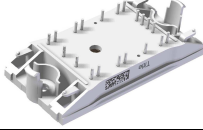
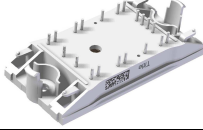
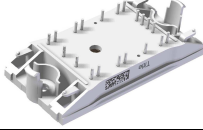
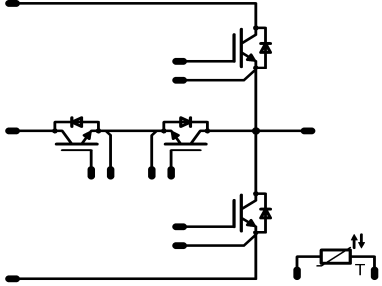
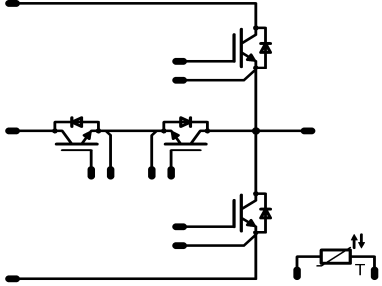
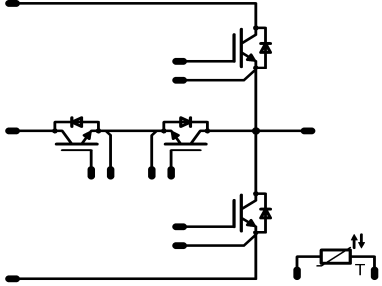




flowMNPC 0	1200 V / 80 A				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr style="background-color: #ccc;"> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 2px;">Features</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mixed voltage component topology neutral point clamped inverter reactive power capability low inductance layout </td> </tr> </table>	Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> mixed voltage component topology neutral point clamped inverter reactive power capability low inductance layout 	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr style="background-color: #ccc;"> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 2px;">flow0 12mm housing</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">  </td> </tr> </table>	flow0 12mm housing	
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Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Half Bridge IGBT				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		1200	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	69 88	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	240	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	158 239	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	10 800	μs V
Turn off safe operating area (RBSOA)	I_{cmax}	$V_{CE} \text{ max} = 1200\text{V}$ $T_{vj} \text{ max} \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	160	A
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Neutral Point FWD				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		600	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	47 62	A
Surge forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p=8,3\text{ms}, \sin 180^{\circ}$ $T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	600	A
I2t-value	I^2t		1490	A2s
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	Square wave, 20 kHz	120	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	58 88	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Neutral Point IGBT				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		600	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	52 68	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	225	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	72 109	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	6	μs
	V_{CC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	360	V
Turn off safe operating area (RBSOA)	I_{cmax}	$V_{CE} \text{ max} = 600\text{V}$ $T_{vj} \text{ max} \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	150	A
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Half Bridge FWD

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	47 62	A
Surge forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p=10\text{ms}, \sin 180^{\circ}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$	335	A
I ² t-value	I^2t		560	A2s
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	100	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	79 119	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{op}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V_{is}	$t=2\text{s}$ DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			8,95	mm

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		

Half Bridge IGBT

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,003	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	5,2	5,8	6,4	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}		15		80	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	1,7	1,99 2,33	2,5	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	I_{CES}		0	1200		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			0,02	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			240	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	Rgoff=4 Ω Rgon=4 Ω	± 15	350	56	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		77 78		ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		12 16		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		173 225		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		49 67		
Turn-on energy loss	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,46 0,96		
Turn-off energy loss	E_{off}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		1,34 2,24		mWs				
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	f=1MHz	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		4660		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}							300		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							260		
Gate charge	Q_G		± 15	960	80	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		370		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						0,60		K/W

Neutral Point FWD

Diode forward voltage	V_F				60	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		2,27 1,68	2,8	V
Peak reverse recovery current	I_r			600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		64 83		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	Rgon=4 Ω	± 15	350	56	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		29 74		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		1 3		μC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		8651 3565		A/ μs
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,18 0,53		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$					Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$				

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		

Neutral Point IGBT

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0012	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CESat}		15		75	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	1,05	1,45 1,59	1,85	V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl diode	I_{CES}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$			15	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$			600	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	Rgoff=4 Ω Rgon=4 Ω	± 15	350	56	$T_j=25^\circ C$		84		ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=125^\circ C$		85		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ C$		11		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=125^\circ C$		12		
Turn-on energy loss	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ C$		177		
Turn-off energy loss	E_{off}					$T_j=125^\circ C$		205		
						$T_j=25^\circ C$		87		
		$T_j=125^\circ C$		105						
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	f=1MHz	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ C$		4620		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}							288		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							137		
Gate charge	Q_G		± 15	480	75	$T_j=25^\circ C$		470		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu m$ $\lambda = 1$ W/mK						1,32		K/W

Half Bridge FWD

Diode forward voltage	V_F				50	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	1,35	1,73 1,70	2,1	V
Reverse leakage current	I_r			1200		$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$			10	μA
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$		106 118		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$		102 148		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}		± 15	350	56	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$		5,32 8,22		μC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$		6904 4951		A/ μs
Reverse recovery energy	E_{rec}					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$		1,55 2,42		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu m$ $\lambda = 1$ W/mK						1,21		K/W

Rated resistance

Rated resistance	R					$T_j=25^\circ C$		22000		Ω
Deviation of R100	$\Delta_{R/R}$	R100=1486 Ω				$T_j=100^\circ C$	-12		11	%
Power dissipation	P					$T_j=25^\circ C$		200		mW
Power dissipation constant						$T_j=25^\circ C$		2		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^\circ C$		3950		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^\circ C$		3996		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									B	



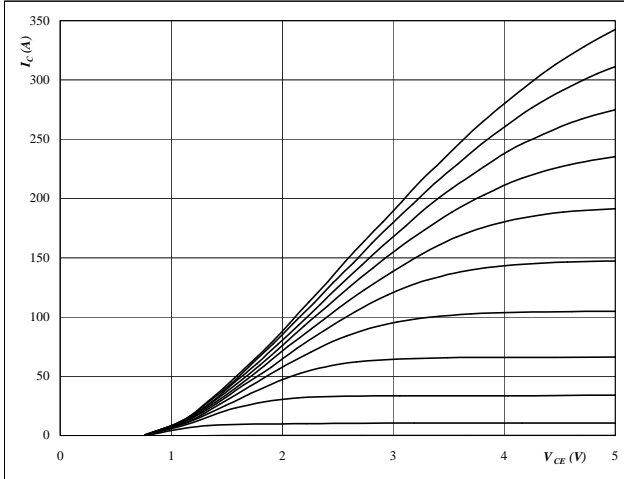
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

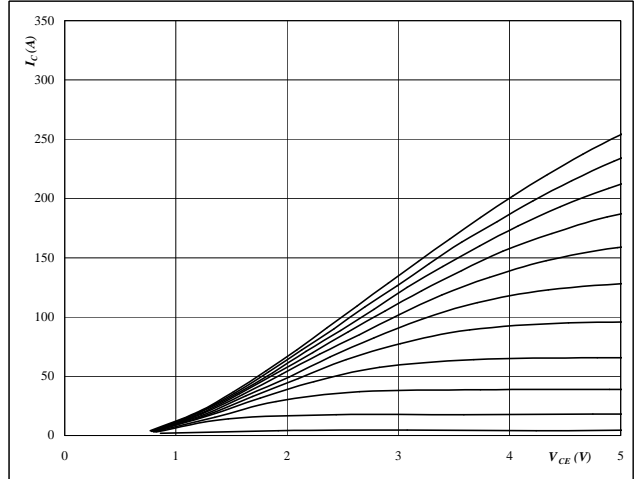


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

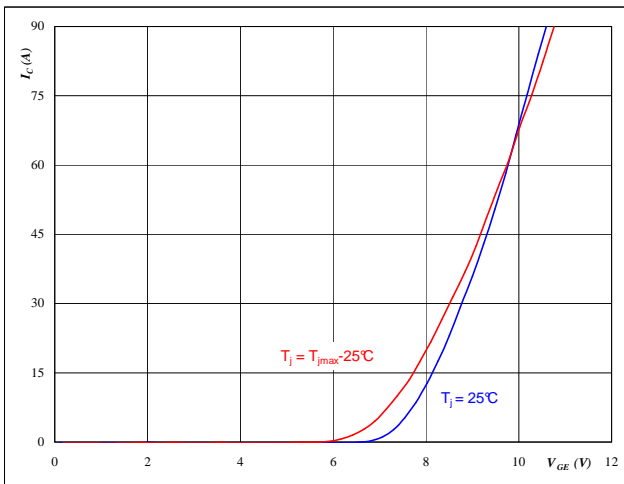


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

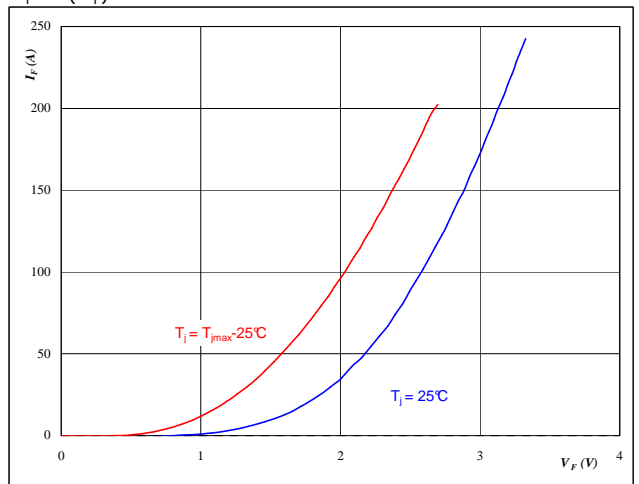


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

Figure 4 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$



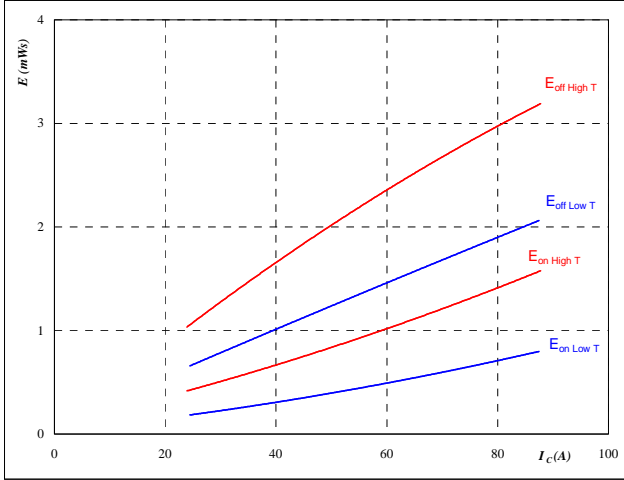
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 5 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current

$E = f(I_C)$



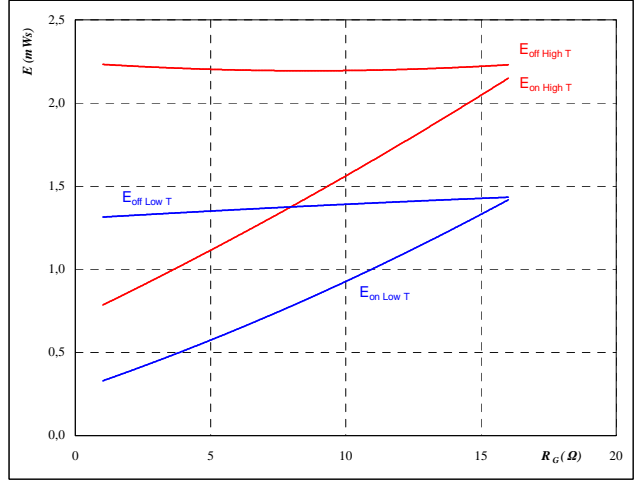
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
- $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 6 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor

$E = f(R_G)$



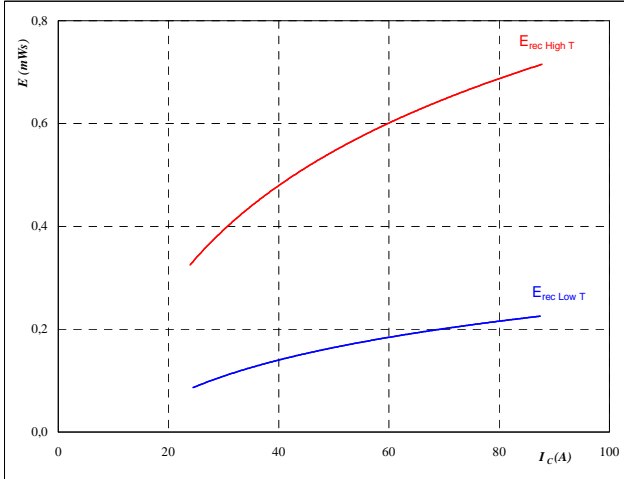
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$

Figure 7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



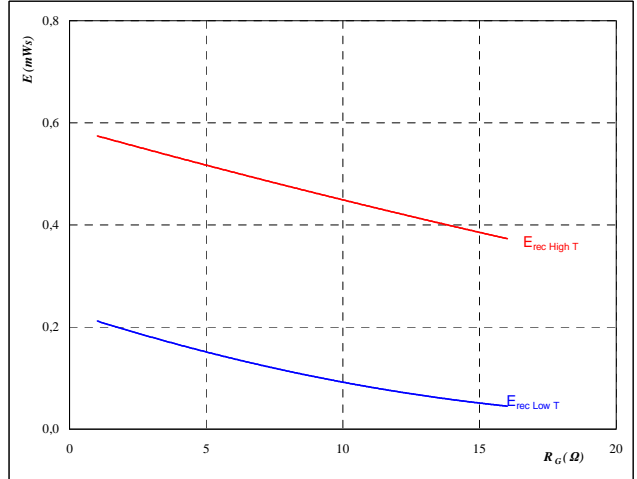
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 8 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor

$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$



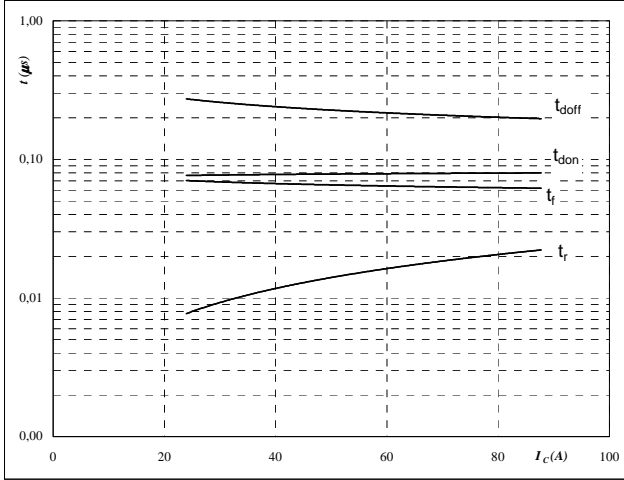
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 9 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$t = f(I_C)$



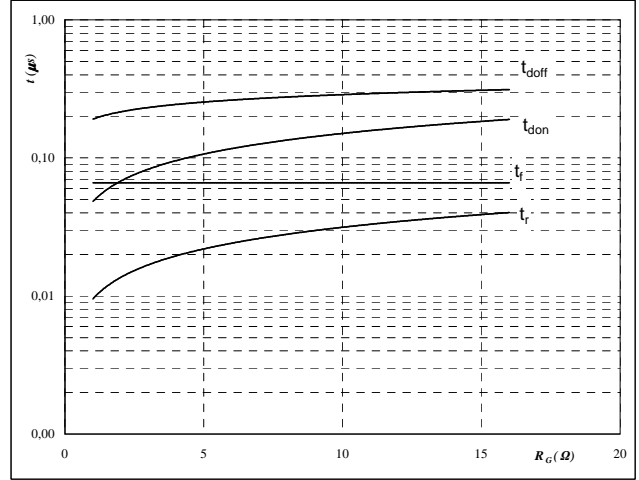
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
- $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 10 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$t = f(R_G)$



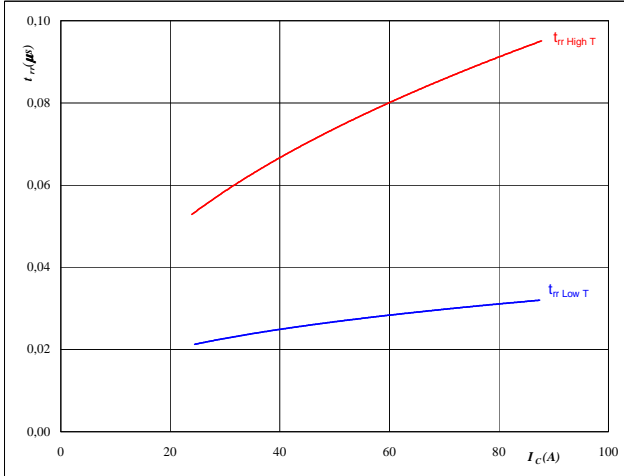
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$

Figure 11 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



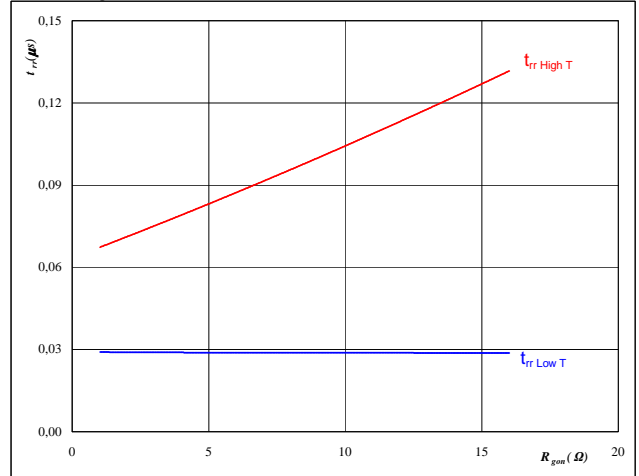
At

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 12 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



At

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
- $I_F = 56 \text{ A}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$



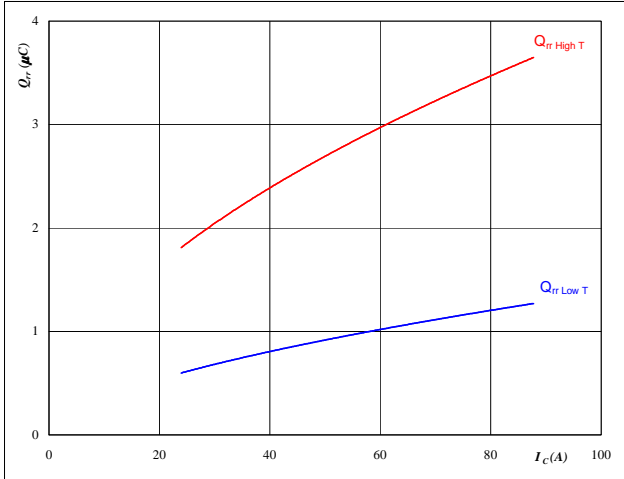
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 13 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

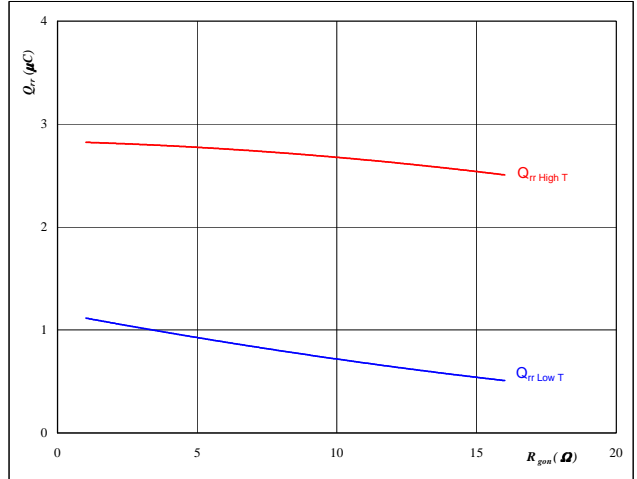


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 14 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

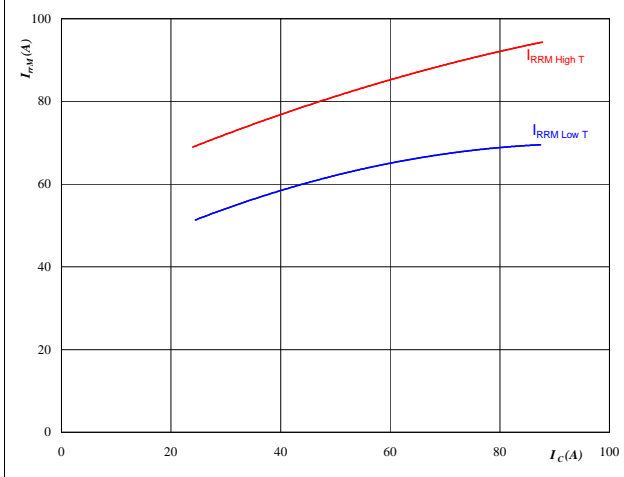


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 56 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 15 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

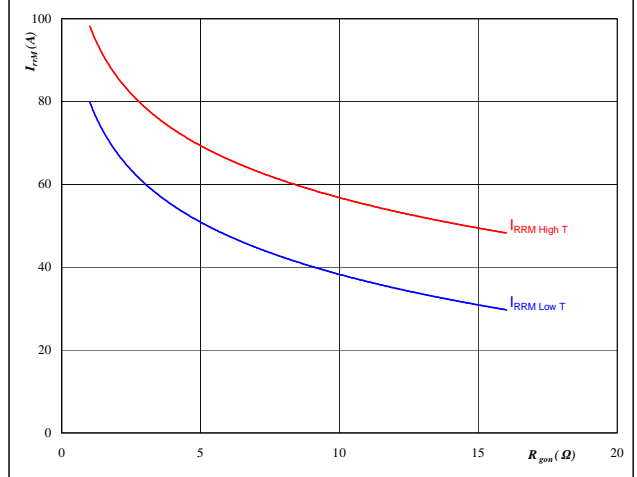


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 16 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 56 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$



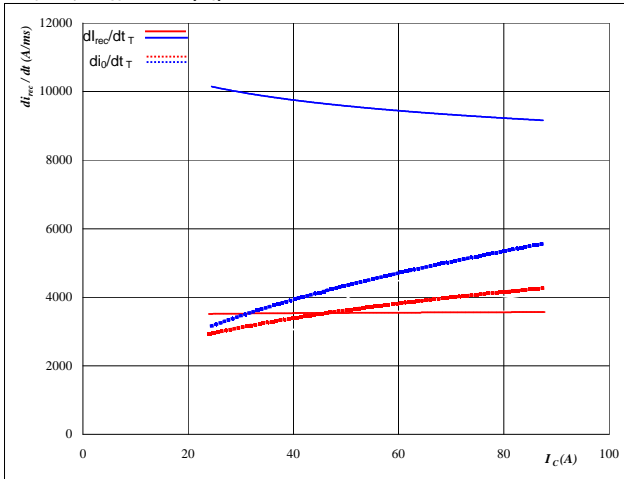
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 17 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$dI_{0}/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

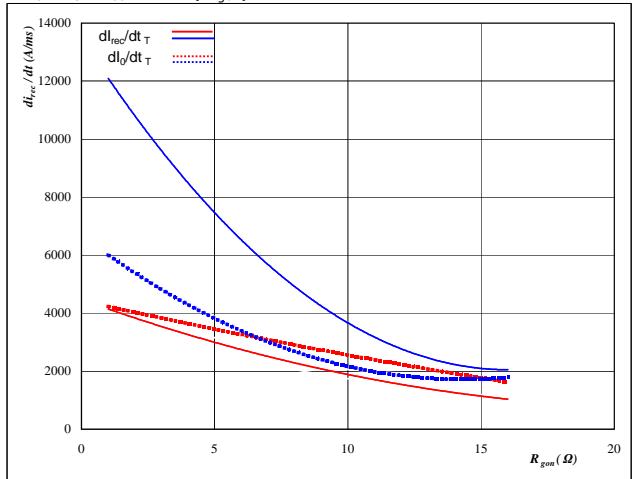


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 18 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$dI_{0}/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

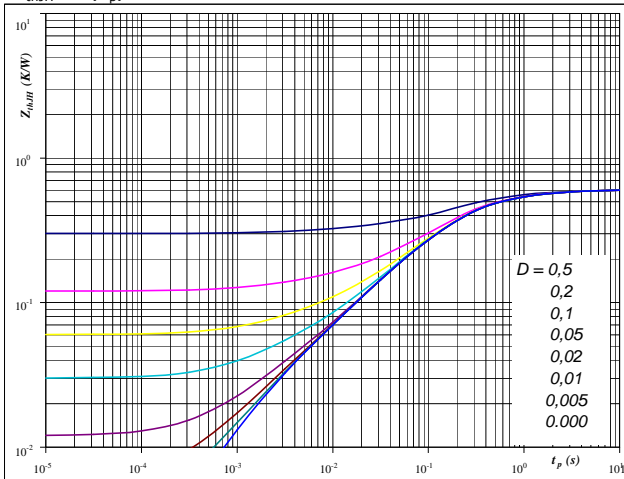


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 56 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,60 \text{ K/W}$

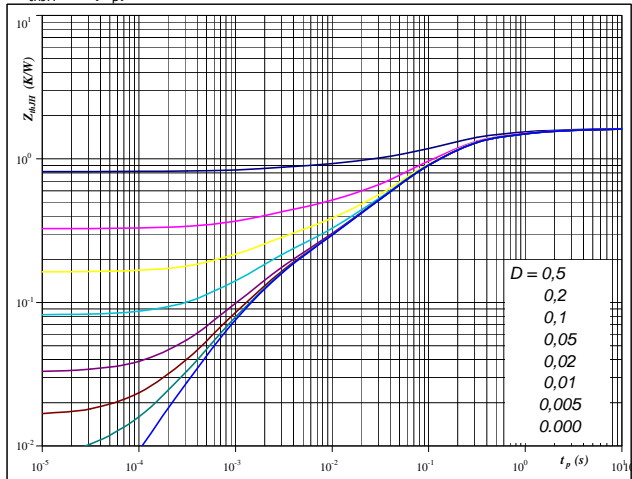
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,10	1,8E+00
0,23	2,9E-01
0,21	1,0E-01
0,05	1,4E-02
0,01	1,7E-03

Figure 20 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,63 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,07	5,7E+00
0,17	1,2E+00
0,65	2,0E-01
0,51	6,6E-02
0,13	9,1E-03
0,11	1,5E-03



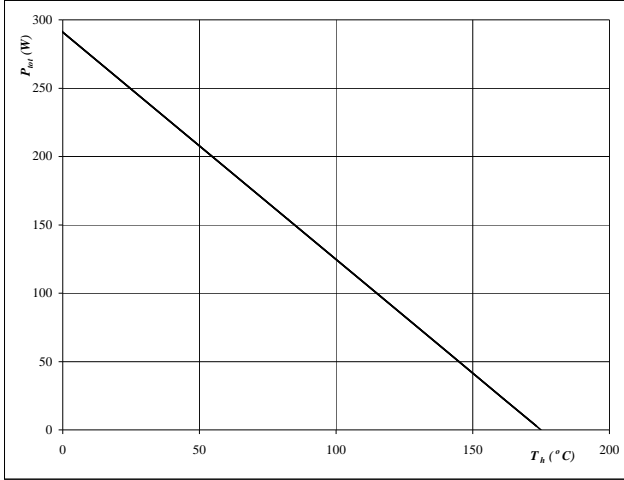
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 21 IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

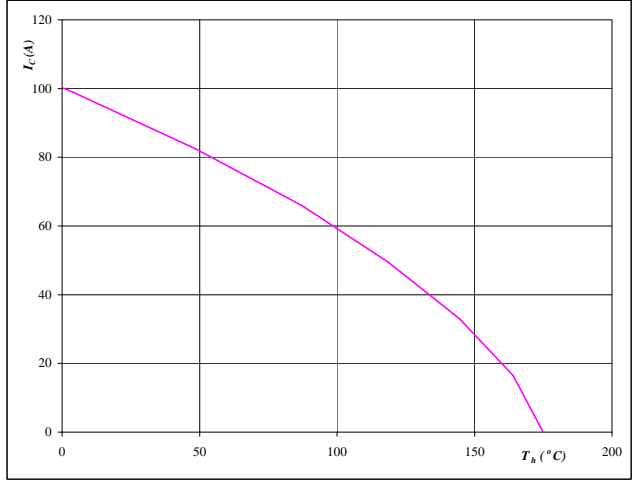


At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 22 IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_C = f(T_h)$

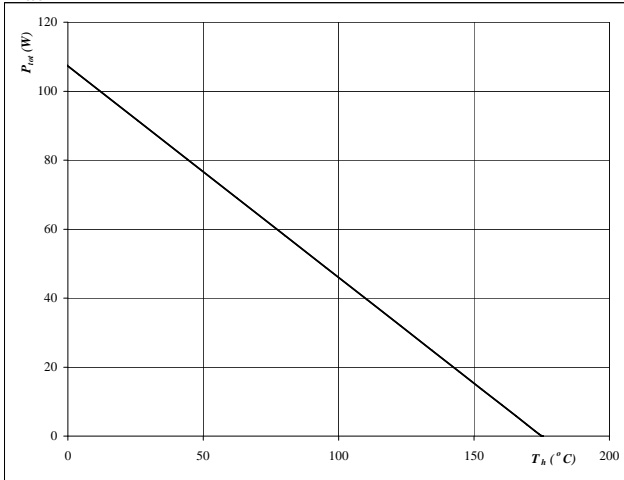


At
T_j = 175 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V

Figure 23 FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

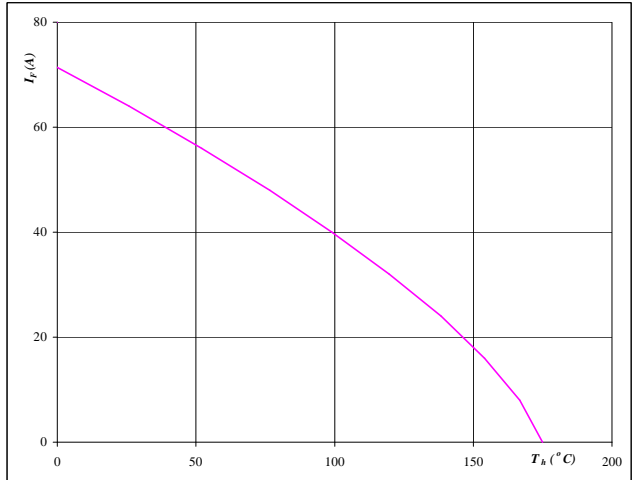


At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 24 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_F = f(T_h)$



At
T_j = 175 °C



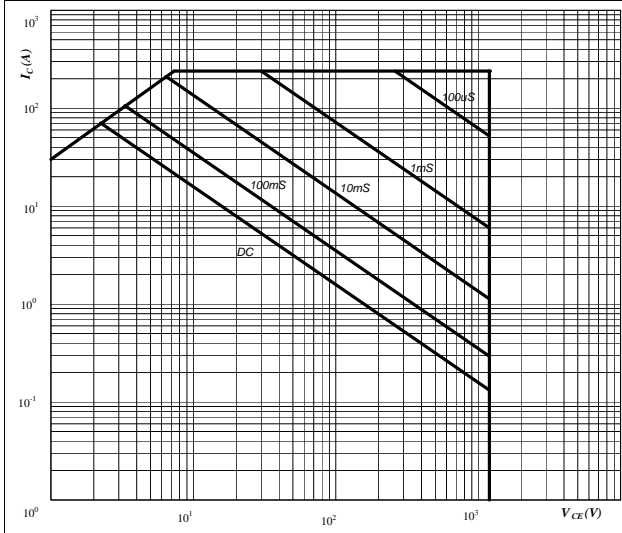
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 25 IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

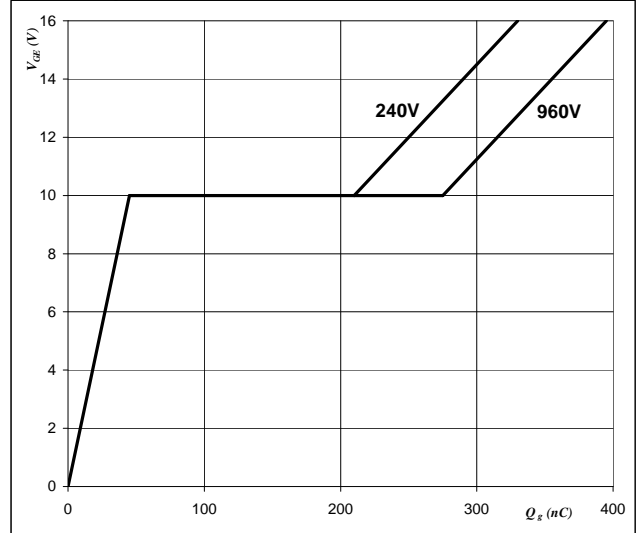


At
 $D =$ single pulse
 $T_h =$ 80 °C
 $V_{GE} =$ ±15 V
 $T_j =$ T_{jmax} °C

Figure 26 IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$

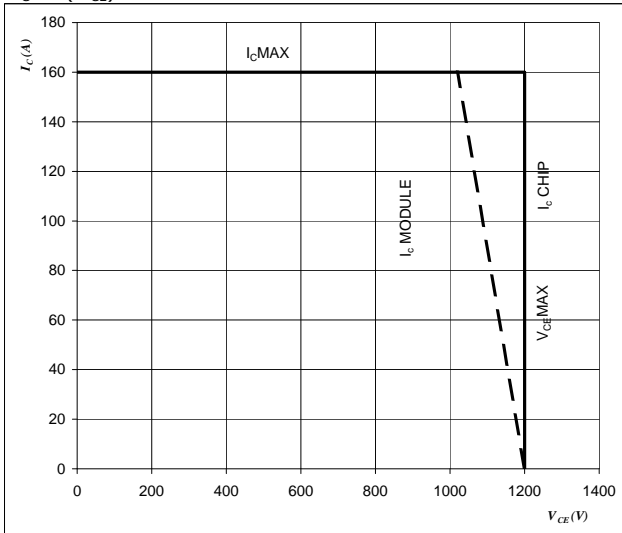


At
 $I_C =$ 80 A

Figure 27 IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At
 $T_j =$ $T_{jmax} - 25$ °C
 DC link minus = DC link plus
 Switching mode : 3 level switching



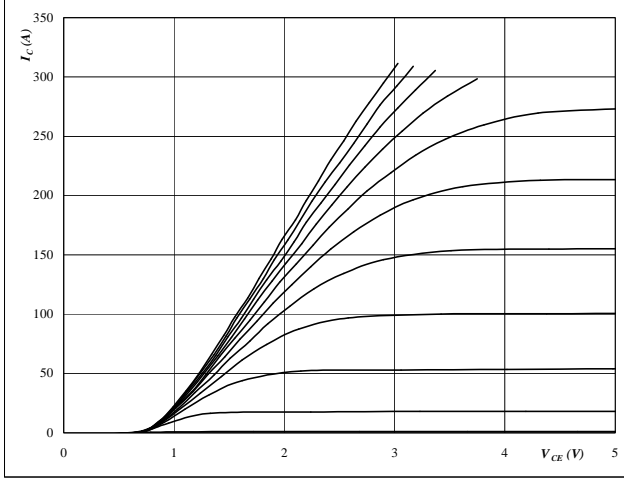
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

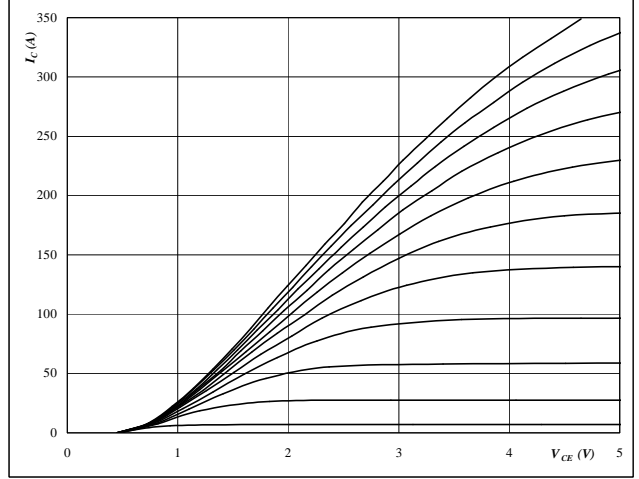


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

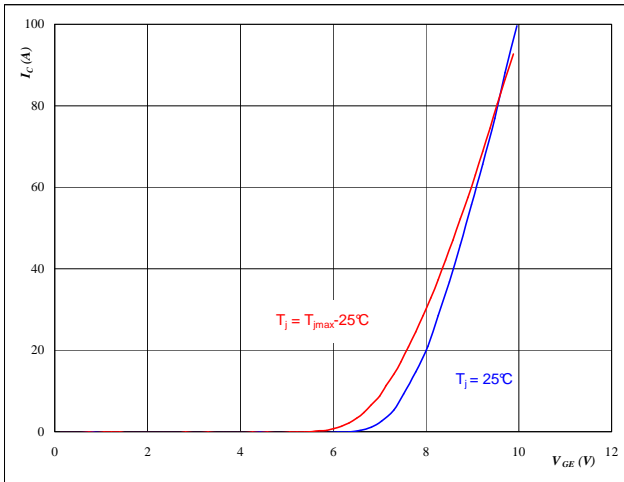


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

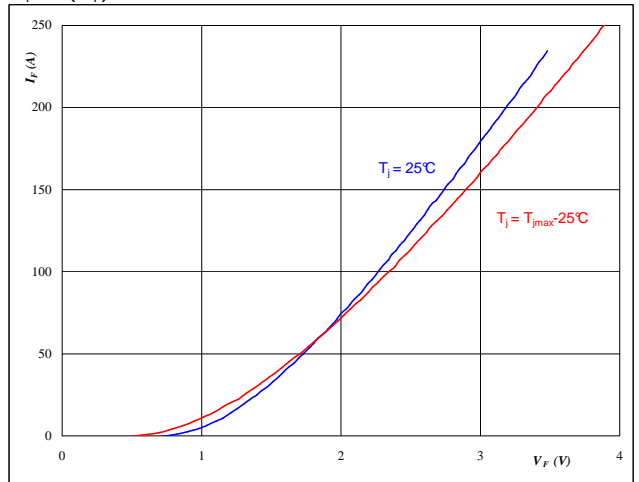


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 4 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$



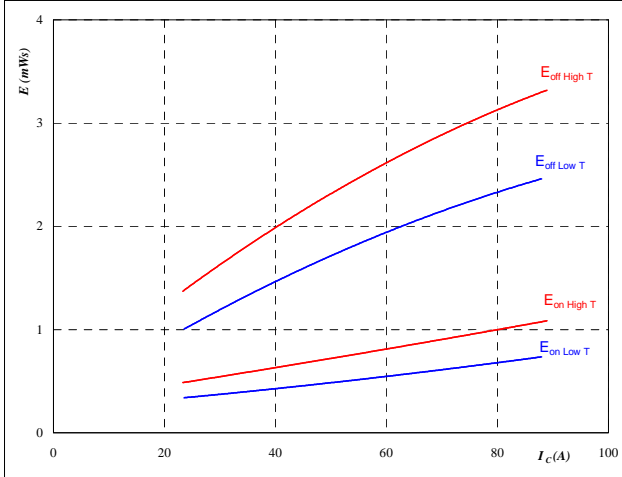
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 5 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current

$E = f(I_C)$



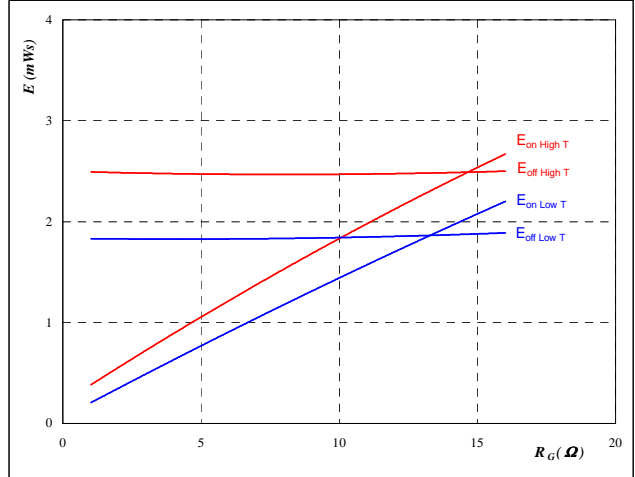
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
- $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 6 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor

$E = f(R_G)$



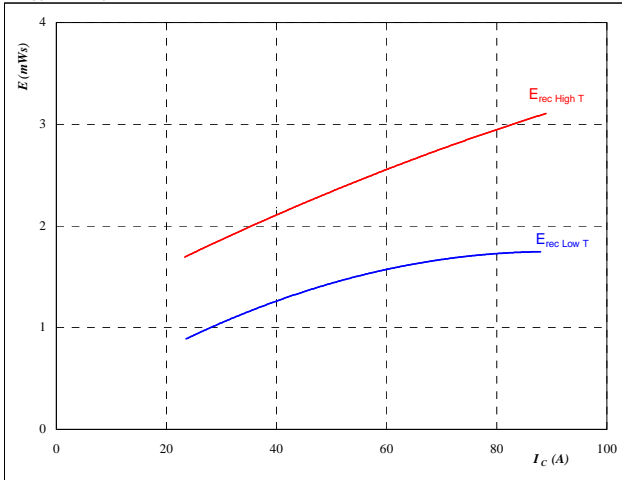
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$

Figure 7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



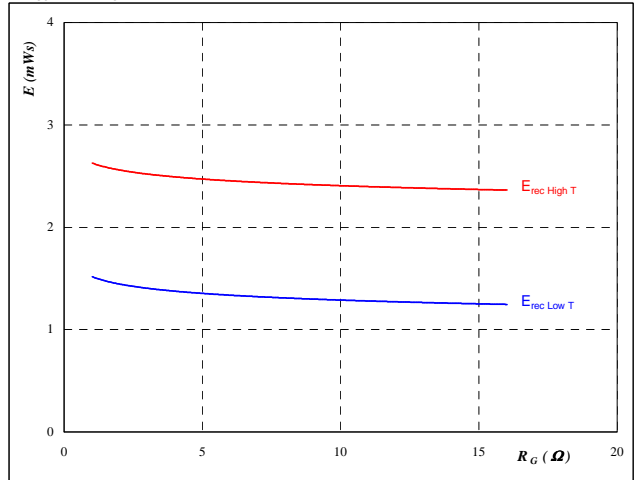
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 8 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor

$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$



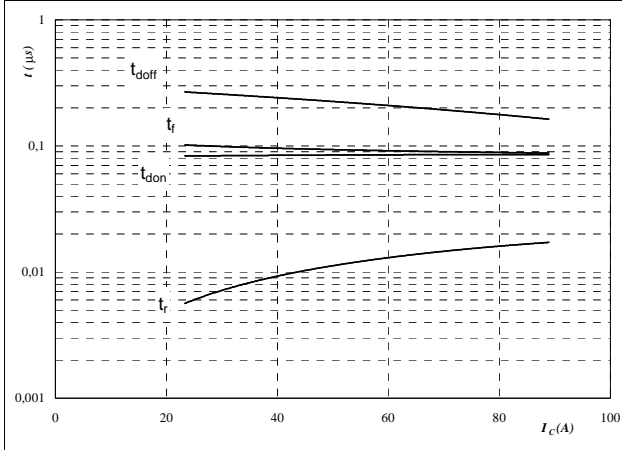
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 9 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



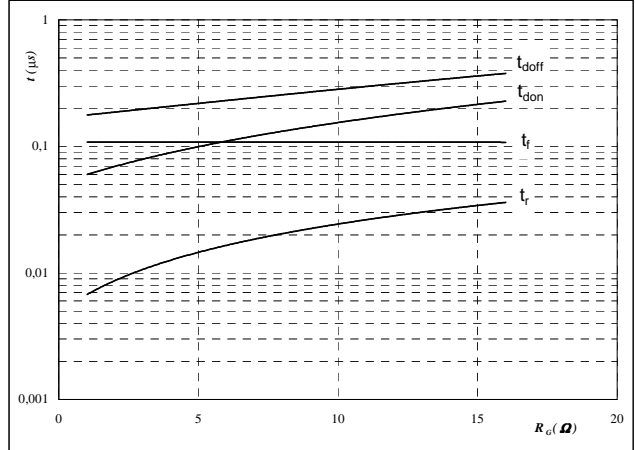
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 10 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



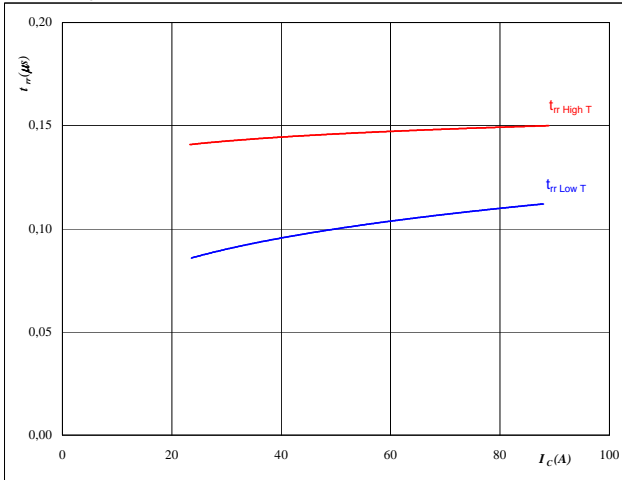
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$

Figure 11 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



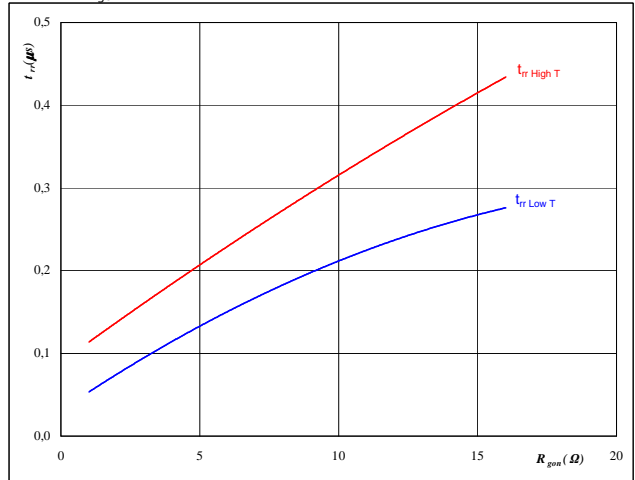
At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 12 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 56 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$



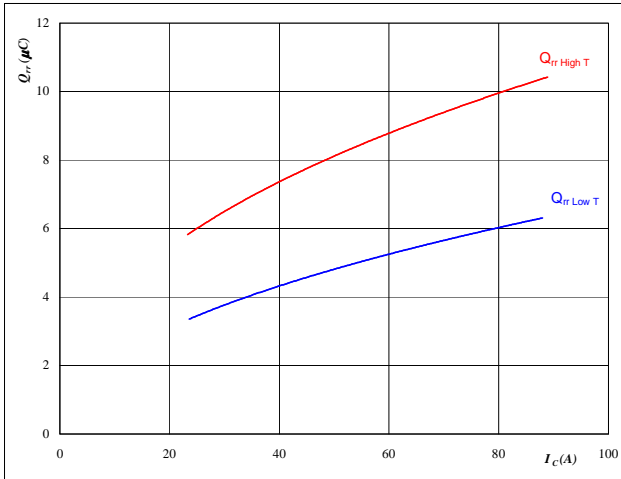
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 13 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



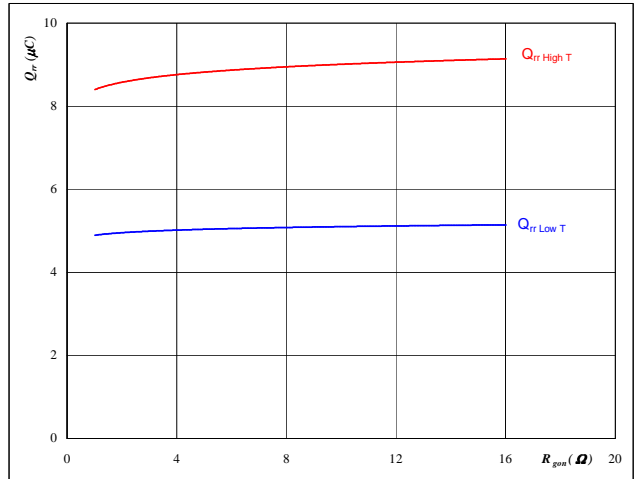
At

$T_j =$	25/125	$^{\circ}$ C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	± 15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω

Figure 14 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



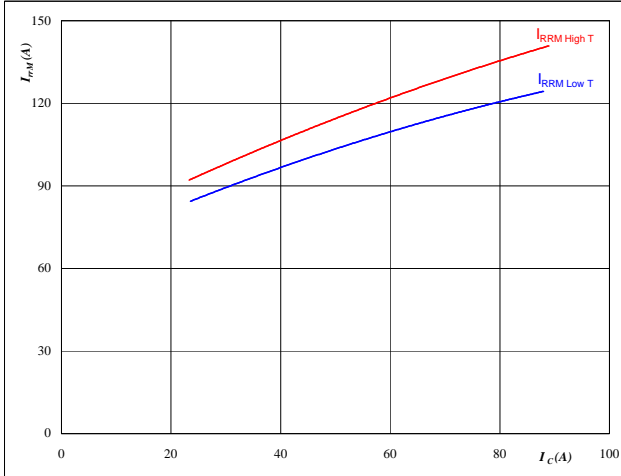
At

$T_j =$	25/125	$^{\circ}$ C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	56	A
$V_{GE} =$	± 15	V

Figure 15 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$



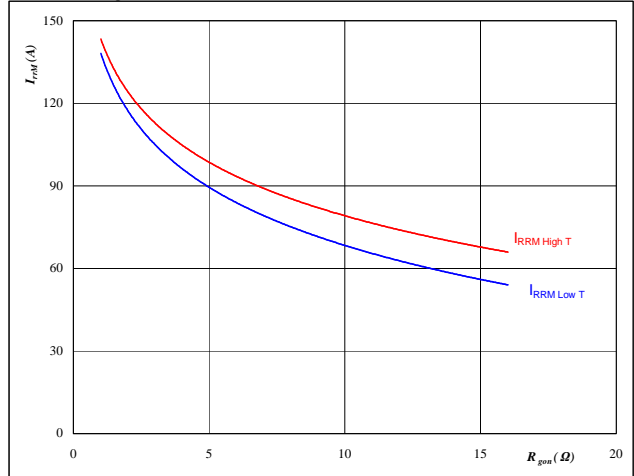
At

$T_j =$	25/125	$^{\circ}$ C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	± 15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω

Figure 16 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$T_j =$	25/125	$^{\circ}$ C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	56	A
$V_{GE} =$	± 15	V



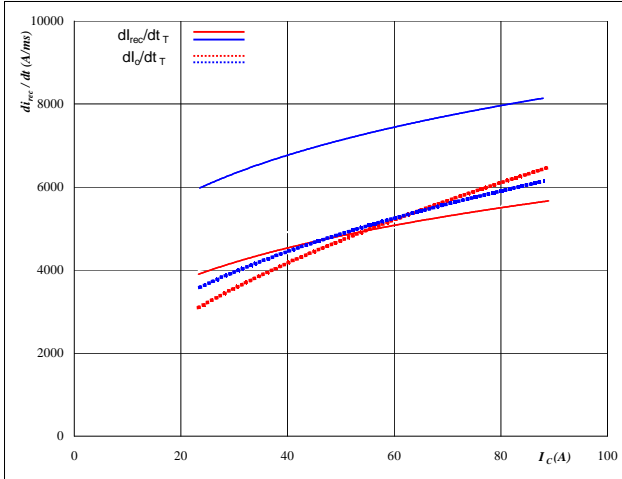
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 17 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

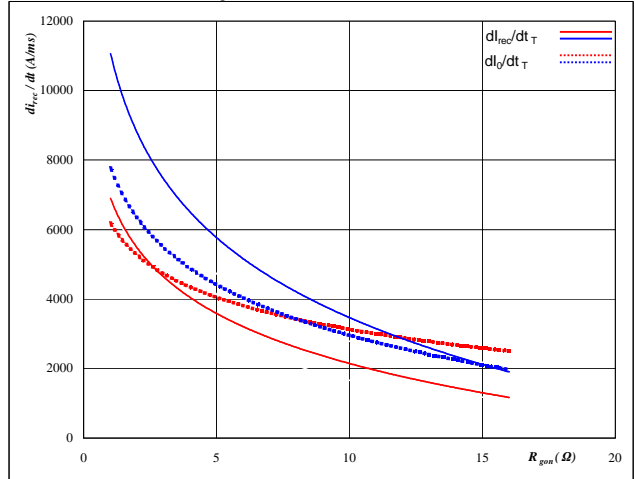


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 18 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

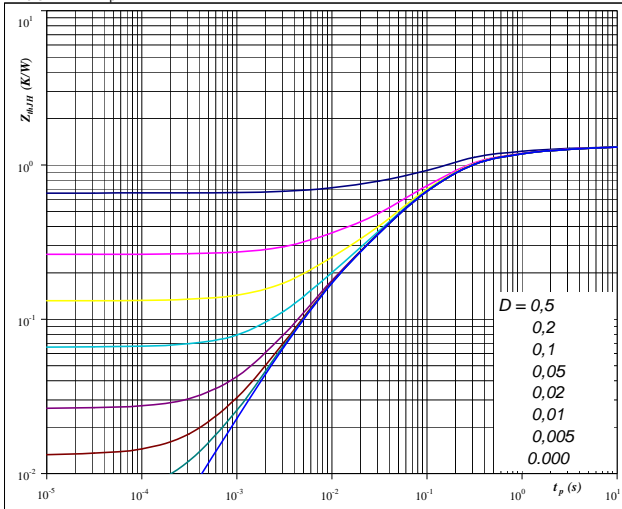


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 56 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,32 \text{ K/W}$

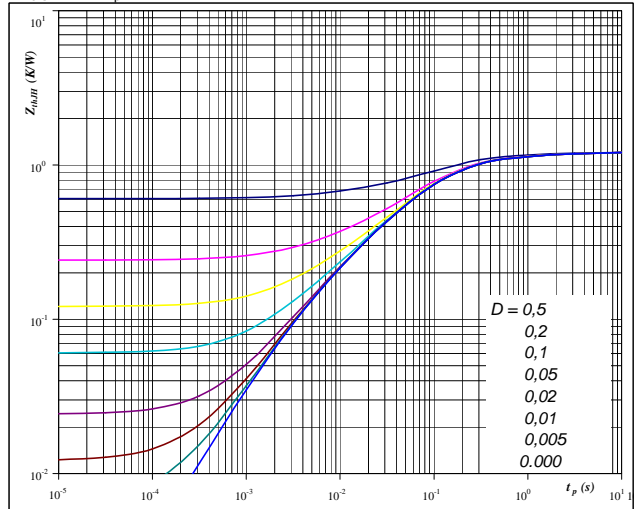
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,06	6,4E+00
0,17	1,3E+00
0,35	2,5E-01
0,60	8,5E-02
0,13	8,9E-03

Figure 20 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,21 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,03	6,2E+00
0,11	1,1E+00
0,34	2,0E-01
0,54	6,8E-02
0,14	1,2E-02
0,05	2,8E-03



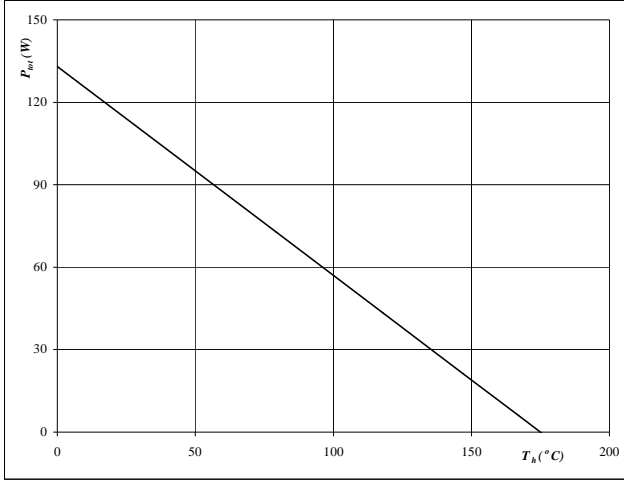
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 21 IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

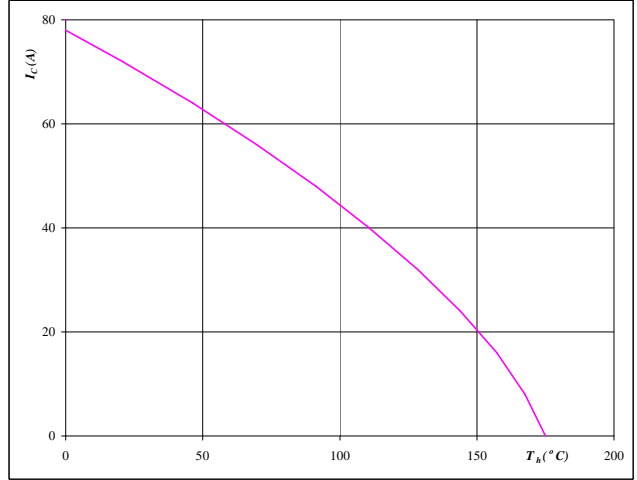


At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 22 IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

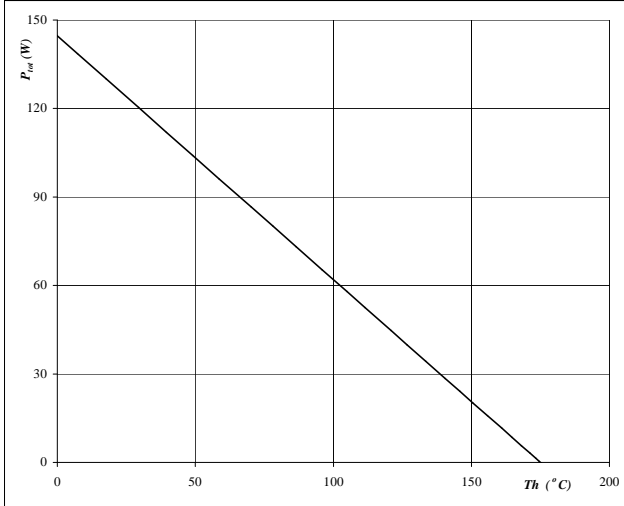


At
T_j = 175 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V

Figure 23 FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

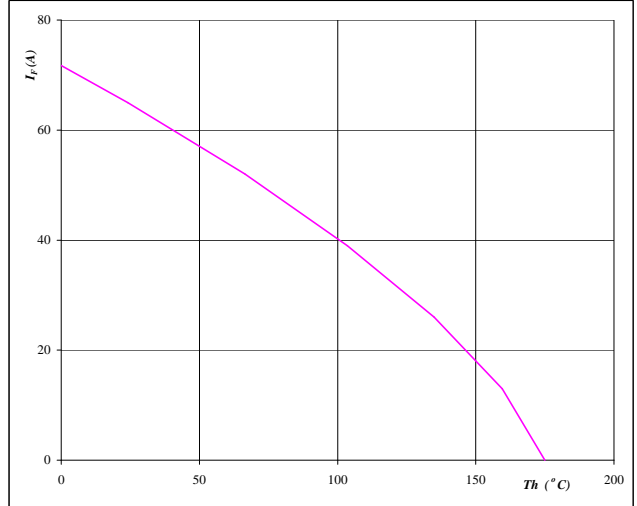


At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 24 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$



At
T_j = 175 °C



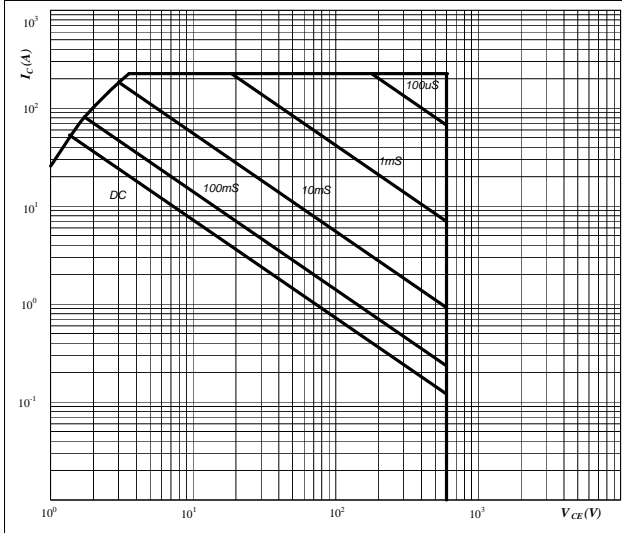
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 25 IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

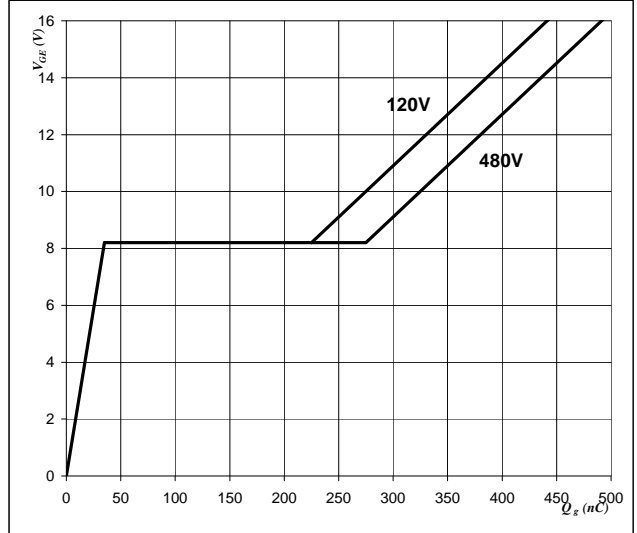


At
 $D =$ single pulse
 $T_h = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$ °C

Figure 26 IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$

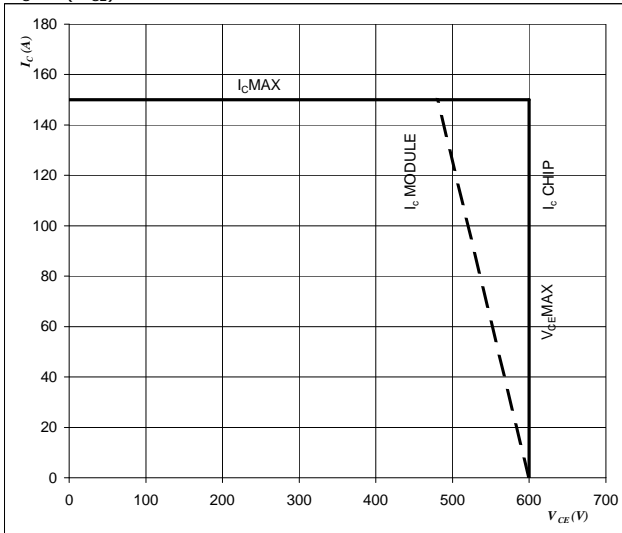


At
 $I_C = 75$ A

Figure 27 IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At
 $T_j = T_{jmax} - 25$ °C
 DC link minus = DC link plus
 Switching mode : 3 level switching

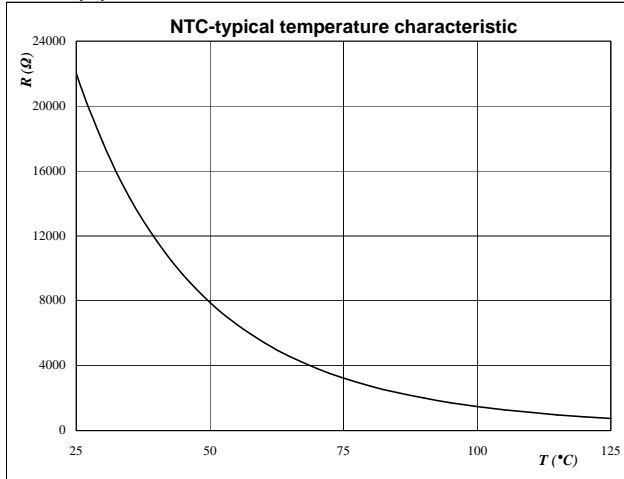


Thermistor

Figure 1 Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$





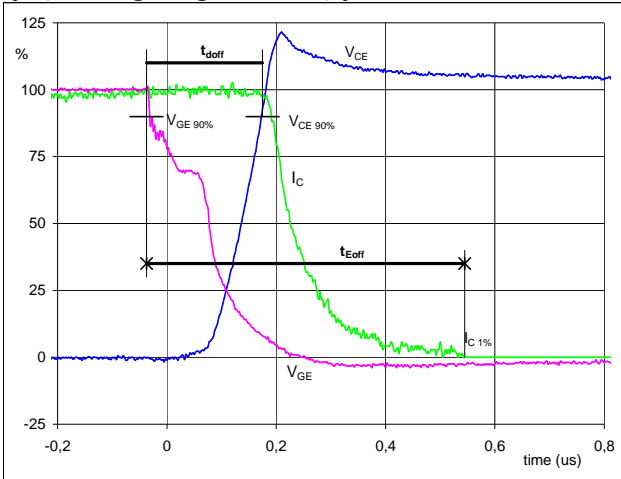
Switching Definitions Neutral point IGBT

General conditions

T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	4 Ω
R_{goff}	=	4 Ω

Figure 1 Neutral point IGBT

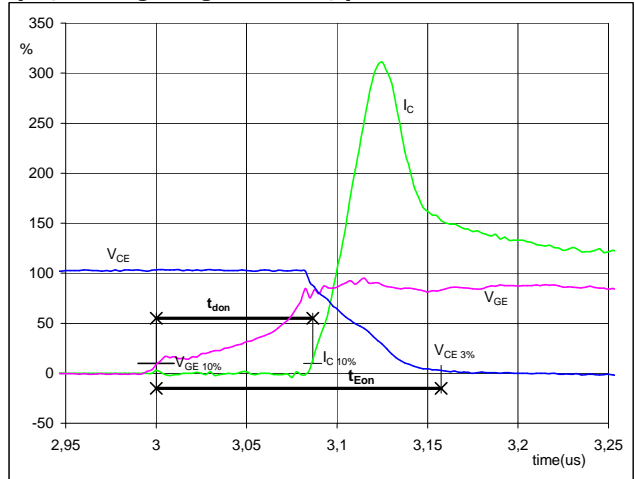
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



V_{GE} (0%) =	-15	V
V_{GE} (100%) =	15	V
V_C (100%) =	350	V
I_C (100%) =	56	A
t_{doff} =	0,21	μs
t_{Eoff} =	0,58	μs

Figure 2 Neutral point IGBT

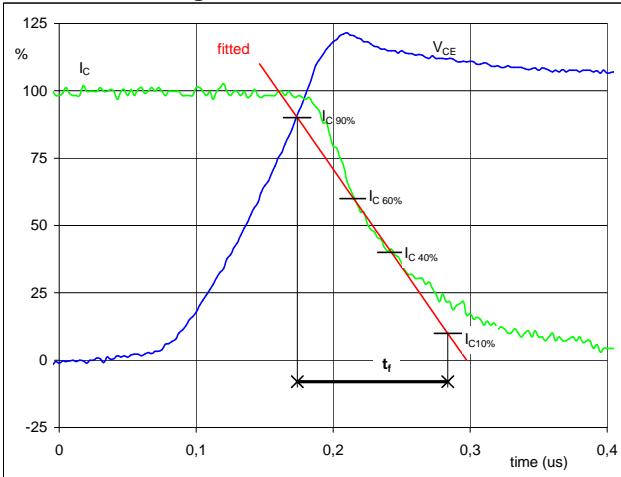
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



V_{GE} (0%) =	-15	V
V_{GE} (100%) =	15	V
V_C (100%) =	350	V
I_C (100%) =	56	A
t_{don} =	0,09	μs
t_{Eon} =	0,16	μs

Figure 3 Neutral point IGBT

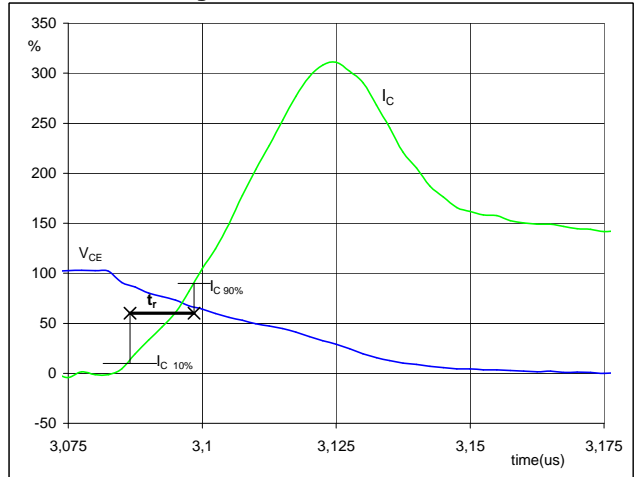
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



V_C (100%) =	350	V
I_C (100%) =	56	A
t_f =	0,11	μs

Figure 4 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r

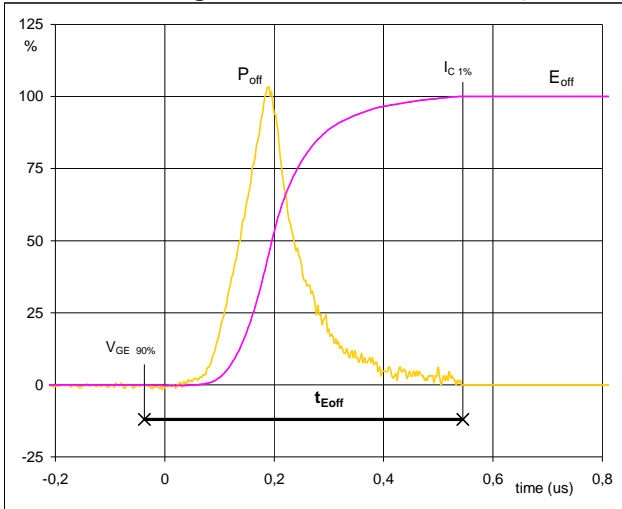


V_C (100%) =	350	V
I_C (100%) =	56	A
t_r =	0,01	μs



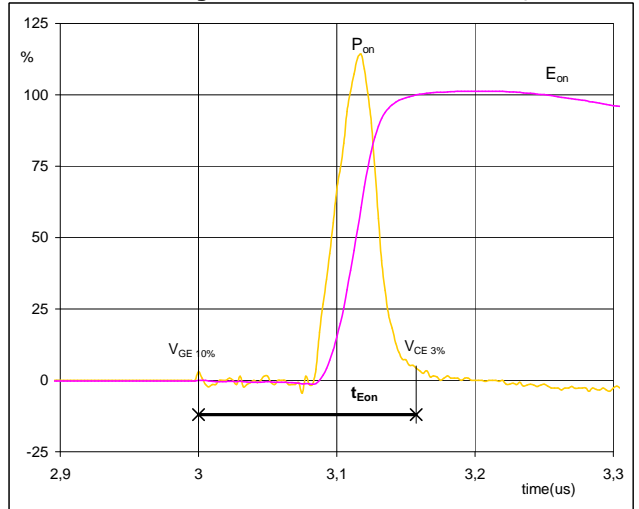
Switching Definitions Neutral point IGBT

Figure 5 Neutral point IGBT
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}



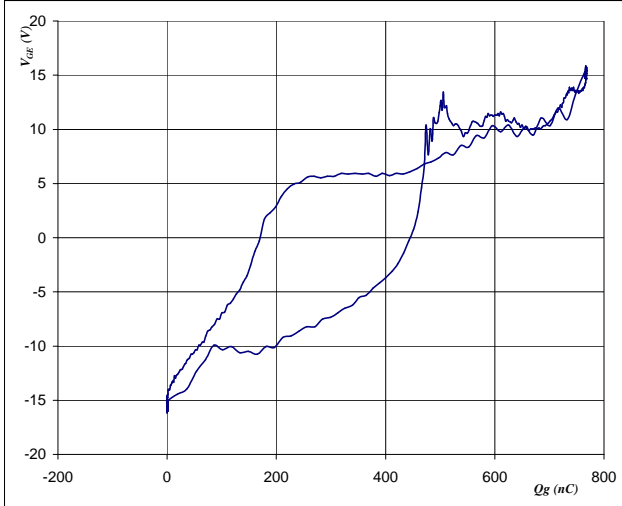
$P_{off} (100\%) = 19,56 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 2,50 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,58 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 Neutral point IGBT
 Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}



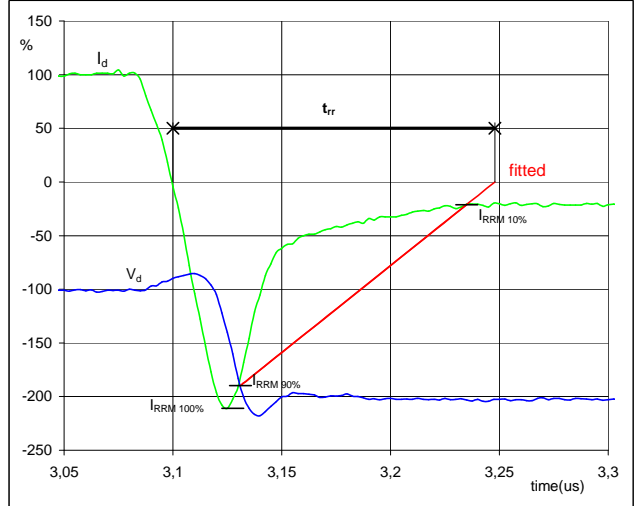
$P_{on} (100\%) = 19,56 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,75 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,16 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 7 Neutral point IGBT
 Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)



$V_{GE\ off} = -15 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE\ on} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $V_C (100\%) = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_C (100\%) = 56 \text{ A}$
 $Q_g = 775,97 \text{ nC}$

Figure 8 Neutral point FWD
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



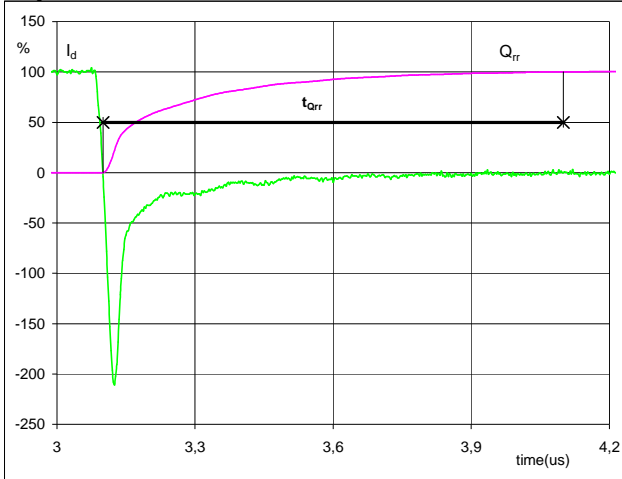
$V_d (100\%) = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_d (100\%) = 56 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -118 \text{ A}$
 $t_{rr} = 0,15 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$



Switching Definitions Neutral point IGBT

Figure 9 Neutral point IGBT

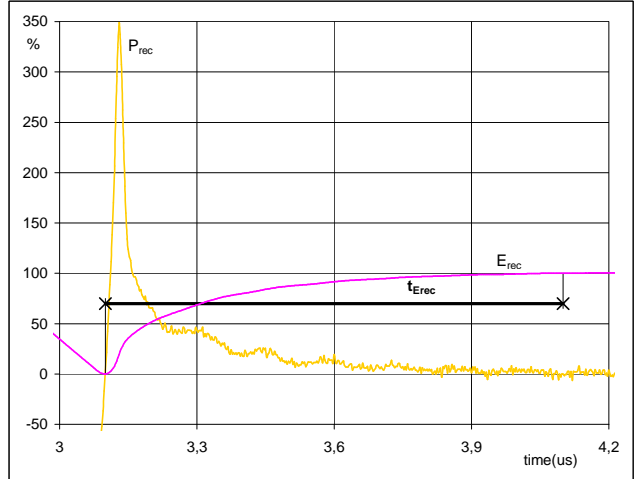
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 (t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})



I_d (100%) = 56 A
 Q_{rr} (100%) = 8,22 μ C
 t_{Qrr} = 1,00 μ s

Figure 10 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})

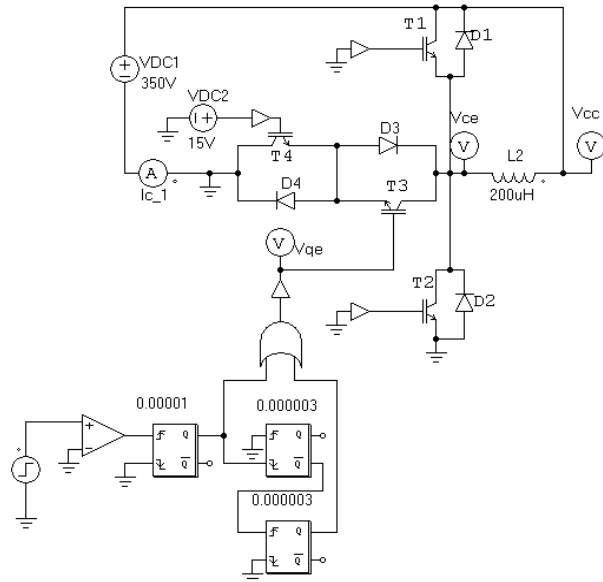


P_{rec} (100%) = 19,56 kW
 E_{rec} (100%) = 2,42 mJ
 t_{Erec} = 1,00 μ s

Measurement circuits

Figure 11

BOOST stage switching measurement circuit





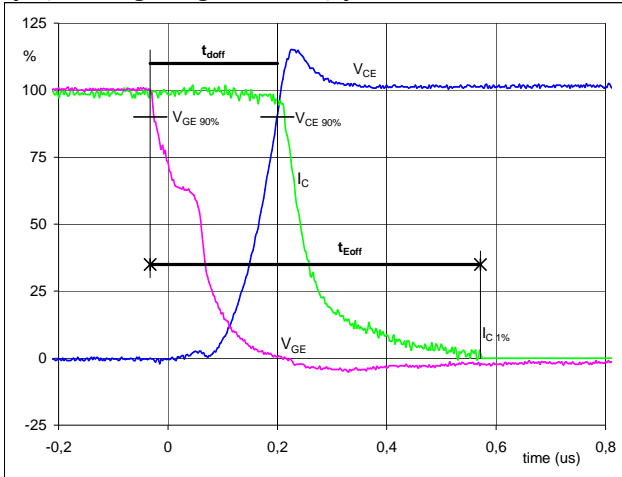
Switching Definitions Half Bridge IGBT

General conditions

T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	4 Ω
R_{goff}	=	4 Ω

Figure 1 Half Bridge IGBT

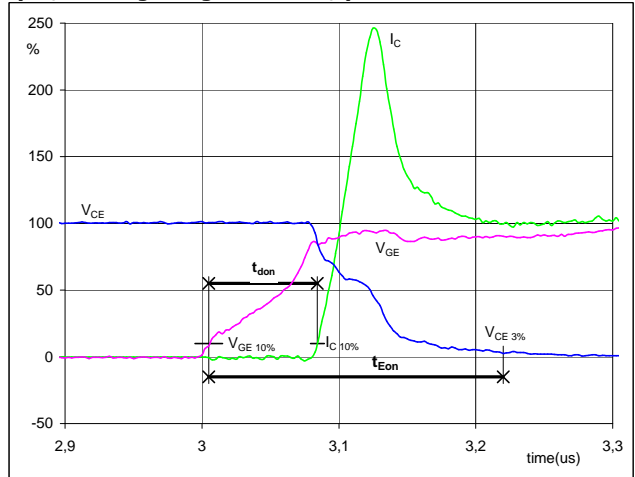
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



V_{GE} (0%) =	-15	V
V_{GE} (100%) =	15	V
V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	56	A
t_{doff} =	0,23	μs
t_{Eoff} =	0,60	μs

Figure 2 Half Bridge IGBT

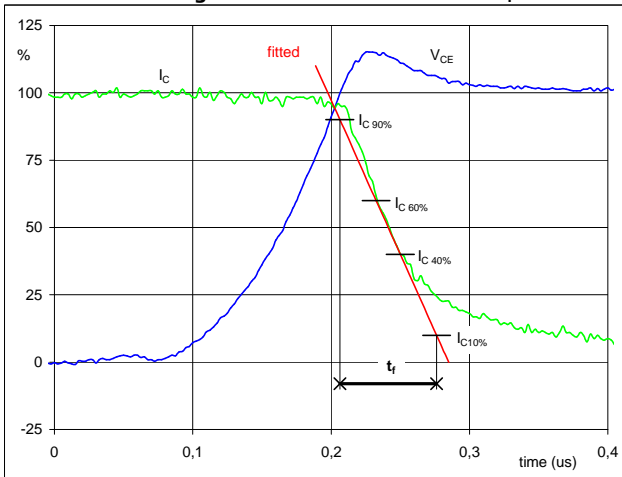
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



V_{GE} (0%) =	-15	V
V_{GE} (100%) =	15	V
V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	56	A
t_{don} =	0,08	μs
t_{Eon} =	0,21	μs

Figure 3 Half Bridge IGBT

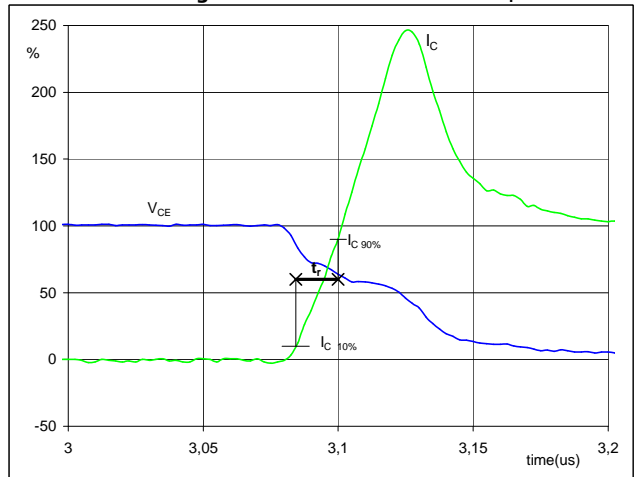
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	56	A
t_f =	0,07	μs

Figure 4 Half Bridge IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r

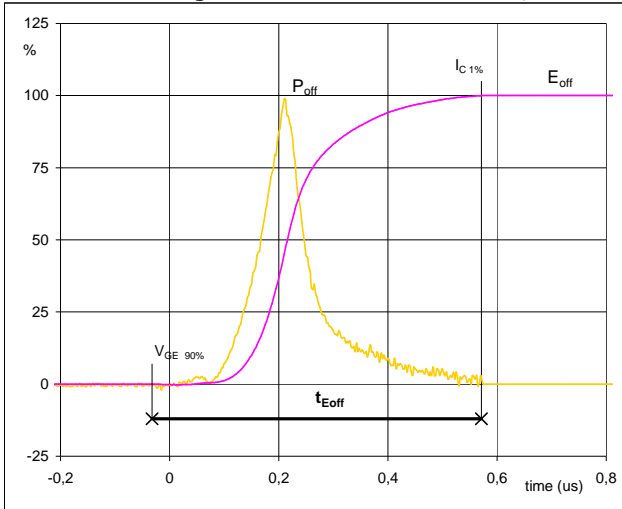


V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	56	A
t_r =	0,02	μs



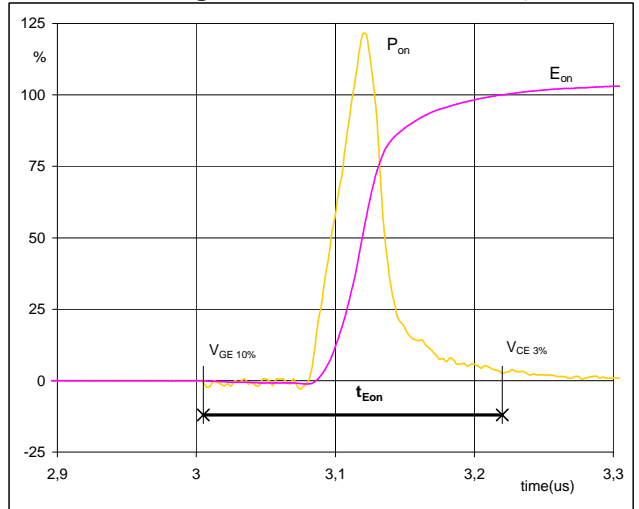
Switching Definitions Half Bridge IGBT

Figure 5 Half Bridge IGBT
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}



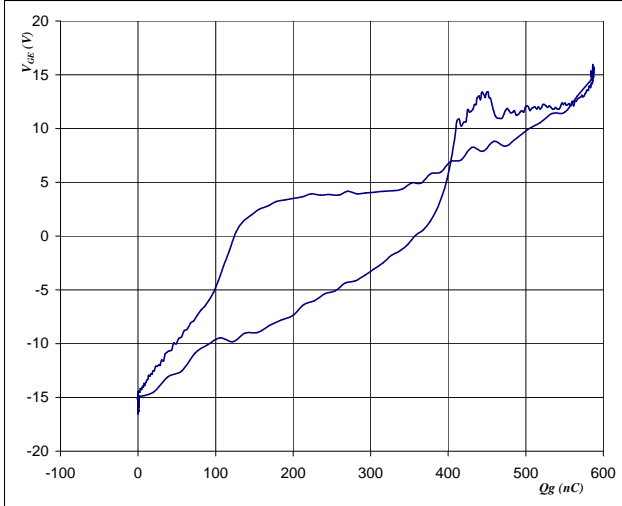
$P_{off} (100\%) = 39,44 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 2,24 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,60 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 Half Bridge IGBT
 Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}



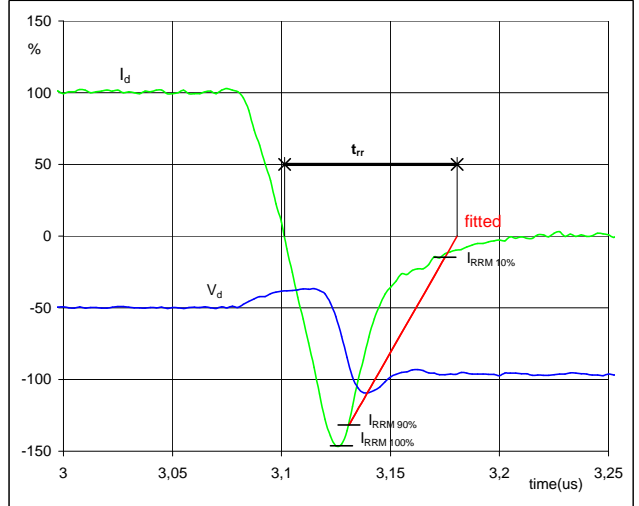
$P_{on} (100\%) = 39,44 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,96 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,21 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 7 Half Bridge IGBT
 Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)



$V_{GE\ off} = -15 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE\ on} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $V_C (100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_C (100\%) = 56 \text{ A}$
 $Q_g = 596,49 \text{ nC}$

Figure 8 Half Bridge FWD
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



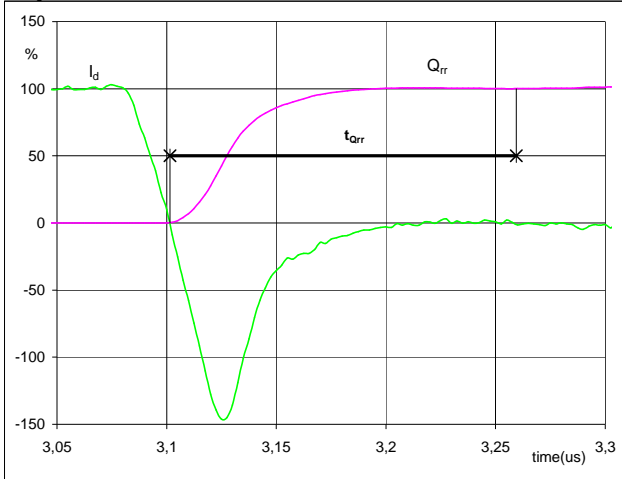
$V_d (100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_d (100\%) = 56 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -83 \text{ A}$
 $t_{tr} = 0,07 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$



Switching Definitions Half Bridge IGBT

Figure 9 Half Bridge IGBT

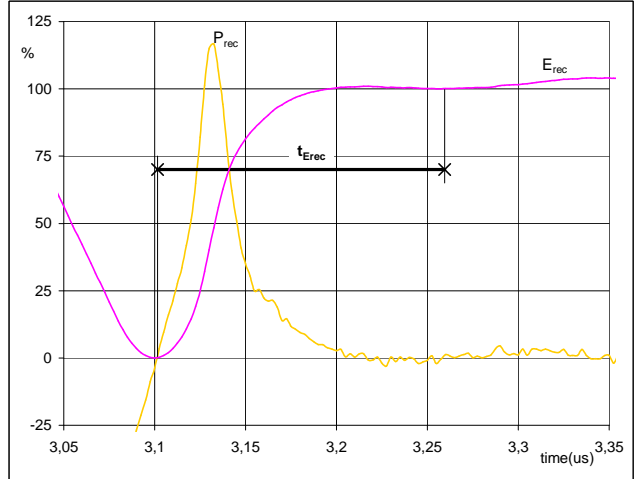
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 (t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})



I_d (100%) = 56 A
 Q_{rr} (100%) = 2,74 μ C
 t_{Qrr} = 0,16 μ s

Figure 10 Half Bridge IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})

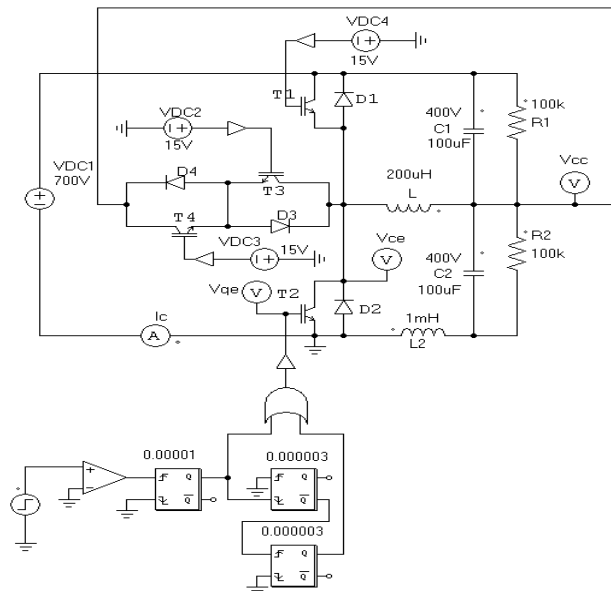


P_{rec} (100%) = 39,44 kW
 E_{rec} (100%) = 0,53 mJ
 t_{Erec} = 0,16 μ s

Measurement circuits

Figure 11

BUCK stage switching measurement circuit





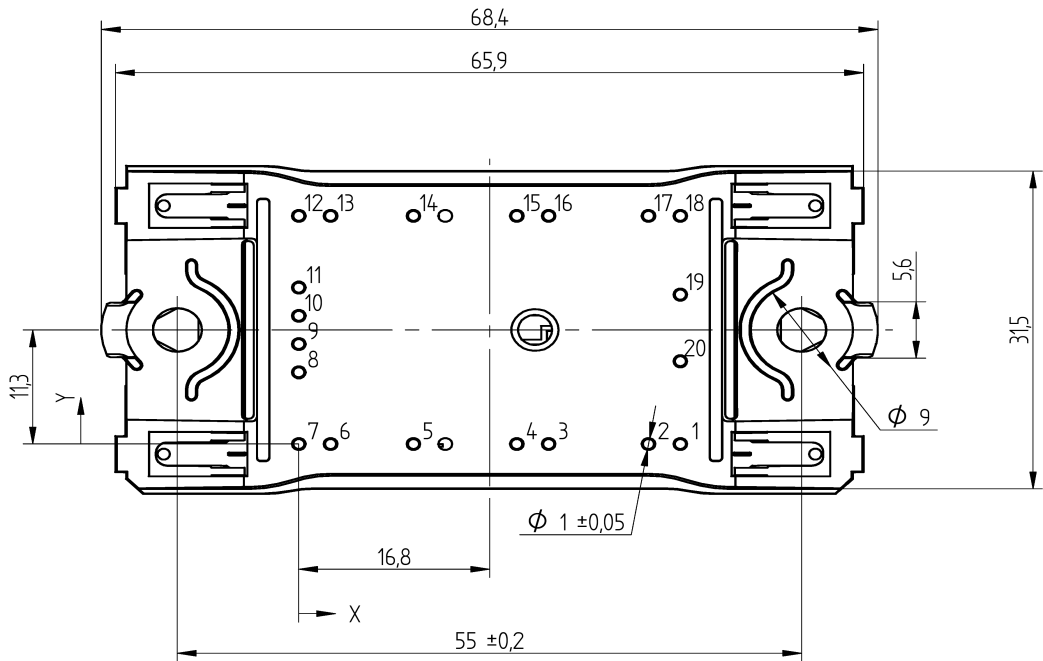
Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

Ordering Code & Marking

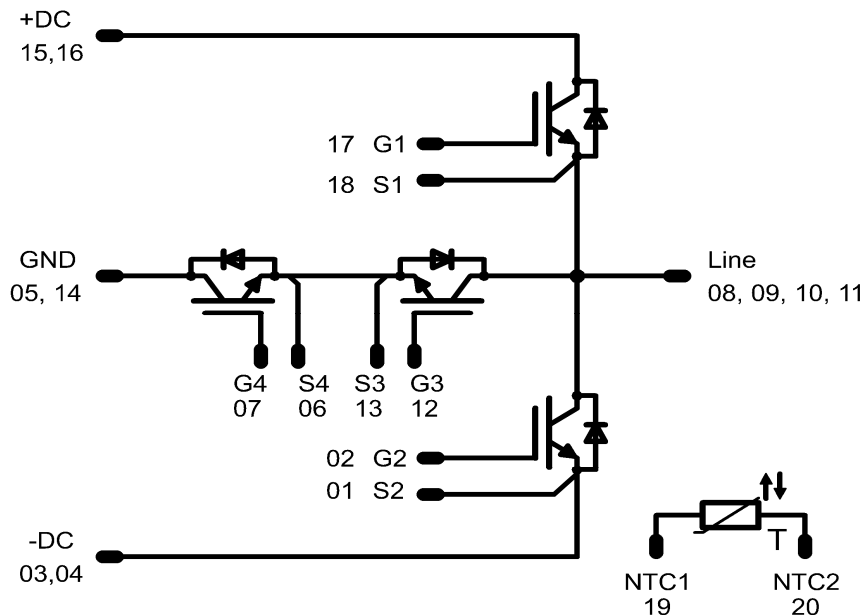
Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
without thermal paste 12mm housing	10-FZ12NMA080SH01-M260F	M260F	M260F
without thermal paste 12mm housing	10-PZ12NMA080SH01-M260FY	M260FY	M260FY

Outline

Pin table		
Pin	X	Y
1	33,6	0
2	30,8	0
3	22	0
4	19,2	0
5	10,1	0
6	2,8	0
7	0	0
8	0	7,1
9	0	9,9
10	0	12,7
11	0	15,5
12	0	22,6
13	2,8	22,6
14	10,1	22,6
15	19,2	22,6
16	22	22,6
17	30,8	22,6
18	33,6	22,6
19	33,6	14,8
20	33,6	8,2



Pinout



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