# **HVCC Series**

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Vishay Roederstein

## High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors Radial-Leaded Singlelayer Disc



## LINKS TO ADDITIONAL RESOURCES



QUICK REFERENCE DATA						
DESCRIPTION		VALUE				
Ceramic class		2				
Ceramic dielectric		Y6P				
Temperature coefficient of capacitance	± 10 % within -30 °C to +105 °C					
Voltage (U <sub>rated, DC</sub> )	10 000	15 000	20 000			
Min. capacitance (pF)	100	100	100			
Max. capacitance (pF)	2000	2000	1000			
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %					
Max. dissipation factor (%)		1.5				
Min. insulation resistance (G $\Omega$ )	200					
Operating temperature (°C)	-30 to +105					
Mounting		Radial				

## RATED VOLTAGE

 $\begin{array}{l} U_{rated, \ AC} = U_{rated, \ DC}/2.8 \ at \ 50 \ Hz \ / \ 60 \ Hz \\ U_{rated, \ DC} \colon 10 \ 000 \ V \rightarrow U_{rated, \ AC} \colon 3500 \ V \\ U_{rated, \ DC} \colon 15 \ 000 \ V \rightarrow U_{rated, \ AC} \colon 5300 \ V \\ U_{rated, \ DC} \colon 20 \ 000 \ V \rightarrow U_{rated, \ AC} \colon 7000 \ V \end{array}$ 

## INSULATION RESISTANCE

Min. 200 000 M $\Omega$  at 500 V  $_{DC}$  / 60 s max.

#### **TOLERANCE ON CAPACITANCE**

± 20 %

## **DISSIPATION FACTOR**

Max. 1.5 %

## **OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE**

-30 °C to +105 °C

FEATURES

- Ceramic singlelayer DC disc / AC disc capacitor
- High reliability
- High capacitance values up to 2 nF
- Small sizes
- Low lossesRadial leads
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see <u>www.vishay.com/doc?99912</u>

#### **OPTIONS** (on request)

- ± 10 % tolerance on nominal C-value
- Customized lead styles

## APPLICATIONS

High voltage power supplies for x-ray sources and pulsed lasers

- Baggage scanner
- Medical x-ray
- Industrial laser

## DESIGN

The capacitors consist of a ceramic disc of which both sides are silver-plated. Connection leads are made of tinned copper clad steel wire having diameters of 0.026" (0.65 mm) and 0.032" (0.80 mm).

The capacitors may be supplied with inline and straight leads having lead spacing of 0.37" (9.5 mm) and 0.49" (12.5 mm).

Coating is made of flame retardant epoxy resin in accordance with "UL 94 V-0".

## CAPACITANCE RANGE

100 pF to 2000 pF

## DIELECTRIC STRENGTH BETWEEN LEADS

 $1.5 \text{ x } U_{rated, DC}$  for maximum 60 s

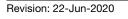
Test voltage: customer re-test 1.35 x  $U_{\text{rated, DC}}$  for maximum 60 s

#### Note

- · Considered as destructive test in insulation liquid
- Avoid flashover between wires and currents higher than 50 mA

## **CERAMIC DIELECTRIC**

Y6P (± 10 % within -30 °C to +105 °C)



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(e3) RoHS

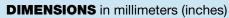
COMPLIANT

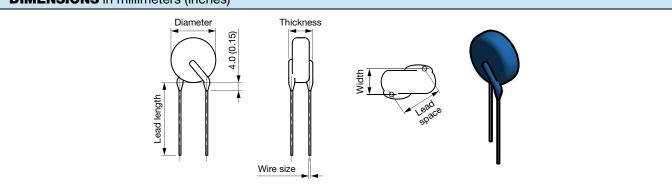


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ORD	ORDERING INFORMATION, CERAMIC 10 kV <sub>DC</sub>																											
C (pF)	TOL. (%)		IMUM IETER		IMUM (NESS		SPACE mm .04")	± 0.0	5 SIZE 5 mm 02") <sup>(1)</sup>	± 5	ENGTH mm ).2")	± 0.5	OTH 5 mm .02")	ORDERING CODE														
		mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH															
100		8	0.31	8.2	0.32							5.3	0.21	HVCC103Y6P101####														
150		8	0.31	8	0.31							4.5	0.18	HVCC103Y6P151####														
220		9	0.35	0	0.51	0.51	0.31	0.51	0.51	0.01	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	1						4.5	0.18	HVCC103Y6P221####
330		10	0.39			12.5	0.49	0.80	0.032			4.3	0.17	HVCC103Y6P331####														
470	± 20	12	0.47			and	and	and	and	30	1.18	4.3	0.17	HVCC103Y6P471####														
680		13	0.51	7.5	0.30	9.5	0.37	0.37 0.65	0.026		Γ	3.8	0.15	HVCC103Y6P681####														
1000		15	0.59	7.5	0.30							3.8	0.15	HVCC103Y6P102####														
1500		17	0.67									3.8	0.15	HVCC103Y6P152####														
2000		19	0.75									3.8	0.15	HVCC103Y6P202####														

ORD	ORDERING INFORMATION, CERAMIC 15 kV <sub>DC</sub>													
C (pF)	TOL. (%)		IMUM IETER		IMUM (NESS	_	SPACE mm .04")	± 0.0	5 SIZE 5 mm 02") <sup>(1)</sup>	± 5	ENGTH mm ).2")	± 0.5	DTH 5 mm .02")	ORDERING CODE
		ММ	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	
100		8	0.31	8.2	0.32							5.3	0.21	HVCC153Y6P101####
150		8	0.31									4.5	0.18	HVCC153Y6P151####
220		9	0.35									4.5	0.18	HVCC153Y6P221####
330		10	0.39			12.5	0.49	0.80	0.032			4.3	0.17	HVCC153Y6P331####
470	± 20	12	0.47	8	0.31	and	and	and	and	30	1.18	4.3	0.17	HVCC153Y6P471####
680		13	0.51	0	0.51	9.5	0.37	0.65	0.026			4.3	0.17	HVCC153Y6P681####
1000		15	0.59									4.3	0.17	HVCC153Y6P102####
1500		19	0.75									4.3	0.17	HVCC153Y6P152####
2000		19	0.75									4.3	0.17	HVCC153Y6P202####

ORD	ORDERING INFORMATION, CERAMIC 20 kV <sub>DC</sub>													
C (pF)	TOL. (%)		IMUM IETER		MUM (NESS	± 1	SPACE mm .04")	± 0.0	5 SIZE 5 mm 02") <sup>(1)</sup>	± 5	ENGTH mm ).2")	± 0.5	OTH 5 mm .02")	ORDERING CODE
		mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	mm	INCH	
100		8	0.31									5.3	0.21	HVCC203Y6P101####
150		8	0.31									4.5	0.18	HVCC203Y6P151####
220		9	0.35			12.5	0.49	0.8	0.032			5.0	0.2	HVCC203Y6P221####
330	± 20	12	0.47	8.5	0.33	and	and	and	and	30	1.18	5.1	0.2	HVCC203Y6P331####
470		13	0.51			9.5	0.37	0.65	0.026			5.1	0.2	HVCC203Y6P471####
680		15	0.59									5.1	0.2	HVCC203Y6P681####
1000		17	0.67									5.1	0.2	HVCC203Y6P102####

#### Notes

± 10 % tolerance is available upon request .

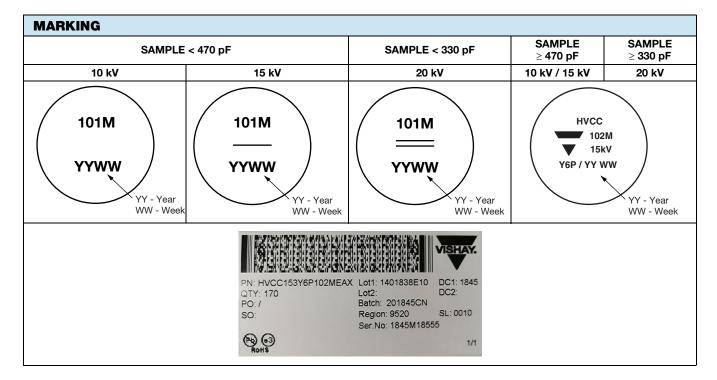
(1) #20 AWG = 0.8 mm #22 AWG = 0.6 mm

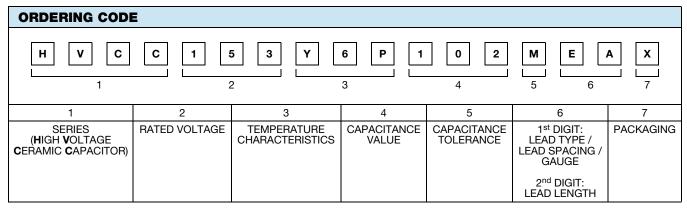
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#### LEAD TYPE (position 6)

STANDARD TYPE								
CODE	LEAD TYPE	LEAD SPACING (mm)	LEAD DIAMETER (mm)	# GAUGE	MATERIAL	LEAD LENGTH (mm)		
AA	Straight LL	9.5 ± 1.0	0.80	20	TCCSW	30 ± 5		
CA	Straight LL	9.5 ± 1.0	0.65	22	TCCSW	30 ± 5		
EA	Straight LL	12.5 ± 1.0	0.80	20	TCCSW	30 ± 5		
GA	Straight LL	12.5 ± 1.0	0.65	22	TCCSW	30 ± 5		

Notes

• 1<sup>th</sup> digit: lead type / lead spacing / gauge

2<sup>nd</sup> digit: A = long leads

LL = long leads

• TCCSW = tinned copper clad steel wire

PACKAGING (position 7)						
CODE	VERSION					
X	Bulk					

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PE	PERFORMANCE								
NO.	PARAMETER		SPECIFICATION						
		TEST CONDITIONS	METHOD AND NOTES						
1	Capacitance	Tol. K = ± 10 % at 1000 h Tol. M = ± 20 % at 1000 h	Components are measured with a LCR-meter. Consider aging of ceramic. Given tolerance is valid 1000 h ± 24 h after last heating. Before and after that moment, aging offset has to be						
2	Dissipation factor	DF / tan $\delta$ = max. 1.5 %	considered. (See general information for further instructions)						
3	Insulation resistance	$  I_{R} = \text{min. } 200 \text{ G}\Omega \text{ in } 60 \text{ s} $	NOTE: very high resistances are sensitive to the surrounding area may lead to unstable measurement values						
4	Dielectric strength (between lead wires)	$\begin{array}{l} U1 = +1.35 \ x \ U_{RDC}/U_{RAC} \ max. \ 60 \ s \\ U2 = -1.35 \ x \ U_{RDC}/U_{RAC} \ max. \ 60 \ s \\ t_{U1} = t_{U2} = 60 \ s \\ I_{max.} = 50 \ mA \end{array}$	1. Apply +1.35 x $U_{RDC}/U_{RAC}$ for max. 60 s 2. Unload part ( $I_{max.} = 50$ mA) 3. Apply -1.35 x $U_{RDC}$ for max. 60 s 4. Unload part ( $I_{max.} = 50$ mA) 5. Avoid current spikes higher than 50 mA						
5	Appearance and marking	No visible damage. The marking shall be legible	Visual inspection						
6	Dimensions	Dimensions are within specification	Measurement by caliper gauge						
7.1	Temperature characteristics / TCC	EIA code = Y6P $\Delta C/C_0 = \pm 10 \%$ Temp. range = -30 °C to 105 °C	Measurement is done from cooler temperatures to hotter temperatures in reasonable temperature steps. Other way						
7.2	Temperature characteristics / <b>TCDF</b>	DF / tan $\delta$ = max. 1.5 % Temp. range = 20 °C to 105 °C	round you get have to consider deaging effects.						
8	Dielectric strength of body insulation	U = 5000 V <sub>DC</sub> t = 60 s	<ol> <li>Connect both lead wires together</li> <li>Dip component headfirst into a bath with oil and metal balls (fig.)</li> <li>Apply voltage between lead wires and metal balls</li> </ol>						
9	Pulse test	$t_r = 1.2 \ \mu s$ $t_f = 50 \ \mu s$ $U = 1.25 \ x \ U_{RDC}$ $n = 50 \ x \ single \ polarity$	$\begin{array}{c} U \\ (M) \\ 90 \\ 90 \\ 30 \\ \end{array}$						
10	Life test	U = 1.25 x U <sub>RDC</sub> t = min. 1000 h T = max. 105 °C I <sub>max.</sub> = 50 mA	1. Initial measurement including no. 1, 2, 3, and 8 2. Condition the components to test temperature 3. Carry out life test / avoid 0 $\Omega$ short circuit 4. Final measurement including no. 1, 2, 3, and 8 Result: voltage breakdowns are not accepted						
11	Steady state test (without load)	T = 40 °C RH = 93 % t = 240 h / 10 days U = 1.5 x U <sub>RDC</sub>	<ol> <li>Initial measurement including no. 1, 2, 3, and 8</li> <li>Carry out steady state test</li> <li>Final measurement including no. 1, 2, 3, and 8</li> <li>Result: voltage breakdowns are not accepted</li> </ol>						

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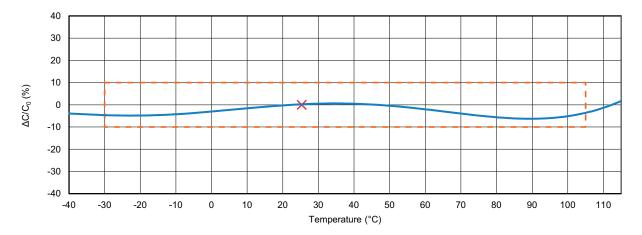
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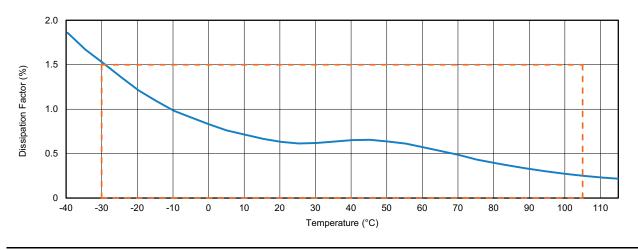
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PERFORMANCE							
NO.	DADAMETED	SPECIFICATION					
NO.	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	METHOD AND NOTES				
12	Temperature cycle	$T_{LOW} = -40 \text{ °C}$ $T_{HIGH} = +105 \text{ °C}$ $t_{DWELL} = 1800 \text{ s}$ $t_{CHANGE} = about 300 \text{ s}$ n = 50  x	<ol> <li>Initial measurement including no. 1, 2, 3, and 8</li> <li>Carry out temperature cycle</li> <li>Final measurement including no. 1, 2, 3, and 8</li> <li>Result: voltage breakdowns and cracks in coating are not accepted</li> </ol>				
13	Solderability	T <sub>SOLDER</sub> = max. 250 °C t = max. 3 s dist. solder-epoxy = min. 2 mm	<ol> <li>Initial measurement incl. no. 1, 2, 3, and 8</li> <li>Carry out test (solder material: no known restrictions)</li> <li>Final measurement incl. 1, 2, 3, and 8 Result: voltage breakdowns are not accepted</li> </ol>				
14	Strength of lead wire / pulling	F <sub>PULL</sub> = max. 10 N t <sub>PULL</sub> = max. 10 s	Fix the body of component, apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of capacitor up to 20 N, and keep it for 10 s $\pm$ 1 s				
15	Strength of lead wire / bending $F_{BEND} = max. 5 N t_{BEND} = 2 s to 3 s$		Bending each lead wire to 90° from the lead egress with 2.5 N force, then back to original position and bent again from the same direction. Totally 3 bends, 3 s each time. 1 bend: bending to 90° the return to normal position is one bend. Start from 1.6 mm to 3.2 mm from the part body				

## **TYPICAL TCC Y6P**



## **TYPICAL TCDF Y6P**



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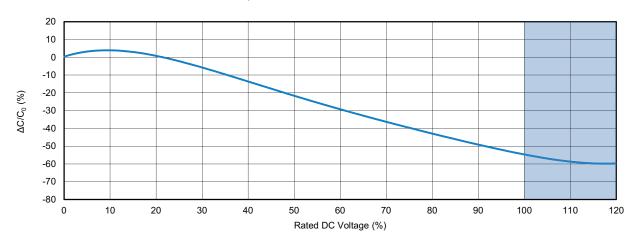
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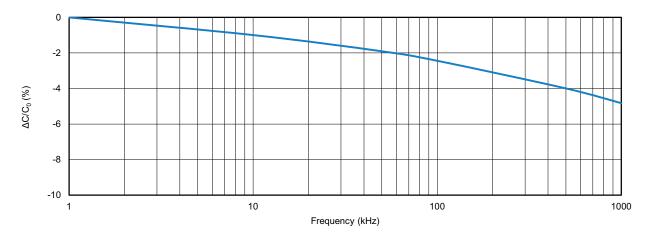
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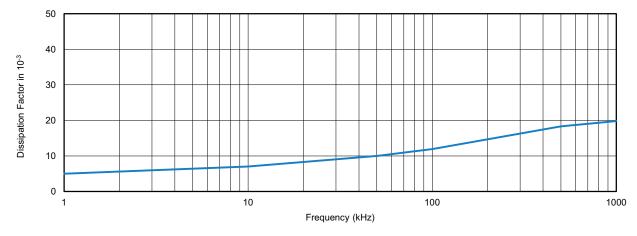
TYPICAL Y6P -  $\Delta$ C/C<sub>0</sub> / % VS. U<sub>rated, DC</sub>



TYPICAL Y6P -  $\Delta C/C_0$  / % VS. FREQUENCY



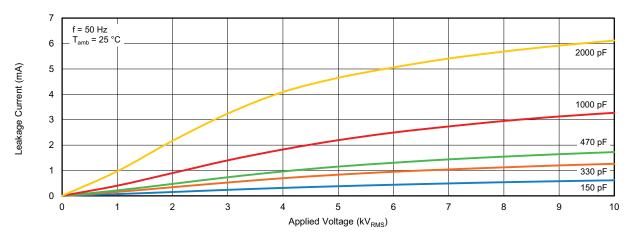






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## TYPICAL Y6P AC CURRENT VS. APPLIED VOLTAGE (LEAKAGE CURRENT)



## **1. QUALIFICATION**

#### 1.1 BASICS

All components are tested according to the related testing plan, which you find in series datasheet. The test procedures are more severe than noted in the datasheet due to aging and storage effects of the components. We do not guarantee if any limit is exceeded. Internal test procedures are more severe than noted in the table "Performance" because of aging and storage effects of the components.

#### **1.2 LIMITS OF APPLICATION**

Please take care whilst designing our parts into one of these applications, which require highest reliability and possible errors might harm life, body or property of a third party.

- Transportation (aerospace, aircraft, train, ship, submarine, etc.)
- Medical equipment
- Critical control equipment (power plant, traffic signals, disaster prevention)
- Other application requiring similar reliability characteristics

## 2. STORAGE

#### 2.1 ORIGINAL PACKAGING

Storing in the sealed original packages is preferred.

#### **2.2 STORING CONDITIONS**

Epoxy coating does not protect perfectly from all environmental conditions. Some materials can penetrate the epoxy and harm the performance of the parts. Therefore it is not recommended to use or store the parts in corrosive or humid atmosphere.

Optimal storing conditions should not exceed -10 °C to +40 °C and 15 % to 85 % relative humidity. When following these recommendations it is impossible, drying at 150 °C/60 min is recommended before assembly. If following this recommendation is not possible, drying the components at 150 °C/60 min is recommended before assembly.

## 3. ASSEMBLY

#### 3.1 WIRE FORMING

If wire forming is needed, excessive mechanical force to the component body must be avoided as it might cause cracks in the ceramic element.

Do not crack coating extension of the epoxy layer, when applying force onto the wire.

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#### 3.2 SOLDERING

Do not exceed resistance to soldering heat specification of the component. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

#### Manual Soldering / Rework

Set the soldering iron (50 W max.) to less than 400 °C and solder the wires within 4 seconds onto the PCB. Exceeding that recommendations might reduce the electrical performance of the component.

#### Wave Soldering

Most common way to assemble these kind of components is carried out in 4 steps:

- 1. Increasing temperature to 120 °C within about 20 s
- 2. Preheating at 120 °C for about 60 s
- 3. Soldering at 260 °C in less than 10 s
- 4. Gradual air cooling in constant air flow

#### **Reflow Soldering**

It is not recommended to use reflow soldering with these components.

#### **3.3 MOLDING AND COATING**

Molding and / or applying another coating material might harm the performance of the components. Therefore it is recommended to test the electrical characteristics of the molded / coated part in advance.

Typical error is a reduced withstand voltage because of an inadequate solvent in the molding material, which penetrates the epoxy coating. A similar result can be caused by an inadequate coating material, which might pull the original epoxy off the ceramic element.

#### 4. CLEANING AND DRYING

#### **4.1 CLEANING AGENTS**

Cleaning agents might have an influence to the performance of the components after washing and after unsuitable drying. The following agents have been tested and classified:

#### Recommended

- DI water
- Isopropanol
- Ethanol
- Ehtyl alcohol
- ...

#### 4.2 ULTRASONIC

Settings for ultrasonic cleaning Rinse bath capacity: output of 20 Watts per liter or less Rinsing time: 5 min max. Do not vibrate the PCB / PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to permanent destruction of the component.

#### 4.3 DRYING

It is recommended to dry the assembled PCB (washed components) for 1 hour at a temperature of 20 °C higher than the boiling point of the used cleaning agent. Exceeding 150 °C permanently should be avoided.

## **5. TESTING AND OPERATION**

#### 5.1 SHORT CIRCUIT

Avoid repetitive zero-ohm-short circuits because they might harm the components core construction, such as arcs between lead wires because of inadequate insulation material (e.g air).

#### 5.2 INSULATION

During operation, components should be surrounded by adequate insulating material (silicone oil, epoxy or molding material). Voltage breakdowns or leakage current through this material (between lead wires or to ground) is not acceptable.

#### 5.3 APPLIED VOLTAGE

When using DC-rated components in AC applications (also ripple) the peak to peak voltage should not exceed the nominal DC-rating of the component.

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#### Not Recommended

- Acetone
- ...





### 6. CAUTION

#### 6.1 OPERATING VOLTAGE AND FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTIC

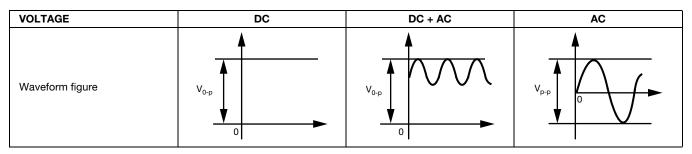
When sinusoidal or ripple voltage applied to DC ceramic disc capacitors, be sure to maintain the peak-to-peak value or the peak value of the sum of both AC + DC within the rated voltage.

When start or stop applying the voltage, resonance may generate irregular voltage.

When rectangular or pulse wave voltage is applied to DC ceramic disc capacitors, the self-heating generated by the capacitor is higher than the sinusoidal application with the same frequency. The allowable voltage rating for the rectangular or pulse wave corresponds approximately with the allowable voltage of a sinusoidal wave with the double fundamental frequency.

The allowable voltage varies, depending on the voltage and the waveform.

Diagrams of the limiting values are available for each capacitor series on request.



### 6.2 OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

The surface temperature of the capacitors must not exceed the upper limit of its rated operating temperature.

During operation in a high-frequency circuit or a pulse signal circuit, the capacitor itself generate heat due to dielectric losses. Applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of environmental temperature

25 °C.

Note, that excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics.

RELATED DOCUMENTS						
General Information	www.vishay.com/doc?22001					
Product Sheet	www.vishay.com/doc?48508					
Infographic	www.vishay.com/doc?48450					

SAMPLE KIT	
Part Number	HVCC-KIT-HV
Link	www.vishay.com/doc?23147



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