

## NPN SILICON TRANSISTOR

# NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTOR

### DESCRIPTION

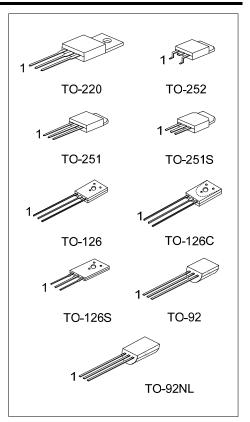
These devices are designed for high-voltage, high-speed power switching inductive circuits where fall time is critical. They are particularly suited for 115 and 220V applications in switch mode.

### FEATURES

- \* Reverse biased SOA with inductive load @  $T_{\rm C}\text{=}100^{\circ}\text{C}$
- \* Inductive switching matrix 0.5 ~ 1.5 Amp, 25 and 100°C
- Typical  $t_{\rm C}$  = 290ns @ 1A, 100°C.
- \* 700V blocking capability

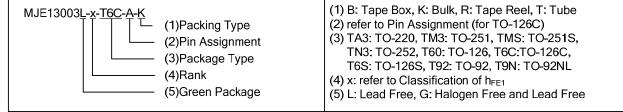
### APPLICATIONS

- \* Switching regulator's, inverters
- \* Motor controls
- \* Solenoid/relay drivers
- \* Deflection circuits

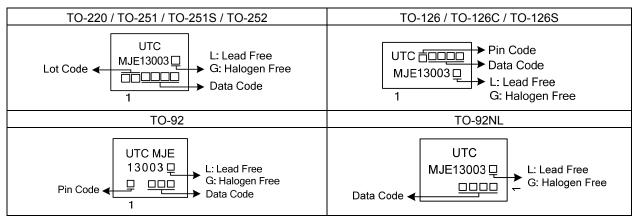


### ORDERING INFORMATION

| Ordering                      | Daakaga                 | Pin Assignment |   |   | Dealing |           |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---|---|---------|-----------|
| Lead Free                     | Halogen-Free            | Package        | 1 | 2 | 3       | Packing   |
| MJE13003L-x-TA3-T             | MJE13003G-x-TA3-T       | TO-220         | В | С | E       | Tube      |
| MJE13003L-x-TM3-T             | MJE13003G-x-TM3-T       | TO-251         | В | С | E       | Tube      |
| MJE13003L-x-TMS-T             | MJE13003G-x-TMS-T       | TO-251S        | В | С | E       | Tube      |
| MJE13003L-x-TN3-R             | MJE13003G-x-TN3-R       | TO-252         | В | С | E       | Tape Reel |
| MJE13003L-x-T60-K             | MJE13003G-x-T60-K       | TO-126         | В | С | E       | Bulk      |
| MJE13003L-x-T6C-A-K           | MJE13003G-x-T6C-A-K     | TO-126C        | Е | С | В       | Bulk      |
| MJE13003L-x-T6C-K             | MJE13003G-x-T6C-K       | TO-126C        | В | С | E       | Bulk      |
| MJE13003L-x-T6S-K             | MJE13003G-x-T6S-K       | TO-126S        | В | С | E       | Bulk      |
| MJE13003L-x-T92-B             | MJE13003G-x-T92-B       | TO-92          | Е | С | В       | Tape Box  |
| MJE13003L-x-T92-K             | MJE13003G-x-T92-K       | TO-92          | Е | С | В       | Bulk      |
| MJE13003L-x-T92-F-B           | MJE13003G-x-T92-F-B     | TO-92          | В | С | E       | Tape Box  |
| MJE13003L-x-T92-F-K           | MJE13003G-x-T92-F-K     | TO-92          | В | С | E       | Bulk      |
| MJE13003L-x-T9N-B             | MJE13003G-x-T9N-B       | TO-92NL        | Е | С | В       | Tape Box  |
| MJE13003L-x-T9N-K             | MJE13003G-x- T9N-K      | TO-92NL        | Е | С | В       | Bulk      |
| Note: Pin Assignment: B: Base | C: Collector E: Emitter |                |   |   |         |           |



#### MARKING





### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| PARAMETER              |  |                           | SYMBOL                | RATINGS    | UNIT |
|------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------|
| Collector-Emitter V    | Collector-Emitter Voltage                    |                           | V <sub>CEO(SUS)</sub> | 400        | V    |
| Collector-Base Voltage |  |                           | V <sub>CBO</sub>      | 700        | V    |
| Collector-Emitter V    | oltage (V <sub>BE</sub>                      | <u></u> =0)               | V <sub>CES</sub>      | 700        | V    |
| Emitter Base Voltag    | ge   |                           | V <sub>EBO</sub>      | 9          | V    |
| Continuous             |  | Ιc                        | 1.5                   | — A        |      |
| Collector Current      |  | Peak (1)                  | I <sub>CM</sub>       | см 3       |      |
| Daga Current           |  | Continuous                | I <sub>B</sub>        | 0.75       |      |
| Base Current           |  | Peak (1)                  | I <sub>BM</sub>       | 1.5        | A    |
| Emitter Current        |  | Continuous                | I <sub>E</sub> 2.25   |            | •    |
|                        |  | Peak (1)                  | I <sub>EM</sub>       | 4.5        | A    |
|                        | T <sub>A</sub> =25°C<br>T <sub>C</sub> =25°C | TO-126/TO-126C<br>TO-126S |                       | 1.4        | W    |
|                        |  | TO-92/TO-92NL             |                       | 1.1        | W    |
|                        |  | TO-220                    |                       | 2          | W    |
|                        |  | TO-251/TO-251S<br>TO-252  |                       | 1.56       | W    |
| Power Dissipation      |  | TO-126/TO-126C<br>TO-126S | P <sub>D</sub>        | 20         | W    |
|                        |  | TO-92/TO-92NL             |                       | 1.5        | W    |
|                        |  | TO-220                    | 1                     | 40         |      |
|                        |  | TO-251/TO-251S<br>TO-252  |                       | 25         | W    |
| Junction Temperati     | ure  |                           | TJ                    | +150       | °C   |
| Storage Temperatu      | ire  |                           | T <sub>STG</sub>      | -55 ~ +150 | °C   |

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.



## NPN SILICON TRANSISTOR

| PARAMETER   |  | SYMBOL                | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN       | TYP    | MAX    | UNIT |  |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|-----------|--------|--------|------|--|
| OFF CHARACTERISTICS (Note)                        |  |                       | •  |           |        |        |      |  |
| Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage              |  | V <sub>CEO(SUS)</sub> | I <sub>C</sub> =10mA , I <sub>B</sub> =0   | 400       |        |        | V    |  |
| Collector Cutoff Current                          | T <sub>C</sub> =25°C<br>T <sub>C</sub> =100°C                    | I <sub>CEO</sub>      | V <sub>CEO</sub> =Rated Value,<br>V <sub>BE(OFF)</sub> =1.5 V                    |           |        | 1<br>5 | mA   |  |
| Emitter Cutoff Current                            |  | I <sub>EBO</sub>      | $V_{\text{EB}}=9V, I_{\text{C}}=0$   |           |        | 1      | mA   |  |
| SECOND BREAKDOWN                                  |  |                       |  |           |        |        |      |  |
| Second Breakdown Collector Current forward biased | with bass  | ls/b                  |  | See Fig.5 |        |        |      |  |
| Clamped Inductive SOA with base rev               | erse biased  | RB <sub>SOA</sub>     |  | S         | ee Fig | .6     |      |  |
| ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note)                         |  |                       |  |           | ÷      |        |      |  |
| DC Current Gain                                   |  | h <sub>FE1</sub>      | I <sub>C</sub> =0.5A, V <sub>CE</sub> =5V  | 14        |        | 57     |      |  |
|   |  | h <sub>FE2</sub>      | $I_C=1A$ , $V_{CE}=5V$   | 5         |        | 30     |      |  |
|   |  |                       | I <sub>C</sub> =0.5A, I <sub>B</sub> =0.1A                                       |           |        | 0.5    | - V  |  |
| Collector Emitter Seturation Voltage              |  | V                     | I <sub>C</sub> =1A, I <sub>B</sub> =0.25A  |           |        | 1      |      |  |
| Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage              |  | V <sub>CE(SAT)</sub>  | I <sub>C</sub> =1.5A, I <sub>B</sub> =0.5A                                       |           |        | 3      |      |  |
|   |  |                       | I <sub>C</sub> =1A, I <sub>B</sub> =0.25A, T <sub>C</sub> =100°C                 |           |        | 1      |      |  |
|   |  | V <sub>BE(SAT)</sub>  | I <sub>C</sub> =0.5A, I <sub>B</sub> =0.1A                                       |           |        | 1      |      |  |
| Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage                   | I <sub>C</sub> =1A, I <sub>B</sub> =0.25A                        |                       |  |           | 1.2    |        |      |  |
|   | I <sub>C</sub> =1A, I <sub>B</sub> =0.25A, T <sub>C</sub> =100°C |                       |  |           | 1.1    |        |      |  |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS                           |  |                       |  |           |        |        |      |  |
| Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product                    |  | f⊤                    | I <sub>C</sub> =100mA, V <sub>CE</sub> =10V, f=1MHz                              | 4         | 10     |        | MHz  |  |
| Output Capacitance                                |  | C <sub>OB</sub>       | V <sub>CB</sub> =10V, I <sub>E</sub> =0, f=0.1MHz                                |           | 21     |        | рF   |  |
| SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS                         |  |                       |  |           |        |        |      |  |
| Resistive Load (Table 1)                          |  |                       |  |           |        |        |      |  |
| Delay Time  |  | t <sub>D</sub>        |  |           | 0.05   | 0.1    | μs   |  |
| Rise Time<br>Storage Time<br>Fall Time            |  | t <sub>R</sub>        | V <sub>CC</sub> =125V, I <sub>C</sub> =1A, <sub>B1</sub> =I <sub>B2</sub> =0.2A, |           | 0.5    | 1      | μs   |  |
|   |  | t <sub>s</sub>        | t <sub>P</sub> =25µs, Duty Cycle≤1%  |           | 2      | 4      | μs   |  |
|   |  | t <sub>F</sub>        |  |           | 0.4    | 0.7    | μs   |  |
| Inductive Load, Clamped (Table 1)                 |  |                       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |           |        |        |      |  |
| Storage Time                                      |  | t <sub>stg</sub>      |  |           | 1.7    | 4      | μs   |  |
| Crossover Time                                    |  | t <sub>C</sub>        | $ I_{C}=1A, V_{CLAMP}=300V, I_{B1}=0.2A,$  |           | 0.29   | 0.75   | μs   |  |
| Fall Time   |  | t <sub>F</sub>        | $-V_{BE(OFF)}=5V_{DC}, T_{C}=100^{\circ}C$                                       |           | 0.15   |        | μs   |  |
| Nata: Dulas Test: DW-200us, Duty O                |  |                       |  |           |        |        |      |  |

### ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>c</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Note: Pulse Test: PW=300µs, Duty Cycle≤2%

## ■ CLASSIFICATION OF h<sub>FE1</sub>

| RANK  | А       | В       | С       | D       | Е       | F       | G       | Н       |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| RANGE | 14 ~ 22 | 21 ~ 27 | 26 ~ 32 | 31 ~ 37 | 36 ~ 42 | 41 ~ 47 | 46 ~ 52 | 51 ~ 57 |



### APPLICATION INFORMATION

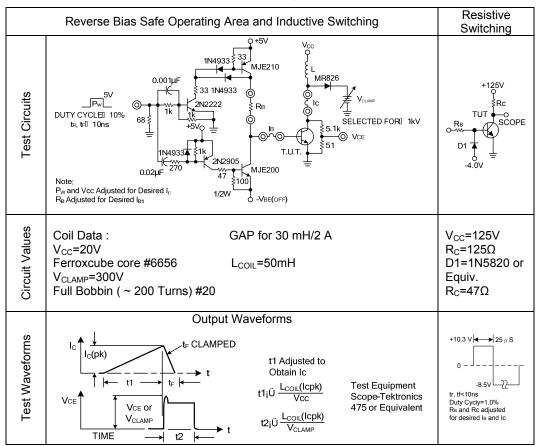


 Table 1.Test Conditions for Dynamic Performance

| Table 2. T | ypical Inductive | e Switching | Performance |
|------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|
|------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|

| Ic  | Tc   | t <sub>sv</sub> | t <sub>RV</sub> | t <sub>Fl</sub> | t <sub>⊤i</sub> | tc   |
|-----|------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| (A) | (°C) | (µs)            | (µs)            | (μs)            | (µs)            | (µs) |
| 0.5 | 25   | 1.3             | 0.23            | 0.30            | 0.35            | 0.30 |
|     | 100  | 1.6             | 0.26            | 0.30            | 0.40            | 0.36 |
| 1   | 25   | 1.5             | 0.10            | 0.14            | 0.05            | 0.16 |
|     | 100  | 1.7             | 0.13            | 0.26            | 0.06            | 0.29 |
| 1.5 | 25   | 1.8             | 0.07            | 0.10            | 0.05            | 0.16 |
|     | 100  | 3               | 0.08            | 0.22            | 0.08            | 0.28 |

Note: All Data Recorded in the Inductive Switching Circuit in Table 1

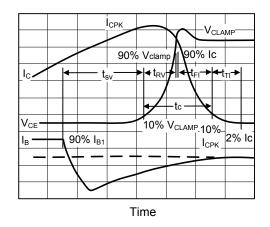


Fig.1 Inductive Switching Measurements



### SWITCHING TIMES NOTE

In resistive switching circuits, rise, fall, and storage times have been defined and apply to both current and voltage waveforms since they are in phase. However, for inductive loads, which are common to switch mode power supplies and hammer drivers, current and voltage waveforms are not in phase. Therefore, separate measurements must be made on each waveform to determine the total switching time. For this reason, the following new terms have been defined.

 $t_{\text{SV}}$  = Voltage Storage Time, 90%  $I_{\text{B1}}$  to 10%  $V_{\text{CLAMP}}$ 

 $t_{RV}$  = Voltage Rise Time, 10 ~ 90% V<sub>CLAMP</sub>

 $t_{FI}$ = Current Fall Time, 90 ~ 10% I<sub>C</sub>

 $t_{TI}$  = Current Tail, 10 ~ 2%  $I_{C}$ 

 $t_{C}$  = Crossover Time, 10%  $V_{CLAMP}$  to 10%  $I_{C}$ 

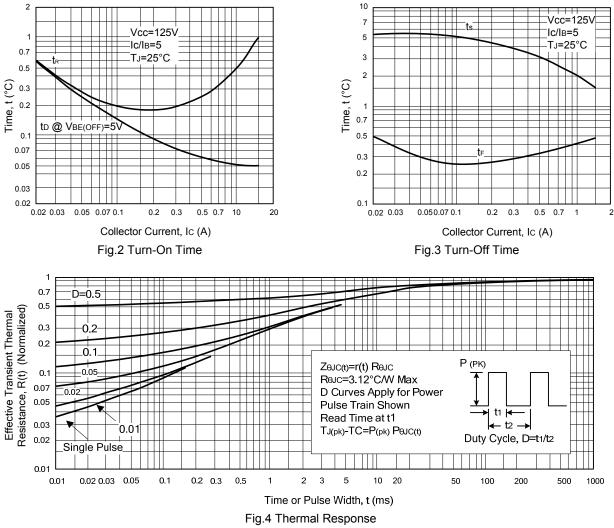
For the designer, there is minimal switching loss during storage time and the predominant switching power losses occur during the crossover interval and can be obtained using the standard equation:

 $P_{SWT} = 1/2 V_{CC}I_{C} (t_{C}) f$ 

In general,  $t_{RV} + t_{FI} \approx t_C$ . However, at lower test currents this relationship may not be valid.

As is common with most switching transistors, resistive switching is specified at 25°C and has become a benchmark for designers. However, for designers of high frequency converter circuits, the user oriented specifications which make this transistor are the inductive switching speeds ( $t_c$  and  $t_{sv}$ ) which are guaranteed at 100°C.







### SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

#### FORWARD BIAS

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate  $I_{C}-V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

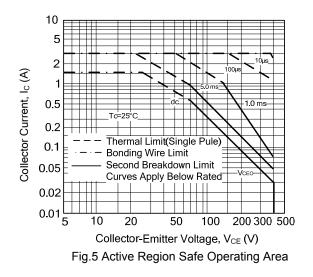
The data of Fig.5 is based on  $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ ;  $T_{J(PK)}$  is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when  $T_C \ge 25^{\circ}C$ . Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on Fig.5.

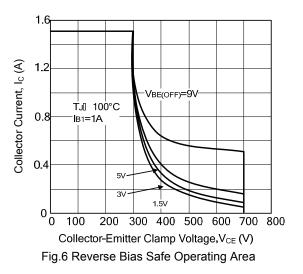
 $T_{J(PK)}$  may be calculated from the data in Fig.4. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

#### **REVERSE BIAS**

For inductive loads, high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases, with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be held to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shaping, etc. The safe level for these devices is specified as  $RB_{SOA}$ (Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area) and represents the voltage-current conditions during reverse biased turn-off. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Fig.6 gives  $RB_{SOA}$  characteristics.

The Safe Operating Area of Fig.5 and 6 are specified ratings (for these devices under the test conditions shown.)

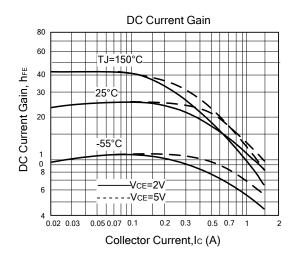


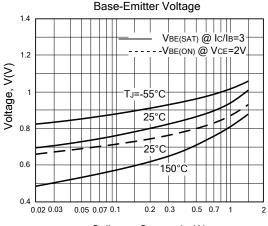


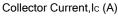


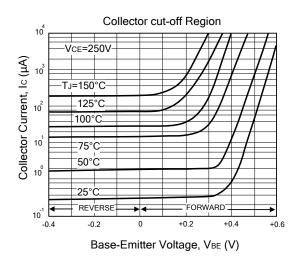
## NPN SILICON TRANSISTOR

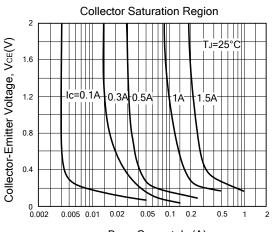
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

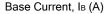


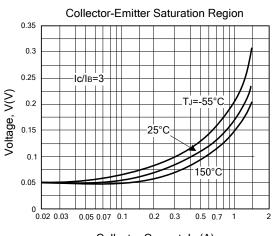




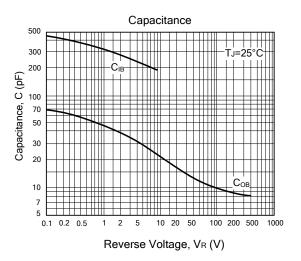






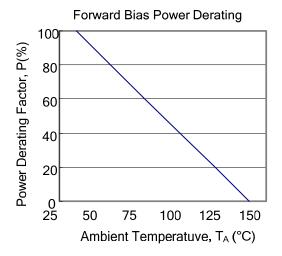








### ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Cont.)



UTC assumes no responsibility for equipment failures that result from using products at values that exceed, even momentarily, rated values (such as maximum ratings, operating condition ranges, or other parameters) listed in products specifications of any and all UTC products described or contained herein. UTC products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can be reasonably expected to result in personal injury. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner. The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice.



## **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Bipolar Transistors - BJT category:

Click to view products by Unisonic manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

 619691C
 MCH4017-TL-H
 MMBT-2369-TR
 BC546/116
 BC557/116
 BSW67A
 NJVMJD148T4G
 NTE123AP-10
 NTE153MCP
 NTE16

 NTE195A
 NTE92
 C4460
 2N4401-A
 2N6728
 2SA1419T-TD-H
 2SA2126-E
 2SB1204S-TL-E
 2SC2712S-GR,LF
 2SC5488A-TL-H

 2SD2150T100R
 SP000011176
 2N2907A
 2N3904-NS
 2N5769
 2SC2412KT146S
 2SD1816S-TL-E
 CPH6501-TL-E
 MCH4021-TL-E

 MJE340
 US6T6TR
 NJL0281DG
 732314D
 CPH3121-TL-E
 CPH6021-TL-H
 873787E
 IMZ2AT108
 UMX21NTR
 MCH6102-TL-E

 NJL0302DG
 2N3583
 30A02MH-TL-E
 NSV40301MZ4T1G
 NTE13
 NTE26
 NTE323
 NTE350
 NTE81
 STX83003-AP