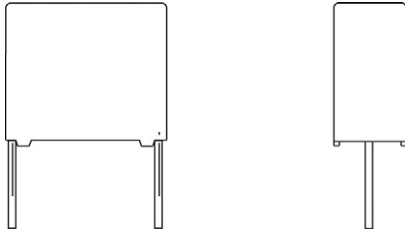




AC and Pulse Double Metallized Polypropylene Film Capacitors MKP Radial Potted Type



FEATURES

- 7.5 mm to 37.5 mm lead pitch; 7.5 mm bent back pitch
- Low contact resistance
- Low loss dielectric
- Small dimensions for high density packaging
- Supplied loose in box and taped on reel or ammopack
- Mounting: radial
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912



RoHS
COMPLIANT
HALOGEN
FREE
GREEN
(5-2008)

APPLICATIONS

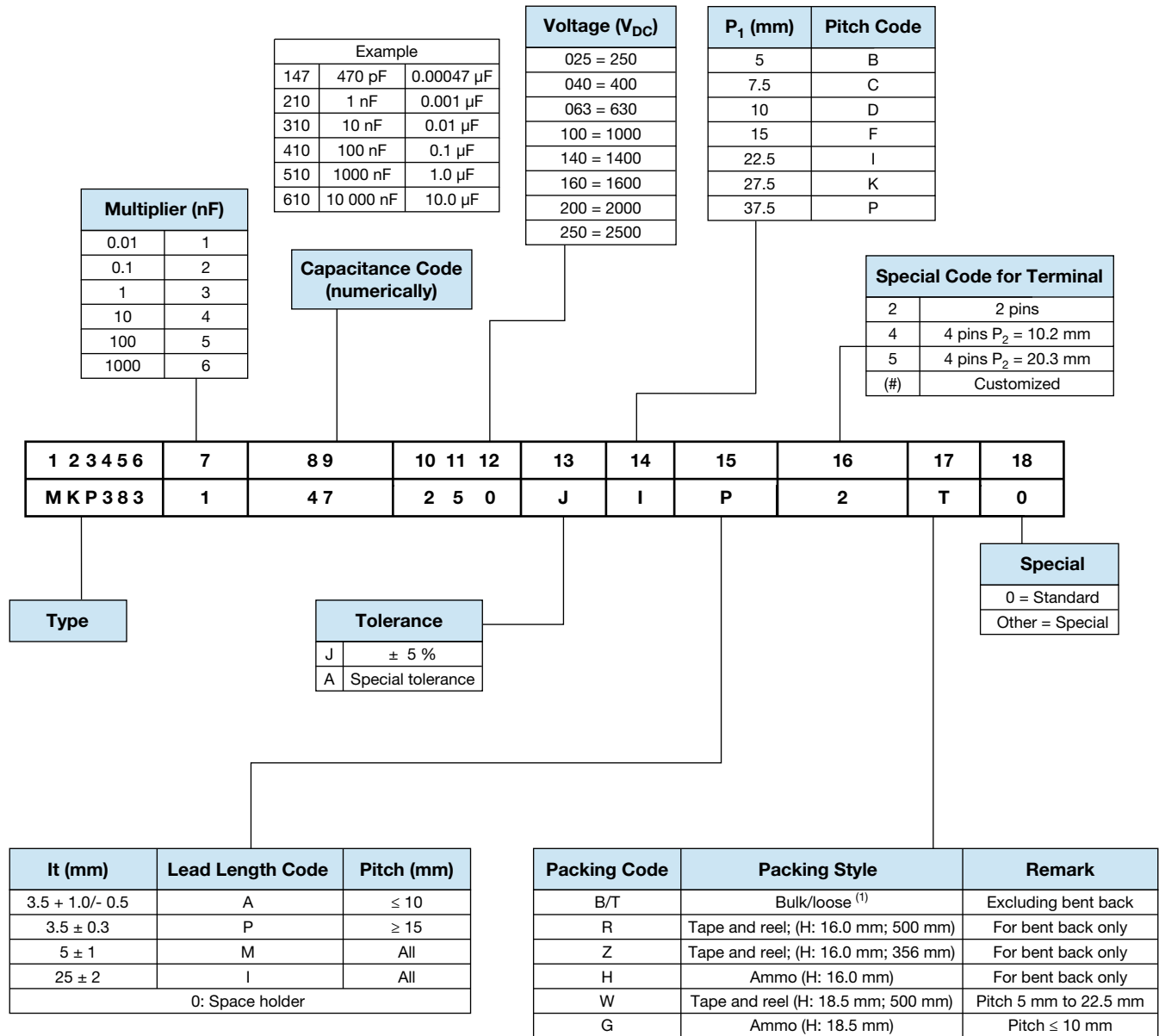
- Where steep pulses occur e.g. SMPS (switch mode power supplies)
- Electronic lighting e.g. ballast
- Motor control circuits
- S-correction
- For flyback applications please use 1400 V series

QUICK REFERENCE DATA	
Capacitance range (E24 series)	0.00047 µF to 4.7 µF
Capacitance tolerance	± 5 %
Climatic testing class according to IEC 60068-1	55/105/56
Rated DC temperature	85 °C
Rated AC temperature	105 °C
Maximum application temperature	105 °C
Reference specifications	IEC 60384-17
Dielectric	Polypropylene film
Electrodes	Metallized
Construction	Mono and internal serial construction
Encapsulation	Flame retardant plastic case and epoxy resin UL-class 94 V-0
Leads	Tinned wire
Marking	C-value; tolerance; rated voltage; sub-class; manufacturer's type; code for dielectric material; manufacturer location; manufacturer's logo; year and week

Note

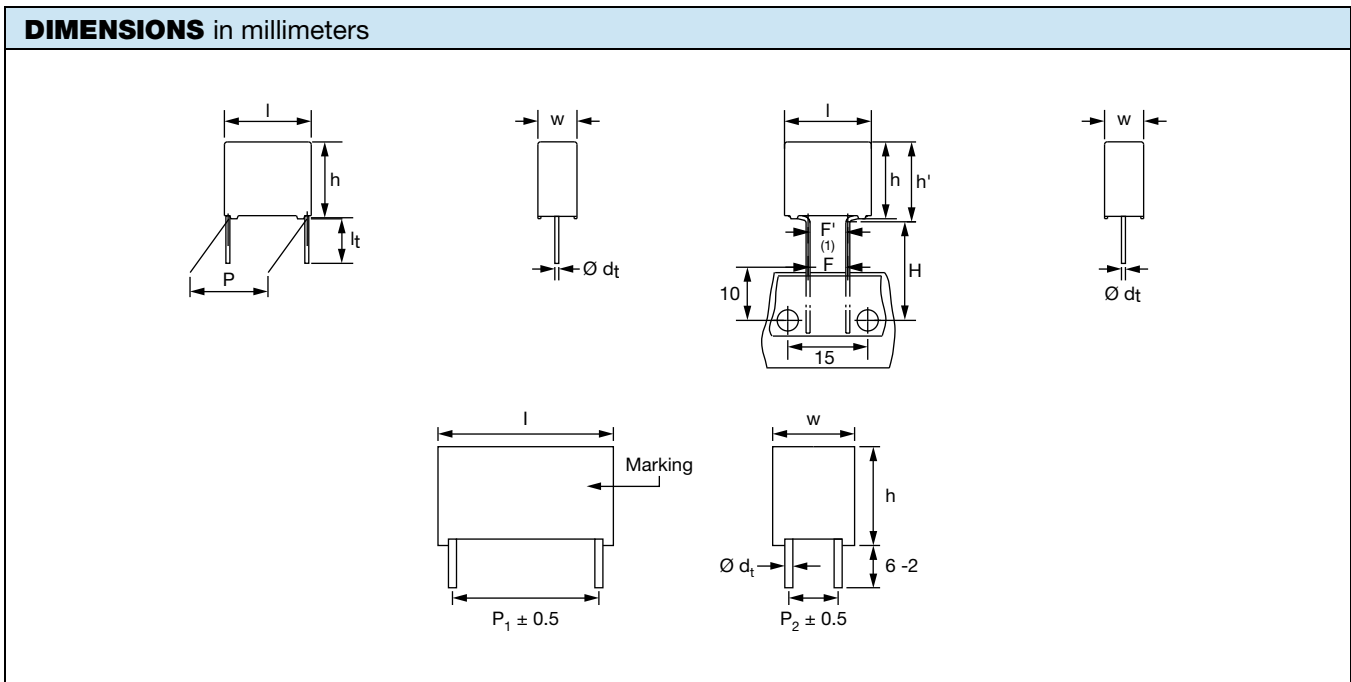
- For more detailed data and test requirements, contact dc-film@vishay.com

VOLTAGE RATINGS								
Rated DC voltage	250	400	630	1000	1400	1600	2000	2500
Rated AC voltage	125	200	220	350	500	550	700	900
Rated peak to peak voltage	350	560	630	1000	1400	1600	2000	2500

COMPOSITION OF CATALOG NUMBER

Notes

- For detailed tape specifications refer to packaging information www.vishay.com/doc?28139
- ⁽¹⁾ Packaging will be bulk for all capacitors with pitch \leq 15 mm and such with long leads ($>$ 5 mm). Capacitors with short leads up to 5 mm and pitch $>$ 15 mm will be in tray and asking code will be "T".

ELECTRICAL DATA (For Detailed Ratings go to www.vishay.com/doc?28183)	
U_{RDC} (V)	CAP. (μ F)
250	0.0068 min.
	2.7 max.
400	0.0047 min.
	1.5 max.
630	0.0047 min.
	4.7 max.
1000	0.0043 min.
	1.8 max.
1400	0.0022 min.
	0.68 max.
1600	0.0027 min.
	0.56 max.
2000	0.0010 min.
	0.56 max.
2500	0.0010 min.
	0.3 max.


Note

- (1) $|F-F'| < 0.3$ mm
 $F = 7.5$ mm + 0.6 mm / - 0.1 mm
 $\varnothing dt \pm 10$ % of standard diameter specified

MOUNTING

Normal Use

The capacitors are designed for mounting on printed-circuit boards. The capacitors packed in bandoliers are designed for mounting on printed-circuit boards by means of automatic insertion machines.

For detailed tape specifications refer to packaging information www.vishay.com/doc?28139

Specific Method of Mounting to Withstand Vibration and Shock

In order to withstand vibration and shock tests, it must be ensured that the stand-off pips are in good contact with the printed-circuit board:

- For original pitch = 15 mm the capacitors shall be mechanically fixed by the leads
- For larger pitches the capacitors shall be mounted in the same way and the body clamped

Space Requirements on Printed-Circuit Board

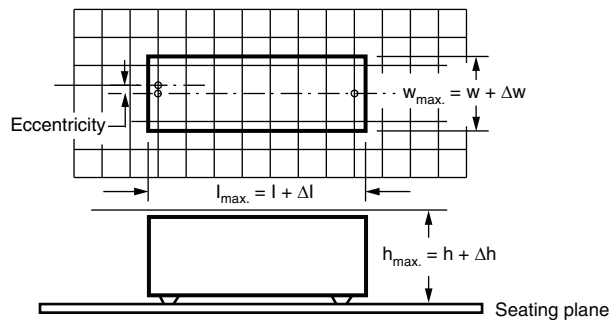
The maximum space for length ($l_{max.}$), width ($w_{max.}$) and height ($h_{max.}$) of film capacitors to take in account on the printed circuit board is shown in the drawings.

For products with pitch ≤ 15 mm, $\Delta w = \Delta l = 0.3$ mm and $\Delta h = 0.1$ mm

For products with 15 mm $<$ pitch ≤ 27.5 mm, $\Delta w = \Delta l = 0.5$ mm and $\Delta h = 0.1$ mm

For products with pitch = 37.5 mm, $\Delta w = \Delta l = 0.7$ mm and $\Delta h = 0.5$ mm

Eccentricity as in drawing. The maximum eccentricity is smaller than or equal to the lead diameter of the product concerned.



SOLDERING CONDITIONS

For general soldering conditions and wave soldering profile we refer to the document "Soldering Guidelines for Film Capacitors": www.vishay.com/doc?28171

STORAGE TEMPERATURE

$T_{stg} = -25$ °C to $+35$ °C with RH maximum 75 % without condensation

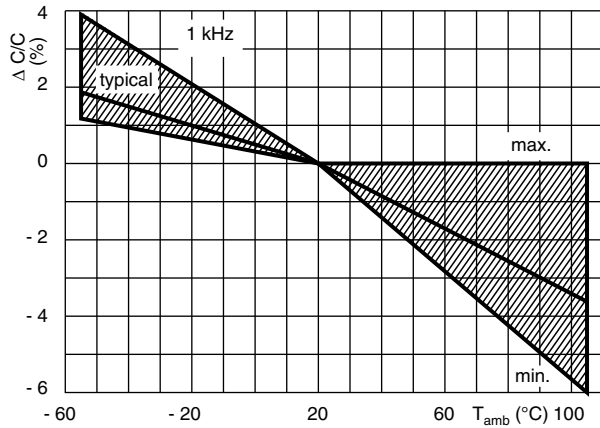
RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS REFERENCE CONDITIONS

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values apply to an ambient free temperature of 23 °C ± 1 °C, an atmospheric pressure of 86 kPa to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 50 % ± 2 %.

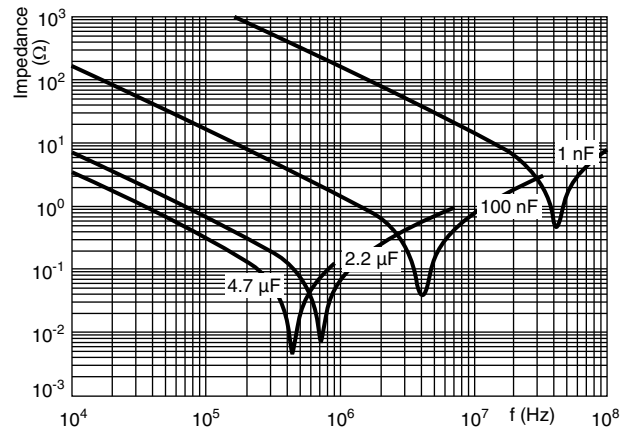
For reference testing, a conditioning period shall be applied over 96 h ± 4 h by heating the products in a circulating air oven at the rated temperature and a relative humidity not exceeding 20 %.



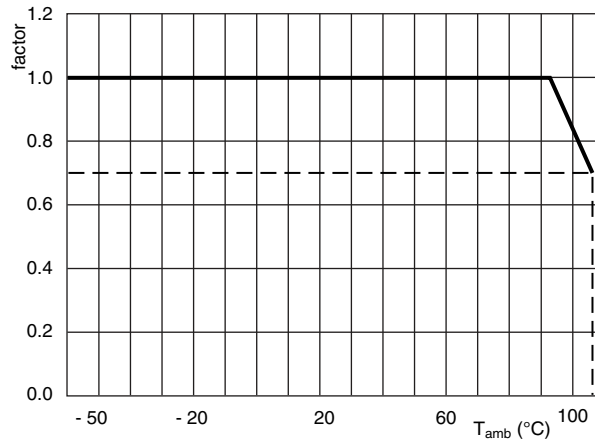
CHARACTERISTICS



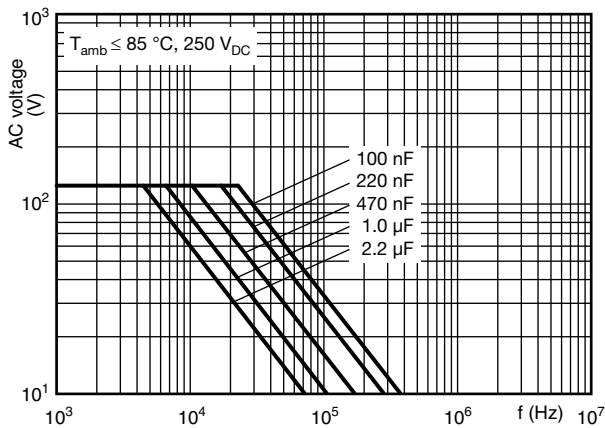
Capacitance as a function of ambient temperature (typical curve) (1 kHz)



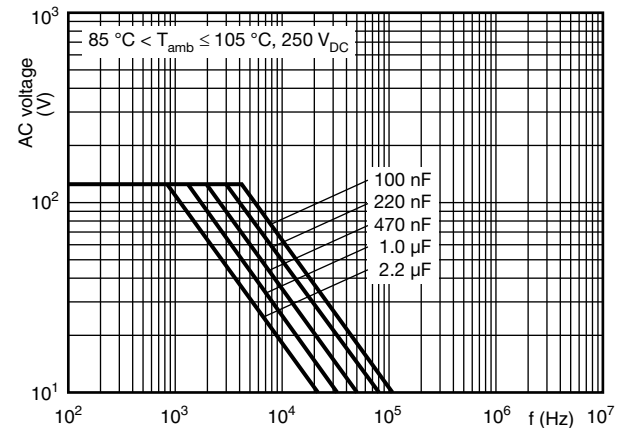
Impedance as a function of frequency (typical curve)



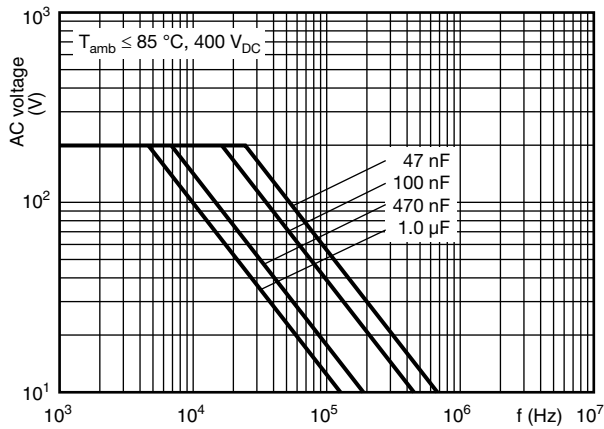
Max. DC and AC voltage as a function of temperature



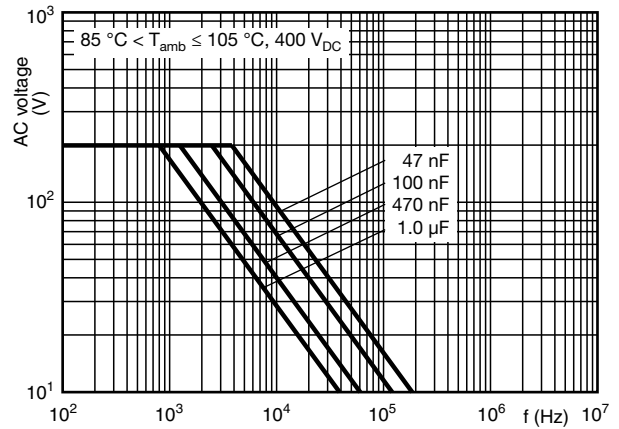
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



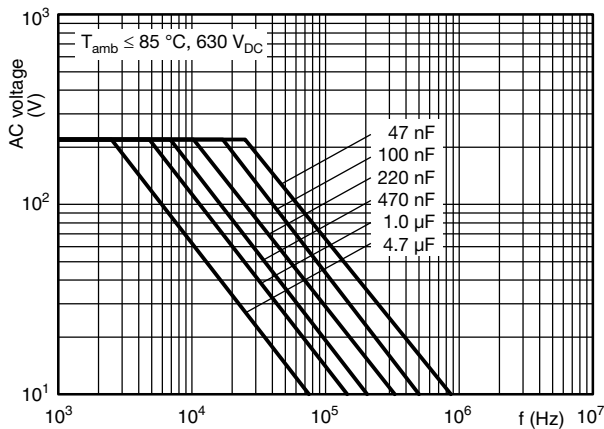
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



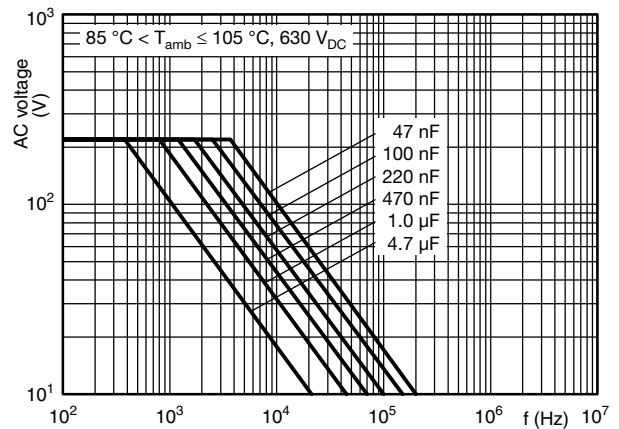
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



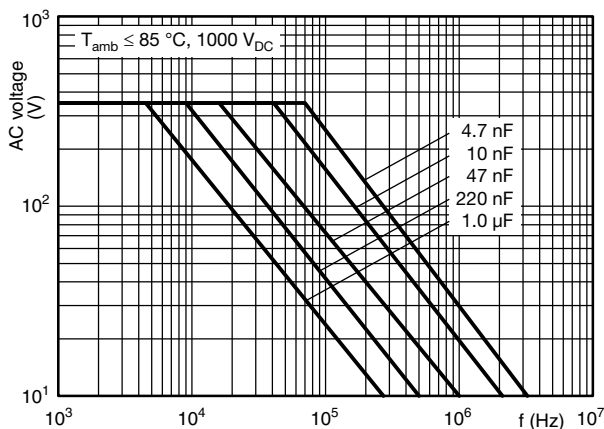
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



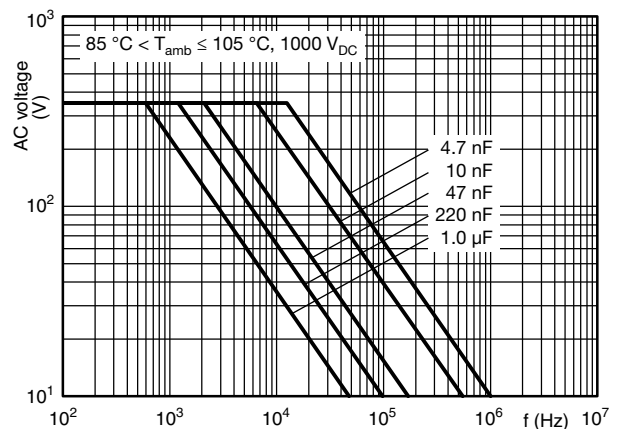
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



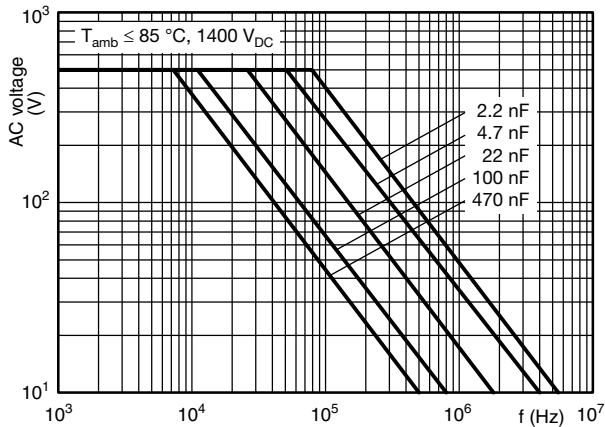
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



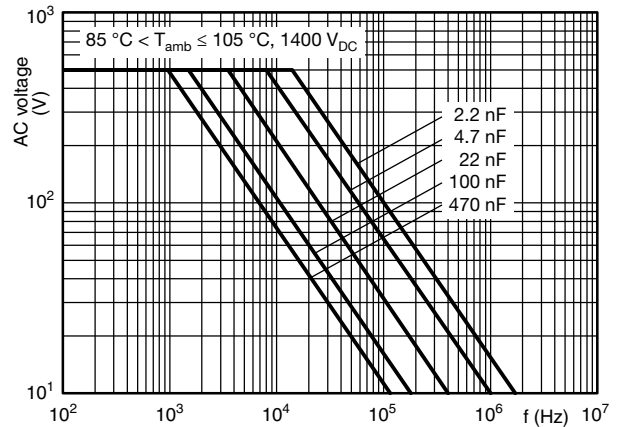
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



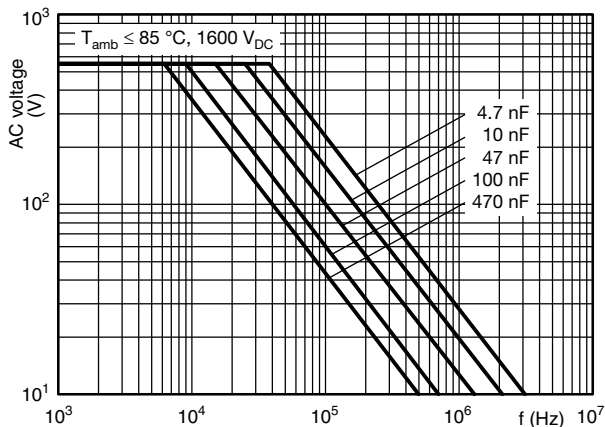
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



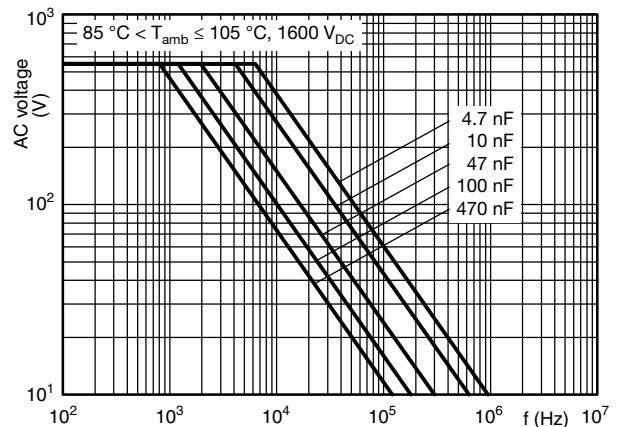
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



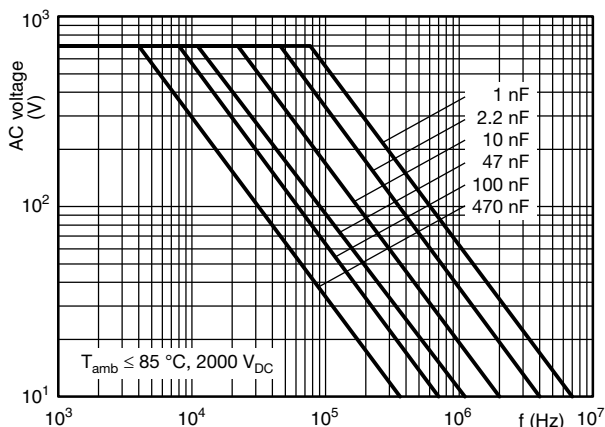
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



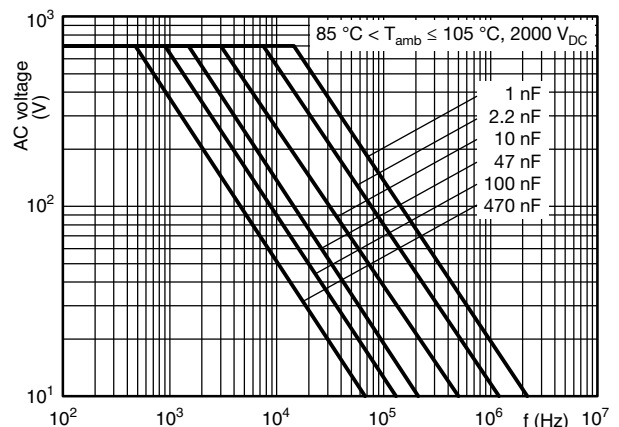
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



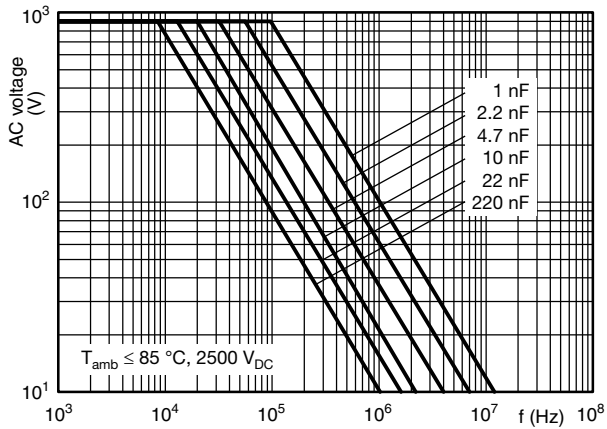
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



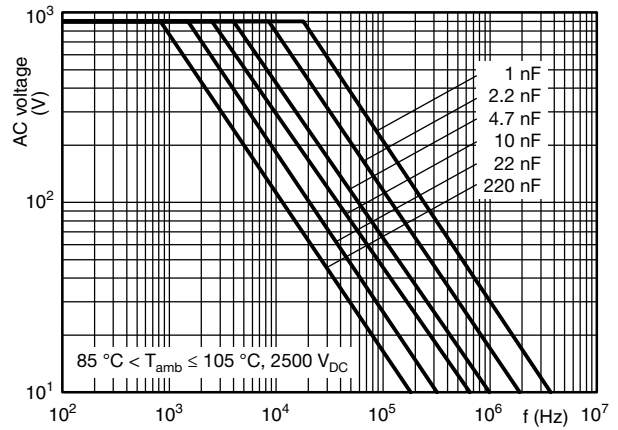
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



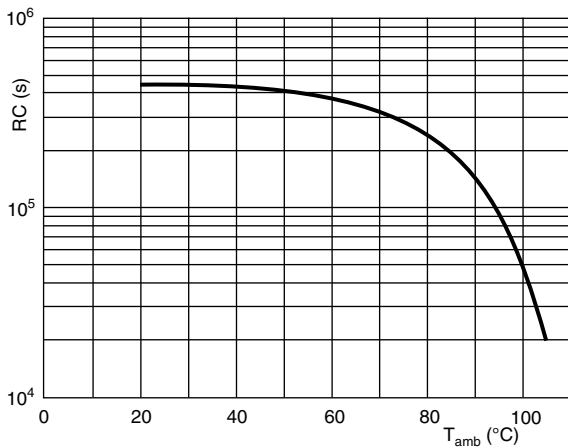
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



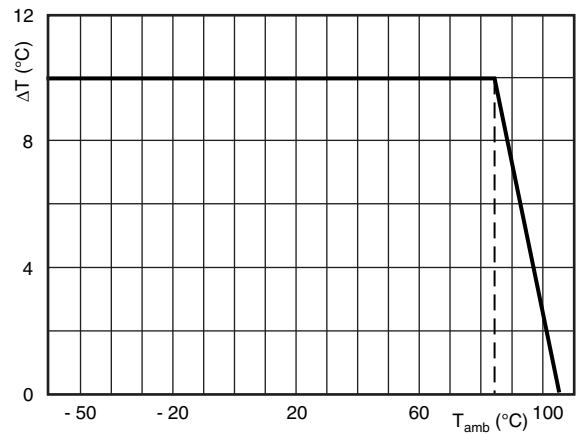
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



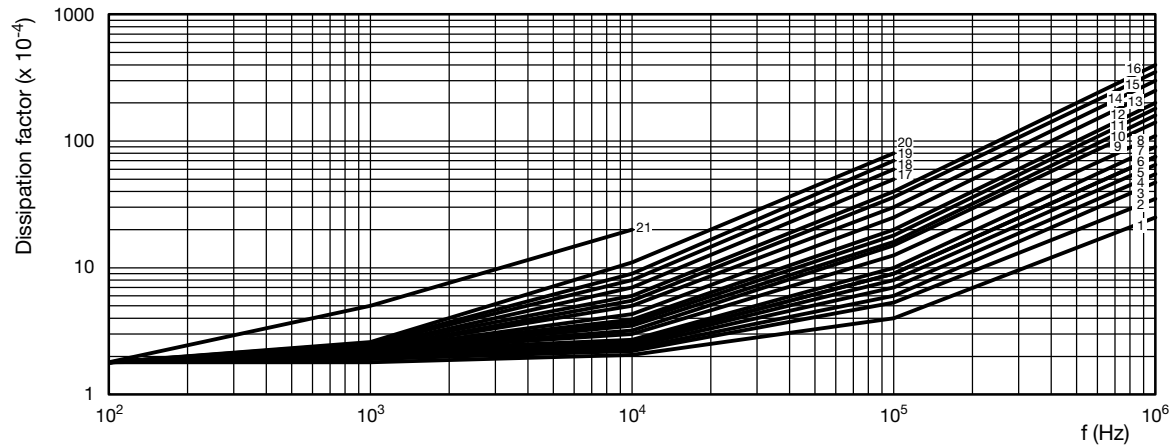
Max. RMS voltage as a function of frequency



Insulation resistance as a function of the ambient temperature



Maximum allowed component temperature rise (ΔT) as a function of the ambient temperature (T_{amb})



Tangent of loss angle as a function of frequency (typical curve)

250 V: 0.0068 $C \le 0.091 \mu\text{F}$, curve 8 0.1 $C \le 0.15 \mu\text{F}$, curve 9 0.15 $C \le 0.22 \mu\text{F}$, curve 10 0.22 $C \le 0.27 \mu\text{F}$, curve 11 0.27 $C \le 0.33 \mu\text{F}$, curve 12 0.33 $C \le 0.56 \mu\text{F}$, curve 15 0.56 $C \le 0.82 \mu\text{F}$, curve 16 0.82 $C \le 1.2 \mu\text{F}$, curve 18 1.2 $C \le 1.6 \mu\text{F}$, curve 19 1.6 $C \le 2.7 \mu\text{F}$, curve 20	400 V: 0.0047 $C \le 0.047 \mu\text{F}$, curve 5 0.047 $C \le 0.068 \mu\text{F}$, curve 6 0.068 $C \le 0.1 \mu\text{F}$, curve 7 0.1 $C \le 0.2 \mu\text{F}$, curve 8 0.2 $C \le 0.24 \mu\text{F}$, curve 12 0.24 $C \le 0.36 \mu\text{F}$, curve 13 0.36 $C \le 0.43 \mu\text{F}$, curve 14 0.43 $C \le 0.56 \mu\text{F}$, curve 16 0.56 $C \le 1.1 \mu\text{F}$, curve 17 1.1 $C \le 1.5 \mu\text{F}$, curve 18	630 V: 0.00047 $C \le 0.033 \mu\text{F}$, curve 4 0.033 $C \le 0.068 \mu\text{F}$, curve 5 0.068 $C \le 0.1 \mu\text{F}$, curve 6 0.1 $C \le 0.15 \mu\text{F}$, curve 7 0.15 $C \le 0.22 \mu\text{F}$, curve 11 0.22 $C \le 0.27 \mu\text{F}$, curve 12 0.27 $C \le 0.33 \mu\text{F}$, curve 15 0.33 $C \le 0.82 \mu\text{F}$, curve 16 0.82 $C \le 1 \mu\text{F}$, curve 18 1 $C \le 4.7 \mu\text{F}$, curve 21	1000 V: $C \le 0.01 \mu\text{F}$, curve 2 0.011 $C \le 0.027 \mu\text{F}$, curve 3 0.027 $C \le 0.047 \mu\text{F}$, curve 4 0.047 $C \le 0.062 \mu\text{F}$, curve 5 0.062 $C \le 0.075 \mu\text{F}$, curve 6 0.075 $C \le 0.1 \mu\text{F}$, curve 7 0.1 $C \le 0.15 \mu\text{F}$, curve 8 0.15 $C \le 0.22 \mu\text{F}$, curve 9 0.22 $C \le 0.3 \mu\text{F}$, curve 10 0.3 $C \le 1 \mu\text{F}$, curve 16 1 $C \le 1.8 \mu\text{F}$, curve 19
1400 V: $C \le 0.0047 \mu\text{F}$, curve 1 0.0051 $C \le 0.016 \mu\text{F}$, curve 2 0.016 $C \le 0.033 \mu\text{F}$, curve 3 0.033 $C \le 0.051 \mu\text{F}$, curve 4 0.051 $C \le 0.068 \mu\text{F}$, curve 5 0.068 $C \le 0.082 \mu\text{F}$, curve 6 0.082 $C \le 0.2 \mu\text{F}$, curve 7 0.2 $C \le 0.68 \mu\text{F}$, curve 14	1600 V: $C \le 0.0047 \mu\text{F}$, curve 3 0.0051 $C \le 0.0091 \mu\text{F}$, curve 4 0.0091 $C \le 0.068 \mu\text{F}$, curve 5 0.068 $C \le 0.01 \mu\text{F}$, curve 6 0.01 $C \le 0.16 \mu\text{F}$, curve 7 0.16 $C \le 0.56 \mu\text{F}$, curve 14	2000 V: $C \le 0.0047 \mu\text{F}$, curve 2 0.0051 $C \le 0.033 \mu\text{F}$, curve 3 0.033 $C \le 0.091 \mu\text{F}$, curve 4 0.091 $C \le 0.56 \mu\text{F}$, curve 14	2500 V: $C \le 0.0047 \mu\text{F}$, curve 1 0.0051 $C \le 0.015 \mu\text{F}$, curve 2 0.015 $C \le 0.091 \mu\text{F}$, curve 3 0.091 $C \le 0.33 \mu\text{F}$, curve 12

HEAT CONDUCTIVITY (G) AS A FUNCTION OF (ORIGINAL) PITCH AND CAPACITOR BODY THICKNESS IN mW/°C						
$W_{max.}$ (mm)	HEAT CONDUCTIVITY (mW/°C)					
	PITCH 7.5 mm	PITCH 10 mm	PITCH 15 mm	PITCH 22.5 mm	PITCH 27.5 mm	PITCH 37.5 mm
3.0	4	-	-	-	-	-
4.0	5	6.5	-	-	-	-
4.5	5	-	-	-	-	-
5.0	6	7.5	10	-	-	-
6.0	-	9.0	11	19	-	-
7.0	-	-	12	21	-	-
8.5	-	-	16	25	-	-
9.0	-	-	-	-	31	-
10.0	-	-	18	28	-	-
11.0	-	-	-	-	36	-
13.0	-	-	-	-	42	-
15.0	-	-	-	-	48	-
18.0	-	-	-	-	57	-
18.5	-	-	-	-	-	89
21.0	-	-	-	-	68	-
21.5	-	-	-	-	-	102
24.0	-	-	-	-	-	116
30.0	-	-	-	-	-	134

POWER DISSIPATION AND MAXIMUM COMPONENT TEMPERATURE RISE

The power dissipation must be limited in order not to exceed the maximum allowed component temperature rise as a function of the free air ambient temperature.

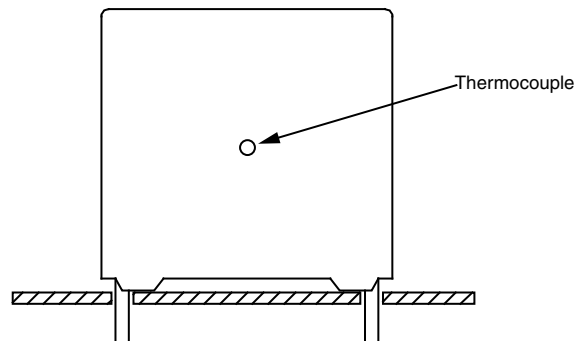
The power dissipation can be calculated according type detail specification “HQN-384-01/101: Technical information film capacitors with the typical tgδ of the curves.”.

The component temperature rise (ΔT) can be measured (see section “Measuring the component temperature” for more details) or calculated by $\Delta T = P/G$:

- ΔT = component temperature rise (°C)
- P = power dissipation of the component (mW)
- G = heat conductivity of the component (mW/°C)

MEASURING THE COMPONENT TEMPERATURE

A thermocouple must be attached to the capacitor body as in:



The temperature is measured in unloaded (T_{amb}) and maximum loaded condition (T_c).

The temperature rise is given by $\Delta T = T_c - T_{amb}$.

To avoid radiation or convection, the capacitor should be tested in a wind-free box.



APPLICATION NOTE AND LIMITING CONDITIONS

For capacitors connected in parallel, normally the proof voltage and possibly the rated voltage must be reduced. For information depending of the capacitance value and the number of parallel connections contact: dc-film@vishay.com

These capacitors are not suitable for mains applications as across-the-line capacitors without additional protection, as described hereunder. These mains applications are strictly regulated in safety standards and therefore electromagnetic interference suppression capacitors conforming the standards must be used.

To select the capacitor for a certain application, the following conditions must be checked:

- 1. The peak voltage (Up) shall not be greater than the rated DC voltage (URDC)
2. The peak-to-peak voltage (Up-p) shall not be greater than the maximum (Up-p) to avoid the ionization inception level
3. The voltage pulse slope (dU/dt) shall not exceed the rated voltage pulse slope in an RC-circuit at rated voltage and without ringing.

For all other pulses following equation must be fulfilled:

2 x integral from 0 to T of (dU/dt)^2 x dt < URDC x (dU/dt)_rated

T is the pulse duration

- 4. The maximum component surface temperature rise must be lower than the limits (see graph max. allowed component temperature rise).
5. Since in circuits used at voltages over 280 V peak-to-peak the risk for an intrinsically active flammability after a capacitor breakdown (short circuit) increases, it is recommended that the power to the component is limited to 100 times the values mentioned in the table: "Heat Conductivity"
6. When using these capacitors as across-the-line capacitor in the input filter for mains applications or as series connected with an impedance to the mains the applicant must guarantee that the following conditions are fulfilled in any case (spikes and surge voltages from the mains included).

Table with 3 columns: ALLOWED VOLTAGES, Tamb <= 85 °C, 85 °C < Tamb <= 105 °C. Rows include Maximum continuous RMS voltage, Maximum temperature RMS-over voltage (< 24 h), and Maximum peak voltage (Vo-p) (< 2 s).

EXAMPLE

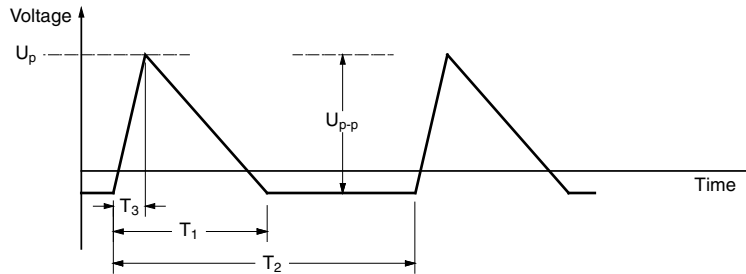
C = 4n7 - 1600 V used for the voltage signal shown in next drawing.

Up-p = 1000 V; Up = 900 V; T1 = 12 µs; T2 = 64 µs; T3 = 4 µs

The ambient temperature is 80 °C. In case of failure, the oscillation is blocked.

Checking conditions:

- 1. The peak voltage Up = 900 V is lower than 1600 VDC
2. The peak-to-peak voltage 1000 V is lower than 2*sqrt(2) x 550 VAC = 1600 Up-p
3. The voltage pulse slope (dU/dt) = 1000 V/4 µs = 250 V/µs. This is lower than 8000 V/µs (see specific reference data for each version).
4. The dissipated power is 35 mW as calculated with fourier terms and typical tgδ. The temperature rise for wmax = 6.0 mm and pitch = 15 mm will be 35 mW / 11 mW/°C = 3.2 °C This is lower than 10 °C temperature rise at 80 °C, according graph.
5. Oscillation is blocked
6. Not applicable

VOLTAGE SIGNAL

INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS
General Notes

Sub-clause numbers of tests and performance requirements refer to the “Sectional Specification, Publication IEC 60384-17 and Specific Reference Data”.

GROUP C INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS		
SUB-CLAUSE NUMBER AND TEST	CONDITIONS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
SUB-GROUP C1A PART OF SAMPLE OF SUB-GROUP C1		
4.1 Dimensions (detail)		As specified in chapters “General Data” of this specification
4.3.1 Initial measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle: for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 kHz or for $C > 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz	
4.3 Robustness of terminations	Tensile: load 10 N; 10 s Bending: load 5 N; $4 \times 90^\circ$	No visible damage
4.4 Resistance to soldering heat	Method: 1A Solder bath: $280 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \pm 5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Duration: 10 s	
4.14 Component solvent resistance	Isopropylalcohol at room temperature Method: 2 Immersion time: $5 \text{ min} \pm 0.5 \text{ min}$ Recovery time: min. 1 h, max. 2 h	
4.4.2 Final measurements	Visual examination Capacitance Tangent of loss angle	No visible damage Legible marking $ \Delta C/C \leq 1 \%$ of the value measured initially Increase of $\tan \delta$: ≤ 0.0005 for: $C \leq 100 \text{ nF}$ or ≤ 0.001 for: $100 \text{ nF} < C \leq 470 \text{ nF}$ or ≤ 0.0015 for: $C > 470 \text{ nF}$ Compared to values measured in 4.3.1



GROUP C INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS		
SUB-CLAUSE NUMBER AND TEST	CONDITIONS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
SUB-GROUP C1B OTHER PART OF SAMPLE OF SUB-GROUP C1		
4.6.1 Initial measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle: for C ≤ 1 μF at 100 kHz or for C > 1 μF at 10 kHz	
4.15 Solvent resistance of the marking	Isopropylalcohol at room temperature Method: 1 Rubbing material: cotton wool Immersion time: 5.0 min ± 0.5 min	No visible damage Legible marking
4.6 Rapid change of temperature	θA = -55 °C θB = +105 °C 5 cycles Duration t = 30 min	
4.7 Vibration	Visual examination Mounting: see section "Mounting" for more information Procedure B4 Frequency range: 10 Hz to 55 Hz Amplitude: 0.75 mm or Acceleration 98 m/s ² (whichever is less severe) Total duration 6 h	No visible damage
4.7.2 Final inspection	Visual examination	No visible damage
4.9 Shock	Mounting: see section "Mounting" for more information Pulse shape: half sine Acceleration: 490 m/s ² Duration of pulse: 11 ms	
4.9.3 Final measurements	Visual examination Capacitance Tangent of loss angle Insulation resistance	No visible damage ΔC/C ≤ 2 % for pitch < 10 mm ΔC/C ≤ 1 % for pitch > 10 mm of the value measured in 4.6.1 Increase of tan δ: ≤ 0.0005 for: C ≤ 100 nF or ≤ 0.001 for: 100 nF < C ≤ 470 nF or ≤ 0.0015 for: C > 470 nF Compared to values measured in 4.6.1 As specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification



GROUP C INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS		
SUB-CLAUSE NUMBER AND TEST	CONDITIONS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
SUB-GROUP C1 COMBINED SAMPLE OF SPECIMENS OF SUB-GROUPS C1A and C1B		
4.10 Climatic sequence		
4.10.2 Dry heat	Temperature: +105 °C Duration: 16 h	
4.10.3 Damp heat cyclic Test Db, first cycle		
4.10.4 Cold	Temperature: -55 °C Duration: 2 h	
4.10.6 Damp heat cyclic Test Db, remaining cycles		
4.10.6.2 Final measurements	Voltage proof = U_{RDC} for 1 min within 15 min after removal from testchamber Visual examination Capacitance Tangent of loss angle Insulation resistance	No breakdown or flash-over No visible damage Legible marking For original pitch = 22.5 mm and 37.5 mm: $ \Delta C/C \leq 2\%$ or for original pitch ≤ 15 mm: $ \Delta C/C \leq 3\%$ of the value measured in 4.4.2 or 4.9.3 Increase of $\tan \delta$: ≤ 0.0005 for: $C \leq 100$ nF or ≤ 0.001 for: 100 nF < $C \leq 470$ nF or ≤ 0.0015 for: $C > 470$ nF Compared to values measured in 4.3.1 or 4.6.1 $\geq 50\%$ of values specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification
SUB-GROUP C2		
4.11 Damp heat steady state	56 days, 40 °C, 90 % to 95 % RH no load	
4.11.1 Initial measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle at 1 kHz	
4.11.3 Final measurements	Voltage proof = U_{RDC} for 1 min within 15 min after removal from testchamber Visual examination Capacitance Tangent of loss angle Insulation resistance	No breakdown or flash-over No visible damage Legible marking $ \Delta C/C \leq 1\%$ of the value measured in 4.11.1 Increase of $\tan \delta$: ≤ 0.0005 for: $C \leq 100$ nF or ≤ 0.001 for: 100 nF < $C \leq 470$ nF or ≤ 0.0015 for: $C > 470$ nF Compared to values measured in 4.11.1 $\geq 50\%$ of values specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification



GROUP C INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS		
SUB-CLAUSE NUMBER AND TEST	CONDITIONS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
SUB-GROUP C3A		
4.12.1 Endurance test at 50 Hz alternating voltage	Duration: 2000 h	
4.12.1.1 Initial measurements	Voltage: 1.25 x U _{RAC} at 105 °C Capacitance Tangent of loss angle: for C ≤ 1 μF at 100 kHz or for C > 1 μF at 10 kHz	
4.12.1.3 Final measurements	Visual examination Capacitance Tangent of loss angle Insulation resistance	No visible damage Legible marking ΔC/C ≤ 5 % compared to values measured in 4.12.1.1 Increase of tan δ: ≤ 0.0005 for: C ≤ 100 nF or ≤ 0.001 for: 100 nF < C ≤ 470 nF or ≤ 0.0015 for: C > 470 nF Compared to values measured in 4.12.1.1 ≥ 50 % of values specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification
SUB-GROUP C4		
4.2.6 Temperature characteristics Initial measurements Intermediate measurements	Capacitance Capacitance at -55 °C Capacitance at +20 °C Capacitance at +105 °C	For -55 °C to +20 °C: +1 % ≤ ΔC/C ≤ 3.75 % or for 20 °C to 105 °C: -6 % ≤ ΔC/C ≤ 0 %
Final measurements	Capacitance Insulation resistance	As specified in section "Capacitance" of this specification. As specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification
4.13 Charge and discharge	10 000 cycles Charged to U _{RDC} Discharge resistance: $R = \frac{U_{RDC}}{5 \times C \times (dU/dt)}$	
4.13.1 Initial measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle: for C ≤ 1 μF at 100 kHz or for C > 1 μF at 10 kHz	
4.13.3 Final measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle Insulation resistance	ΔC/C ≤ 1 % compared to values measured in 4.13.1 Increase of tan δ: ≤ 0.0005 for: C ≤ 100 nF or ≤ 0.001 for: 100 nF < C ≤ 470 nF or ≤ 0.0015 for: C > 470 nF Compared to values measured in 4.13.1 ≥ 50 % of values specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification



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