TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC74VHC123AF, TC74VHC123AFT, TC74VHC123AFK TC74VHC221AF, TC74VHC221AFT, TC74VHC221AFK

Dual Monostable Multivibrator

TC74VHC123AF/AFT/AFK Retriggerable TC74VHC221AF/AFT/AFK Non-Retriggerable

The TC74VHC123A/221A are high speed CMOS MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR fabricated with silicon gate $\rm C^2MOS$ technology.

There are two trigger inputs, \overline{A} input (negative edge), and B input (positive edge). These inputs are valid for a slow rise/fall time signal ($t_r = t_f = 1$ s) as they are schmitt trigger inputs. This device may also be triggered by using \overline{CLR} input (positive edge).

After triggering, the output stays in a MONOSTABLE state for a time period determined by the external resistor and capacitor (Rx, Cx). A low level at the $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ input breaks this state.

Limits for CX and RX are:

External capacitor, Cx: No limit $\label{eq:VCC} External \ resistor, \ Rx \ V_{CC} = 2.0 \ V \ more \ than \ 5 \ k\Omega$ $V_{CC} \ge 3.0 \ V \ more \ than \ 1 \ k\Omega$

An input protection circuit ensures that 0 to 5.5~V can be applied to the input pins without regard to the supply voltage. This device can be used to interface 5~V to 3~V systems and two supply systems such as battery back up. This circuit prevents device destruction due to mismatched supply and input voltages.

Features

- High speed: $t_{pd} = 8.1 \text{ ns (typ.)}$ at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$
- Low power dissipation
 Standby state: 4 μA (max) at Ta = 25°C

Active state: $600 \mu A \text{ (max)}$ at Ta = 25 °C

- High noise immunity: $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\% V_{CC}$ (min)
- Power down protection is equipped with all inputs.
- $\bullet \quad Balanced\ propagation\ delays\hbox{:}\ t_{pLH} \simeq t_{pHL}$
- Wide operating voltage range: V_{CC} (opr) = 2 to 5.5 V
- Pin and function compatible with 74HC123A/221A

SOP16-P-300-1.27A
TC74VHC123AFT, TC74VHC221AFT

TSSOP16-P-0044-0.65A
TC74VHC123AFK, TC74VHC221AFK

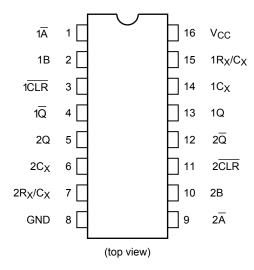
Weight

SOP16-P-300-1.27A : 0.18 g (typ.) TSSOP16-P-0044-0.65A : 0.06 g (typ.) VSSOP16-P-0030-0.50 : 0.02 g (typ.)

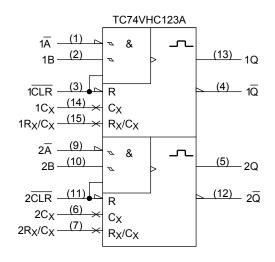
VSSOP16-P-0030-0.50

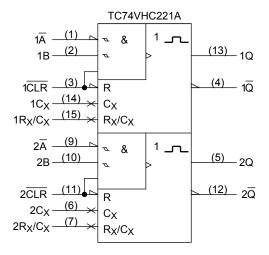


Pin Assignment



IEC Logic Symbol





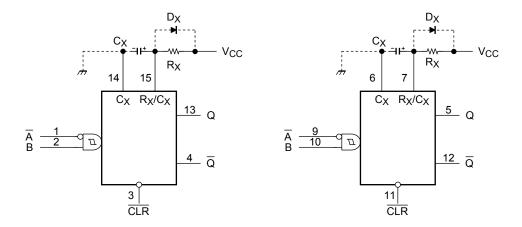
Truth Table

I		Inputs		Out	puts	Function		
Ī	\overline{A}	В	CLR	Q	Q	FullCuoli		
I	\downarrow	Н	Н			Output Enable		
	Χ	L	Н	L	Н	Inhibit		
Ī	Н	Х	Н	L	Н	Inhibit		
I	Г		Н	П	П	Output Enable		
I	L	Н	\downarrow	Л		Output Enable		
I	Х	Х	L	L	Н	Reset		

X: Don't care



Block Diagram (Note 1) (Note 2)



Note 1: C_X, R_X, D_X are external capacitor, resistor, and diode, respectively.

Note 2: External clamping diode, Dx;

The external capacitor is charged to V_{CC} level in the wait state, i.e. when no trigger is applied.

If the supply voltage is turned off, C_X is discharges mainly through the internal (parasitic) diode. If C_X is sufficiently large and V_{CC} drops rapidly, there will be some possibility of damaging the IC through in rush current or latch-up. If the capacitance of the supply voltage filter is large enough and V_{CC} drops slowly, the in rush current is automatically limited and damage to the IC is avoided.

The maximum value of forward current through the parasitic diode is ± 20 mA.

In the case of a large C_X, the limit of fall time of the supply voltage is determined as follows:

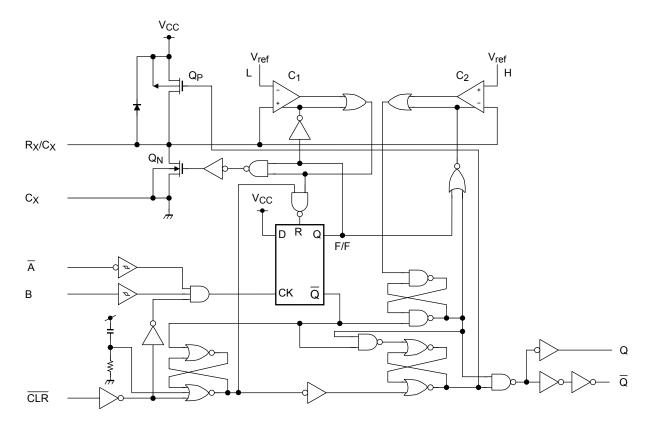
$$t_f \geq (V_{CC} - 0.7) \; C_X/20 \; mA$$

(tf is the time between the supply voltage turn off and the supply voltage reaching 0.4 V_{CC}.)

In the even a system does not satisfy the above condition, an external clamping diode (D_X) is needed to protect the IC from rush current.

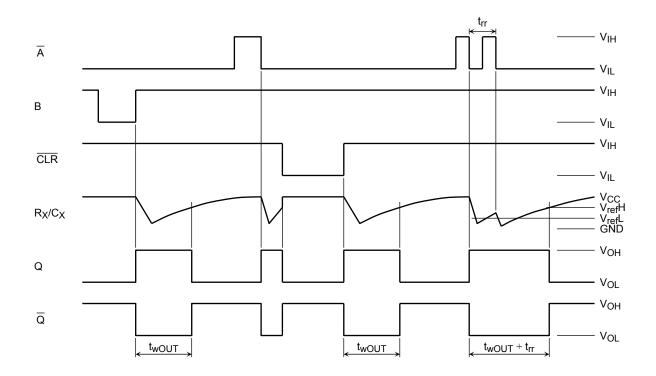
System Diagram

TC74VHC123A



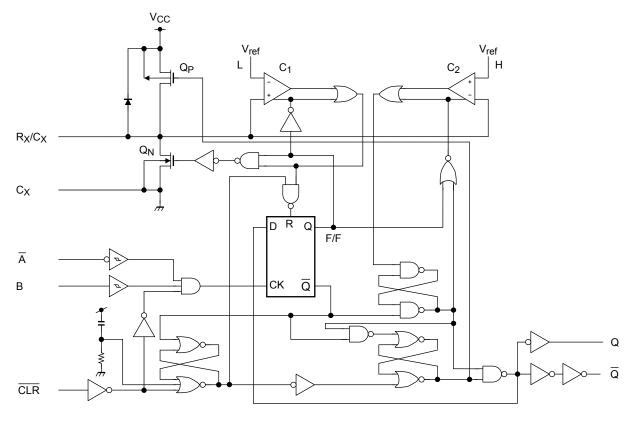
Timing Chart

TC74VHC123A



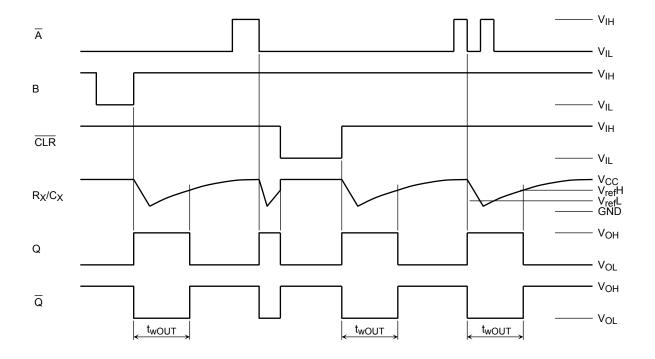
System Diagram

TC74VHC221A



Timing Chart

TC74VHC221A



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Functional Description

(1) Standby state

The external capacitor (C_X) is fully charged to V_{CC} in the stand-by state. That means, before triggering, the Q_P and Q_N transistors which are connected to the R_X/C_X node are in the off state. Two comparators that relate to the timing of the output pulse, and two reference voltage supplies turn off. The total supply current is only leakage current.

(2) Trigger operation

Trigger operation is effective in any of the following three cases. First, the condition where the \overline{A} input is low, and the B input has a rising signal; second, where the B input is high, and the \overline{A} input has a falling signal; and third, where the \overline{A} input is low and the B input is high, and the \overline{CLR} input has a rising signal.

After a trigger becomes effective, comparators C_1 and C_2 start operating, and Q_N is turned on. The external capacitor discharges through Q_N . The voltage level at the R_X/C_X node drops. If the R_X/C_X voltage level falls to the internal reference voltage $V_{ref}L$, the output of C_1 becomes low. The flip-flop is then reset and Q_N turns off. At that moment C_1 stops but C_2 continues operating.

After Q_N turns off, the voltage at the R_X/C_X node starts rising at a rate determined by the time constant of external capacitor C_X and resistor R_X .

Upon triggering, output Q becomes high, following some delay time of the internal F/F and gates. It stays high even if the voltage of Rx/Cx changes from falling to rising. When Rx/Cx reaches the internal reference voltage $V_{ref}H$, the output of C_2 becomes low, the output Q goes low and C_2 stops its operation. That means, after triggering, when the voltage level of the Rx/Cx node reaches $V_{ref}H$, the IC returns to its MONOSTABLE state.

With large values of C_X and R_X , and ignoring the discharge time of the capacitor and internal delays of the IC, the width of the output pulse, t_W (OUT), is as follows:

$$t_{W}(OUT) = 1.0 \cdot C_{X} \cdot R_{X}$$

(3) Retrigger operation (TC74VHC123A)

When a new trigger is applied to either input \overline{A} or B while in the MONOSTABLE state, it is effective only if the IC is charging Cx. The voltage level of the Rx/Cx node then falls to V_{ref}L level again. Therefore the Q output stays high if the next trigger comes in before the time period set by Cx and Rx.

If the new trigger is very close to previous trigger, such as an occurrence during the discharge cycle, it will have no effect.

The minimum time for a trigger to be effective 2nd trigger, trr (min.), depends on VCC and CX.

(4) Reset operation

In normal operation, the \overline{CLR} input is held high. If \overline{CLR} is low, a trigger has no effect because the Q output is held low and the trigger control F/F is reset. Also, QP turns on and CX is charged rapidly to V_{CC} .

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This means if $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ is set low, the IC goes into a wait state.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage range	V _{CC}	−0.5 to 7.0	V
DC input voltage	V _{IN}	−0.5 to 7.0	V
DC output voltage	Vout	-0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	V
Input diode current	lıK	-20	mA
Output diode current	I _{OK}	±20	mA
DC output current	lout	±25	mA
DC V _{CC} /ground current	Icc	±50	mA
Power dissipation	PD	180	mW
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	−65 to 150	°C

Note: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Operating Ranges (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	ol Rating	
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	2.0 to 5.5	V
Input voltage	V _{IN}	0 to 5.5	V
Output voltage	V _{OUT}	0 to V _{CC}	V
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	−40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 100 ($V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$) 0 to 20 ($V_{CC} = 5 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$)	ns/V
External capacitor	C _X	No limitation (Note 2)	F
External resistor	R _X	\geq 5 k (V _{CC} = 2.0 V) (Note 2) \geq 1 k (V _{CC} \geq 3.0 V) (Note 2)	Ω

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either V_{CC} or GND.

Note 2: The maximum allowable values of C_X and R_X are a function of leakage of capacitor C_X , the leakage of TC74VHC123A/221A, and leakage due to board layout and surface resistance.

Susceptibility to externally induced noise signals may occur for Rx > 1 M Ω .



Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition			Ta = 25°C			Ta = -40 to 85°C		Unit
	Cy			V _{CC} (V)	Min	Тур.	Max	Min	Max	
High-level input		-		2.0	1.50	_	_	1.50	_	٧
voltage	V _{IH}			3.0 to 5.5	V _{CC} × 0.7	I	_	V _{CC} × 0.7	_	
Low-level input				2.0	_	_	0.50	_	0.50	
voltage	V _{IL}	l	_	3.0 to 5.5	ı	ı	V _{CC} × 0.3	_	V _{CC} × 0.3	V
				2.0	1.9	2.0	_	1.9	_	
			$I_{OH} = -50 \mu A$	3.0	2.9	3.0	_	2.9	_	
High-level output voltage	V _{OH}	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}		4.5	4.4	4.5	_	4.4	_	V
			$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.58	_	_	2.48	_	
			$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	4.5	3.94	1	_	3.80	_	
	V _{OL}	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}		2.0	_	0.0	0.1	_	0.1	
			$I_{OL} = 50 \mu A$	3.0	_	0.0	0.1	_	0.1	
Low-level output voltage				4.5	-	0.0	0.1	_	0.1	٧
			$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$	3.0	_	_	0.36	_	0.44	
			$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$	4.5	1	1	0.36	_	0.44	
Input leakage current	I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 5.5 V or GN	D	0 to 5.5	-	-	±0.1	_	±1.0	μА
R _X /C _X terminal off-state current	I _{IN}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		5.5	_	_	±0.25	_	±2.5	μА
Quiescent supply current	Icc	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		5.5	_	_	4.0	_	40.0	μА
Active-state supply	Icc	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND $R_X/C_X = 0.5 V_{CC}$		3.0	_	160	250	_	280	
current				4.5	_	380	500	_	650	μА
(Note)				5.5		560	750	_	975	

Note: Per circuit



Timing Requirements (input: $t_r = t_f = 3$ ns)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Ta =	25°C	Ta = -40 to 85°C	Unit		
			V _{CC} (V)	Тур.	Limit	Limit		
Minimum pulse width	t _{w (L)}		3.3 ± 0.3	_	5.0	5.0	ns	
Millimum paise width	t _{w (H)}	_	5.0 ± 0.5	_	5.0	5.0		
Minimum clear width	t _{w (L)}		3.3 ± 0.3	_	5.0	5.0	ns	
(CLR)		_	5.0 ± 0.5	_	5.0	5.0		
		$R_X = 1 k\Omega$	3.3 ± 0.3	60	_	1	ns	
Minimum retrigger time	t _{rr}	C _X = 100 pF	5.0 ± 0.5	39	_	1	115	
(Note)		$R_X = 1 k\Omega$	3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	_	_		
		$C_X = 0.01 \mu F$	5.0 ± 0.5	1.2	_	1	μ\$	

Note: For TC74VHC123A only

AC Characteristics (input: $t_r = t_f = 3$ ns)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition V _{CC} (V) C _L (pF)		Ta = 25°C			Ta = -40 to 85°C		Unit	
	<i>-</i>			C _L (pF)	Min	Тур.	Max	Min	Max	
			00.00	15	_	13.4	20.6	1.0	24.0	
Propagation delay time	t_{pLH}		3.3 ± 0.3	50	_	15.9	24.1	1.0	27.5	no
$(\overline{A}, B-Q, \overline{Q})$	t_{pHL}		50.05	15	_	8.1	12.0	1.0	14.0	ns
			5.0 ± 0.5	50	_	9.6	14.0	1.0	16.0	
			3.3 ± 0.3	15	_	14.5	22.4	1.0	26.0	
Propagation delay time	t_{pLH}		3.3 ± 0.3	50	_	17.0	25.9	1.0	29.5	ns
$(\overline{\text{CLR}} \text{ trigger-Q}, \overline{\overline{Q}})$	t_{pHL}		5.0 ± 0.5	15	_	8.7	12.9	1.0	15.0	115
,			3.0 ± 0.3	50	_	10.2	14.9	1.0	17.0	
			3.3 ± 0.3 15 50	15	1	10.3	15.8	1.0	18.5	- ns
Propagation delay time	t _P LH t _P HL	_		50	1	12.8	19.3	1.0	22.0	
$(\overline{CLR}-Q,\ \overline{Q})$			5.0 ± 0.5	15	1	6.3	9.4	1.0	11.0	
				50	1	7.8	11.4	1.0	13.0	
		C _X = 28 pF	3.3 ± 0.3	50	1	160	240	_	300	ns
	$t_{WOUT} \\ t_{WOUT} \\ R_{X} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega \\ C_{X} = 0.01 \mu\text{F} \\ R_{X} = 10 k\Omega \\ C_{X} = 0.1 \mu\text{F} \\ \\ C_{X} = 0.1 \mu\text{F} \\ \\ C_{X} = 0.1 \mu\text{F} \\ \\ C_{X} = 0.01 $	$R_X = 2 k\Omega$	5.0 ± 0.5	3	1	133	200	_	240	113
Output pulse width		$C_X = 0.01 \ \mu F$	3.3 ± 0.3	50	90	100	110	90	110	μS
Output puise width		$R_X = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	5.0 ± 0.5	30	90	100	110	90	110	μδ
		$C_X = 0.1 \mu F$	3.3 ± 0.3	50	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.1	- ms
		$R_X = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	5.0 ± 0.5	30	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.1	
Output pulse width error between circuits	Δt_{WOUT}		_		_	±1	_	_	_	%
(in same package)										
Input capacitance	C _{IN}		_		_	4	10	_	10	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C_{PD}			(Note)	-	73	_	_	_	pF

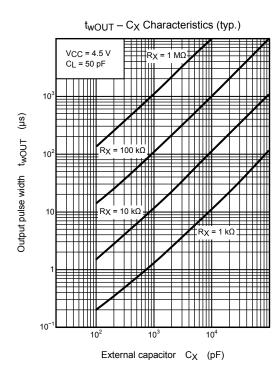
Note: C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

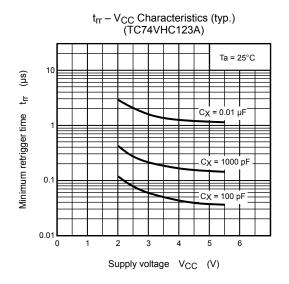
Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

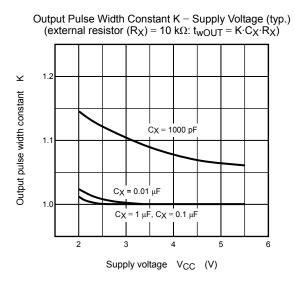
 $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC} \cdot Duty/100 + I_{CC}/2$ (per circuit)

(I_{CC}': active supply current)

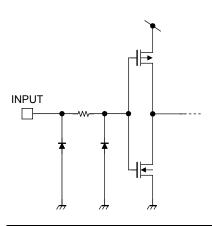
(Duty: %)







Input Equivalent Circuit

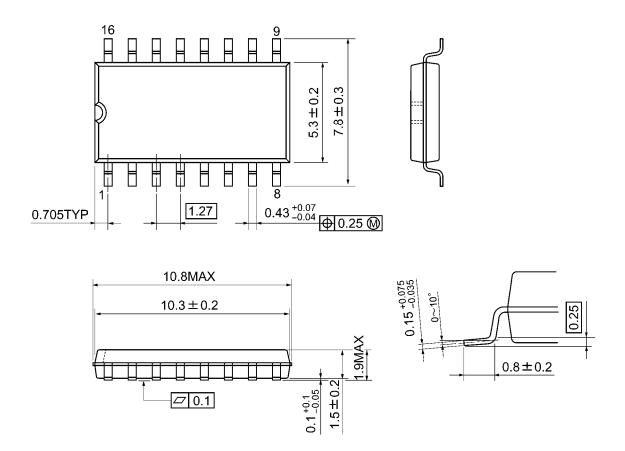


10 2014-03-01



Package Dimensions

SOP16-P-300-1.27A Unit: mm

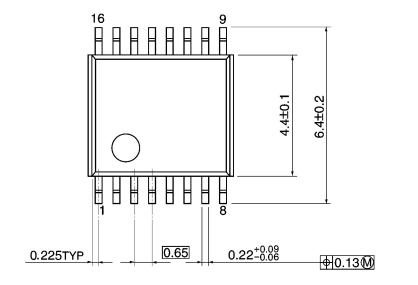


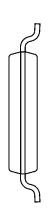
Weight: 0.18 g (typ.)

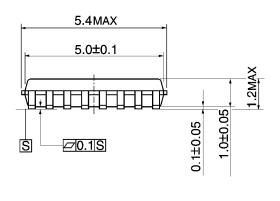
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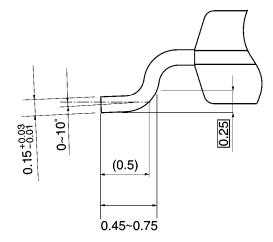
TSSOP16-P-0044-0.65A

Unit: mm





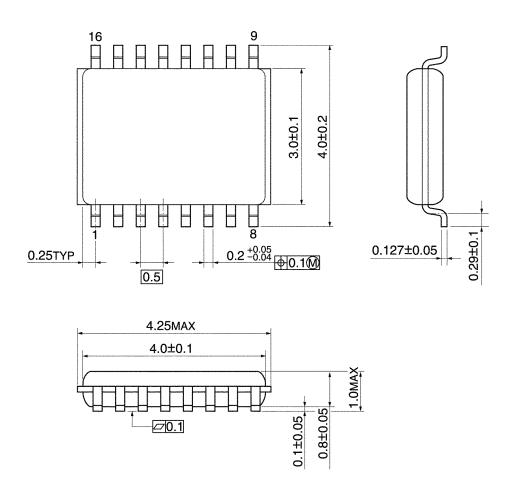




Weight: 0.06 g (typ.)

Package Dimensions

VSSOP16-P-0030-0.50 Unit: mm



Weight: 0.02 g (typ.)

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JM38510/31401B2A TC74HC4538AF(F) TC74HC123APNEWF LTC6993CDCB-1#TRMPBF LTC6993IS6-1#TRMPBF LTC6993HS6
1#TRMPBF LTC6993IS6-3#TRPBF LTC6993HS6-3#TRMPBF LTC6993MPS6-2#TRMPBF LTC6993HDCB-4#TRMPBF LTC6993MPS6
4#TRMPBF LTC6993IS6-4#TRMPBF LTC6993CS6-4#TRMPBF 74AHC123ABQ-Q100X LTC6993CS6-2#TRMPBF LTC6993CS6
1#TRMPBF LTC6993CDCB-2#TRMPBF LTC6993MPS6-1#TRMPBF LTC6993HS6-2#TRMPBF LTC6993IS6-3#TRMPBF

LTC6993HDCB-2#TRMPBF 74HCT4538PW,118 LTC6993MPS6-1#TRPBF LTC6993CS6-3#TRMPBF NTE74123 LTC6993HS6
1#WTRMPBF LTC6993HS6-3#WTRMPBF LTC6993HS6-4#WTRMPBF LTC6993HS6-2#WTRMPBF LTC6993CS6-1#TRPBF

74HC4538D NLV14538BDR2G 74HC221D,652 74HC4538N,652 74AHC123ABQ,115 74AHC123AD,118 74AHC123APW,112

74AHCT123ABQ,115 74AHCT123ABQ-Q100X 74AHCT123AD,118 74AHCT123APW,118 74HC123BQ,115 74HC123D,652

74HC123DB,112