Vishay Siliconix

## 0.3 $\Omega$ , Low Voltage Dual SPDT Analog Switches

### **DESCRIPTION**

The DG2535E and DG2733E are low voltage, low on-resistance, dual single-pole/double-throw (SPDT) monolithic CMOS analog switches designed for high performance switching of analog signals. Combining low-power, high speed, low on-resistance, and small package size, the DG2535E and DG2733E are ideal for portable and battery powered applications.

The DG2535E and DG2733E have an operation range from 1.65 V to 5.5 V single supply. The DG2535E has two separate control pins for independent control of the two SPDT switches. The DG2733E has an EN pin to enable the device when the logic is high.

The DG2535E and DG2733E have guaranteed 1.65 V logic compatible, allowing easy interface with low voltage DSP or MCU control logic.

The switches conduct signals within the power rails equally well in both directions when on, and blocks up to the power supply level when off. Break-before-make is guaranteed.

The DG2535E and DG2733E are built on Vishay Siliconix's sub micron CMOS low voltage process technology and provide greater than 400 mA latch-up protection, as tested per JESD78A.

The DG2535E and DG2733E are available in lead (Pb)-free 10-lead DFN and SOIC packages.

### **FEATURES**

- 1.65 V to 5.5 V single power operation
- 0.3  $\Omega$  typ. switch on resistance at V+ = 5 V
- Fast switching:
   t<sub>ON</sub> = 55 ns at 2.7 V, t<sub>OFF</sub> = 15 ns at 2.7 V
- Latch-up current > 400 mA (JESD78)
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see <a href="https://www.vishav.com/doc?99912"><u>www.vishav.com/doc?99912</u></a>

### RoHS COMPLIANT HALOGEN FREE

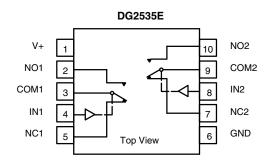
### **BENEFITS**

- Low switch resistance
- Low voltage logic compatible
- Wide operation voltage range
- · Fast switching time

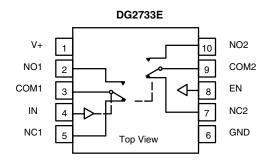
### **APPLICATIONS**

- · Audio and video signal routing
- Battery operated systems
- Relay replacement
- · Automatic test equipment
- · Process control and automation
- Data acquisition systems
- Meters and instruments
- · Medical and healthcare systems
- PCMCIA cards
- Communication systems

### **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM AND PIN CONFIGURATION**



TRUTH TABLE DG2535E					
IN1, IN2	NC1, NC2	NO1, NO2			
0	ON	OFF			
1	OFF	ON			



TRUTH TABLE DG2733E						
IN	EN	NC1, NC2	NO1, NO2			
0	1	ON	OFF			
1	1	OFF	ON			
0	0	OFF	OFF			
1	0	OFF	OFF			



Vishay Siliconix

ORDERING INFORMATION					
TEMP. RANGE	PART NUMBER				
-40 °C to +85 °C	MSOP10	DG2535EDQ-T1-GE3			
	MISOPIU	DG2733EDQ-T1-GE3			
	DEN 10	DG2535EDN-T1-GE4			
	DFN-10	DG2733EDN-T1-GE4			

<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b> (T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)						
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT		
Reference to GND	V+		-0.3 V to +6 V	V		
Reference to GND	IN, COM, NC, NO a		-0.3 V to (V+ + 0.3)	]		
Current (any terminal except NO,	NC or COM)		30			
Continuous current (NO, NC, or C	COM)		± 300	mA		
Peak current (pulsed at 1 ms, 10 % duty cycle)			± 500			
Storage temperature (D suffix)			-65 to +150	°C		
Power dissipation (packages) b	miniQFN10 °		208	mW		
Latch up current		JESD78A	> 400	mA		
ESD - HBM		ANSI / ESDA / JEDEC® JS-001	> 5000			
ESD - CDM		JESD22-C101	> 1000	V		
ESD - MM		JESD22-A115	> 200	1		

#### Notes

- a. Signals on NC, NO, or COM or IN exceeding V+ will be clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current ratings.
- b. All leads welded or soldered to PC board.
- c. Derate 4 mW/C above 70 °C.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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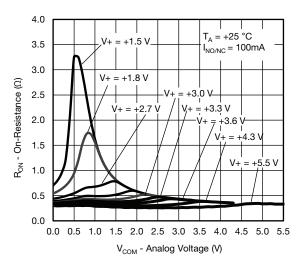
Analog Switch   Analog Signal range   Variable   Var	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	TEMP.a	<b>LIMITS</b> -40 °C to +85 °C			UNIT
Analog signal range d   Vanalog		01111202			MIN. b	TYP. c	MAX. b	0
V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ 2.5 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ 2.5 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ 2.5 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ 2.5 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ 2.7 V, I <sub>NONCE</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V, V <sub>COM</sub> =	nalog Switch			1				
No.   Versistance   Passitance   Passita	nalog signal range <sup>d</sup>	V <sub>analog</sub>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Full	0	-	V+	V
Non-resistance   Passion   Passio				_				
Non-resistance Resistance Resis				Room	-	0.5	0.7	
On-resistance   Property   Pro								
On-resistance   FigS(on)   V+ = 5.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 5.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 2.5 V   V+ = 5.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 2.5 V   V+ = 5.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 5.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 5.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 2.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V, INDINC = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V   V+ = 2.5 V   V				Full	-	0.6	-	
V+ = 5.5 V, I <sub>NO/NC</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 2.5 V   Full	n-resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>				0.3		,
V + 5.5 V, N <sub>O/NC</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.9 V   V + 5.5 V, N <sub>O/NC</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 2.5 V   V + 2.2 V, N <sub>O/NC</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 2.5 V   V + 2.2 V, N <sub>O/NC</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.0 N   N + 2.5 V, N <sub>O/NC</sub> = 100 mA, V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.0 N   N <sub>O/NC</sub>   N <sub>O</sub> = 0.0 N   N <sub>O/NC</sub>   N <sub>O/NC</sub>   N <sub>O/NC</sub> = 0.0 N   N <sub>O/NC</sub>   N <sub>O/NC</sub>   N <sub>O/NC</sub>   N <sub>O</sub> = 0.0 N   N <sub>O/NC</sub>   N <sub>O/N</sub>				Room	-	0.25	0.5	
No   No   No   No   No   No   No   No								Ω
No match d				Full	-	0.4	-	22
R <sub>ON</sub> match d								,
No   No   No   No   No   No   No   No	d			D		0.00	0.00	
Ron resistance flatness   Ron flatness   Ron flatness   Hatness   No com = 0.5 V, 1.5 V   Room = -8   - 0.15     Switch off leakage current   IcoMiority   IcoMiority   IcoMiority   V+ = 5 V, V <sub>NO/NC</sub> = 0.5 V / 4.5 V, V Room = 4.5 V / 0.5 V   Room   -8   - 0.8     Full   -50   - 0.5 0     Room   -8   - 0.8     Full   -50   - 0.5 0     Room   -8   - 0.8     Full   -50   - 0.5 0     Room   -8   - 0.8     Full   -50   - 0.5 0     Room   -10	ON match <sup>d</sup>	$\Delta R_{ON}$	$V+ = 5.5 \text{ V}, I_{NO/NC} = 100 \text{ mA},$	Room	-	0.06	0.08	
Switch off leakage current   Ino/NC(off)   V+ = 5 V, V_{NO/NC} = 0.5 V / 4.5 V, Room   -8   -8   Full   -50   -5   50   Room   -8   -8   8   Full   -50   -5   50   Room   Full   -5   -5   70   Room   Full   -5   70   Room   Full   -5   70   70   70   70   70   70   70   7			$V_{COM} = 0.9 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V}$					
No/No(orf)         No/No(orf)         No/No(orf)         No/No(orf)         Room   -8   -	on resistance flatness d			Room	_	_	0.15	
Switch off leakage current         Ino/n/c(off)   IcoM(off)         V+ = 5 V, V <sub>NO/NC</sub> = 0.5 V / 4.5 V, Room   2.5 V / 0.5 V   Room   -8   -0   8   8   Room   -8   -0   8   Room   -8   -0   50   Room   -10   -50   -0   50   Room   -10   -10   -0   To   To   -0   To   To   To   To   To   To   To   T		flatness	V <sub>COM</sub> = 0.5 V, 1.5 V		_			
Switch off leakage current         V+ = 5 V, N <sub>NO/NC</sub> = 0.5 V / 4.5 V, Room		I <sub>NO/NC(off)</sub>			-	-		
CoM(off)   CoM(off)   Full   -50   -50   50     Channel-on leakage current   IcOM(on)   V+ = 5 V, V <sub>NO/NC</sub> = V <sub>COM</sub> = 4.5 V / 0.5 V   Room Full   -50   -50   50     Digital Control   Full   -50   -50   50     Digital Control   Full   -50   -50   50     Input high voltage   V <sub>INL   Input high voltage   V<sub>INL   Input high voltage  </sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub></sub>	•	140/140(011)	$V+ = 5 \text{ V}, V_{\text{NO/NC}} = 0.5 \text{ V} / 4.5 \text{ V},$			-		
Channel-on leakage current         I <sub>COM(on)</sub> V+ = 5 V, V <sub>NO/NC</sub> = V <sub>COM</sub> = 4.5 V / 0.5 V         Room Full         -00 50 - 50 - 50           Digital Control           Input high voltage         V <sub>INH</sub> V+ = 3 V         Full         1.65 0.4           Input low voltage         V <sub>INL</sub> V+ = 3 V         Full         0.4           Input low voltage         V <sub>INH</sub> V+ = 5 V         Full         0.4           Input low voltage         V <sub>INL</sub> V+ = 5 V         Full         0.4           Input low voltage         V <sub>INL</sub> V+ = 5 V         Full         0.4           Input capacitance         C <sub>IN</sub> V+ = 5 V         Full         0.6           Input capacitance         I <sub>INL</sub> or I <sub>INL</sub> V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 or V+         Full         - 1 - 0.6         0.6           Input capacitance         I <sub>INL</sub> or I <sub>INL</sub> V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 or V+         Full         - 1 - 0.6         0.6           Input capacitance         I <sub>INL</sub> or I <sub>INL</sub> V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 or V+         Full         - 1 - 0.6         0.6           Dynamic Characteristics         Teach - 100 or V+         Full         - 1 - 1 - 1         1           Turn-on time enderistics         Ton         Ton <td>current</td> <td>ICOM/off)</td> <td><math>V_{COM} = 4.5 \text{ V} / 0.5 \text{ V}</math></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td rowspan="4">nA</td>	current	ICOM/off)	$V_{COM} = 4.5 \text{ V} / 0.5 \text{ V}$			-		nA
Comment   Common   V+ = 5 V, Vno/Nc = Vcom = 4.5 V / 0.5 V   Full   -50   - 50		ICOM(611)		Full	-50	-	50	
Digital Control   Full   -50   -   50   50   50   50   50   50	•	loov()	$V_{+} = 5 \text{ V}$ Vacuus = $V_{2004} = 45 \text{ V} / 0.5 \text{ V}$		-10	-	10	
Input high voltage   V <sub>INH</sub>   V <sub>INL</sub>	urrent	*COM(on)	V1 = 0 V, VNO/NC = VCOM = 4.0 V / 0.0 V	Full	-50	-	50	
Input low voltage   V <sub>INL</sub>   V <sub>INH</sub>   V <sub>IN</sub>   V <sub>IN</sub>	igital Control							
Input low voltage	put high voltage		V+ - 3 V	Full	1.65	-	-	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline \mbox{lnput low voltage} & V_{INL} & V_{INL} & V_{IN} = 5 \mbox{V} & Full & - & - & 0.6 \\ \hline \mbox{lnput capacitance} & C_{IN} & V_{IN} = 0 \mbox{or} V_{+} & Full & - & - & 0.6 \\ \hline \mbox{lnput current} & I_{INL} \mbox{or} I_{INH} & V_{IN} = 0 \mbox{or} V_{+} & Full & - 1 & - & 1 \\ \hline \mbox{Dynamic Characteristics} \\ \hline \mbox{Break-Before-Make time $^{6}$} & t_{BBM} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	put low voltage	$V_{INL}$	V+ - 0 V	Full	-	-	0.4	V
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	nput high voltage	$V_{INH}$	V+ = 5 V	Full	1.8	-	-	V
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	put low voltage	$V_{INL}$	V+=5 V	Full	-	-	0.6	
	put capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>		Full	-	6	-	pF
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	put current	I <sub>INL</sub> or I <sub>INH</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0$ or V+	Full	-1	-	1	μΑ
	ynamic Characteristics							
	reak-Before-Make time <sup>e</sup>	t <sub>BBM</sub>		Room	1	15	-	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		t <sub>ON</sub>	$V+ = 3.6 \text{ V}, V_{NO}, V_{NC} = 1.5 \text{ V}, R_L = 50 \Omega,$	Room	ī	28	78	İ
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	urn-on time s			Full	ī	-	80	ns
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			C <sub>L</sub> = 35 μr	Room	-	13	58	,
	urn-off time <sup>e</sup>				-	-	60	
	Off-isolation d	OIRR			_	-70	-	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		XTALK	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , $C_L = 5 pF$ , $f = 100 kHz$	Room	-	1		dB
$ \begin{array}{c c} NO, NC \ off \ capacitance \ ^{d} & \hline C_{NO(off)} \\ \hline C_{NC(off)} \\ \hline Channel \ on \ capacitance \ ^{d} & \hline C_{NO(on)} \\ \hline \hline Power \ Supply \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c c} V_{IN} = 0 \ V, \ or \ V+, \ f=1 \ MHz \\ \hline \hline V_{IN} = 0 \ V, \ or \ V+, \ f=1 \ MHz \\ \hline \hline Power \ Supply \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c c} - & 40 & - \\ \hline - & 40 & - \\ \hline - & 120 & - \\ \hline - & 120 & - \\ \hline \end{array} $		ITALIX	$R_1 = 50 \Omega$ , $C_1 = 5 pF$	Room	-	1	-	MHz
NO, NC off capacitance $\frac{1}{C_{NC(off)}}$ $\frac{C_{NC(off)}}{C_{NC(on)}}$ $\frac{C_{NC(off)}}{C_{NC(on)}}$ $\frac{C_{NO(on)}}{C_{NC(on)}}$ $\frac{120}{C_{NO(on)}}$ $\frac{1}{C_{NO(on)}}$	NO, NC off capacitance <sup>d</sup>	CNOGE	IO(off)					pF
Channel on capacitance d $\frac{C_{NO(on)}}{C_{NC(on)}}$ $V_{N} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ of V+, I = I N/H2}$ $O(N) = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ of V+, I = I N/H2}$ $O(N) = 0 \text{ O(I)}$ $O(N) = 0 \text$					_	ł		
Channel on capacitance a C <sub>NC(on)</sub> - 120 -  Power Supply			$V_{IN} = 0 V$ , or $V+$ , $f = 1 MHz$		_		_	
Power Supply	hannel on capacitance d	_					_	
	ower Supply	ONC(on)				120		
POWER SUPPLY FAMOR 1 VI I	ower supply range	V+		_	1.65	_	5.5	V
Power supply current I+ V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 or V+ Full - 1	117 0		V = 0 or V.	EII				μA

### Notes

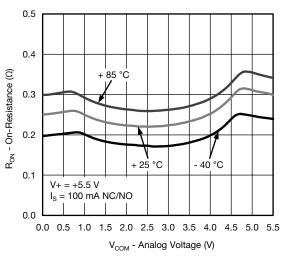
- a. Room = 25  $^{\circ}$ C, Full = as determined by the operating suffix.
- b. The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this datasheet.
- c. Typical values are for design aid only, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing.
- d. Guarantee by design, not subjected to production test.
- e.  $V_{IN}$  = input voltage to perform proper function.



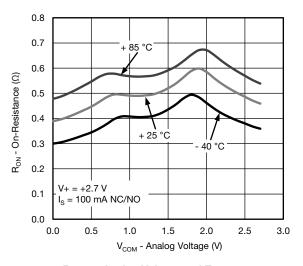
### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



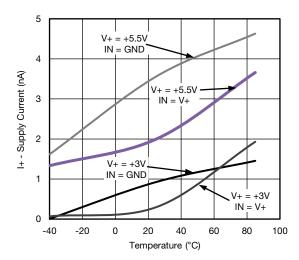
 $R_{ON}$  vs.  $V_{COM}$  and Supply Voltage



R<sub>ON</sub> vs. Analog Voltage and Temperature



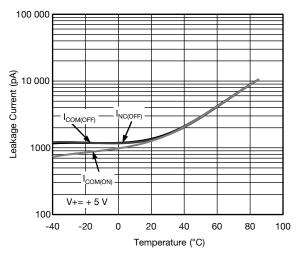
R<sub>ON</sub> vs. Analog Voltage and Temperature



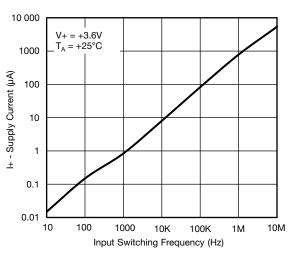
**Supply Current vs. Temperature** 



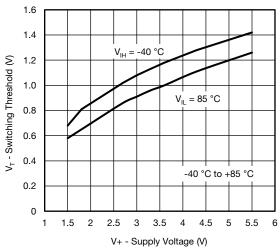
### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



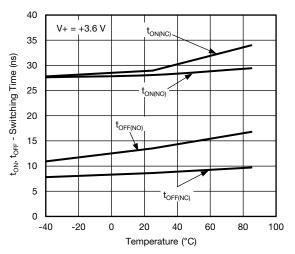
Leakage Current vs. Temperature



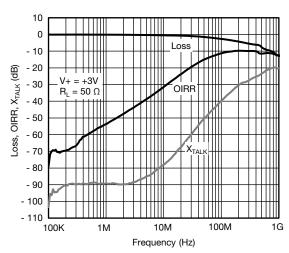
**Supply Current vs. Switching Frequency** 



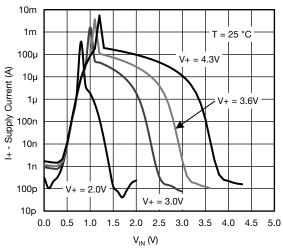
Switching Threshold vs. Supply Voltage



**Switching Time vs. Temperature** 



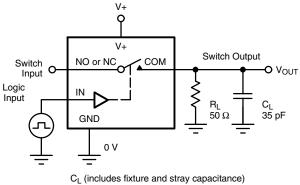
Insertion Loss, Off-Isolation Crosstalk vs. Frequency



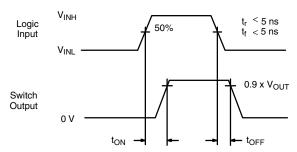
Supply Current vs. VIN



### **TEST CIRCUITS**



$$V_{OUT} = V_{COM} \left( \frac{R_L}{R_L + R_{ON}} \right)$$



Logic "1" = Switch On Logic input waveforms inverted for switches that have the opposite logic sense.

Fig. 1 - Switching Time

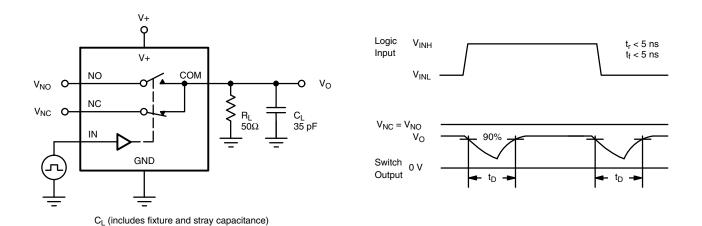
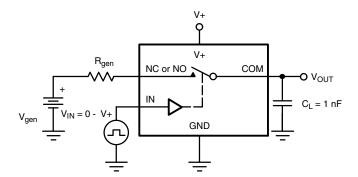
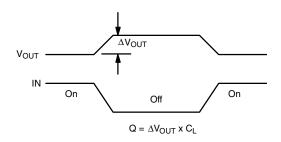


Fig. 2 - Break-Before-Make Interval



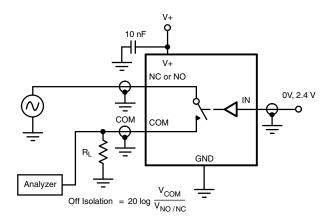
### **TEST CIRCUITS**

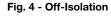




IN depends on switch configuration: input polarity determined by sense of switch.

Fig. 3 - Charge Injection





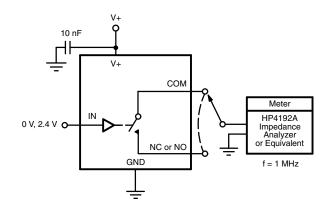


Fig. 5 - Channel Off/On Capacitance

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see <a href="https://www.vishay.com/ppg?75646">www.vishay.com/ppg?75646</a>.

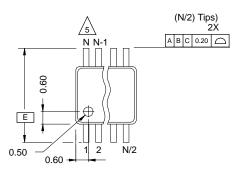




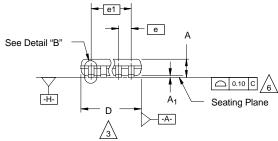


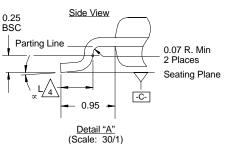
### MSOP: 10-LEADS

JEDEC Part Number: MO-187, (Variation AA and BA)



Top View





#### NOTES:

. Die thickness allowable is 0.203 ± 0.0127.

2. Dimensioning and tolerances per ANSI.Y14.5M-1994.

3.

Dimensions "D" and "E $_1$ " do not include mold flash or protrusions, and are measured at Datum plane  $\boxed{-H_2}$ , mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.



Dimension is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.



Terminal positions are shown for reference only.



Formed leads shall be planar with respect to one another within 0.10 mm at seating plane.



The lead width dimension does not include Dambar protrusion. Allowable Dambar protrusion shall be 0.08 mm total in excess of the lead width dimension at maximum material condition. Dambar cannot be located on the lower radius or the lead foot. Minimum space between protrusions and an adjacent lead to be 0.14 mm. See detail "B" and Section "C-C".



Section "C-C" to be determined at 0.10 mm to 0.25 mm from the lead tip.

9. Controlling dimension: millimeters.

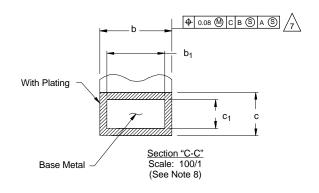
10. This part is compliant with JEDEC registration MO-187, variation AA and BA.

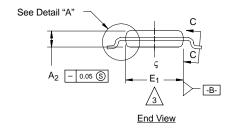


Datums —A— and —B— to be determined Datum plane —H—.

2 Exposed pad area in bottom side is the same as teh leadframe pad size.







N = 10L

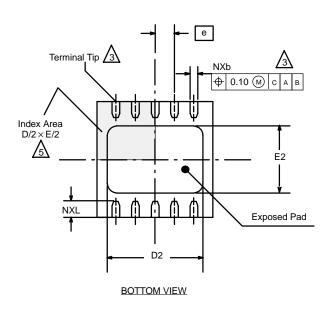
	MI			
Dim	Min	Nom	Max	Note
Α	-	-	1.10	
A <sub>1</sub>	0.05	0.10	0.15	
A <sub>2</sub>	0.75	0.85	0.95	
b	0.17	-	0.27	8
b <sub>1</sub>	0.17	0.20	0.23	8
С	0.13	-	0.23	
c <sub>1</sub>	0.13	0.15	0.18	
D		3.00 BSC		3
Е		4.90 BSC		
E <sub>1</sub>	2.90	3.00	3.10	3
е		0.50 BSC		
e <sub>1</sub>		2.00 BSC		
L	0.40	0.55	0.70	4
N	10			5
œ	0°	4°	6°	
ECN: T-02 DWG: 58	2080—Rev. 0 67	C, 15-Jul-02		

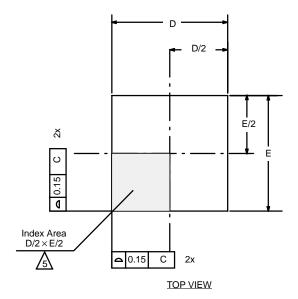
Document Number: 71245

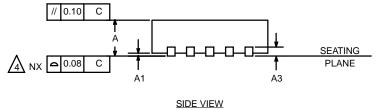
12-Jul-02



### **DFN-10 LEAD (3 X 3)**







### NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters and inches.

N is the total number of terminals.

Dimension b applies to metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15 and 0.30 mm from terminal tip.  $\,$ 



Coplanarity applies to the exposed heat sink slug as well as the



The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or marked feature, it must be located within the zone iindicated.

	MILLIMETERS INC				INCHES		
Dim	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
Α	0.80	0.90	1.00	0.031	0.035	0.039	
<b>A</b> 1	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.000	0.001	0.002	
А3	0.20 BSC			0.008 BSC			
b	0.18	0.23	0.30	0.007	0.009	0.012	
D	3.00 BSC			0.118 BSC			
D2	2.20	2.38	2.48	0.087	0.094	0.098	
Е		3.00 BSC			0.118 BSC		
E2	1.49	1.64	1.74	0.059	0.065	0.069	
е		0.50 BSC 0.020 BSC					
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.012	0.016	0.020	
*Use millimeters as the primary measurement.							
ECN: S-42134—Rev. A, 29-Nov-04							

DWG: 5943

Document Number: 73181 www.vishay.com 29-Nov-04



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