

XD74LS07 DIP14 XL74LS07 SOP14

1 Features

- · Convert TTL Voltage Levels to MOS Levels
- High Sink-Current Capability
- Input Clamping Diodes Simplify System Design
- Open-Collector Driver for Indicator Lamps and Relays

2 Applications

- AV Receivers
- · Audio Docks: Portable
- · Blu-ray Players and Home Theaters
- · MP3 Players or Recorders
- Personal Digital Assistants (PDA)
- Power: Telecom/Server AC/DC Supply: Single Controller: Analog and Digital
- Solid-State Drives (SSD): Client and Enterprise
- TVs: LCD, Digital, and High-Definition (HDTV)
- · Tablets: Enterprise
- Video Analytics: Server
- Wireless Headsets, Keyboards, and Mice

3 Description

These hex buffers and drivers feature high-voltage open-collector outputs to interface with high-level circuits or for driving high-current loads. They are also characterized for use as buffers for driving TTL inputs. The XD74LS07 devices have a rated output voltage of 30 V. The maximum sink current is 40 mA.

These circuits are compatible with most TTL families. Inputs are diode-clamped to minimize transmission-line effects, which simplifies design. Typical power dissipation is 140 mW, and average propagation delay time is 12 ns.

4 Device Information(1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE (PINS)	BODY SIZE (NOM)				
XL74LS07	SOIC (14)	8.65 mm × 3.90 mm				
XD74LS07-SS	SSOP (14)	6.20 mm × 5.30 mm				
XD74LS07	PDIP (14)	19.30 mm × 6.35 mm				
XL74LS07-N	SO (14)	10.30 mm × 5.30 mm				

 For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)



5 Pin Configuration and Functions

D, DB, N, or NS Packages 14-Pin SOIC, SSOP, PDIP, SO Top View 0 v_{cc} 14 2 13 6A 2A 12 6Y 4 11 5A 3A 5 10 5Y 3Y 6 9 4A **GND** 7 8 4Y

Pin Functions

	PIN	1/0	DECORIDATION
NO.	NAME	1/0	DESCRIPTION
1	1A	I	Input 1
2	1Y	0	Output 1
3	2A	I	Input 2
4	2Y	0	Output 2
5	3A	ı	Input 3
6	3Y	0	Output 3
7	GND	_	Ground pin
8	4Y	0	Output 4
9	4A	ı	Input 4
10	5Y	0	Output 5
11	5A	ı	Input 5
12	6Y	0	Output 6
13	6A	ı	Input 6
14	V _{cc}	_	Power pin

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		7	٧
VI	Input voltage (2)		7	V
Vo	Output voltage ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾		30	٧
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature		150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
.,	Electrostatic	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000	V
V _(ESD)	discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	4.75	5	5.25	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	2			V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			8.0	V
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage			30	V
I _{OL}	Low-level output current			40	mA
TA	Operating free-air temperature	0		70	°C

All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. See the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004.

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		XD74LS07				
		D (SOIC)	DB (SSOP)	N (PDIP)	NS (SO)	UNIT
		14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	
R _{0JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	85.2	97.4	50.2	82.8	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	43.5	49.8	37.5	40.9	°C/W
R _{eJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	39.7	44.5	30	41.4	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	10.9	16.5	22.3	12.4	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	39.4	44	29.9	41.1	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

⁽²⁾ All voltage values are with respect to GND.

⁽³⁾ This is the maximum voltage that should be applied to any output when it is in the off state.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT	
V _{IK}	V_{CC} = MIN, I_I = -12 mA	V _{CC} = MIN, I _I = -12 mA		-1.5	V
I _{OH}	V _{CC} = MIN, V _{IH} = 2 V	V _{OH} = 30 V		0.25	mA
V		I _{OL} = 16 mA		0.4	V
V_{OL} $V_{CC} = MIN, V_{IL} = 0.8 V$	I _{OL} = MAX ⁽²⁾		0.7	V	
I _I	V _{CC} = MAX, V _I = 7 V		1	mA	
I _{IH}	V _{CC} = MAX, V _I = 2.4 V		20	μA	
I _{IL}	V _{CC} = MAX, V _I = 0.4 V		-0.2	mA	
I _{CCH}	V _{CC} = MAX		14	mA	
I _{CCL}	V _{CC} = MAX		45	mA	

- (1) For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.
- (2) $I_{OL} = 40 \text{ mA}$

6.6 Switching Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (see Figure 2)}$

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{PLH}	Δ.	V	D = 110 0 0 = 15 = 5		6	10	
t _{PHL}	A	ļ , r	$R_L = 110 \Omega, C_L = 15 pF$		19	30	ns

6.7 Typical Characteristics

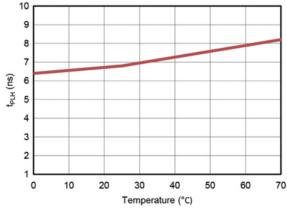
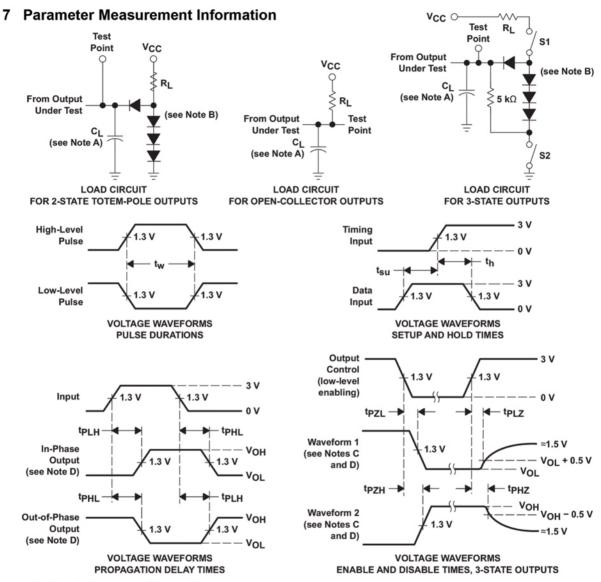


Figure 1. t_{PLH} vs. Temperature



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. All diodes are 1N3064 or equivalent.
- C. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control.
 - Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- D. S1 and S2 are closed for t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}, t_{PHZ}, and t_{PLZ}; S1 is open and S2 is closed for t_{PZH}; S1 is closed and S2 is open for t_{PZL}.
- E. Phase relationships between inputs and outputs have been chosen arbitrarily for these examples.
- F. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, $Z_O \approx 50 \Omega$, $t_r \leq$ 1.5 ns, $t_r \leq$ 2.6 ns.
- G. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one input transition per measurement.

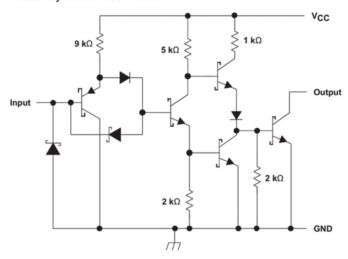
Figure 2. Load Circuits and Voltage Waveforms

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The outputs of the XD74LS07 device are open-collector and can be connected to other open-collector outputs to implement active-low wired-OR or active-high wired-AND functions. The maximum sink current for the XD74LS07 is 40 mA.

Inputs can be driven from 2.5-V, 3.3-V (LVTTL), or 5-V (CMOS) devices. This feature allows the use of this device as translators in a mixed-system environment.



Resistor values shown are nominal.

Figure 3. Schematic (Gate)

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

- Allows for up translation
 - Inputs accept voltages to 5.25 V
 - Outputs accept voltages to 30 V
- · High Sink-Current Capability
 - Up to 40 mA

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists the functions of this device.

Table 1. Function Table

INPUT A	OUTPUT Y
Н	Hi-Z
L	L

9 Application and Implementation

9.1 Application Information

The XD74LS07 device is a high-drive, open-drain CMOS device that can be used for a multitude of buffer-type functions. It can produce 40 mA of drive current at 5 V. Therefore, this device is ideal for driving multiple inputs. The inputs are 5.25-V tolerant and outputs are 30-V tolerant.

9.2 Typical Application

Multiple channels of the XD74LS07 device can be used to create a positive AND logic function, as shown in Figure 4. Additionally, the XD74LS07 device can be used to drive an LED by sinking up to 40 mA, which may be more than the previous stage can sink.

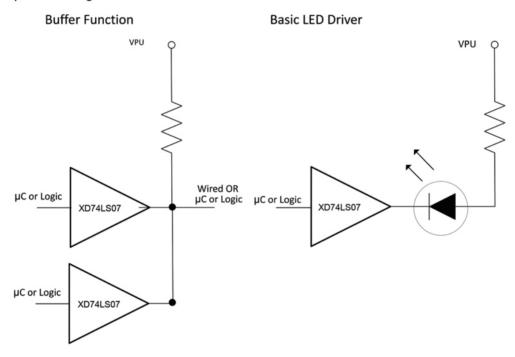


Figure 4. Typical Application Diagram

9.2.1 Design Requirements

Ensure that the inputs are in a known state as defined by V_{IH} and V_{IL} noted in *Recommended Operating Conditions*, or else the outputs may be in an unknown state.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- Recommended Input Conditions
 - For specified high and low level, see V_{IH} and V_{IL} in Recommended Operating Conditions.
 - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 5.25 V.
- 2. Recommend Output Conditions
 - Load currents must not exceed 40 mA per output.
 - Outputs must not be pulled above 30 V.

Typical Application (continued)

9.2.3 Application Curve

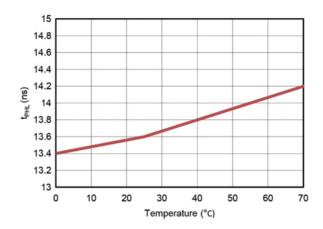


Figure 5. t_{PHL} vs Temperature

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating indicated in *Recommended Operating Conditions*.

Each V_{CC} pin must have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, TI recommends a 0.1- μ F capacitor; if there are multiple V_{CC} pins, then TI recommends either a 0.01- μ F or 0.022- μ F capacitor for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1- μ F and a 1- μ F capacitor are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor must be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices, inputs must never float.

In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused, for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. Figure 6 specifies the rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they are tied to GND or V_{CC} , whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is generally acceptable to float outputs, unless the part is a transceiver.

11.2 Layout Example

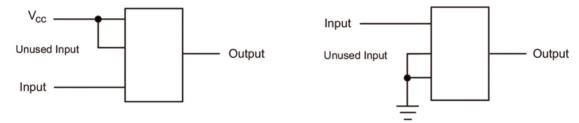
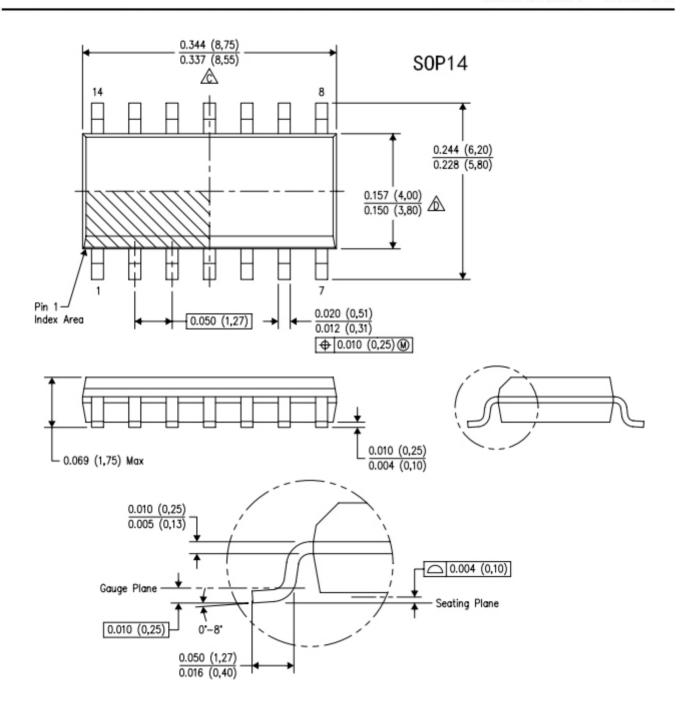
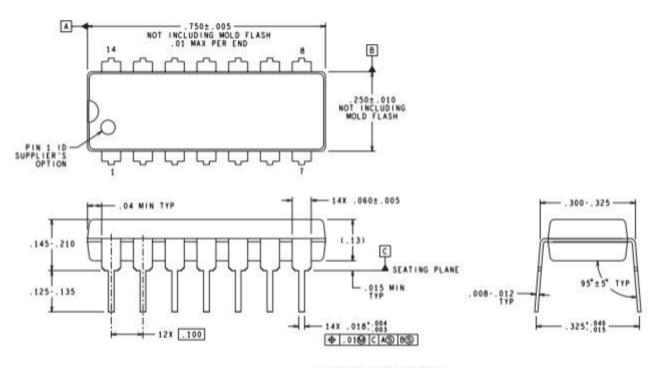


Figure 6. Layout Diagram



DIP14



DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES DIMENSIONS IN () FOR REFERENCE ONLY

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for xinluda manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

XD74LS06 XL1050 XL2907-8 XD74LS20 XL62783 XL3057W XL8574T XL393 XD74LS93 XL293-20 XL9555 XD74LS154 XD71055 XB385M3-2.5 XD74HC245 XD74LS181 XL2515-TSS XD74HC373 XD3525 XL2543-SS XD4059 XD74LS145 XH2596-3.3 XD556 XD54562 XL2515 XL1307 XD82C55-5 XD33035 XL485-SS XD54563 XD74HC4514Z XD232 XD74HC573 XL74HC165 XL7219 XD14016 XD4514 XD74LS73 XH2576-3.3 XH2576-ADJ XP8255 XD62002 XT336-2.5 XD62004 XD14514 XD14069 XD62003 XP71055 XD74LS190