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{OUT} =0V V _{CE} =V _{SS} (XC8108A series) V _{CE} =V _{IN} (XC8108B series)	-	0.01	1.0	μA	②
Current Limit	I _{LIMIT}	V _{OUT} =V _{IN} -0.3V I _{LIMIT} shorted to V _{SS}	2.16	2.40	2.64	A	①
		V _{OUT} =V _{IN} -0.3V R _{LIMIT} =18.4kΩ	1.16	1.34	1.52		
Short-Circuit Current	I _{SHORT}	V _{OUT} =0V I _{LIMIT} shorted to V _{SS}	-	1.20	-	A	①
		V _{OUT} =0V R _{LIMIT} =18.4kΩ	-	0.67	-		
Current Limit Circuit Response Time ^(*)	t _{CLR}	V _{IN} =5.0V, V _{OUT} : OPEN→0V Measure from V _{OUT} =0V to when current falls below a certain I _{LIMIT} value	-	2.0	-	μs	①
CE "H" Level Voltage	V _{CEH}	V _{IN} =5.5V, XC8108A series	1.5	-	5.5	V	①
		V _{IN} =5.5V, XC8108B series	V _{SS}	-	0.8		
CE "L" Level Voltage	V _{CEL}	V _{IN} =5.5V, XC8108A series	V _{SS}	-	0.8	V	①
		V _{IN} =5.5V, XC8108B series	1.5	-	5.5		
CE "H" Level Current	I _{CEH}	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{CE} =5.5V	-0.1	-	0.1	μA	①
CE "L" Level Current	I _{CEL}	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{CE} =0V	-0.1	-	0.1	μA	①
UVLO Detected Voltage	V _{UVLOD}	V _{IN} : 2.2V→1.7V	1.8	1.9	2.0	V	①
UVLO Released Voltage	V _{UVLOR}	V _{IN} : 1.7V→2.2V	1.9	2.0	2.1	V	①
UVLO Hysteresis	V _{UHYS}	-	-	0.1	-	V	①

NOTE:

Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN}=5.0V, I_{OUT}=1mA, I_{LIMIT}=V_{SS}, V_{CE}=V_{IN} (XC8108A series) or V_{CE}=V_{SS} (XC8108B series)

^(*) Design reference value. This parameter is provided only for reference.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Ta=25°C

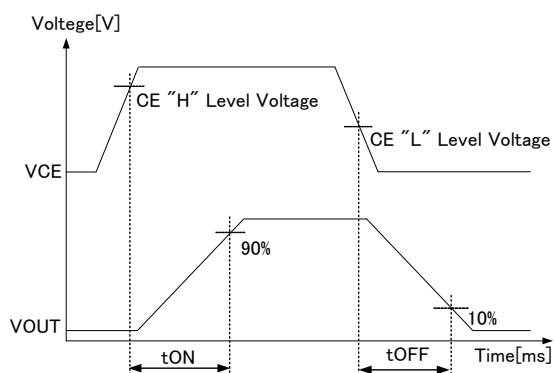
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
turn-on time	t _{ON}	R _{LOAD} =10Ω, V _{CE} =0V→2.2V	-	0.60	1.00	ms	①
turn-off time	t _{OFF}	R _{LOAD} =10Ω, V _{CE} =2.2V→0V	-	0.08	0.13	ms	①
FLG output FET On-resistance	R _{FLG}	I _{FLG} =10mA, V _{OUT} =5.5V	-	15	20	Ω	③
FLG output FET Leakage Current	I _{FOFF}	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{FLG} =5.5V, V _{OUT} =OPEN	-	0.01	0.1	μA	③
FLG delay time	t _{FD1}	over-current condition	6.5	7.5	8.5	ms	①
	t _{FD2}	reverse-voltage condition	2.7	4.0	4.7	ms	①
Reverse Current	I _{REV}	V _{IN} =0V, V _{OUT} =5.5V V _{CE} =5.0V (XC8108A series) V _{CE} =V _{SS} (XC8108B series)	-	0.1	1.0	μA	①
Reverse Current Prevention Detect Voltage	V _{REV_D}	V _{IN} : 5.0V→4.7V V _{OUT} =5.0V	-	140	-	mV	①
Thermal Shutdown Detect Temperature	T _{TSD}	Junction Temperature	-	150	-	°C	①
Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	T _{TSR}	Junction Temperature	-	130	-	°C	①
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis Width	T _{HYS}	Junction Temperature	-	20	-	°C	①

NOTE:

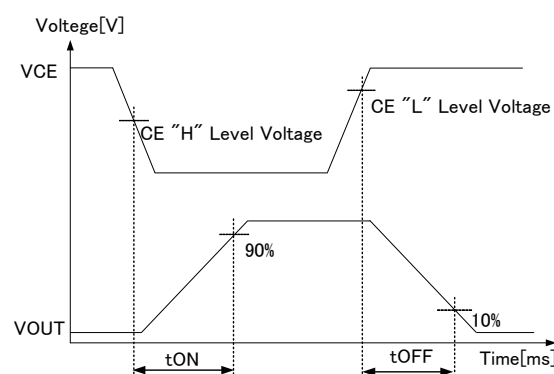
Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN}=5.0V, I_{OUT}=1mA, I_{LIM}=V_{SS}, V_{CE}=V_{IN} (XC8108A series) or V_{CE}=V_{SS} (XC8108B series)

■ TIMING CHART

- turn-on time, turn-off time



XC8108 Series, Type A

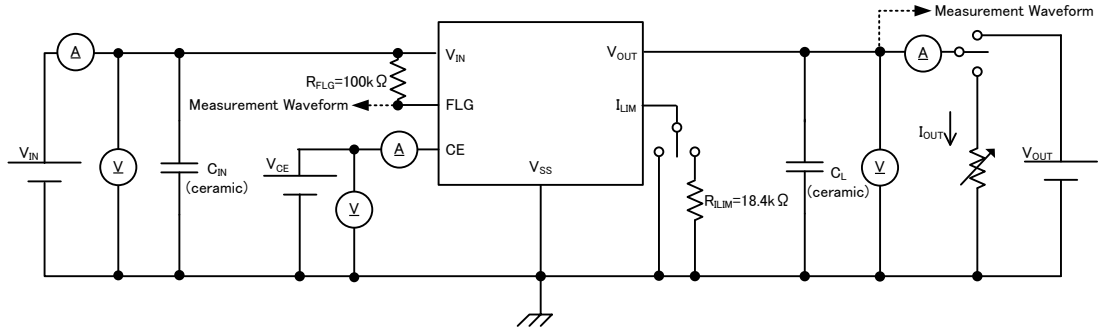


XC8108 Series, Type B

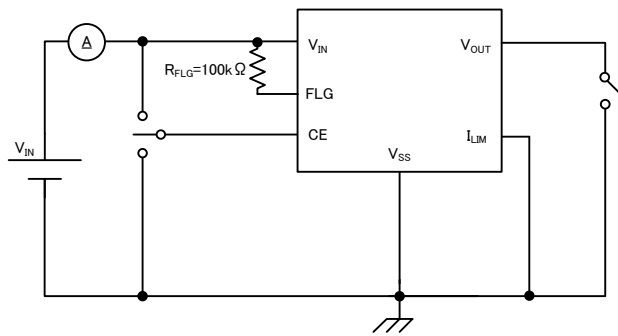
TEST CIRCUITS

$C_{IN}=1.0\ \mu\text{F}$, $C_L=1.0\ \mu\text{F}$

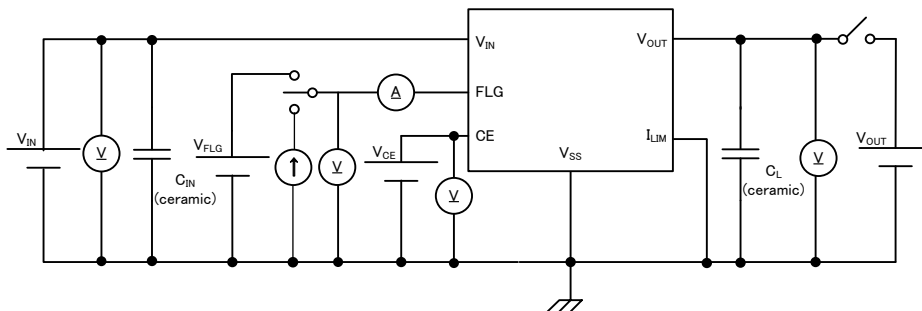
1) CIRCUIT①



2) CIRCUIT②

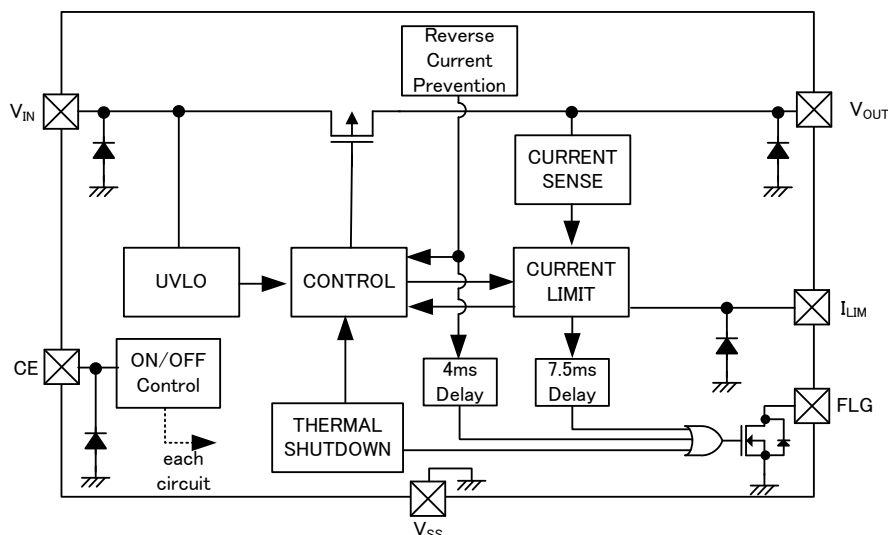


3) CIRCUIT③



■ OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION

The XC8108 series is a P-channel MOSFET power switch IC. The XC8108 series consists of a CE circuit, UVLO circuit, thermal shutdown circuit, current limiter circuit, reverse current prevention circuit, control block and others. The gate voltage of the power switch transistor is controlled with control block. The current limiter circuit and reverse current prevention circuit will operate based on the output voltage and output current.



BLOCK DIAGRAM

<CE Pin>

The voltage level which is fed to CE pin controls the status of this IC. If either "H" level or "L" level which is defined as the electrical specification is fed to CE pin, then XC8108 can operate in standard manner. However, if the middle voltage which is neither "H" level nor "L" level is fed to CE pin, the consumption current will increase due to the shoot-through current at internal circuits. Also if CE pin is open, the status of XC8108 cannot be fixed and the behavior will be unstable.

<Thermal Shutdown>

For protection against heat damage of the ICs, thermal shutdown function is built in. When the internal junction temperature reaches the temperature limit, the thermal shutdown circuit operates and the power switch transistor will turn OFF. The IC resumes its operation when the thermal shutdown function is released and the IC's operation is automatically restored because the junction temperature drops to the level of the thermal shutdown release temperature. When the thermal shutdown circuit detects higher junction temperature than the detect temperature, the voltage level of FLG pin is low level. When the thermal shutdown circuit detects lower junction temperature than the release temperature, the thermal shutdown function is released and the voltage level of FLG pin is high level.

<Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) >

When the V_{IN} pin voltage goes down to lower voltage than UVLO detected voltage, the power switch transistor turns OFF by UVLO function in order to prevent false output caused by unstable operation of the internal circuitry. When the V_{IN} pin voltage goes up to higher voltage than UVLO released voltage, the UVLO function is released and the power switch transistor can turn ON.

<Soft-start Function>

The soft-start circuit can reduce the in-rush current charged on the output capacitor when IC starts up. Additionally, due to the reduction of the in-rush current, the circuit can reduce the fluctuation of the input voltage as well. The soft-start time is optimized internally and defined as turn-on time. (TYP: 0.6ms)

■ OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION (Continued)

<Current limiter, short-circuit protection>

When the output current reaches the current limit value, the current limit function is activated.

When the current limiting function operates, the constant current limiting circuit operates to reduce the output voltage while maintaining the output current.

The short-circuit protection function operates when the output voltage drops below 0.7V (TYP.).

The behavior after the current limit or short circuit protection function is activated differs depending on the product type. The operation of each type is as follows.

Automatic Recovery type: C type

After 7.5ms (TYP.) has passed since the current limiting function was activated, the FLG pin changes to Low level output.

After the short-circuit protection function operates, the output current is reduced to the short-circuit current.

If the overcurrent state continues, this state is maintained.

When the overcurrent state is resolved and the state below the maximum output current continues for 7.5ms (TYP.), the FLG pin returns to High level output.

Latch off type: D type

After 7.5ms (TYP.) elapses when the current limiting function is activated, the FLG pin changes to Low level output and the switch transistor turns off. The off state is maintained regardless of whether the overcurrent state is resolved.

Latch operation is released by turning off the IC with the CE pin signal and then restarting, or by lowering the input voltage below the UVLO detected voltage once and after that raising it higher than UVLO released voltage.

■ OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION (Continued)

<Current limit external adjustment function>

By connecting a resistor to the current limit external adjustment pin (I_{LIM} pin), the current limit can be set to any value. By the following equation, the current limit value can be set to any value within a range of 900mA to 2400mA. When the I_{LIM} pin is open, the switch transistor is forcibly turned off.

$$R_{ILIM}(k\Omega) = 57207 / I_{LIMIT(T)}(mA) - 24.32(k\Omega)$$

R_{ILIM} : External resistance value $I_{LIMIT(T)}$: Current limit set value

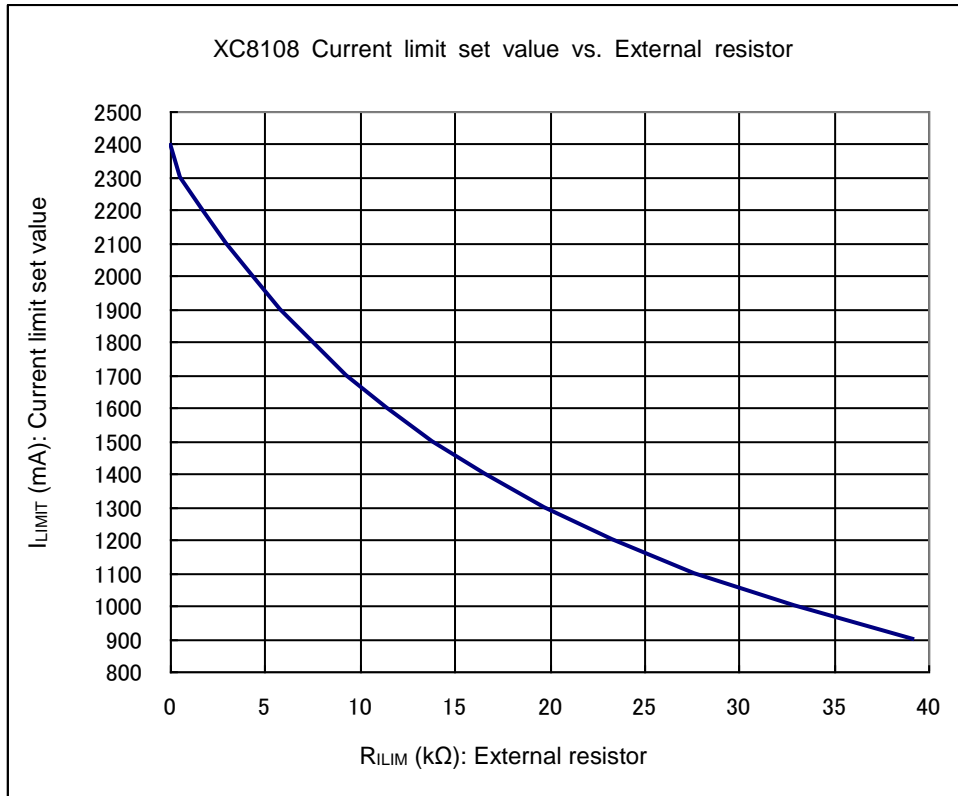
Table1. Current limit set value

$I_{LIMIT(T)}$ (mA)	R_{ILIM} (k Ω)	E96 External resistance value (k Ω)	Current limit value when use E96 external resistance (mA)
900	39.24	39.2	901
1000	32.89	33.2	995
1100	27.69	28.0	1093
1200	23.35	23.2	1204
1300	19.69	19.6	1303
1400	16.54	16.5	1401
1500	13.82	13.7	1505
1600	11.43	11.5	1597
1700	9.33	9.31	1701
1800	7.46	7.5	1798
1900	5.79	5.76	1902
2000	4.28	4.32	1997
2100	2.92	2.94	2099
2200	1.68	1.69	2199
2300	0.55	0.549	2300
2400	I_{LIM} shorted to V_{SS}		2400

OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION (Continued)

<Current limit external adjustment function> (Continued)

Fig1. Current limit set value



<Reverse current prevention>

An internal circuit is built in that prevents reverse current from the V_{OUT} pin to the V_{IN} pin.

When the difference between input voltage and V_{OUT} pin voltage is higher than the detect voltage set internally, the reverse current prevention circuit activates, and the power switch transistor turns off, then the reverse current from the V_{OUT} pin to the V_{IN} pin is reduced to 0.1 μA (TYP.).

If the reverse-voltage state lasts for 4ms (TYP.), the FLG pin changes to Low level output.

The behavior after the reverse current prevention function is activated differs depending on the product type. The operation of each type is as follows.

Automatic Recovery type: C type

On the auto recovery type, when the output voltage drops below the input voltage, the reverse current prevention circuit stops immediately, and the power switch transistor turns on again. If the output voltage remains lower than the input voltage for 4ms (TYP.), the FLG pin returns to High level output.

Latch off type: D type

On the latch off type, the power switch transistor remains in the off state even if the reverse voltage state is released.

Latch operation is released by turning off the IC with the CE pin signal and then restarting, or by lowering the input voltage below the UVLO detected voltage once and after that raising it higher than UVLO released voltage.

■ OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION (Continued)

<Flag function>

The flag circuit is built in which monitors the state of the power switch.

The FLG pin outputs Low level when the reverse current prevention function is operating. A resistance of 10kΩ to 100kΩ is recommended for the FLG pin pull-up resistance.

The pull-up voltage should be 5.5V or less.

Automatic Recovery type: C type

CONDITION	FLG pin Low level output Condition	FLG pin High level output Condition
Current limiter	7.5ms(TYP.) after maintaining over-current detection state	7.5ms(TYP.) after over-current release
Short Protection		
Reverse current prevention	4.0ms(TYP.) after maintaining reverse voltage detection state	4.0ms(TYP.) after reverse voltage release
Thermal shutdown	Same time as overheat state is detected	Same time as overheat state is released
UVLO	Always High level output	
Stand-by		

Latch off type: D type

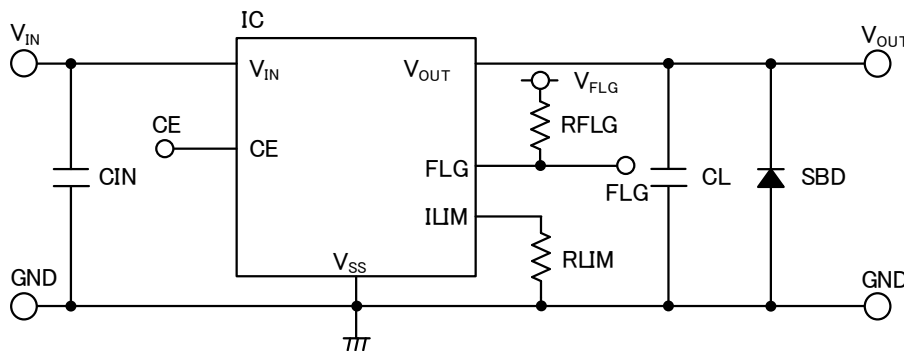
CONDITION	FLG pin Low level output Condition	FLG pin High level output Condition
Current limiter	7.5ms(TYP.) after maintaining over-current release state	When latch operation is released
Short Protection		
Reverse current prevention	4.0ms(TYP.) after maintaining reverse voltage release state	When latch operation is released
Thermal shutdown	Same time as overheat state is detected	Same time as overheat state is released
UVLO	Always High level output	
Stand-by		

NOTES ON USE

1. For the phenomenon of temporal and transitional voltage decrease or voltage increase, the IC may be damaged or deteriorated if IC is used beyond the absolute MAX. specifications.
2. Where wiring impedance is high, operations may become unstable due to noise depending on output current. Please keep the resistance low between V_{IN} and V_{SS} wiring in particular.
3. Please place the input capacitor (C_{IN}) and the output capacitor (C_L) as close to the IC as possible. For the input or output capacitor, a capacitance of $1.0 \mu F$ or higher is recommended.
4. The IC can be broken if the V_{OUT} pin voltage suddenly undershoots to a negative voltage due to an output short circuit between the V_{OUT} pin and GND, or if the V_{IN} pin voltage overshoots after the current limiting operation and exceeds the rated voltage.

We recommend the following counter measures so that the rated voltage is not exceeded.

- (a) To suppress the amount of the undershoot by increasing the output capacitance and slowing down the rate of decreasing V_{OUT} at the time of short circuit.
- (b) To add a SBD between V_{OUT} pin and GND to suppress the undershoot of V_{OUT} pin voltage.
- (c) To increase the input capacitor to suppress the overshoot of the V_{IN} pin voltage after the current limiter is activated.

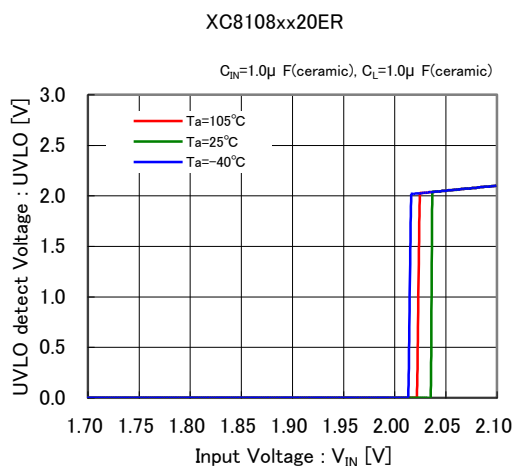


Recommended countermeasure circuit diagram

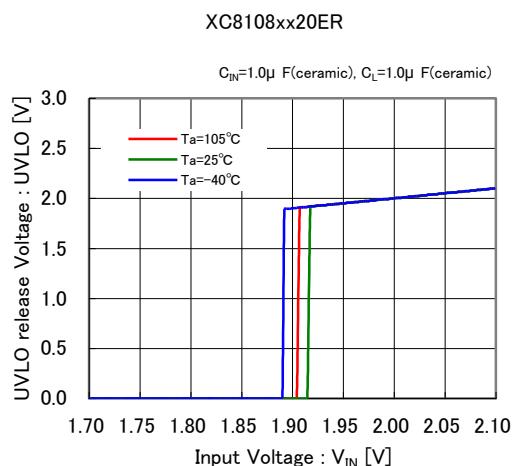
5. The current limit value can be adjusted by external resistor (R_{LIM}). The characteristics of the resistor influence the current limit value. Therefore, please choose the resistor with small tolerance and temperature coefficient.
6. It is recommended to use the output current at 80% or less of the current limit set value (I_{LIMIT}).
7. Torex places an importance on improving our products and its reliability. However, by any possibility, we would request user fail-safe design and post-aging treatment on system or equipment.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

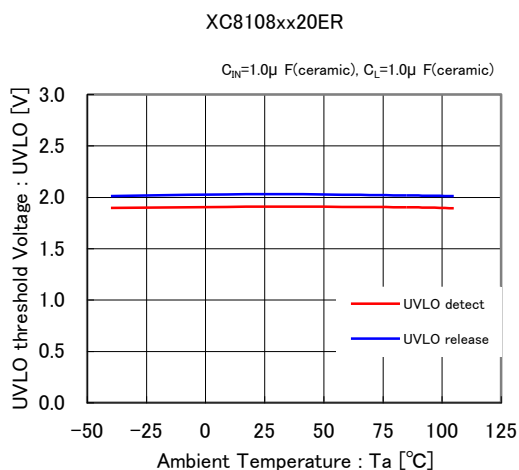
(1) UVLO detect Voltage vs. Input Voltage



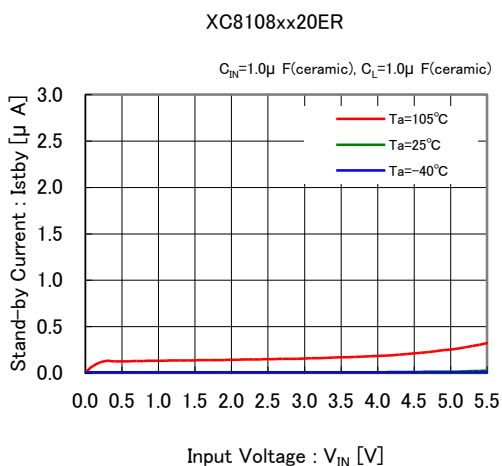
(2) UVLO release Voltage vs. Input Voltage



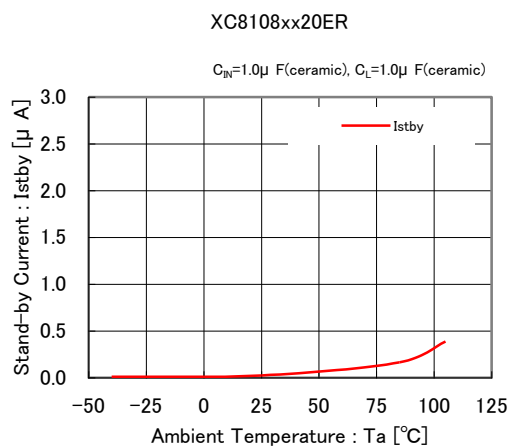
(3) UVLO threshold Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



(4) Stand-by Current vs. Input Voltage

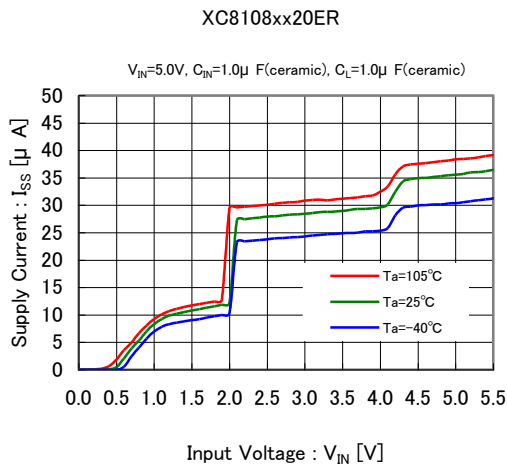


(5) Stand-by Current vs. Ambient Temperature

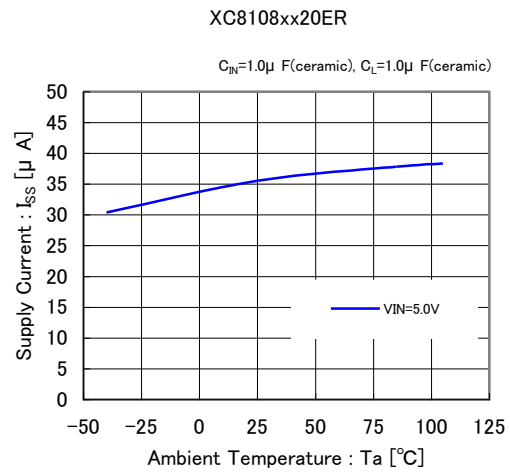


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

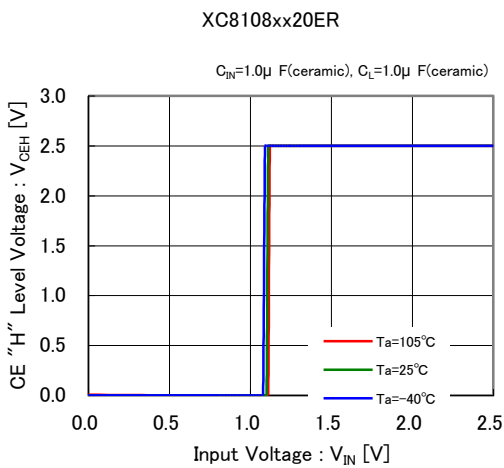
(6) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage (sweep up)



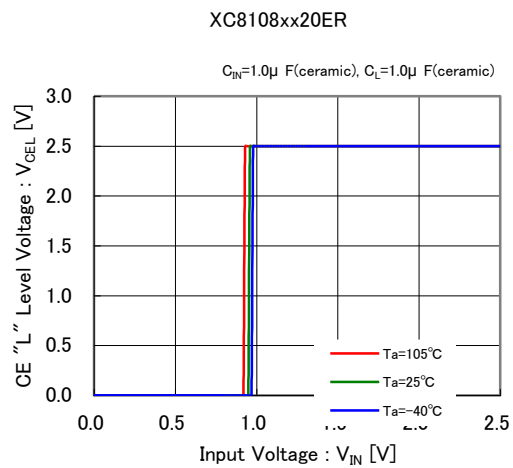
(7) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature



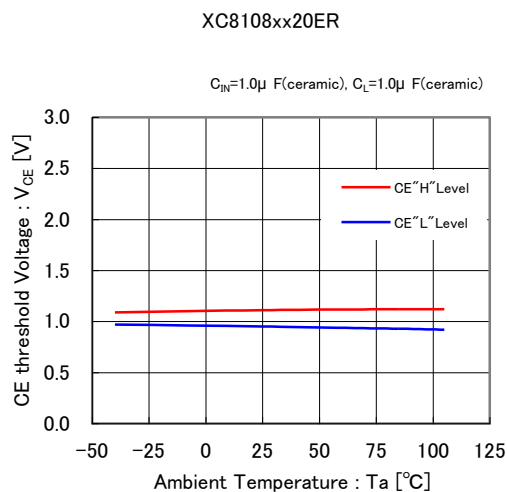
(8) CE "H" Level Voltage vs. Input Voltage



(9) CE "L" Level Voltage vs. Input Voltage

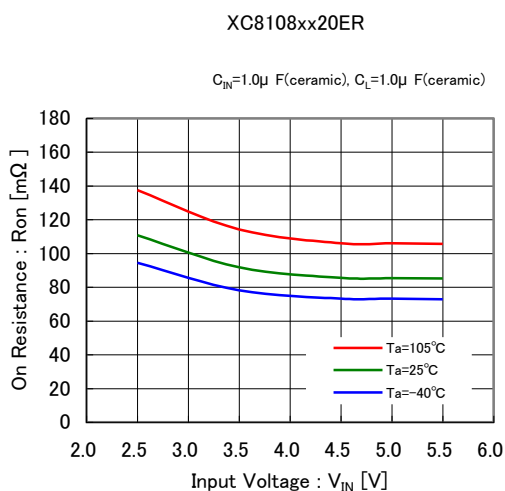


(10) CE threshold Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

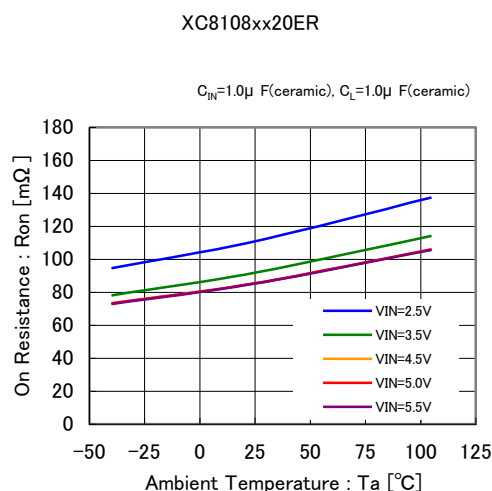


■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

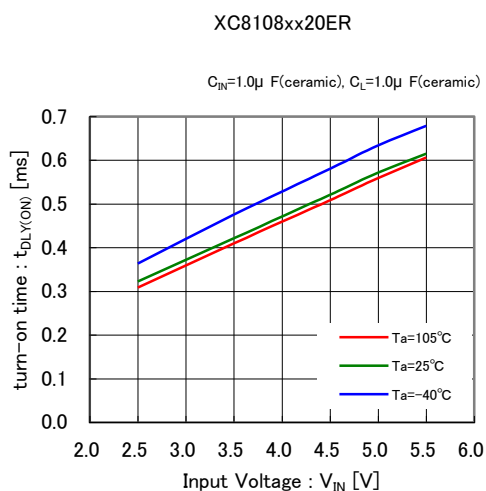
(11) On Resistance vs. Input Voltage



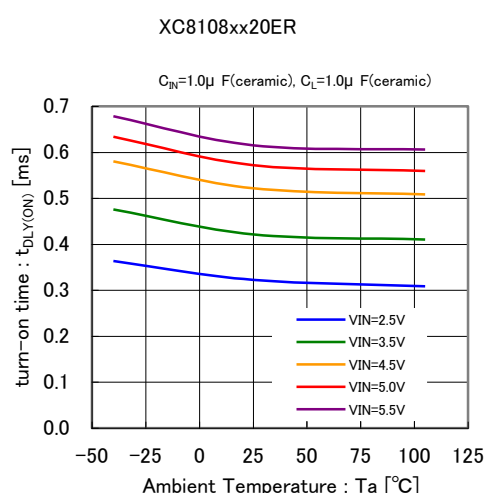
(12) On Resistance vs. Ambient Temperature



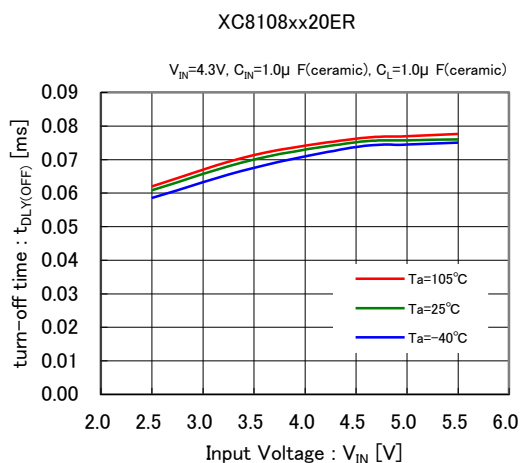
(13) turn-on time vs. Input Voltage



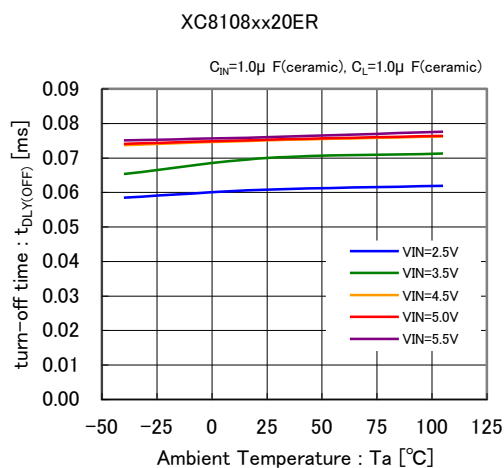
(14) turn-on time vs. Ambient Temperature



(15) turn-off time vs. Input Voltage

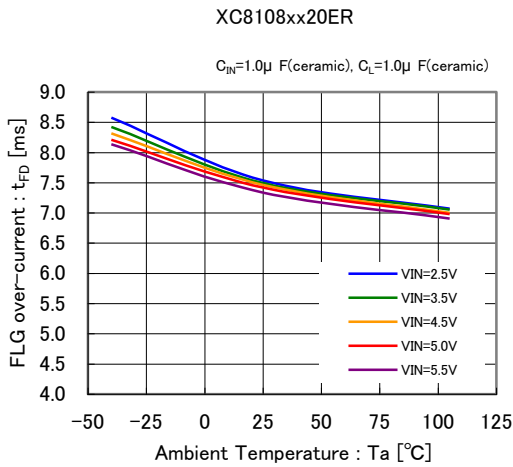


(16) turn-off time vs. Ambient Temperature

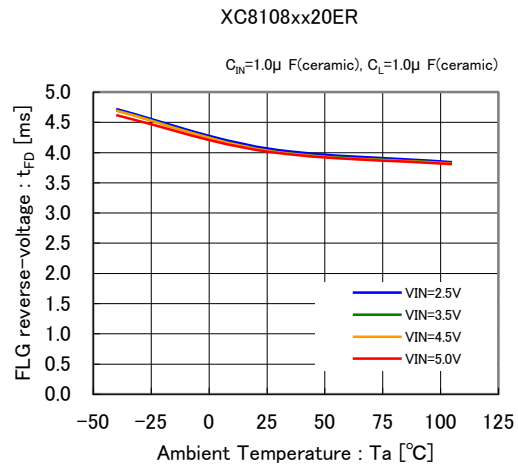


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

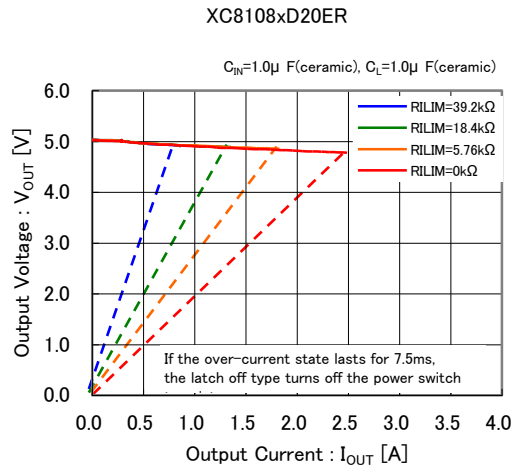
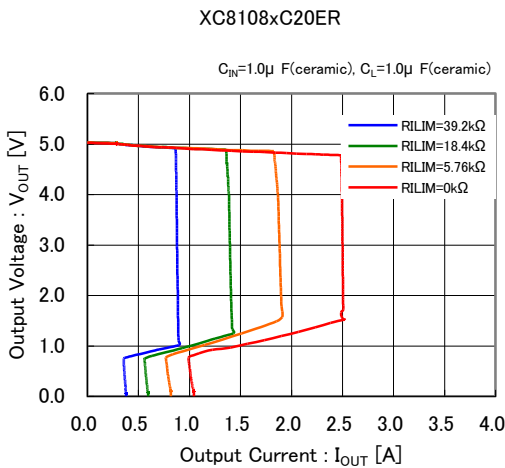
(17) FLG delay time over-current vs. Ambient Temperature



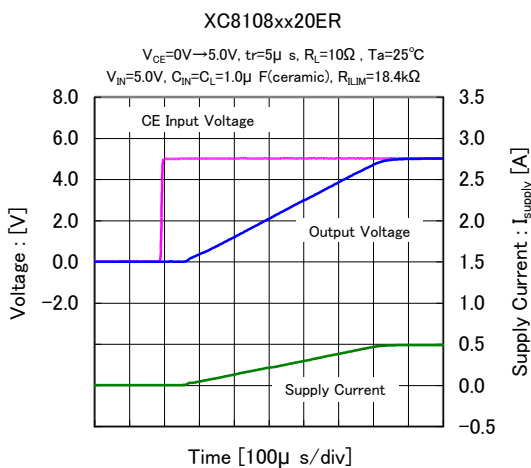
(18) FLG delay time reverse-voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



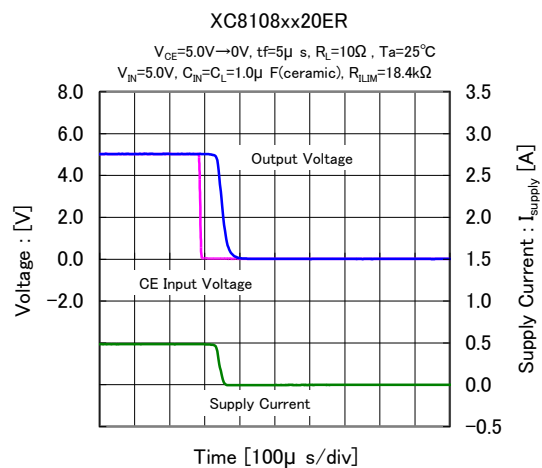
(19) Output Voltage vs. Output Current



(20) turn-on Delay vs. Rise Time (CL=1.0µ F)

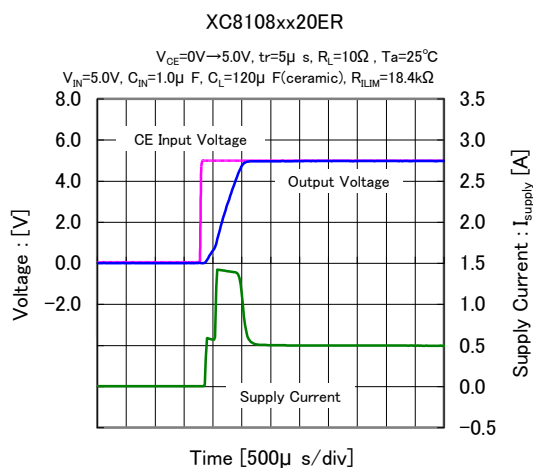


(21) turn-off Delay vs. Fall Time (CL=1.0µ F)

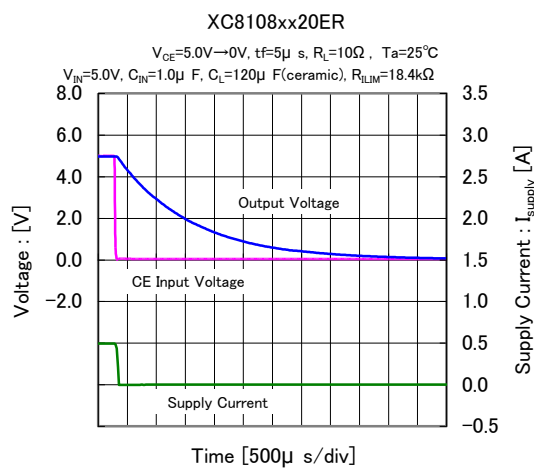


■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

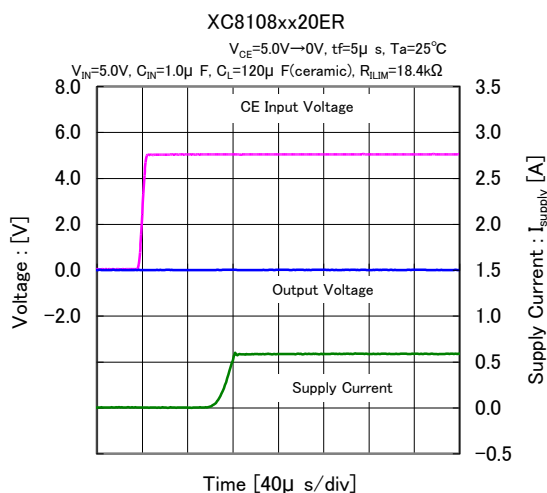
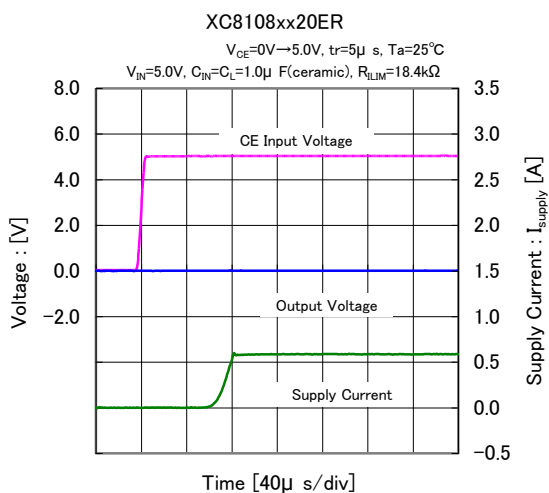
(22) turn-on Delay vs. Rise Time ($C_L=120\mu\text{F}$)



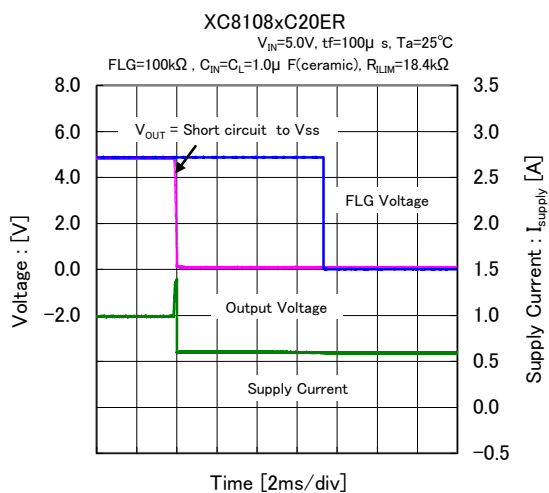
(23) turn-off Delay vs. Fall Time ($C_L=120\mu\text{F}$)



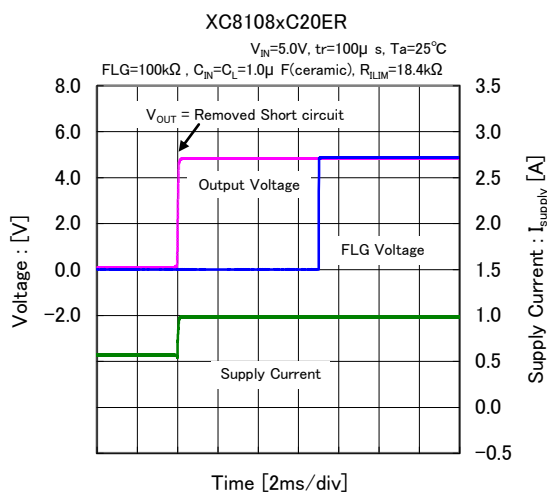
(24) Short Circuit Current, Device Enabled Into Short



(25) Short-Circuit Transient Response ($V_{OUT}=5.0\Omega \rightarrow \text{short}$, $C_L=1.0\mu\text{F}$)

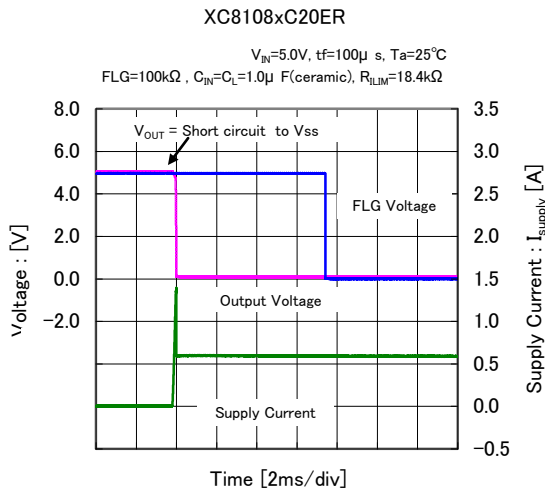


(26) Short-Circuit Transient Response ($V_{OUT}=\text{short} \rightarrow 5.0\Omega$, $C_L=1.0\mu\text{F}$)

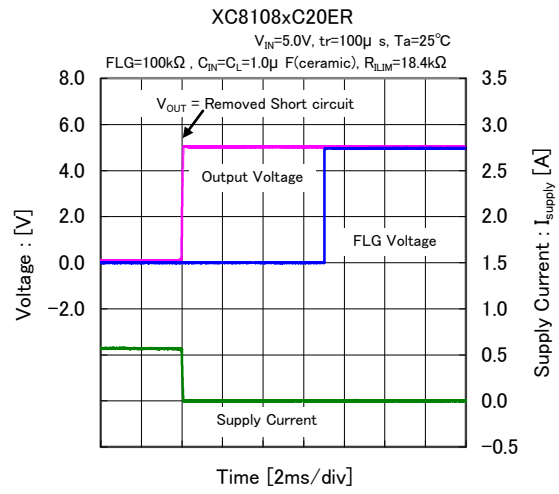


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

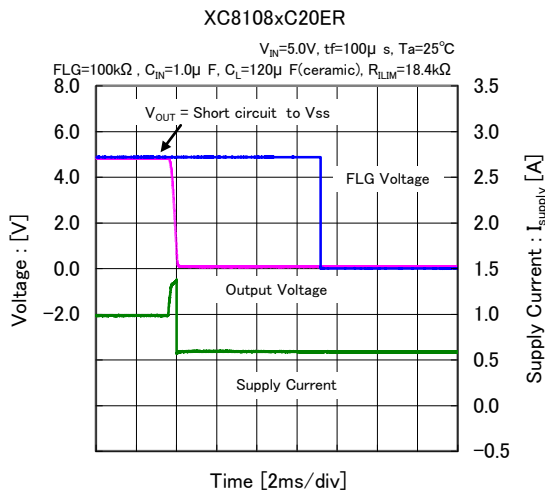
(27) Short-Circuit Transient Response
(V_{OUT} =open→short, $C_L=1.0\mu\text{F}$)



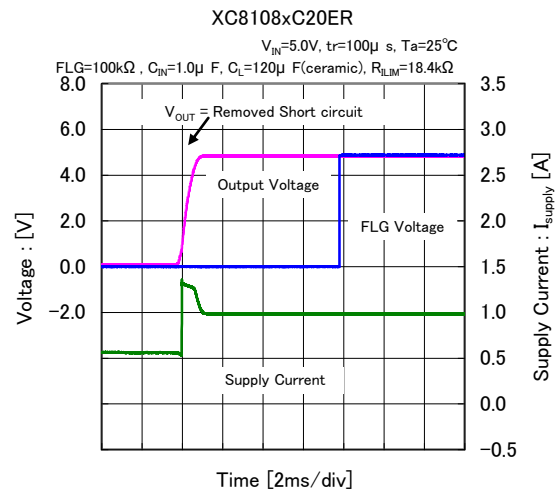
(28) Short-Circuit Transient Response
(V_{OUT} =short→open, $C_L=1.0\mu\text{F}$)



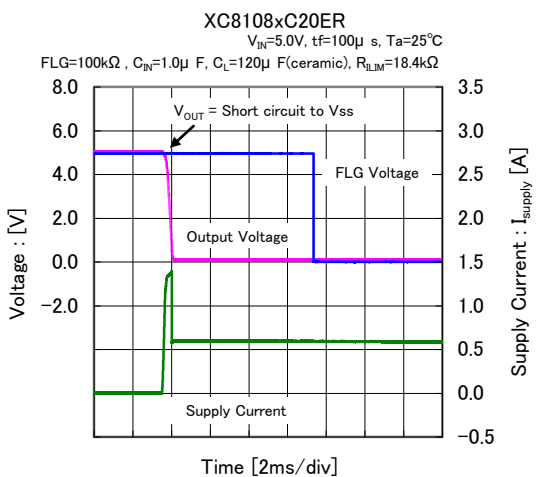
(29) Short-Circuit Transient Response
($V_{OUT}=5.0\Omega$ →short, $C_L=120\mu\text{F}$)



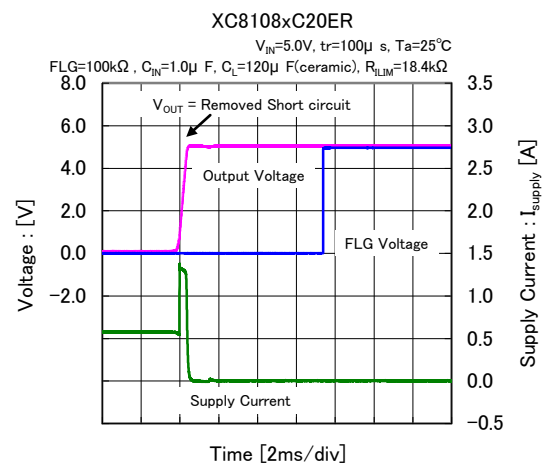
(30) Short-Circuit Transient Response
(V_{OUT} =short→5.0 Ω , $C_L=120\mu\text{F}$)



(31) Short-Circuit Transient Response
(V_{OUT} =open→short, $C_L=120\mu\text{F}$)

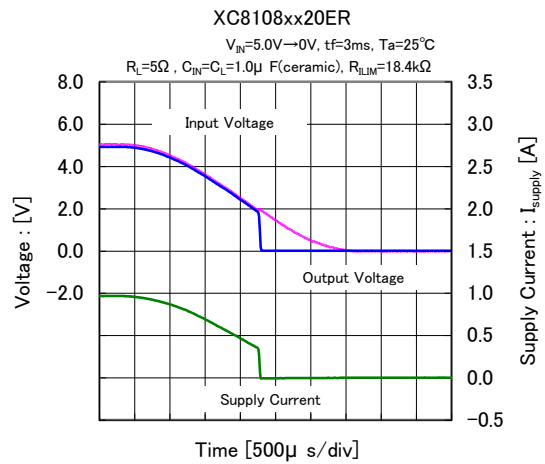
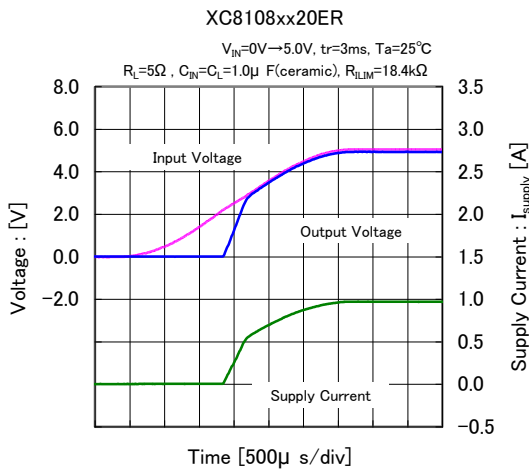


(32) Short-Circuit Transient Response
(V_{OUT} =short→open, $C_L=120\mu\text{F}$)

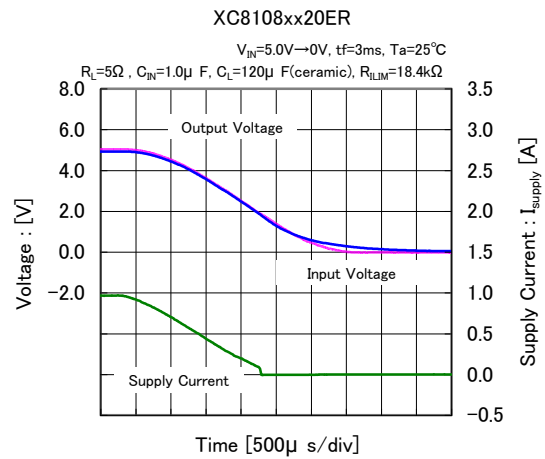
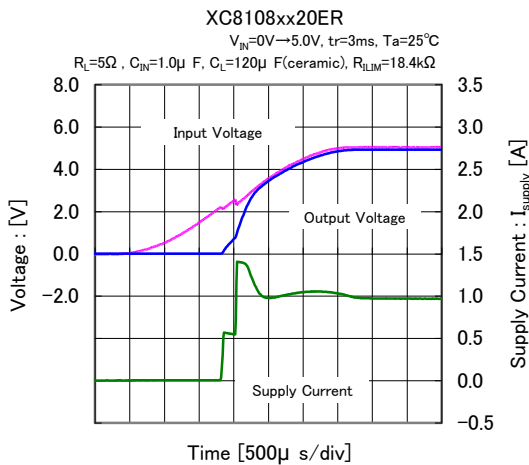


■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

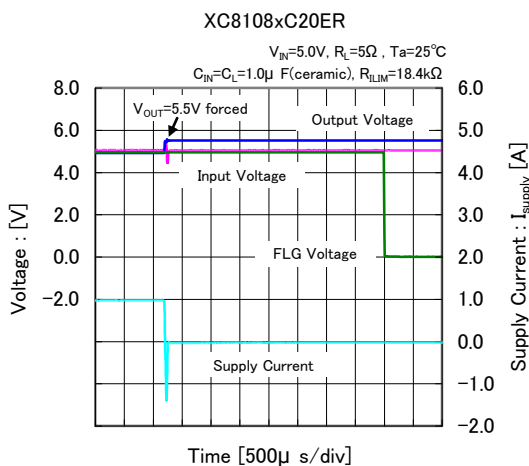
(33) UVLO Transient Response ($C_L=1.0\mu\text{F}$)



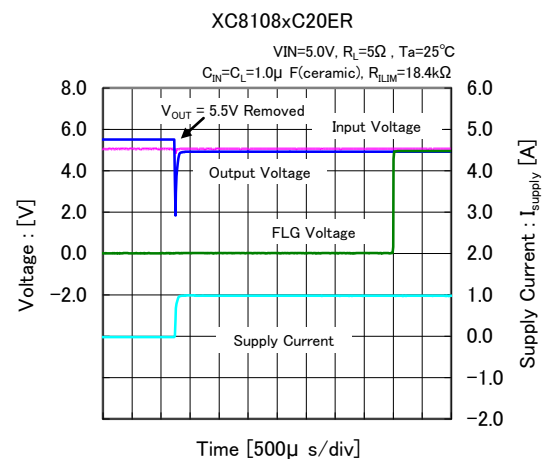
(34) UVLO Transient Response ($C_L=120\mu\text{F}$)



(35) Reverse Voltage Detected Voltage ($C_L=1.0\mu\text{F}$)

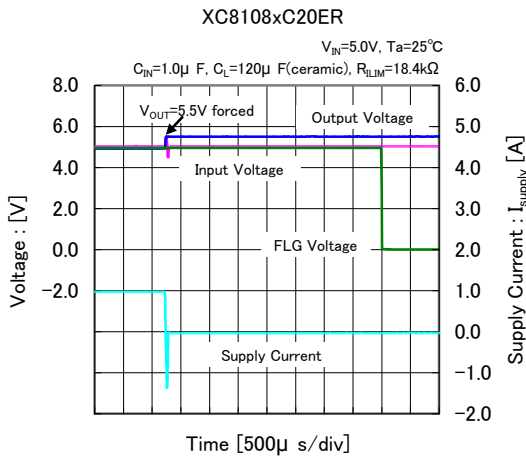


(36) Reverse Voltage Released Voltage ($C_L=1.0\mu\text{F}$)

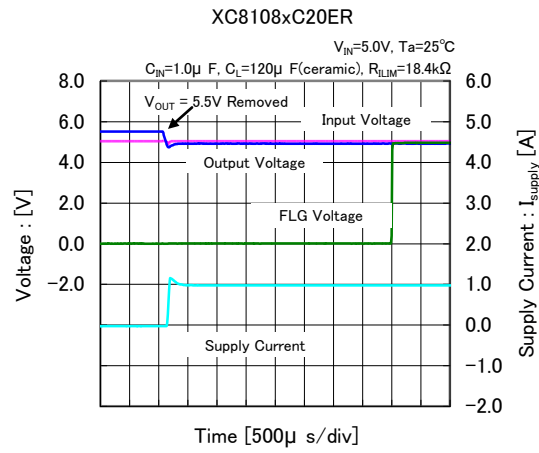


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

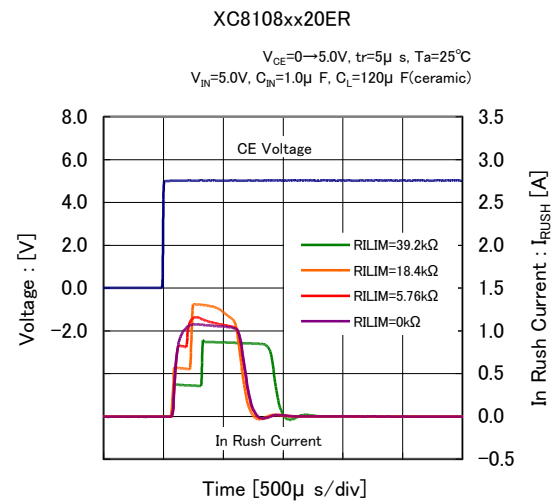
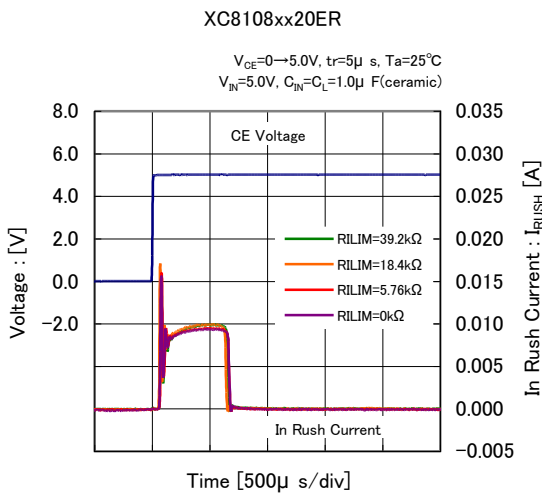
(37) Reverse Voltage Detected Voltage ($C_L=120\mu\text{F}$)



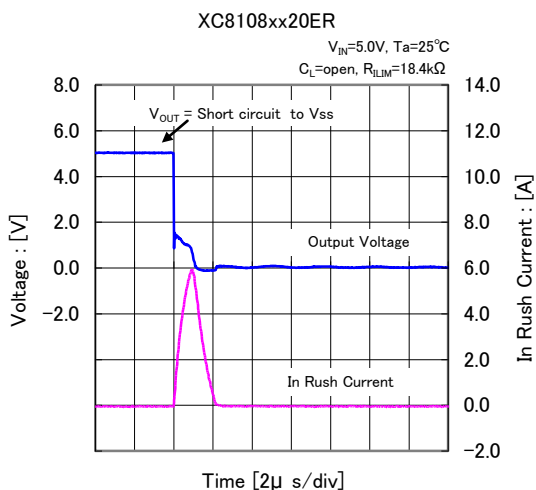
(38) Reverse Voltage Released Voltage ($C_L=120\mu\text{F}$)



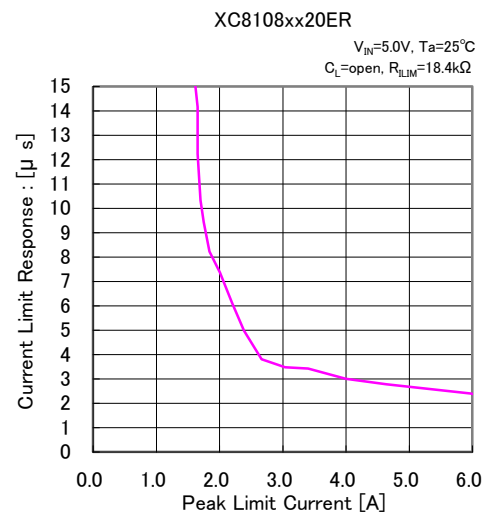
(39) CE Transient Response



(40) Short Applied



(41) Current Limit adapted time



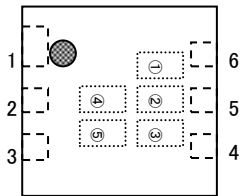
■ PACKAGING INFORMATION

For the latest package information go to, www.torexsemi.com/technical-support/packages

PACKAGE	OUTLINE / LAND PATTERN	THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS
USP-6C	USP-6C PKG	USP-6C Power Dissipation

MARKING RULE

USP-6C



① represents products series

MARK	PRODUCT SERIES
Z	XC8108*****-G

② represents product type

MARK	CE LOGIC	PROTECTION CIRCUIT TYPE	PRODUCT
1	Active High	Auto-recovery	XC8108AC****-G
2	Active High	Latch-off	XC8108AD****-G
3	Active Low	Auto-recovery	XC8108BC****-G
4	Active Low	Latch-off	XC8108BD****-G

③ represents maximum output current

MARK	CURRENT (A)	PRODUCT SERIES
5	2.0	XC8108**20**-G

④⑤ represents production lot number

01~09, 0A~0Z, 11~9Z, A1~A9, AA~AZ, B1~ZZ in order.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded)

* No character inversion used.

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