







## **General Description**

The L7805 Family monolithic 3-terminal positive voltage regulators emplOy internal currentlimiting, thermal shutdown and safe-area compensation, making them essentially indestructible. If adequate heat sinking is provided, they can deliver over 1.5-A output current. They are intended as fixed voltage regulators in a wide range of applications including IOcal (on-card) regulation for elimination of noise and distribution problems associated with single-point regulation. In addition to use as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain adjustable output voltages and currents.

Considerable effort was expended to make the entire series of regulators easy to use and minimize the number of external components. It is not necessary to bypass the output, although this does improve transient response. Input bypassing is needed only if the regulator is lOcated far from the filter capacitor of the power supply.

#### **Features**

- Output Current up to 1.5 A
- Available in Fixed 5-V, 12-V, and 15-V Options
- Internal Thermal OverIOad, Short-Circuit and SOA Protection
- Available in Space-SaVINg SOT-223 Package
- Output Capacitance Not Required for Stability

#### **Ordering Information**

DEVICE	Package Type	MARKING	Packing	Packing QTY
L7805CV	TO-220	L7805CV	Tube	1000/BOX

## **Applications**

- Industrial Power Supplies
- SMPS Post Regulation
- HVAC Systems
- AC Inventors
- Test and Measurement Equipment
- Brushed and Brushless DC Motor Drivers
- Solar Energy String Invertors

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# Wide VIN 1.5A Fixed Voltage Regulators

L7805

#### **Pin Functions**

PIN		I/O DESCRIPTIO	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
INPUT	1	I	Input voltage pin	
GND	2	I/O	Ground pin	
OUTPUT	3	О	Output voltage pin	

Absolute Maximum Ratings

		MIN	MAX	UNIT	
DC input voltage			35	V	
Internal power dissipation <sup>(3)</sup>			Internally Limited		
Maximum junction temperature			150	°C	
Lead temperature (soldering,	TO-3 package (NDS)		300	°C	
10 sec.)	Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 in) from case for 10 s		230	°C	
Storage temperature			150	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	

- (1)Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2)If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the Texas Instruments Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.
- (3)The maximum allOwable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is a function of the maximum junction temperature for operation (TJMAX =  $125^{\circ}$ C or  $150^{\circ}$ C), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ( $\theta$ JA), and the ambient temperature (TA). PDMAX = (TJMAX TA)/ $\theta$ JA. If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature rises above TJMAX and the electrical specifications do not apply. If the die temperature rises above  $150^{\circ}$ C, the device goes into thermal shutdown. For the TO-3 package (NDS), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ( $\theta$ JA) is 39  $^{\circ}$ C/W. When using a heat sink,  $\theta$ JA is the sum of the  $4^{\circ}$ C/W junction-to-case thermal resistance ( $\theta$ JC) of the TO-3 package and the case-to-ambient thermal resistance of the heat sink. For the TO-220 package (NDE),  $\theta$ JA is 54  $^{\circ}$ C/W and  $\theta$ JC is  $4^{\circ}$ C/W.

### **ESD Ratings**

			MAX	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic dischareg	Human-body model(HBM) <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	V

<sup>(1)</sup>ESD rating is based on the human-body model, 100pF discharged through 1.5kΩ.

#### Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC(1)	L7805 Family  NDE (TO-220)	UNIT	
$R\theta_{JA}$ Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	23.9	°C/W	
Rθ <sub>JC(top)</sub> Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	16.7	°C/W	
Rθ <sub>JB</sub> Junction-to-board thermal resistance	5.3	°C/W	
ΨJT Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.2	°C/W	

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# L7805 **Wide VIN 1.5A Fixed Voltage Regulators Wide VIN 1.5A Fixed Voltage Regulators**

ψјВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	5.3	°C/W
Rθ <sub>JC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	1.7	°C/W

(1)For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

#### Electrical Characteristics(VO=5V,VI=10V,0 C \le TJ \le 125 C unless otherwise specified(1))

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>O</sub> Output voltage		$T_J=25^{\circ}C,5 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1\text{ A}$		4.8	5	5.2	V
		$P_D \le 15W,5 \text{ mA} \le I_0 \le 1A$ $7.5V \le V_{IN} \le 20V$		4.75		5.25	V
$\Delta V_{\rm O}$ Line regulation		I <sub>O</sub> =500mA	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $7V \leq V_{IN} \leq 25V$		3	50	mV
			Over temperature 8V \le V_{IN} \le 20V			50	mV
ΔV <sub>O</sub> Lif	ne regulation	I <sub>O</sub> ≤1A	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $7.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 20V$			50	mV
		10≥1A	Over temperature 8V≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤12V			25	mV
		T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	$5\text{mA} \leq I_0 \leq 1.5\text{A}$		10	50	mV
ΔV <sub>O</sub> IO	ad regulation	1j-25 C	250mA≤I <sub>O</sub> ≤750mA			25	mV
		Over temperature,5mA≤I <sub>0</sub> ≤1A				50	mV
L. Ouios	agent gurrant	I <sub>0</sub> ≤1A	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C			8	mA
1Q Quies	scent current		Over temperature			8.5	mA
		$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{J} \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C},5\text{mA} \leq \text{I}_{O} \leq 1\text{A}$			0.5		mA
ΔI <sub>Q</sub> Quie	escent current change	7V≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤20V	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ , $I_O\leq 1A$			1	mA
			Over temperature, I <sub>0</sub> ≤ 500mA			1	mA
V <sub>N</sub> Outp	ut noise voltage	$T_A=25^{\circ}C,10Hz\leq f\leq 100kHz$			40		μV
$\Delta V_{IN}$ $\mathbf{p}$	ipple rejection	f=120Hz 8V≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤18V	$T_J=25^{\circ}C, I_O\leq 1A$	62	80		dB
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$ R	ippie rejection		Over temperature, I <sub>0</sub> ≤500mA	62			dB
	Dropout voltage	$T_J=25$ °C, $I_O=1$ A			2		V
Ro	Output resistance	f=1kHz			8		mQ
	Short-circuit current	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C			2.1		A
	Peak output current	T <sub>J</sub> =25℃			2.4		A
	Average TC of Vout	Over temperature, $I_0 = 5 \text{ mA}$			-0.6		mV/℃
_	ut voltage required to intain line regulation	T <sub>J</sub> =25 °C ,I <sub>O</sub> ≤1A with a 0.22-uF capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1-uF capacitor from output to		7.5		45	V

(1)All characteristics are measured with a 0.22-µF capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1-µF capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques (tw  $\leq 10$  ms, duty cycle  $\leq 5\%$ ). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.









## **Typical Characteristics**

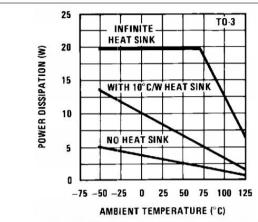


Figure 1. Maximum Average Power Dissipation

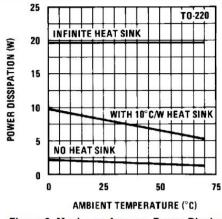


Figure 2. Maximum Average Power Dissipation

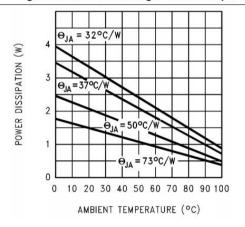


Figure 3. Maximum Power Dissipation (DDPAK/TO-263)

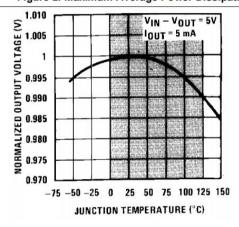
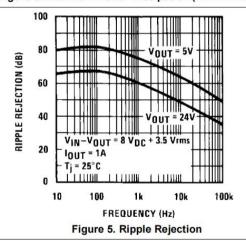
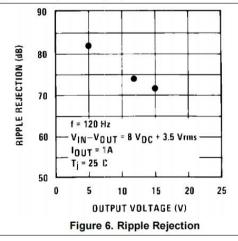


Figure 4. Output Voltage (Normalized to 1 V at  $T_J = 25$ °C)





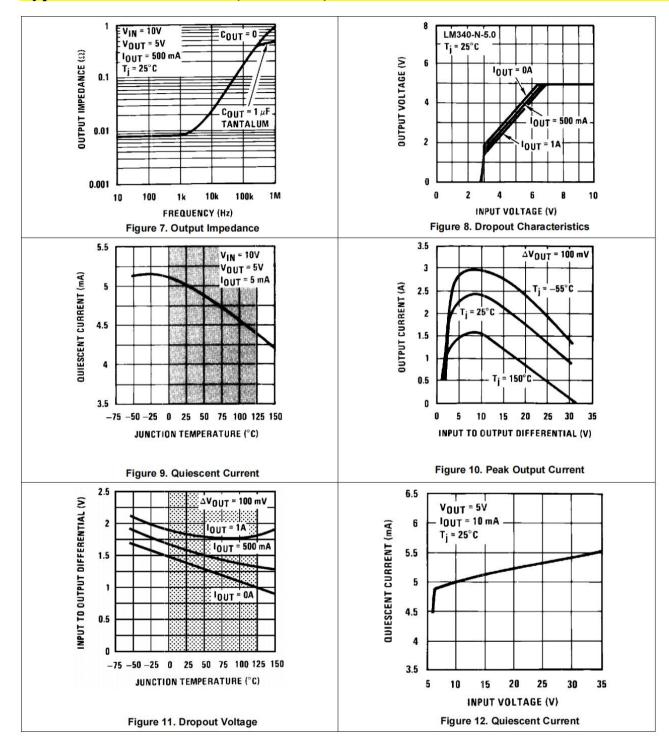








## **Typical Characteristics** (continued)

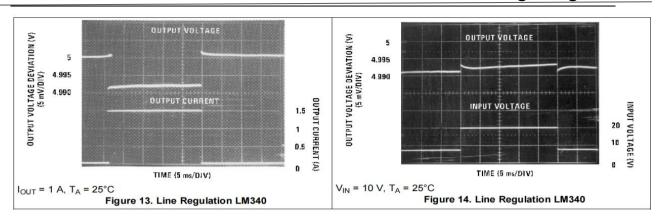




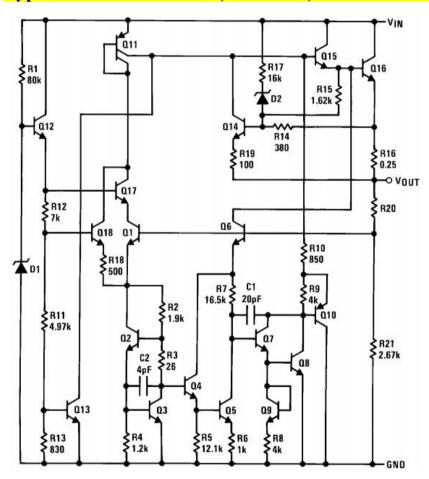








#### **Typical Characteristics** (continued)



# Application Information

The L7805 series is designed with thermal protection, output short-circuit protection, and output transistor safe area protection. However, as with any IC regulator, it becomes necessary to take precautions to assure that the regulator is not inadvertently damaged. The following describes possible misapplications and methods to prevent damage to the regulator.

## **Shorting the Regulator Input**







## **Wide VIN 1.5A Fixed Voltage Regulators**

When using large capacitors at the output of these regulators, a protection diode connected input to output (Figure 15) may be required if the input is shorted to ground. Without the protection diode, an input short causes the input to rapidly approach ground potential, while the output remains near the initial VOUT because of the stored charge in the large output capacitor. The capacitor will then discharge through a large internal input to output diode and parasitic transistors. If the energy released by the capacitor is large enough, this diode, low current metal, and the regulator are destroyed. The fast diode in Figure 15 shunts most of the capacitors discharge current around the regulator. Generally no protection diode is required for values of output capacitance

 $\leq$  10  $\mu$  F.

### Raising the Output Voltage Above the Input Voltage

Because the output of the device does not sink current, forcing the output high can cause damage to internal low current paths in a manner similar to that just described in Shorting the Regulator Input.

#### Regulator Floating Ground

When the ground pin alone becomes disconnected, the output approaches the unregulated input, causingpossible damage to other circuits connected to VOUT. If ground is reconnected with power ON, damage may also occur to the regulator. This fault is most likely to occur when plugging in regulators or modules with on card regulators into powered up sockets. The power must be turned off first, the thermal limit ceases operating, or the ground must be connected first if power must be left on. See Figure 16.

#### Transient Voltages

If transients exceed the maximum rated input voltage of the device, or reach more than 0.8V below ground and have sufficient energy, they will damage the regulator. The solution is to use a large input capacitor, a series input breakdown diode, a choke, a transient suppressor or a combination of these.

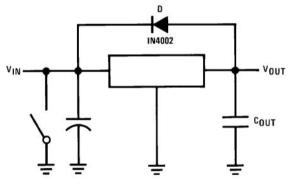


Figure 15. Input Short

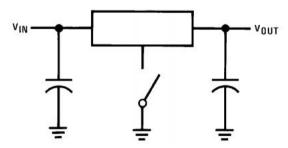


Figure 16. Regulator Floating Ground









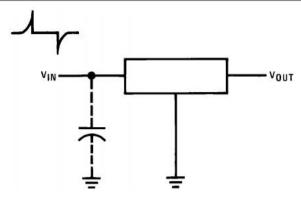


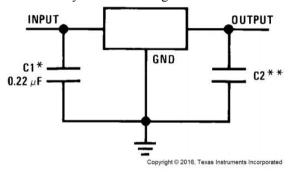
Figure 17. Transients

When a value for  $\theta_{(H-A)}$  is found, a heat sink must be selected that has a value that is less than or equal to this number.

 $\theta_{(H-A)}$  is specified numerically by the heat sink manufacturer in this catalog or shown in a curve that plots temperature rise vs power dissipation for the heat sink.

#### **Fixed Output Voltage Regulator**

The L7805 Family devices are primarily designed to provide fixed output voltage regulation. The simplest implementation of L7805 Family is shown in Figure 18.



<sup>\*</sup>Required if the regulator is located far from the power supply filter.

Figure 18. Fixed Output Voltage Regulator

### **Design Requirements**

The device component count is very minimal. Although not required, TI recommends employing bypass capacitors at the output for optimum stability and transient response. These capacitors must be placed as close as possible to the regulator. If the device is located more than 6 inches from the power supply filter, it is required to employ input capacitor.

## **Detailed Design Procedure**

The output voltage is set based on the device variant. LM340x and L7805 Family are available in 5-V, 12-V and 15-V regulator options.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Although no output capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed, use 0.1-μF, ceramic disc).







# **Application Curve**

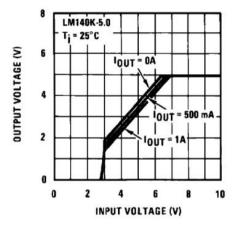


Figure 19.  $V_{OUT}$  vs  $V_{IN}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 5V$ 

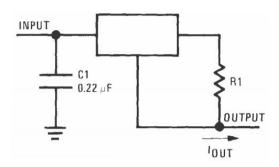








#### **System Examples**



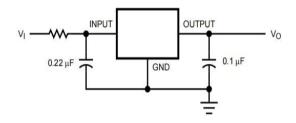
C1 0.22 μF R2

 $I_{OUT}$  = V2–3 / R1 +  $I_{Q}$  $\Delta I_{Q}$  = 1.3 mA over line and load changes.

 $V_{OUT} = 5 \text{ V} + (5 \text{ V/R1} + I_Q) \text{ R2 } 5 \text{ V/R1} > 3 \text{ I}_Q,$ load regulation (L<sub>r</sub>)  $\approx$  [(R1 + R2)/R1] (L<sub>r</sub> of LM340-5).

Figure 20. Current Regulator Figure

#### 21. Adjustable Output Regulator



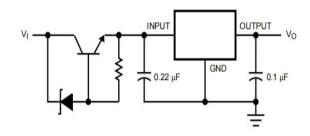
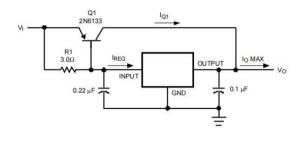
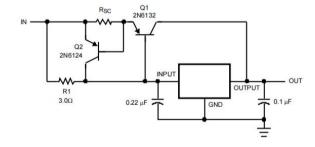


Figure 22. High Input Voltage Circuit With Series

Figure 23. High Input Voltage Circuit

#### implementation With Transistor





$$\begin{split} &\beta(Q1) \geq I_{O~Max} \: / \: I_{REG~Max} \\ &R1 = 0.9 \: / \: I_{REG} = \beta_{(Q1)} \: V_{BE(Q1)} \: / \: I_{REG~Max~(\beta~+1)} - I_{O~Max} \end{split}$$

 $R_{SC}$  = 0.8 /  $I_{SC}$ R1 =  $\beta V_{BE(Q1)}$  /  $I_{REG\ Max}$  ( $\beta$  +1) -  $I_{O\ Max}$ 

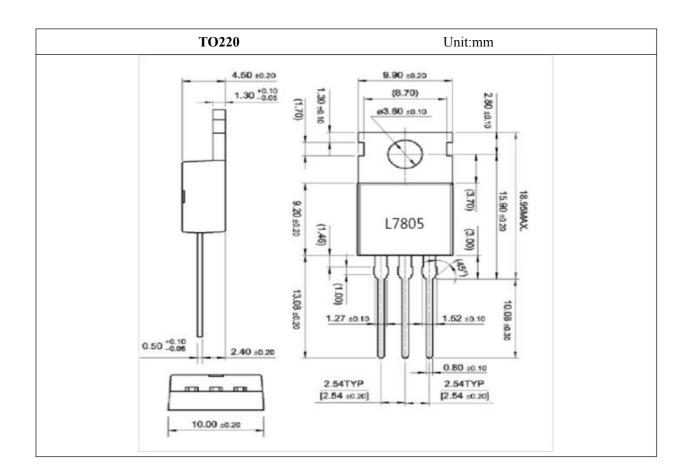
Figure 24. High Current Voltage Regulatorure Figure 25. High Output Current With Short-Circuit Protection







## **Outline Drawing**



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## Wide VIN 1.5-A Fixed Voltage Regulators

L7805

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ZLDO1117QK50TC AZ1117ID-ADJTRG1 NCV4263-2CPD50R2G NCP114BMX075TCG MC33269T-3.5G TLE4471GXT AP7315-33SA-7 NCV4266-2CST33T3G NCP715SQ15T2G NCV8623MN-50R2G NCV563SQ18T1G NCV8664CDT33RKG NCV4299CD250R2G
NCP715MX30TBG NCV8702MX25TCG L974113TR TLE7270-2E NCV562SQ25T1G AP2213D-3.3TRG1 AP2202K-2.6TRE1
NCV8170BMX300TCG NCV8152MX300180TCG NCP700CMT45TBG AP7315-33W5-7 LD56100DPU28R NCP154MX180300TAG
AP2210K-3.0TRE1 AP2113AMTR-G1 NJW4104U2-33A-TE1 MP2013AGG-5-P NCV8775CDT50RKG NJM2878F3-45-TE1 S19214B00A-V5T2U7 S-19214B50A-V5T2U7 S-19213B50A-V5T2U7 S-19214BC0A-E8T1U7\*1