Photocouplers Infrared LED & Photo IC

TLP5751

1. Applications

- Induction Cooktop and Home Appliances
- Industrial Inverters
- Air Conditioner Inverters
- MOSFET Gate Drivers
- IGBT Gate Drivers

2. General

The TLP5751 consists of an infrared LED and integrated high-gain, high-speed photodetector and is house in the 6-pin SO6L package.

The TLP5751 is 50 % smaller than the 8-pin DIP package and meets the reinforced insulation class requirements of international safety standards.

Therefore the mounting area can be reduced in equipment requiring the safety standard certification.

The TLP5751 has an internal faraday shield that provides a guaranteed common-mode transient immunity of ± 35 kV/µs.

In particular, the TLP5751 has rail to rail output, and this enables stable operation and better switching performance in system.

3. Features

- (1) Buffer logic type (totem pole output)
- (2) Output peak current: ± 1.0 A (max)
- (3) Operating temperature: -40 to 110 °C
- (4) Supply current: 3.0 mA (max)
- (5) Supply voltage: 15 to 30 V
- (6) Threshold input current: 4 mA (max)
- (7) Propagation delay time: 150 ns (max)
- (8) Common-mode transient immunity: $\pm 35 \text{ kV/}\mu s$ (min)
- (9) Isolation voltage: 5000 Vrms (min)
- (10) Safety standards

UL-recognized: UL 1577, File No.E67349

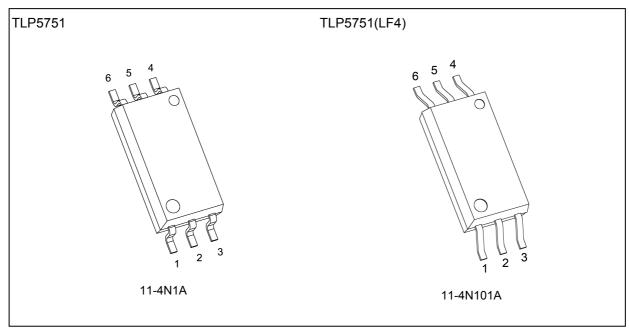
cUL-recognized: CSA Component Acceptance Service No.5A File No.E67349

VDE-approved: EN 60747-5-5, EN 62368-1 (Note 1)

CQC-approved: GB4943.1, GB8898 Japan and Thailand Factory

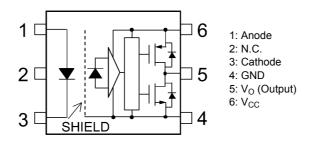
Note 1: When a VDE approved type is needed, please designate the Option (D4).

4. Packaging (Note)

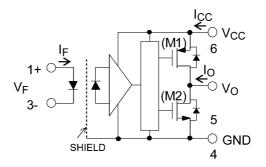


Note: Lead forming option: (LF4)

5. Pin Assignment



6. Internal Circuit (Note)



Note: A 1- μ F bypass capacitor must be connected between pin 6 and pin 4.

7. Principle of Operation

7.1. Truth Table

Input	LED	M1	M2	Output
Н	ON	ON	OFF	Н
L	OFF	OFF	ON	L

7.2. Mechanical Parameters

Characteristics	Size	Unit
Height	2.3 (max)	mm
Creepage distances	8.0 (min)	
Clearance distances	8.0 (min)	
Internal isolation thickness	0.4 (min)	

8. Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, $T_a = 25$ °C)

	Characteristics		Symbol	Note	Rating	Unit
LED	Input forward current		١ _F		20	mA
	Input forward current derating	(T _a ≥ 105 °C)	$\Delta I_F / \Delta T_a$		-1	mA/°C
	Peak transient input forward current		I _{FPT}	(Note 1)	1	A
	Peak transient input forward current derating	$(T_a \ge 85 \ ^\circ C)$	$\Delta I_{FPT} / \Delta T_a$		-25	mA/°C
	Input reverse voltage		V _R		5	V
	Input power dissipation		PD		40	mW
	Input power dissipation derating	$(T_a \ge 85 \ ^\circ C)$	$\Delta P_D / \Delta T_a$		-1.0	mW/°C
	Junction temperature		Tj		125	°C
Detector	Peak high-level output current	(T _a = -40 to 110 °C)	I _{OPH}	(Note 2)	-1.0	A
	Peak low-level output current	(T _a = -40 to 110 °C)	I _{OPL}	(Note 2)	+1.0	
	Output voltage		Vo		35	V
	Supply voltage		V _{CC}		35	
	Output power dissipation		Po		450	mW
	Output power dissipation derating	$(T_a \ge 85 \ ^\circ C)$	$\Delta P_0 / \Delta T_a$		-4.5	mW/°C
	Junction temperature		Tj		125	°C
Common	Operating temperature		T _{opr}		-40 to 110	
	Storage temperature		T _{stg}		-55 to 125	
	Lead soldering temperature	(10 s)	T _{sol}	(Note 3)	260	
	Isolation voltage	AC, 60 s, R.H. \leq 60 %	BVS	(Note 4)	5000	Vrms

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings. Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 1: Pulse width (PW) \leq 1 $\mu s,\,300$ pps

Note 2: Exponential waveform. Pulse width \leq 2 $\mu s,\,f\leq$ 15 kHz

Note 3: \geq 2 mm below seating plane.

Note 4: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1, 2 and 3 are shorted together, and pins 4, 5 and 6 are shorted together.

9. Recommended Operating Conditions (Note)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input on-state current	I _{F(ON)}	(Note 1)	6	_	15	mA
Input off-state voltage	V _{F(OFF)}		0		0.8	V
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	(Note 2)	15	_	30	
Peak high-level output current	I _{OPH}		_	_	-1.0	А
Peak low-level output current	I _{OPL}		_	_	+1.0	
Operating frequency	f	(Note 3)	_	_	50	kHz

Note: The recommended operating conditions are given as a design guide necessary to obtain the intended performance of the device. Each parameter is an independent value. When creating a system design using this device, the electrical characteristics specified in this datasheet should also be considered.

Note: A ceramic capacitor (1 μ F) should be connected between pin 6 (V_{CC}) and pin 4 (GND) to stabilize the operation of a high-gain linear amplifier. Otherwise, this photocoupler may not switch properly. The bypass capacitor should be placed within 1 cm of each pin.

Note 1: The rise and fall times of the input on-current should be less than 0.5 $\mu\text{s}.$

Note 2: Denotes the operating range, not the recommended operating condition.

Note 3: Exponential waveform. I_{OPH} \geq -1.0 A (\leq 90 ns), I_{OPL} \leq 1.0 A (\leq 90 ns), T_a = 110 °C

10. Electrical Characteristics (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, Ta = -40 to 110 °C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input forward voltage	V _F			I _F = 10 mA, T _a = 25 °C	1.45	1.55	1.70	V
Input forward voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T_a$			I _F = 10 mA	—	-1.8	_	mV/°C
Input reverse current	I _R			V _R = 5 V, T _a = 25 °C	_	—	10	μA
Input capacitance	Ct			V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T_a = 25 °C	_	60	_	pF
Peak high-level output current	I _{OPH}	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.1	I _F = 5 mA, V _{CC} = 30 V, V ₆₋₅ = -3.5 V	—	_	-0.5	A
				I _F = 5 mA, V _{CC} = 15 V, V ₆₋₅ = -7 V	—	—	-1.0	
Peak low-level output current	I _{OPL}	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.2	I _F = 0 mA, V _{CC} = 30 V, V ₅₋₄ = 2.5 V	0.5	—	_	
				I _F = 0 mA, V _{CC} = 15 V, V ₅₋₄ = 7 V	1.0	—	_	
High-level output voltage	V _{OH}		Fig. 13.1.3	$I_F = 4 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V},$ $I_O = -100 \text{ mA}$	14.7	14.9	—	V
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL}		Fig. 13.1.4	$V_{F} = 0.8 V, V_{CC} = 15 V,$ $I_{O} = 100 mA$	—	0.07	0.2	
High-level supply current	I _{CCH}		Fig. 13.1.5	I_F = 10 mA, V_{CC} = 30 V, V_O = Open	—	1.8	3.0	mA
Low-level supply current	I _{CCL}		Fig. 13.1.6	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V},$ $V_O = \text{Open}$	—	1.7	3.0	
Threshold input current (L/H)	I _{FLH}			V _{CC} = 15 V, V _O > 1 V	_	1.4	4	
Threshold input voltage (H/L)	V _{FHL}			V _{CC} = 15 V, V _O < 1 V	0.8	_	_	V
Supply voltage	V _{CC}				15	_	30	
UVLO threshold voltage	V _{UVLO+}			I _F = 5 mA, V _O > 2.5 V	12.1	12.7	13.5	
	V _{UVLO-}			I _F = 5 mA, V _O < 2.5 V	11.1	11.7	12.4	
UVLO hysteresis	UVLO _{HYS}			_	_	1.0	_	

Note: All typical values are at $T_a = 25$ °C.

Note: This device is designed for low power consumption, making it more sensitive to ESD than its predecessors. Extra care should be taken in the design of circuitry and pc board implementation to avoid ESD problems.

Note 1: I_O application time \leq 50 $\mu s;$ single pulse.

11. Isolation Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, $T_a = 25$ °C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Total capacitance (input to output)	Cs	(Note 1)	V _S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		1.0	_	pF
Isolation resistance	R _S	(Note 1)	V_{S} = 500 V, R.H. \leq 60 %	10 ¹²	1014	_	Ω
Isolation voltage	BVS	(Note 1)	AC, 60 s	5000	_	_	Vrms

Note 1: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1, 2 and 3 are shorted together, and pins 4, 5 and 6 are shorted together.

12. Switching Characteristics (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, Ta = -40 to 110 °C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time (L/H)	t _{pLH}	(Note 1)	Fig. 13.1.7	$ I_F = 0 \rightarrow 10 \text{ mA}, \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 30 \text{ V}, \\ \text{R}_g = 10 \Omega, \text{C}_g = 25 \text{ nF} $	50	_	150	ns
Propagation delay time (H/L)	t _{pHL}			$ I_F = 10 \rightarrow 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, \\ R_g = 10 \Omega, C_g = 25 \text{ nF} $	50	_	150	
Rise time	t _r	(Note 1)	с -	$ I_F = 0 \rightarrow 10 \text{ mA}, \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 30 \text{ V}, \\ \text{R}_g = 10 \Omega, \text{C}_g = 25 \text{ nF} $	_	15	_	
Fall time	t _f	(Note 1)	о	$ I_F = 10 \rightarrow 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, \\ R_g = 10 \Omega, C_g = 25 \text{ nF} $	_	8	_	
Pulse width distortion	t _{pHL} -t _{pLH}	(Note 1)		$I_F = 0 \leftrightarrow 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V},$	_	_	50	
Propagation delay skew (device to device)	t _{psk}	(Note 1), (Note 2)		R _g = 10 Ω, C _g = 25 nF	-80	_	80	
High-level common-mode transient immunity	CM _H	(Note 3)	Fig. 13.1.8		±35	±40	_	kV/μs
Low-level common-mode transient immunity	CML	(Note 4)		$V_{CM} = 1000 V_{p-p}, I_F = 0 mA, V_{CC} = 30 V, T_a = 25 °C, V_{O(max)} = 1 V$	±35	±40	—	

Note: All typical values are at $T_a = 25$ °C.

Note 1: Input signal (f = 25 kHz, duty = 50 %, $t_r = t_f = 5$ ns or less).

C_L is less than 15 pF which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

Note 2: The propagation delay skew, t_{psk}, is equal to the magnitude of the worst-case difference in t_{pHL} and/or t_{pLH} that will be seen between units at the same given conditions (supply voltage, input current, temperature, etc).

Note 3: CM_H is the maximum rate of fall of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic high state (V_O > 26 V).

Note 4: CM_L is the maximum rate of rise of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic low state (V_O < 1 V).

13. Test Circuits and Characteristics Curves

13.1. Test Circuits

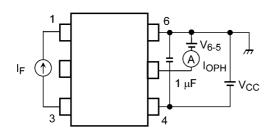


Fig. 13.1.1 I_{OPH} Test Circuit

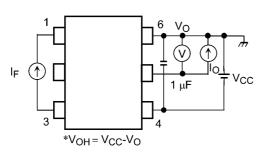


Fig. 13.1.3 V_{OH} Test Circuit

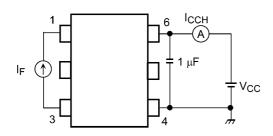


Fig. 13.1.5 I_{CCH} Test Circuit

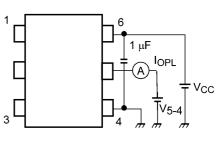


Fig. 13.1.2 I_{OPL} Test Circuit

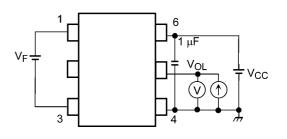


Fig. 13.1.4 V_{OL} Test Circuit

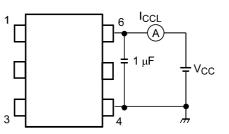


Fig. 13.1.6 I_{CCL} Test Circuit

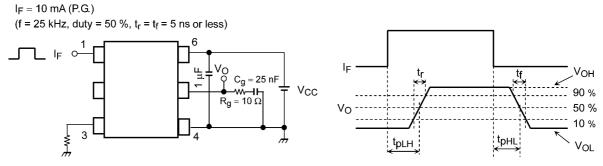


Fig. 13.1.7 Switching Time Test Circuit and Waveform



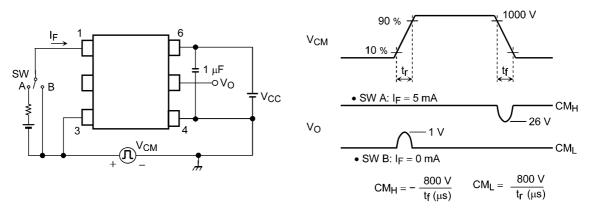
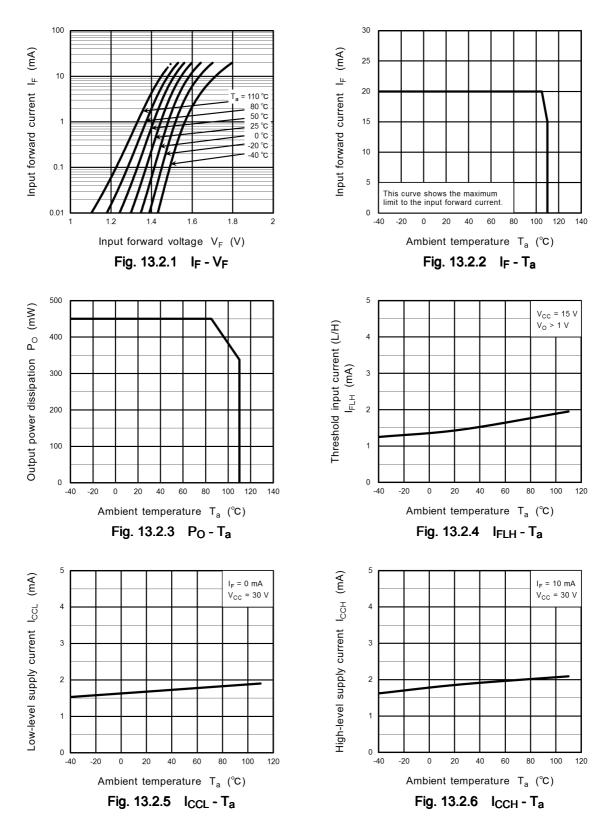
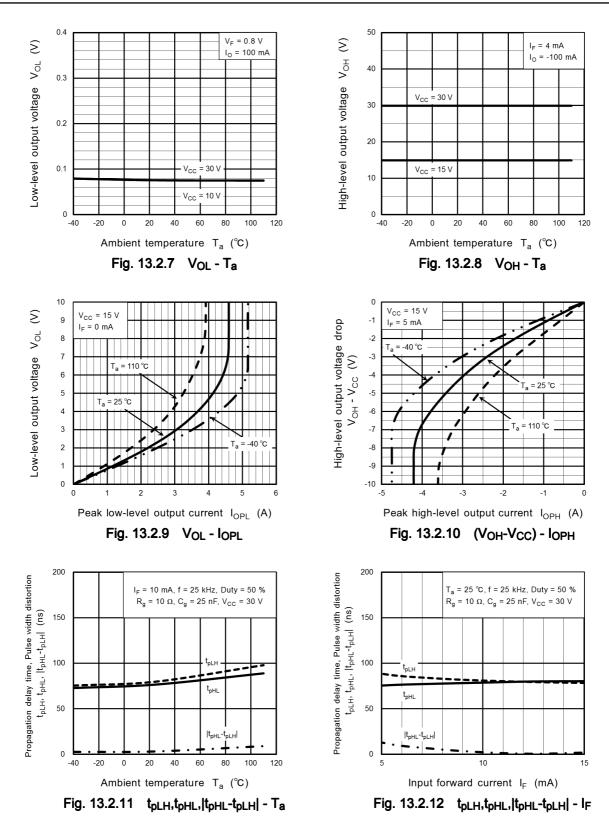


Fig. 13.1.8 Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit and Waveform

13.2. Characteristics Curves (Note)





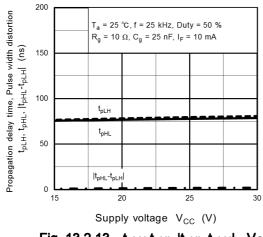
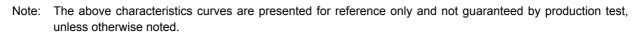


Fig. 13.2.13 tpLH,tpHL,|tpHL-tpLH| - VCC



14. Soldering and Storage

14.1. Precautions for Soldering

The soldering temperature should be controlled as closely as possible to the conditions shown below, irrespective of whether a soldering iron or a reflow soldering method is used.

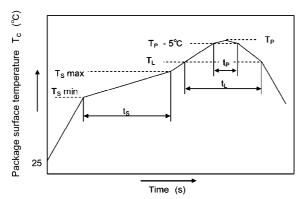
• When using soldering reflow.

The soldering temperature profile is based on the package surface temperature.

(See the figure shown below, which is based on the package surface temperature.)

Reflow soldering must be performed once or twice.

The mounting should be completed with the interval from the first to the last mountings being 2 weeks.



	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Preheat temperature	Ts	150	200	°C
Preheat time	ts	60	120	s
Ramp-up rate (T_L to T_P)			3	°C/s
Liquidus temperature	TL	217		°C
Time above T_L	tL	60	150	S
Peak temperature	Τ _Ρ		260	°C
Time during which T_c is between (T _P – 5) and T _P	t₽		30	S
Ramp-down rate $(T_P \text{ to } T_L)$			6	°C/s

Fig. 14.1.1 An example of a temperature profile when lead(Pb)-free solder is used

When using soldering flow

Preheat the device at a temperature of 150 $^{\circ}$ C (package surface temperature) for 60 to 120 seconds. Mounting condition of 260 $^{\circ}$ C within 10 seconds is recommended.

Flow soldering must be performed once.

When using soldering Iron

Complete soldering within 10 seconds for lead temperature not exceeding 260 °C or within 3 seconds not exceeding 350 °C

Heating by soldering iron must be done only once per lead.

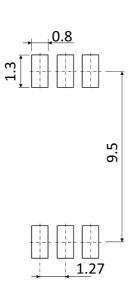
14.2. Precautions for General Storage

- Avoid storage locations where devices may be exposed to moisture or direct sunlight.
- Follow the precautions printed on the packing label of the device for transportation and storage.
- Keep the storage location temperature and humidity within a range of 5 °C to 35 °C and 45 % to 75 %, respectively.
- Do not store the products in locations with poisonous gases (especially corrosive gases) or in dusty conditions.
- Store the products in locations with minimal temperature fluctuations. Rapid temperature changes during storage can cause condensation, resulting in lead oxidation or corrosion, which will deteriorate the solderability of the leads.
- When restoring devices after removal from their packing, use anti-static containers.
- Do not allow loads to be applied directly to devices while they are in storage.
- If devices have been stored for more than two years under normal storage conditions, it is recommended that you check the leads for ease of soldering prior to use.

15. Land Pattern Dimensions (for reference only)

Unit: mm

TLP5751





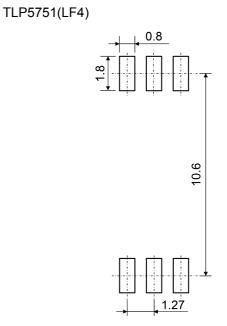
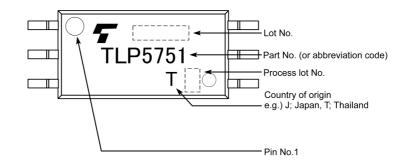


Fig. 15.2 Lead Forming Option (LF4)

16. Marking



17. EN 60747-5-5 Option (D4) Specification

- Part number: TLP5751 (Note 1)
- The following part naming conventions are used for the devices that have been qualified according to option (D4) of EN 60747.

Example: TLP5751(D4-TP,E

D4: EN 60747 option TP: Tape type E: [[G]]/RoHS COMPATIBLE **(Note 2)**

Note 1: Use TOSHIBA standard type number for safety standard application.

e.g., TLP5751(D4-TP,E \rightarrow TLP5751

Note 2: Please contact your Toshiba sales representative for details on environmental information such as the product's RoHS compatibility.

RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

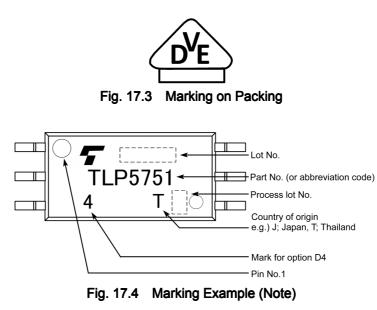
Description	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Application classification			
for rated mains voltage \leq 600 Vrms for rated mains voltage \leq 1000 Vrms		I-IV I-III	_
Climatic classification		40 / 110 / 21	_
Pollution degree		2	
Maximum operating insulation voltage	VIORM	1230	Vpeak
Input to output test voltage, Method A Vpr = 1.6 × VIORM, type and sample test tp = 10 s, partial discharge < 5 pC	Vpr	1970	Vpeak
Input to output test voltage, Method B Vpr = 1.875 × VIORM, 100 % production test tp = 1 s, partial discharge < 5 pC	Vpr	2310	Vpeak
Highest permissible overvoltage (transient overvoltage, t _{pr} = 60 s)	Vtr	8000	Vpeak
Safety limiting values (max. permissible ratings in case of fault, also refer to thermal derating curve) current (input current IF, P _{so} = 0) power (output or total power dissipation) temperature	lsi Pso Ts	300 700 150	mA mW °C
Insulation resistance VIO = 500 V, Ta = 25 °C VIO = 500 V, Ta = 100 °C VIO = 500 V, Ta = Ts	Rsi	$\ge 10^{12}$ $\ge 10^{11}$ $\ge 10^{9}$	Ω

Fig. 17.1 EN 60747 Insulation Characteristics

Minimum creepage distance	Cr	8.0 mm
Minimum clearance	CI	8.0 mm
Minimum insulation thickness	ti	0.4 mm
Comparative tracking index	CTI	175

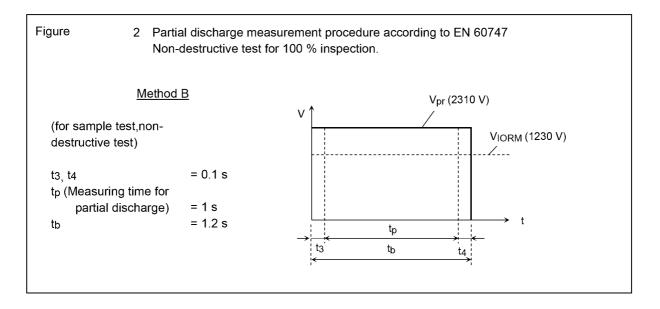
Fig. 17.2 Insulation Related Specifications (Note)

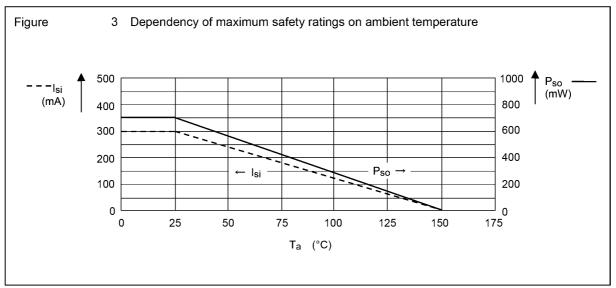
Note: This photocoupler is suitable for safe electrical isolation only within the safety limit data. Maintenance of the safety data shall be ensured by means of protective circuits.



Note: The above marking is applied to the photocouplers that have been qualified according to option (D4) of EN 60747.

0		asurement procedure according to EN 60747 ualification and sampling tests.
Metho	<u>d A</u>	VINITIAL (8 kV)
(for type and sampling destructive tests)	tests,	V V _{pr} (1970 V)
t1, t2	= 1 to 10 s	VIORM (1230 V)
t3, t4	= 1 s	
tp (Measuring time for		
partial discharge)	= 10 s	$0 \xrightarrow{\mu} t$
tb	= 12 s	t_3 t_p t_4
tini	= 60 s	t1 tini t2 to





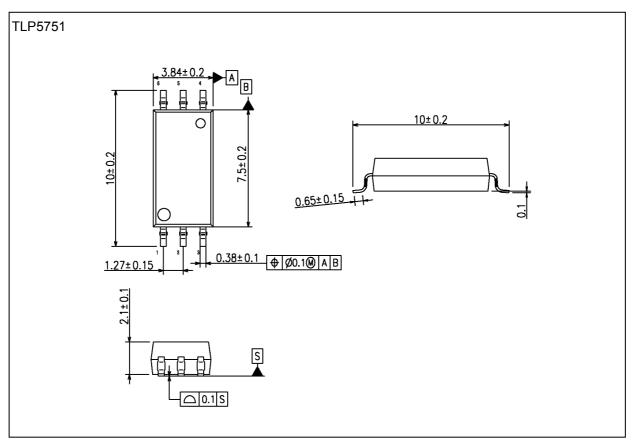


18. Ordering Information (Example of Item Name)

Item Name	Packaging	VDE Option	Packing (MOQ)
TLP5751(E			Magazine (125 pcs)
TLP5751(TP,E			Tape and reel (1500 pcs)
TLP5751(D4,E		EN 60747-5-5	Magazine (125 pcs)
TLP5751(D4-TP,E		EN 60747-5-5	Tape and reel (1500 pcs)
TLP5751(LF4,E	LF4, Wide forming		Magazine (125 pcs)
TLP5751(TP4,E	LF4, Wide forming		Tape and reel (1500 pcs)
TLP5751(D4-LF4,E	LF4, Wide forming	EN 60747-5-5	Magazine (125 pcs)
TLP5751(D4-TP4,E	LF4, Wide forming	EN 60747-5-5	Tape and reel (1500 pcs)

Package Dimensions

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.126 g (typ.)

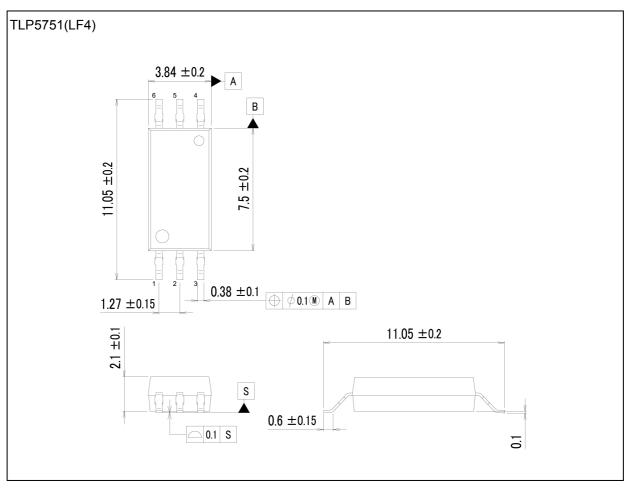
Package Name(s)

TOSHIBA: 11-4N1A

Package Dimensions

Unit: mm

TLP5751



Weight: 0.126 g (typ.)

Package Name(s) TOSHIBA: 11-4N101A

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

Toshiba Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates are collectively referred to as "TOSHIBA". Hardware, software and systems described in this document are collectively referred to as "Product".

- TOSHIBA reserves the right to make changes to the information in this document and related Product without notice.
- This document and any information herein may not be reproduced without prior written permission from TOSHIBA. Even with TOSHIBA's
 written permission, reproduction is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration/omission.
- Though TOSHIBA works continually to improve Product's quality and reliability, Product can malfunction or fail. Customers are responsible for complying with safety standards and for providing adequate designs and safeguards for their hardware, software and systems which minimize risk and avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of Product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property, including data loss or corruption. Before customers use the Product, create designs including the Product, or incorporate the Product into their own applications, customers must also refer to and comply with (a) the latest versions of all relevant TOSHIBA information, including without limitation, this document, the specifications, the data sheets and application notes for Product and the precautions and conditions set forth in the "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" and (b) the instructions for the applications, including but not limited to (a) determining the appropriateness of the use of this Product in such design or applications; (b) evaluating and determining the applicability of any information contained in this document, or in charts, diagrams, programs, algorithms, sample application circuits, or any other referenced documents; and (c) validating all operating parameters for such designs and applications.
- PRODUCT IS NEITHER INTENDED NOR WARRANTED FOR USE IN EQUIPMENTS OR SYSTEMS THAT REQUIRE EXTRAORDINARILY HIGH LEVELS OF QUALITY AND/OR RELIABILITY, AND/OR A MALFUNCTION OR FAILURE OF WHICH MAY CAUSE LOSS OF HUMAN LIFE, BODILY INJURY, SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE AND/OR SERIOUS PUBLIC IMPACT ("UNINTENDED USE").

Except for specific applications as expressly stated in this document, Unintended Use includes, without limitation, equipment used in nuclear facilities, equipment used in the aerospace industry, lifesaving and/or life supporting medical equipment, equipment used for automobiles, trains, ships and other transportation, traffic signaling equipment, equipment used to control combustions or explosions, safety devices, elevators and escalators, and devices related to power plant.

IF YOU USE PRODUCT FOR UNINTENDED USE, TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR PRODUCT. For details, please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative or contact us via our website.

- · Do not disassemble, analyze, reverse-engineer, alter, modify, translate or copy Product, whether in whole or in part.
- Product shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any
 applicable laws or regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as guidance for Product use. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringement of patents or any other intellectual property rights of third parties that may result from the use of Product. No license to any intellectual property right is granted by this document, whether express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise.
- ABSENT A WRITTEN SIGNED AGREEMENT, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THE RELEVANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE FOR PRODUCT, AND TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY LAW, TOSHIBA (1) ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES OR LOSS, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF OPPORTUNITIES, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION AND LOSS OF DATA, AND (2) DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES AND CONDITIONS RELATED TO SALE, USE OF PRODUCT, OR INFORMATION, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ACCURACY OF INFORMATION, OR NONINFRINGEMENT.
- GaAs (Gallium Arsenide) is used in Product. GaAs is harmful to humans if consumed or absorbed, whether in the form of dust or vapor. Handle with care and do not break, cut, crush, grind, dissolve chemically or otherwise expose GaAs in Product.
- Do not use or otherwise make available Product or related software or technology for any military purposes, including without limitation, for the design, development, use, stockpiling or manufacturing of nuclear, chemical, or biological weapons or missile technology products (mass destruction weapons). Product and related software and technology may be controlled under the applicable export laws and regulations including, without limitation, the Japanese Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law and the U.S. Export Administration Regulations. Export and re-export of Product or related software or technology are strictly prohibited except in compliance with all applicable export laws and regulations.
- Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS compatibility of Product. Please use Product in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES OR LOSSES OCCURRING AS A RESULT OF NONCOMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

TOSHIBA ELECTRONIC DEVICES & STORAGE CORPORATION https://toshiba.semicon-storage.com/

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Logic Output Opto-couplers category:

Click to view products by Toshiba manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

 CPC1590P
 TLP705A(F)
 TLP700A(F)
 FOD3150
 VO3120-X001
 ACPL-W343-560E
 ACPL-W340-560E
 H11L2S(TA)-V
 ACNW3410-500E

 ACPL-P347-500E
 ACPL-P347-560E
 ACNT-H343-500E
 H11L1S(TA)
 H11L3SR2M
 HCPL3700SD
 HCPL-J312-000E
 TLP155E(TPL,E)

 TLP2345(E(T
 TLP350H(F)
 TLP701AF(F)
 FOD8333
 TLP351H(F)
 TLP5214(TP,E(O
 TLP5702(TP,E
 TLP351H(TP1,F)

 FOD3120SDV
 FOD8160
 FOD3184TSR2V
 6N140A#300
 6N140A/883B
 HCPL-0466-500E
 HCPL-6750
 TLP700AF(F)
 TLP152(TPL,E

 HCPL-5730
 OPIA804DTUE
 8302401EA
 H11L1
 HCPL-3700
 TLP251(F)
 TLP250(F)
 VO3150A-X017T
 TLP5214A(D4-TP,E
 ACPL-P314

 000E
 FOD8333R2
 ACNW3190-300E
 ACPL-32JT-500E
 ACPL-3130-000E
 ACPL-331J-500E