Toshiba Bi-CD Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

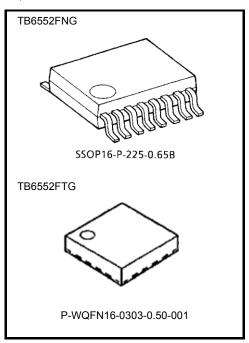
TB6552FNG, TB6552FTG

DUAL-BRIDGE DRIVER IC FOR DC MOTORS

The TB6552FNG/FTG is a dual-bridge driver IC for DC motors with output transistors in an LD MOS structure with low ON-resistance. Two input signals, IN1 and IN2, can choose one of four modes such as CW, CCW, short brake, and stop mode. A PWM drive system supports high heat efficiency driving.

Features

- Power supply voltage for motor: VM ≤ 15 V (max)
- Power supply voltage for control: VCC = 2.7 V to 6.0 V
- Output current: 1 A (max)
- Low ON resistor: 1.5 Ω (typ.) (Upper side + lower side combined @ VM = 5 V)
- Direct PWM control
- Standby system (power saving)
- CW/CCW/short brake/stop function modes
- Built-in thermal shutdown circuit
- Package: FNG-SSOP16/FTG-WQFN16



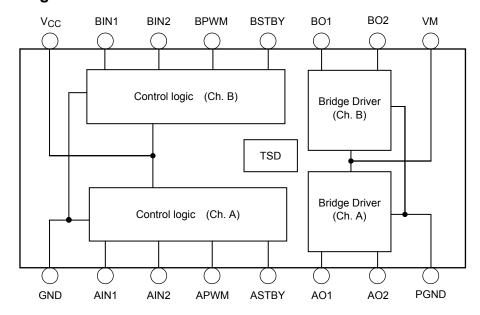
Weight

SSOP16-P-225-0.65B : 0.07 g (typ.) P-WQFN16-0303-0.50-001 : 0.017 g (typ.)

^{*} This product has a MOS structure and is sensitive to electrostatic discharge. When handling this product, ensure that the environment is protected against electrostatic discharge by using an earth strap, a conductive mat and an ionizer. Ensure also that the ambient temperature and relative humidity are maintained at reasonable levels.



Block Diagram



Pin Functions

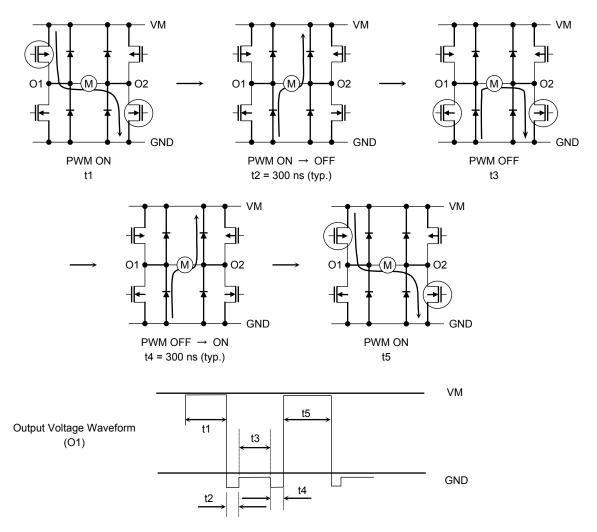
Din Name	Pin No		Functional Decemention	Describe			
Pin.Name	FNG	FTG	Functional Description	Remarks			
GND	1	11	Small-signal GND pin	GND for small-signal power supply (V _{CC})			
AIN1	2	12	Control signal input 1 (Ch. A)				
AIN2	3	13	Control signal input 2 (Ch. A)				
APWM	4	14	PWM control signal input pin (Ch. A)	Input PWM signal			
ASTBY	5	15	Standby control input pin (Ch. A)	Ch. A circuit is in standby (power save) state while this signal is Low.			
AO1	7	1	Output pin 1 (Ch. A)	Ch. A connect to motor coil pin			
AO2	8	2	Output pin 2 (Ch. A)	Ch. A connect to motor coil pin			
PGND	9	3	GND pin for motor	GND for motor power supply (VM)			
VM	6	16	Motor power supply pin	VM _(ope) = 2.5 V to 13.5 V			
BO2	10	4	Output pin 2 (Ch. B)	Ch. B connect to motor coil pin			
BO1	11	5	Output pin 1 (Ch. B)	Ch. B connect to motor coil pin			
BSTBY	12	6	Standby control input pin (Ch. B)	Ch. B circuit is in standby (power save) state while this signal is Low.			
BPWM	13	7	PWM control signal input pin (Ch. B)	Input PWM signal			
BIN2	14	8	Control signal input 2 (Ch. B)				
BIN1	15	9	Control signal input 1 (Ch. B)				
Vcc	16	10	Small-signal power supply pin	V _{CC (ope)} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V			

Input/Output Function (common for channel A and B)

Input			Output										
IN1	IN2	STBY	PWM	01	O2	Mode							
Н	н	Н	Н	- L	L	Short brake							
''	- 11		L			SHOIL Blake							
	н		Н	L	Н	CW/CCW							
L			"			п	!!	ij	П	11	L	L	L
ш	H L	Н	Н	Н	L	CCW/CW							
11			L	L	L	Short brake							
	L L	L H			OI	FF	Stop						
			L	(high impedance)		σιορ							
Ц/I	H/L H/L	H/L L -	Н		FF	Standby							
1 I/L			L	(high impedance)		Startuby							

Operating Description

PWM control function
 Speed can be controlled by inputting the high-level or low-level PWM signal to the pin PWM.
 When PWM control is provided, normal operation and short brake operation are repeated.
 To prevent penetrating current, dead time (t2 and t4) is provided in the IC.



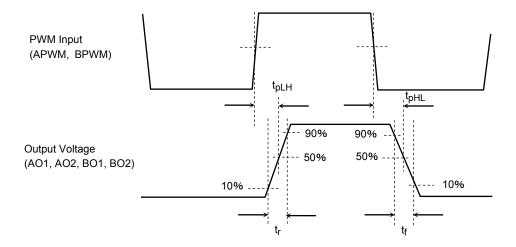
3

Note: Be sure to set the PWM pin to high level if the PWM control function is not used.



• Switching characteristics of output transistors

The switching characteristics between the PWM input and the output transistors are shown below.



<Typical Value>

Item	Typical Value	Unit
t _{pLH}	1000	
t _{pHL}	1000	20
t _r	100	ns
t _f	100	

Input pins
 Input pins AIN1, AIN2, APWM, ASTBY, BIN1, BIN2, BPWM and BSTBY have internal pull-down resistors that are connected to ground.

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_a = 25$ °C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Cupply voltage	VM	15	V	
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	6	V	
Input voltage	V _{IN}	−0.2 to 6	V	IN1, 2, STBY and PWM pins
Output current	lout	1	Α	
Power dissipation	P_{D}	0.78 (Note 1)	W	
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	−20 to 85	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to 150	°C	

Note 1: This rating is obtained when the product is mounted on a 50 mm \times 30 mm \times 1.6 mm glass-epoxy PCB of which 40% or more is occupied by copper.

5

Operating Range ($T_a = -20 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Supply voltage (V _{CC})	V _{CC}	2.7	3.0	5.5	V
Supply voltage (VM)	VM	2.5	5.0	13.5	V
Output current	lout	1	-	0.8	Α
PWM frequency	f _{PWM}	1	1	100	kHz

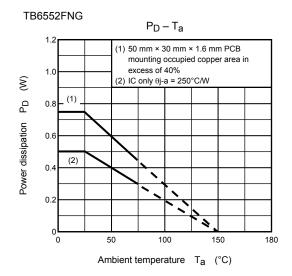


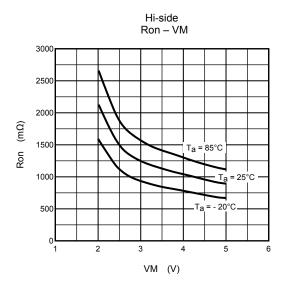
Electrical Characteristics (unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 3 V, VM = 12 V, T_a = 25°C)

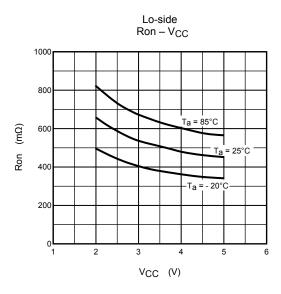
Characteristics		Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Supply current		I _{CC} (STP)	_	Stop mode	_	0.9	1.2		
		I _{CC} (W)	_	CW/CCW mode	_	0.9	1.2	mA	
		I _{CC} (SB)	_	Short brake mode	_	0.9	1.2		
		ICC (STB)	_	(Standby mode)	_	_	10	μА	
		I _{M (STB)}		(Standby mode)	_	_	1	μΑ	
	Input voltage	V _{INH}	_	_	2	_	V _{CC} + 0.2		
		V_{INL}	_	_	-0.2	_	0.8	V	
Control circuit	Hysteresis voltage	V _{IN (HIS)}	_	(Not tested)	_	0.2	_		
	Input current	I _{INH}	_	_	5	15	25	μА	
	input current	I _{INL}	_	_	_	_	1	μΛ	
	Input voltage	V _{INSH}	_	_	2	_	V _{CC} + 0.2	V	
Standby circuit		V _{INSL}	_	_	-0.2	_	0.8		
	Input current	I _{INSH}	_	_	5	10	20	μА	
		I _{INSL}	_	_	_	_	1		
Output saturating	voltage	V _{sat (U, L)}	_	I _O = 0.2 A	_	0.3	0.4	V	
Output saturating	voltage	v sat (U, L)	_	I _O = 0.8 A	_	1.2	1.5	V	
Output leakage cu	ırrent	I _L (U)	_	VM = 15 V	_	_	1	μА	
output leakage of		I _{L (L)}		VIII 10 V	_	_	1		
Diode forward vol	tage	V _{F (U)}	_	I _O = 0.8 A	_	1	1.2	V	
2,000,000,000	90	V _{F (L)}		I _O = 0.8 A	_	1	1.2	·	
PWM control	PWM frequency	f _{PWM}	_	_	_	_	100	kHz	
circuit	Minimum clock pulse width	t _{w (PWM)}	_	_	_	_	10	μ\$	
Output transistor switching		Tr		(Not tested)	_	100	_	ns	
		T _f] _		_	100	_		
		t _{pLH} (PWM)		(Not lested)	_	1000	_		
		t _{pHL} (PWM)			_	1000	_		
Thermal shutdown circuit operating temperature		T _{SD}	_	(Not tested)	_	170	_	°C	
Thermal shutdown hysteresis		ΔT_{SD}	_	(Not tested)	_	20	_	ů	

Characteristic Wave Form

TOSHIBA

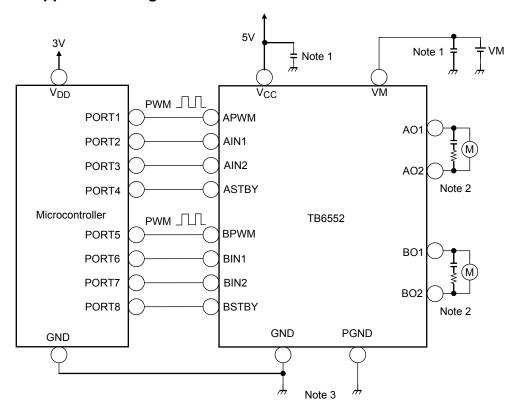






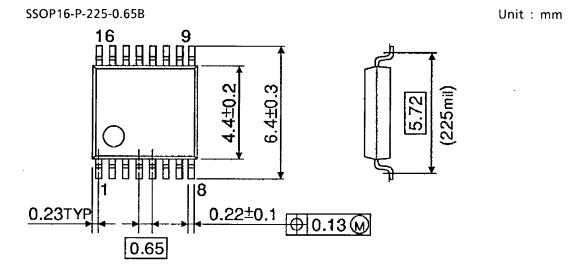
2017-08-08

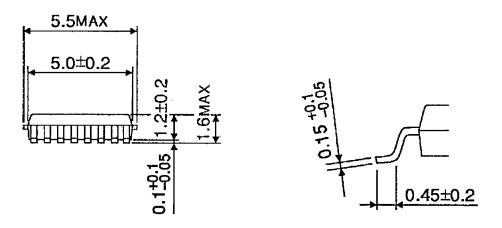
Typical Application Diagram



- Note 1: The power supply capacitor should be connected as close as possible to the IC.
- Note 2: When connecting the motor pins through the capacitor for reducing noise, connect a resistor to the capacitor to limit the charge current.
- Note 3: Avoid using common impedance for GND and PGND.
- Note: Utmost care is necessary in the design of the output, V_{CC} , VM, and GND lines since the IC may be destroyed by short-circuiting between outputs, air contamination faults, or faults due to improper grounding, or by short-circuiting between contiguous pins.

Package Dimensions (TB6552FNG)



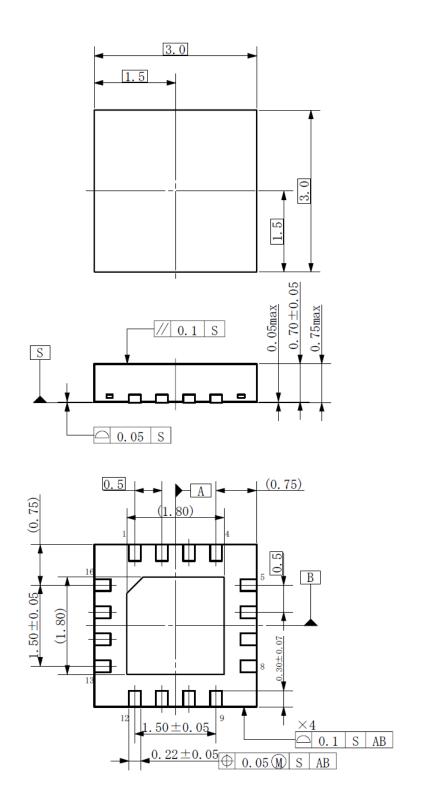


Weight: 0.07 g (typ.)

Package Dimensions (TB6552FTG)

P-WQFN16-0303-0.50-001

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.017g (Typ.)

Notes on Contents

1. Block Diagrams

Some of the functional blocks, circuits, or constants in the block diagram may be omitted or simplified for explanatory purposes.

2. Equivalent Circuits

The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

3. Timing Charts

Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purposes.

4. Application Circuits

The application circuits shown in this document are provided for reference purposes only. Thorough evaluation is required, especially at the mass production design stage.

Providing these application circuit examples does not grant a license for industrial property rights.

5. Test Circuits

Components in the test circuits are used only to obtain and confirm the device characteristics. These components and circuits are not guaranteed to prevent malfunction or failure from occurring in the application equipment.

IC Usage Considerations Notes on handling of ICs

injury, smoke or ignition.

injury by explosion or combustion.

- [1] The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment. Do not exceed any of these ratings.

 Exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result
- [2] Use an appropriate power supply fuse to ensure that a large current does not continuously flow in case of over current and/or IC failure. The IC will fully break down when used under conditions that exceed its absolute maximum ratings, when the wiring is routed improperly or when an abnormal pulse noise occurs from the wiring or load, causing a large current to continuously flow and the breakdown can lead smoke or ignition. To minimize the effects of the flow of a large current in case of breakdown, appropriate settings, such as fuse capacity, fusing time and insertion circuit location, are required.
- [3] If your design includes an inductive load such as a motor coil, incorporate a protection circuit into the design to prevent device malfunction or breakdown caused by the current resulting from the inrush current at power ON or the negative current resulting from the back electromotive force at power OFF. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.

 Use a stable power supply with ICs with built-in protection functions. If the power supply is unstable, the protection function may not operate, causing IC breakdown. IC breakdown may cause
- [4] Do not insert devices in the wrong orientation or incorrectly.
 - Make sure that the positive and negative terminals of power supplies are connected properly.
 - Otherwise, the current or power consumption may exceed the absolute maximum rating, and exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.
 - In addition, do not use any device that is applied the current with inserting in the wrong orientation or incorrectly even just one time.

Points to remember on handling of ICs

(1) Thermal Shutdown Circuit

Thermal shutdown circuits do not necessarily protect ICs under all circumstances. If the thermal shutdown circuits operate against the over temperature, clear the heat generation status immediately.

Depending on the method of use and usage conditions, such as exceeding absolute maximum ratings can cause the thermal shutdown circuit to not operate properly or IC breakdown before operation.

(2) Heat Radiation Design

In using an IC with large current flow such as power amp, regulator or driver, please design the device so that heat is appropriately radiated, not to exceed the specified junction temperature (T_J) at any time and condition. These ICs generate heat even during normal use. An inadequate IC heat radiation design can lead to decrease in IC life, deterioration of IC characteristics or IC breakdown. In addition, please design the device taking into considerate the effect of IC heat radiation with peripheral components.

(3) Back-EMF

When a motor rotates in the reverse direction, stops or slows down abruptly, a current flow back to the motor's power supply due to the effect of back-EMF. If the current sink capability of the power supply is small, the device's motor power supply and output pins might be exposed to conditions beyond absolute maximum ratings. To avoid this problem, take the effect of back-EMF into consideration in system design.

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

Toshiba Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates are collectively referred to as "TOSHIBA". Hardware, software and systems described in this document are collectively referred to as "Product".

- . TOSHIBA reserves the right to make changes to the information in this document and related Product without notice.
- This document and any information herein may not be reproduced without prior written permission from TOSHIBA. Even with TOSHIBA's written permission, reproduction is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration/omission.
- Though TOSHIBA works continually to improve Product's quality and reliability, Product can malfunction or fail. Customers are responsible for complying with safety standards and for providing adequate designs and safeguards for their hardware, software and systems which minimize risk and avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of Product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property, including data loss or corruption. Before customers use the Product, create designs including the Product, or incorporate the Product into their own applications, customers must also refer to and comply with (a) the latest versions of all relevant TOSHIBA information, including without limitation, this document, the specifications, the data sheets and application notes for Product and the precautions and conditions set forth in the "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" and (b) the instructions for the application with which the Product will be used with or for. Customers are solely responsible for all aspects of their own product design or applications, including but not limited to (a) determining the appropriateness of the use of this Product in such design or applications; (b) evaluating and determining the applicability of any information contained in this document, or in charts, diagrams, programs, algorithms, sample application circuits, or any other referenced documents; and (c) validating all operating parameters for such designs and applications. TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR CUSTOMERS' PRODUCT DESIGN OR APPLICATIONS.
- PRODUCT IS NEITHER INTENDED NOR WARRANTED FOR USE IN EQUIPMENTS OR SYSTEMS THAT REQUIRE
 EXTRAORDINARILY HIGH LEVELS OF QUALITY AND/OR RELIABILITY, AND/OR A MALFUNCTION OR FAILURE OF WHICH
 MAY CAUSE LOSS OF HUMAN LIFE, BODILY INJURY, SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE AND/OR SERIOUS PUBLIC IMPACT
 ("UNINTENDED USE"). Except for specific applications as expressly stated in this document, Unintended Use includes, without
 limitation, equipment used in nuclear facilities, equipment used in the aerospace industry, medical equipment, equipment used for
 automobiles, trains, ships and other transportation, traffic signaling equipment, equipment used to control combustions or
 explosions, safety devices, elevators and escalators, devices related to electric power, and equipment used in finance-related fields.
 IF YOU USE PRODUCT FOR UNINTENDED USE, TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR PRODUCT. For details, please
 contact your TOSHIBA sales representative.
- Do not disassemble, analyze, reverse-engineer, alter, modify, translate or copy Product, whether in whole or in part.
- Product shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any
 applicable laws or regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as guidance for Product use. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringement of patents or any other intellectual property rights of third parties that may result from the use of Product. No license to any intellectual property right is granted by this document, whether express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise.
- ABSENT A WRITTEN SIGNED AGREEMENT, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THE RELEVANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF
 SALE FOR PRODUCT, AND TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY LAW, TOSHIBA (1) ASSUMES NO LIABILITY
 WHATSOEVER, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES
 OR LOSS, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF OPPORTUNITIES, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION
 AND LOSS OF DATA, AND (2) DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES AND CONDITIONS
 RELATED TO SALE, USE OF PRODUCT, OR INFORMATION, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF
 MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ACCURACY OF INFORMATION, OR NONINFRINGEMENT.
- Do not use or otherwise make available Product or related software or technology for any military purposes, including without
 limitation, for the design, development, use, stockpiling or manufacturing of nuclear, chemical, or biological weapons or missile
 technology products (mass destruction weapons). Product and related software and technology may be controlled under the
 applicable export laws and regulations including, without limitation, the Japanese Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law and
 the U.S. Export Administration Regulations. Export and re-export of Product or related software or technology are strictly prohibited
 except in compliance with all applicable export laws and regulations.
- Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS compatibility of
 Product. Please use Product in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled
 substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES OR
 LOSSES OCCURRING AS A RESULT OF NONCOMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

TOSHIBA ELECTRONIC DEVICES & STORAGE CORPORATION

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Motor/Motion/Ignition Controllers & Drivers category:

Click to view products by Toshiba manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

FSB50550TB2 FSBF15CH60BTH MSVCPM2-63-12 MSVGW45-14-2 MSVGW54-14-3 MSVGW54-14-5 NTE7043 LA6565VR-TLM-E LB11650-E LB1837M-TLM-E LB1845DAZ-XE LC898300XA-MH SS30-TE-L-E 26700 LV8281VR-TLM-H BA5839FP-E2 IRAM236-1067A LA6584JA-AH LB11847L-E NCV70501DW002R2G AH293-PL-B STK672-630CN-E TND315S-TL-2H FNA23060 FSB50250AB FNA41060 MSVB54 MSVBTC50E MSVCPM3-54-12 MSVCPM3-63-12 MSVCPM4-63-12 MSVTA120 FSB50550AB NCV70501DW002G LC898301XA-MH LV8413GP-TE-L-E MSVGW45-14-3 MSVGW45-14-4 MSVGW45-14-5 MSVGW54-14-4 STK984-091A-E MP6519GQ-Z LB11651-E IRSM515-025DA4 LV8127T-TLM-H MC33812EKR2 NCP81382MNTXG TDA21801 LB11851FA-BH NCV70627DQ001R2G