

Photocouplers Infrared LED & Photo IC

TLP2168

1. Applications

- Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs)
- · Factory Automation (FA)
- · Measuring Instruments

2. General

The TLP2168 consists of high-intensity infrared LED optically coupled to a high-gain, high-speed photoreceptor chip. The TLP2168 guarantees operation at up to 125 °C and on supplies from 2.7 V to 5.5 V. It is offered in the SO8 package. With two LED-photoreceptor pairs, the TLP2168 helps save board space. An internal noise shield provides superior common-mode transient immunity for improved noise immunity.

3. Features

- Inverter logic type (open collector output)
- (2) Package: SO8
- (3) Operating temperature: -40 to 125 °C
- (4) Supply voltage: 2.7 to 5.5 V
- (5) Data transfer rate: 20 MBd (typ.)(NRZ)
- (6) Threshold input current: 5.0 mA (max)
- (7) Supply current: 8 mA (max)
- (8) Common-mode transient immunity: ±15 kV/μs (min)
- (9) Isolation voltage: 2500 Vrms (min)
- (10) Safety standards

UL-recognized: UL 1577, File No.E67349

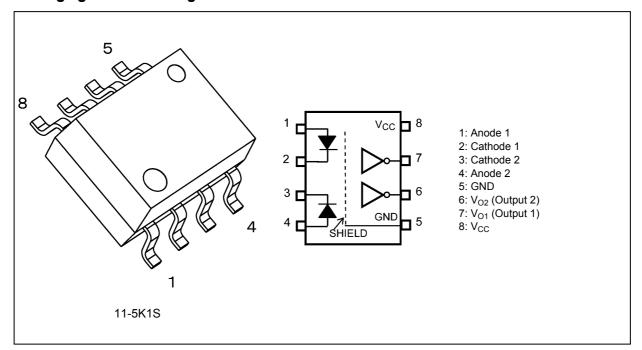
cUL-recognized: CSA Component Acceptance Service No.5A File No.E67349

VDE-approved: EN 60747-5-5 (Note 1)

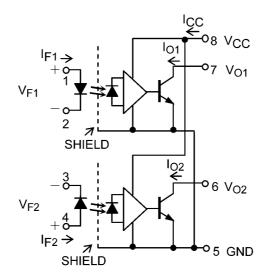
Note 1: When a VDE approved type is needed, please designate the Option (V4).



4. Packaging and Pin Configuration



5. Internal Circuit



6. Principle of Operation

6.1. Truth Table

Input	LED 1 (2)	Output 1 (2)
Н	ON	L
L	OFF	Н

6.2. Mechanical Parameters

Characteristics	Min	Unit
Creepage distances	4.2	mm
Clearance distances	4.2	
Internal isolation thickness	_	



7. Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25 °C)

	Characteristics		Symbol	Note	Rating	Unit
LED	Input forward current		I _F	(Note 1)	25	mA
	Input forward current derating	(T _a ≥ 110 °C)	$\Delta I_F/\Delta T_a$	(Note 1)	-0.67	mA/°C
	Input forward current (pulsed)		I _{FP}	(Note 1), (Note 2)	40	mA
	Input forward current derating (pulsed)	(T _a ≥ 110 °C)	$\Delta I_{FP}/\Delta T_a$	(Note 1)	-1.0	mA/°C
	Input reverse voltage		V _R	(Note 1)	5	V
	Input power dissipation		P _D	(Note 1)	40	mW
	Input power dissipation derating	$(T_a \ge 110 ^{\circ}C)$	$\Delta P_D/\Delta T_a$		-1.0	mW/°C
Detector	Output current		Io	(Note 1)	25	mA
	Output voltage		Vo	(Note 1)	6	V
	Supply voltage		V _{CC}		6	V
	Output power dissipation		Po	(Note 1)	40	mW
	Output power dissipation derating	(T _a ≥ 110 °C)	$\Delta P_{O}/\Delta T_{a}$	(Note 1)	-1.0	mW/°C
Common	Operating temperature		T _{opr}		-40 to 125	°C
	Storage temperature		T _{stg}		-55 to 150	°C
	Lead soldering temperature	(10 s)	T _{sol}		260	°C
	Isolation voltage	AC, 60 s, R.H. ≤ 60 %	BV _S	(Note 3)	2500	Vrms

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

- Note 1: Each channel
- Note 2: Pulse width (PW) \leq 1 ms, duty = 50 %
- Note 3: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 are shorted together, and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 are shorted together.

8. Recommended Operating Conditions (Note)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input on-state current	I _{F(ON)}	(Note 1), (Note 2)	7.5		14	mA
Input off-state voltage	$V_{F(OFF)}$	(Note 1)	0	_	8.0	V
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	(Note 3)	2.7	3.3/5.0	5.5	
Operating temperature	T _{opr}		-40	_	125	°C

Note: The recommended operating conditions are given as a design guide necessary to obtain the intended performance of the device. Each parameter is an independent value. When creating a system design using this device, the electrical characteristics specified in this datasheet should also be considered.

Note: A ceramic capacitor $(0.1 \, \mu F)$ should be connected between pin 8 and pin 5 to stabilize the operation of a high-gain linear amplifier. Otherwise, this photocoupler may not switch properly. The bypass capacitor should be placed within 1 cm of each pin.

- Note 1: Each channel
- Note 2: The rise and fall times of the input on-current should be less than 0.5 μs .
- Note 3: Denotes the operating range, not the recommended operating condition.



9. Electrical Characteristics (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, T_a = -40 to 125 °C, V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input forward voltage	V _F	(Note 1)	_	I _F = 10 mA, T _a = 25 °C	1.4	1.57	1.8	V
Input forward voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_F/\Delta T_a$	(Note 1)	_	I _F = 10 mA	_	-2.0	_	mV/°C
Input reverse current	I _R	(Note 1)	_	V _R = 5 V, T _a = 25 °C	_	_	10	μА
Input capacitance	Ct	(Note 1)	_	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T _a = 25 °C	_	60	_	pF
High-level output current	Іон	(Note 1)	Fig. 12.1.1	$V_F = 0.8 \text{ V}, V_O = 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	_	-	50	μА
				$V_F = 0.8 \text{ V}, V_O = 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, T_a = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	_		10	
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL}	(Note 1)		I _F = 10 mA, I _O = 13 mA (Sinking)	_	0.2	0.6	V
Low-level supply current	I _{CCL}		Fig. 12.1.3	I _{F1} = I _{F2} = 10 mA	_	3.8	8	mA
High-level supply current	Іссн		Fig. 12.1.4	I _F = 0 mA	_	3.4	8	
Threshold input current (H/L)	I _{FHL}	(Note 1)	_	I _O = 13 mA (Sinking), V _O < 0.6 V	_	1.0	5.0	

Note: All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_a = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Note 1: Each channel

10. Isolation Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, T_a = 25 °C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Total capacitance (input to output)	C _S	(Note 1)	V _S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		0.8	1	pF
Isolation resistance	R _S	(Note 1)	V _S = 500 V, R.H. ≤ 60 %	1012	1014		Ω
Isolation voltage	BVS	(Note 1)	AC, 60 s	2500			Vrms

Note 1: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 are shorted together, and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 are shorted together.



11. Switching Characteristics (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, T_a = -40 to 125 °C, V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V (Each channel))

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time (H/L)	t _{pHL}	(Note 1)	Fig. 12.1.5	I_F = 0 \rightarrow 7.5 mA, R_L = 350 Ω , C_L = 15 pF	_	35	60	ns
Propagation delay time (L/H)	t _{pLH}	(Note 1)		I_F = 7.5 \rightarrow 0 mA, R_L = 350 Ω , C_L = 15 pF	_	35	60	
Pulse width distortion	t _{pHL} - t _{pLH}	(Note 1)		$I_F = 0 \longleftrightarrow 7.5 \text{ mA}, R_L = 350 \Omega,$ $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$	_	_	35	
Propagation delay skew (device to device)	t _{psk}	(Note 1), (Note 2)			-40	_	40	
Fall time	t _f	(Note 1)		I_F = 0 \rightarrow 7.5 mA, R_L = 350 Ω , C_L = 15 pF	_	30	_	
Rise time	t _r	(Note 1)		I_F = 7.5 \rightarrow 0 mA, R_L = 350 Ω , C_L = 15 pF	_	30	_	
High-level common-mode transient immunity	CM _H		Fig. 12.1.6	$V_{CM} = 1000 V_{p-p}, I_F = 0 \text{ mA},$ $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, T_a = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	15	_	_	kV/μs
Low-level common-mode transient immunity	CM _L			$V_{CM} = 1000 V_{p-p}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA},$ $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, T_a = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	-15	_	_	

Note: All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_a = 25 °C.

Note 2: The propagation delay skew, t_{psk}, is equal to the magnitude of the worst-case difference in t_{pHL} and/or t_{pLH} that will be seen between units at the same given conditions (supply voltage, input current, temperature, etc.).

Rev.9.0

Note 1: f = 5 MHz, duty = 50%, input current $t_r = t_f = 5$ ns or less, C_L is less than 15 pF which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.



12. Test Circuits and Characteristics Curves

12.1. Test Circuits

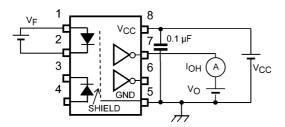


Fig. 12.1.1 IOH Test Circuit

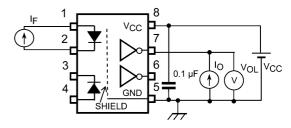


Fig. 12.1.2 V_{OL} Test Circuit

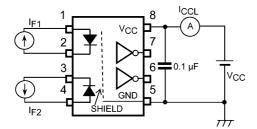


Fig. 12.1.3 I_{CCL} Test Circuit

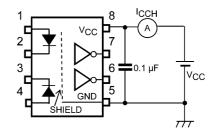


Fig. 12.1.4 I_{CCH} Test Circuit

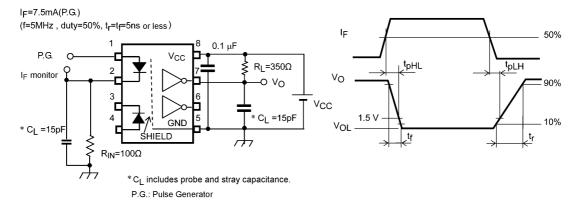


Fig. 12.1.5 Switching Time Test Circuit and Waveform

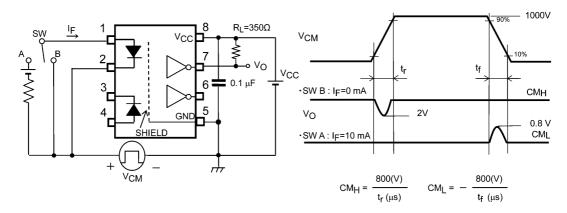
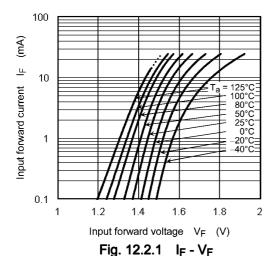


Fig. 12.1.6 Common-Mode Transient Immunity and Waveform

Rev.9.0



12.2. Characteristics Curves (Note)



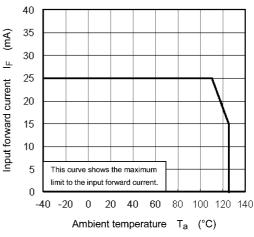


Fig. 12.2.2 I_F - T_a

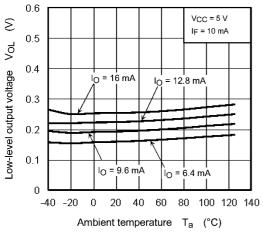


Fig. 12.2.3 V_{OL} - T_a

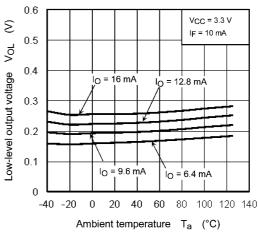


Fig. 12.2.4 V_{OL} - T_a

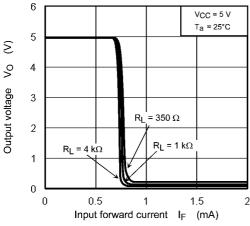


Fig. 12.2.5 Vo - IF

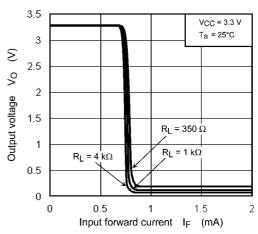


Fig. 12.2.6 V_O - I_F

Rev.9.0



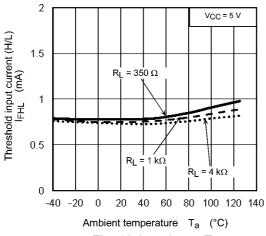
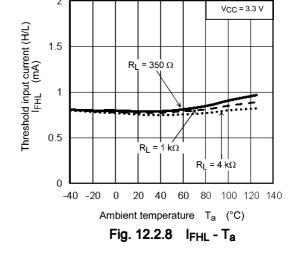


Fig. 12.2.7 I_{FHL} - T_a



2

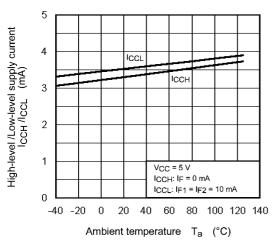


Fig. 12.2.9 I_{CCH} / I_{CCL} - T_a

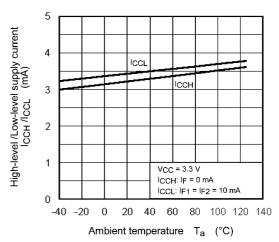


Fig. 12.2.10 $I_{CCH} / I_{CCL} - T_a$

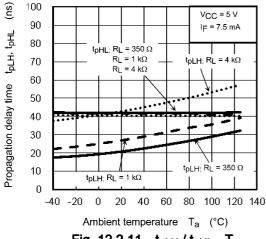


Fig. 12.2.11 $t_{pLH} / t_{pHL} - T_a$

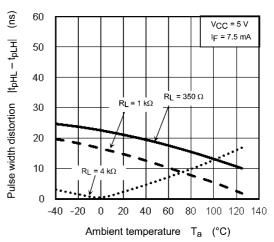
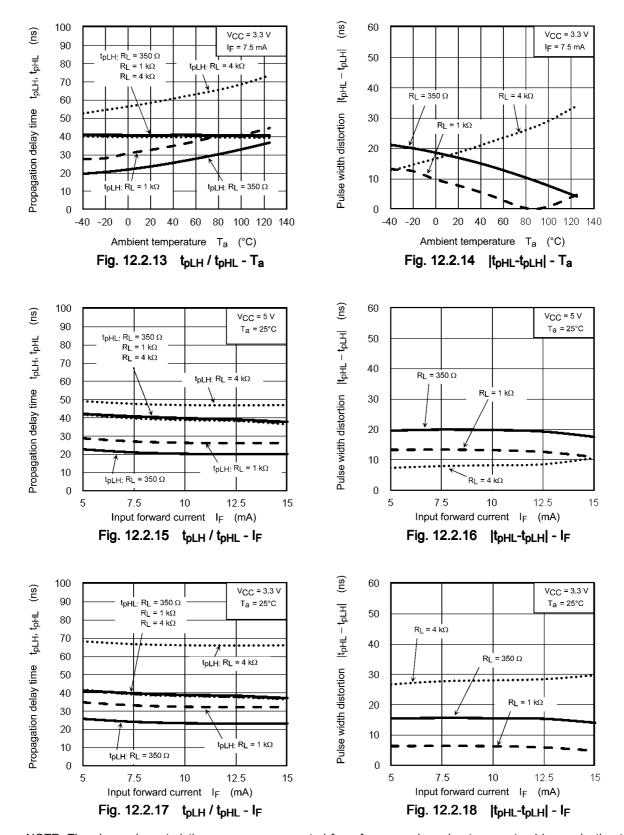


Fig. 12.2.12 |t_{pHL}-t_{pLH}| - T_a





NOTE: The above characteristics curves are presented for reference only and not guaranteed by production test, unless otherwise noted.



13. Soldering and Storage

13.1. Precautions for Soldering

The soldering temperature should be controlled as closely as possible to the conditions shown below, irrespective of whether a soldering iron or a reflow soldering method is used.

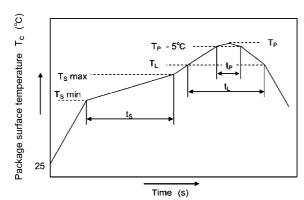
· When using soldering reflow.

The soldering temperature profile is based on the package surface temperature.

(See the figure shown below, which is based on the package surface temperature.)

Reflow soldering must be performed once or twice.

The mounting should be completed with the interval from the first to the last mountings being 2 weeks.



	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Preheat temperature	Ts	150	200	°C
Preheat time	ts	60	120	s
Ramp-up rate (T _L to T _P)			3	°C/s
Liquidus temperature	TL	2	17	°C
Time above T _L	t _L	60	150	s
Peak temperature	T _P		260	°C
Time during which T_c is between $(T_P - 5)$ and T_P	t₽		30	s
Ramp-down rate (T _P to T _L)			6	°C/s

Fig. 13.1.1 An Example of a Temperature Profile When Lead(Pb)-free Solder Is Used

· When using soldering flow

Preheat the device at a temperature of 150 °C (package surface temperature) for 60 to 120 seconds. Mounting condition of 260 °C within 10 seconds is recommended.

Flow soldering must be performed once.

· When using soldering Iron

Complete soldering within 10 seconds for lead temperature not exceeding 260 °C or within 3 seconds not exceeding 350 °C

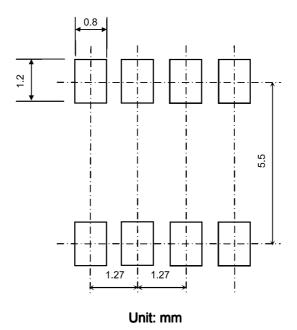
Heating by soldering iron must be done only once per lead.

13.2. Precautions for General Storage

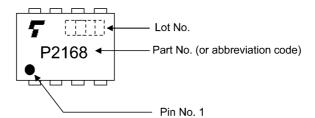
- · Avoid storage locations where devices may be exposed to moisture or direct sunlight.
- Follow the precautions printed on the packing label of the device for transportation and storage.
- Keep the storage location temperature and humidity within a range of 5 °C to 35 °C and 45 % to 75 %, respectively.
- Do not store the products in locations with poisonous gases (especially corrosive gases) or in dusty conditions.
- Store the products in locations with minimal temperature fluctuations. Rapid temperature changes during storage can cause condensation, resulting in lead oxidation or corrosion, which will deteriorate the solderability of the leads.
- · When restoring devices after removal from their packing, use anti-static containers.
- · Do not allow loads to be applied directly to devices while they are in storage.
- If devices have been stored for more than two years under normal storage conditions, it is recommended that you check the leads for ease of soldering prior to use.



14. Land Pattern Dimensions (for reference only)



15. Marking





16. EN 60747-5-5 Option (V4) Specification

Part number: TLP2168 (Note 1)

• The following part naming conventions are used for the devices that have been qualified according to option (V4) of EN 60747.

Example: TLP2168(V4-TP,F)

V4: EN 60747 option

TP: Tape type

F: [[G]]/RoHS COMPATIBLE (Note 2)

Note 1: Use TOSHIBA standard type number for safety standard application.

e.g., TLP2168(V4-TP,F) \rightarrow TLP2168

Note 2: Please contact your Toshiba sales representative for details on environmental information such as the product's RoHS compatibility.

RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

Description	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Application classification			
for rated mains voltage \leq 150 Vrms for rated mains voltage \leq 300 Vrms		I-IV I-III	_
Climatic classification		40 / 125 / 21	_
Pollution degree		2	_
Maximum operating insulation voltage	VIORM	565	Vpeak
Input to output test voltage, Method A V_{pr} = 1.6 × V_{IORM} , type and sample test t_p = 10 s, partial discharge < 5 pC	V _{pr}	904	Vpeak
Input to output test voltage, Method B V_{pr} = 1.875 × V_{IORM} , 100 % production test t_p = 1 s, partial discharge < 5 pC	V _{pr}	1059	Vpeak
Highest permissible overvoltage (transient overvoltage, t _{pr} = 60 s)	VTR	4000	Vpeak
Safety limiting values (max. permissible ratings in case of fault, also refer to thermal derating curve) current (input current I_F , P_{SO} = 0) power (output or total power dissipation) temperature	I _{si} P _{so} T _s	250 400 150	mA mW °C
Insulation resistance V_{IO} = 500 V, T_a = 25 °C V_{IO} = 500 V, T_a = 100 °C V_{IO} = 500 V, T_a = T_s	R _{si}	≥ 10 ¹² ≥ 10 ¹¹ ≥ 10 ⁹	Ω

Fig. 16.1 EN 60747 Isolation Characteristics





Fig. 16.2 Marking on Packing

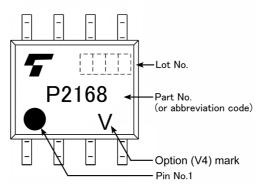
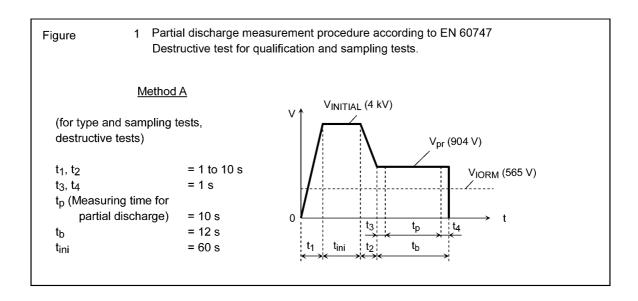
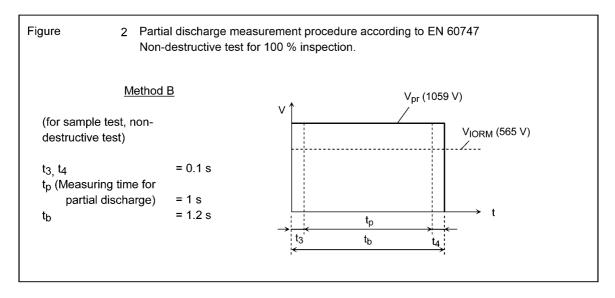


Fig. 16.3 Marking Example(Note 1)

Note 1: The above marking is applied to the photocouplers that have been qualified according to option (V4) of EN 60747.







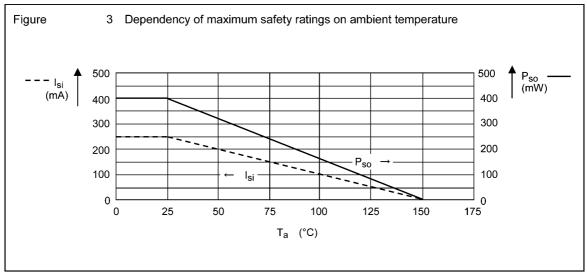
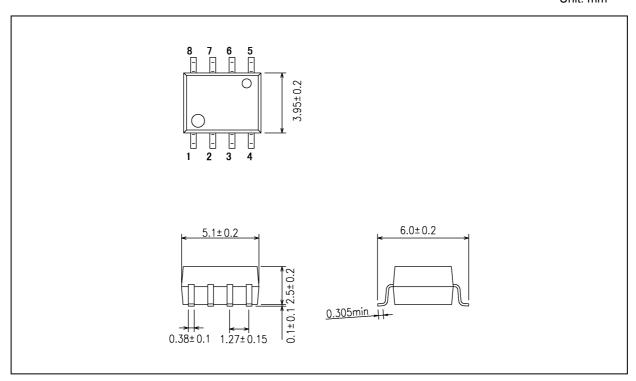


Fig. 16.4 Measurement Procedure



Package Dimensions

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.11 g (typ.)

	Package Name(s)
TOSHIBA: 11-5K1S	



RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

Toshiba Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates are collectively referred to as "TOSHIBA". Hardware, software and systems described in this document are collectively referred to as "Product".

- · TOSHIBA reserves the right to make changes to the information in this document and related Product without notice.
- This document and any information herein may not be reproduced without prior written permission from TOSHIBA. Even with TOSHIBA's
 written permission, reproduction is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration/omission.
- Though TOSHIBA works continually to improve Product's quality and reliability, Product can malfunction or fail. Customers are responsible for complying with safety standards and for providing adequate designs and safeguards for their hardware, software and systems which minimize risk and avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of Product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property, including data loss or corruption. Before customers use the Product, create designs including the Product, or incorporate the Product into their own applications, customers must also refer to and comply with (a) the latest versions of all relevant TOSHIBA information, including without limitation, this document, the specifications, the data sheets and application notes for Product and the precautions and conditions set forth in the "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" and (b) the instructions for the application with which the Product will be used with or for. Customers are solely responsible for all aspects of their own product design or applications, including but not limited to (a) determining the appropriateness of the use of this Product in such design or applications; (b) evaluating and determining the applicability of any information contained in this document, or in charts, diagrams, programs, algorithms, sample application circuits, or any other referenced documents; and (c) validating all operating parameters for such designs and applications.
 TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR CUSTOMERS' PRODUCT DESIGN OR APPLICATIONS.
- PRODUCT IS NEITHER INTENDED NOR WARRANTED FOR USE IN EQUIPMENTS OR SYSTEMS THAT REQUIRE EXTRAORDINARILY HIGH LEVELS OF QUALITY AND/OR RELIABILITY, AND/OR A MALFUNCTION OR FAILURE OF WHICH MAY CAUSE LOSS OF HUMAN LIFE, BODILY INJURY, SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE AND/OR SERIOUS PUBLIC IMPACT ("UNINTENDED USE").
 - Except for specific applications as expressly stated in this document, Unintended Use includes, without limitation, equipment used in nuclear facilities, equipment used in the aerospace industry, lifesaving and/or life supporting medical equipment, equipment used for automobiles, trains, ships and other transportation, traffic signaling equipment, equipment used to control combustions or explosions, safety devices, elevators and escalators, and devices related to power plant.
 - IF YOU USE PRODUCT FOR UNINTENDED USE, TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR PRODUCT.

For details, please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative or contact us via our website.

- · Do not disassemble, analyze, reverse-engineer, alter, modify, translate or copy Product, whether in whole or in part.
- Product shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any
 applicable laws or regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as guidance for Product use. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringement of patents or any other intellectual property rights of third parties that may result from the use of Product. No license to any intellectual property right is granted by this document, whether express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise.
- ABSENT A WRITTEN SIGNED AGREEMENT, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THE RELEVANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE
 FOR PRODUCT, AND TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY LAW, TOSHIBA (1) ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER,
 INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES OR LOSS, INCLUDING
 WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF OPPORTUNITIES, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION AND LOSS OF DATA, AND
 (2) DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES AND CONDITIONS RELATED TO SALE, USE OF PRODUCT,
 OR INFORMATION, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
 PURPOSE, ACCURACY OF INFORMATION, OR NONINFRINGEMENT.
- GaAs (Gallium Arsenide) is used in Product. GaAs is harmful to humans if consumed or absorbed, whether in the form of dust or vapor.
 Handle with care and do not break, cut, crush, grind, dissolve chemically or otherwise expose GaAs in Product.
- Do not use or otherwise make available Product or related software or technology for any military purposes, including without limitation, for the design, development, use, stockpiling or manufacturing of nuclear, chemical, or biological weapons or missile technology products (mass destruction weapons). Product and related software and technology may be controlled under the applicable export laws and regulations including, without limitation, the Japanese Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law and the U.S. Export Administration Regulations. Export and re-export of Product or related software or technology are strictly prohibited except in compliance with all applicable export laws and regulations.
- Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS compatibility of Product.
 Please use Product in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES OR LOSSES OCCURRING AS A RESULT OF NONCOMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

TOSHIBA ELECTRONIC DEVICES & STORAGE CORPORATION

https://toshiba.semicon-storage.com/

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for High Speed Optocouplers category:

Click to view products by Toshiba manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

HCPL-2201-300 TLP558(F) JAN4N24 610737H HCPL2630M HCPL2731SM HCPL2630SM PS9817A-1-F3-AX EL816S2(C)(TU)-F TLP290(V4GBTP,SE(T PS9121-F3-AX PS9123-F3-AX HCPL2531S HCPL2631SD HCPL-4661-500E TLP118(TPL,E) TLP621-2XGB 4N46-300E JANTXV4N24U SFH6318T 6N135-300E TIL198 TLP2309(TPL,E) TLP2355(TPL,E TLP521-4GR TLP521-4XGB TLP621-4X TLP621XSM IS281-4GB IS181GR ICPL2631 ICPL2630 ICPL2531 ICPL2601 TLP2301(E(T TLP714(F) TLP754(F) FOD260LSDV ACPL-M21L-500E ACPL-064L-500E PS2501-1XSM PS2505-1 PS2561L2-1-F3-A PS2913-1-F3-AX PS9821-2-F3-AX FOD0721R2 FODM8061R2V 6N135SDM 6N137SDM 6N138-000E