1. **DESCRIPTION**

These devices consist of two independent voltage comparators that are designed to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages. Operation from dual supplies also is possible as long as the difference between the two supplies is 2 V to 36 V, and Vcc is at least 1.5 V more positive than the input common-mode voltage. Current drain is independent of the supply voltage. The outputs can be connected to other open-collector outputs to achieve wired-AND relationships.

The XL293D-8and XD293 devices are characterized for operation from -25°C to 85°C. The XL393 and XD393 devices are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C. The XL2903 device is characterized for operation from -40°C to 125°C.

2. FEATURES

- Single-Supply or Dual Supplies
- Wide Range of Supply Voltage
- Maximum Rating: 2 V to 36 V
- Tested to 30 V: Non-V Devices
- Tested to 32 V: V-Suffix Devices
- Low Supply-Current Drain Independent of Supply Voltage: 0.4 mA (Typical) Per Comparator
- Low Input Bias Current: 25 nA (Typical)

- Low Input Offset Voltage: 2 mV (Typical)
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Ground
- Differential Input Voltage Range Equal to Maximum-Rated Supply Voltage: ±36 V
- Low Output Saturation Voltage
- Output Compatible With TTL, MOS, and CMOS
- On Products Compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, All Parameters Are Tested Unless Otherwise Noted. On All Other Products, Production Processing Does Not Necessarily Include Testing of All Parameters.

3. APPLICATIONS

- Chemical or Gas Sensor
- Desktop PC
- Motor Control: AC Induction
- Weigh Scale



4. PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTIONS



Р	PIN						
NAME	SOP,DIP	ı/o	DESCRIPTION				
10UT	1	Output	Output pin of comparator 1				
1IN-	2	Input	Negative input pin of comparator 1				
1IN+	3	Input	Positive input pin of comparator 1				
GND	4	Input	Ground				
21N+	5	Input	Positive input pin of comparator 2				
2IN-	6	Input	Negative input pin of comparator 2				
20UT	7	Output	Output pin of comparator 2				
Vcc	8	Input	Supply Pin				

Pin Functions



5. FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Block diagram

6. SPECIFICATIONS

6.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	МАХ	UNIT
Vcc	Supply voltage range ⁽²⁾	-	36	v
VID	Differential input voltage ⁽³⁾		±36	V
VIN	Input pin voltage range	-0.3	36	V
VO	Output pin voltage range	-	36	V
	Output current		20	mA
lo	Duration of output short circuit to ground	Unlimited		
Tj	Operating virtual-junction temperature		300	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature range	-65	+150	°C

[1] Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- [2] All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to network ground.
- [3] Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-.
- [4] Short circuits from outputs to Vcc can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.

6.2. Thermal Resistance Characteristics

		XLx93, XI		
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	SOP	DIP	UNIT
		8 PINS	8 PINS	
Rsja	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	97	85	°c/w
Rejc(top)	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	_	—	°c/w

6.3. ESD Ratings

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MAX	UNIT
VECD	Electrostatio Discharge	Human Body Mode (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001	0	2000	V
VESD Electrostatic Discharge	Charged Device Model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101	0	1000	V	

[1] JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

[2] JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.4. Recommended Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _c c (non-V devices)	2	30	V
Vcc (V devices)	2	32	V
Tj Junction Temperature	-40	125	°C



6.5. Electrical Characteristics

At specified free-air temperature, Vcc = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TA ⁽¹⁾		XL293 XL393		UNIT
					MIN	ТҮР	MAX	
		Vcc = 5	V to 30 V,	25°C		2	5	
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	Vic = V _{ICR}	_{min} , V _o = 1.4 V	Full range			9	mV
	Input offect current	N.	- 1 4 \/	25°C		5	50	20
110	input onset current	V ₀	= 1.4 V	Full range			250	nA
	Input bias surront	N N	- 1 4)/	25°C		-25	-250	20
IIB	input bias current	V _o	= 1.4V	Full range			-400	IIA
	Common-mode			25°C	0 to V _{cc} -1.5			
VICR	input-voltage range®			Full range	0 to Vcc -2			v
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential- voltage amplification	V _c c = 15 V, V _o = 1. kΩ	$V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{o} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 11.4 \text{ V}, \text{ RL} \ge 15$ k\Omega to Vcc		50	200		V/mV
		Vон = 5 V	V _{ID} = 1 V	25°C		0.1	50	nA
ЮН	High-level output current	V _{0H} = 30 V	V _{ID} = 1 V	Full range			1	PA
		1	<u> </u>	25°C		150	400	
VOL	Low-level output voltage	$I_{0L} = 4 \text{ mA},$	V _{ID} = -1 V	Full range			700	mv
IOL	Low-level output current	V _{0L} = 1.5 V,	V _{ID} = -1 V	25°C	6			mA
las	Cumply surrent		Vcc = 5 V	25°C		0.8	1	
lcc	Supply current	R _L = 50	V _{cc} = 30 V	Full range		2.5		mA

[1] Full range (minimum or maximum) for XL293 is 25°C to 85°C, and for XL393 is 0°C to 70°C. All characteristics are measured with zero common-mode input voltage, unless otherwise specified.

[2] The voltage at either input or common-mode should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the commonmode voltage range is Vcc+ -1.5V for the inverting input (-), and the non-inverting input (+) can exceed the Vcc level; the comparator provides a proper output state. Either or both inputs can go to 30 V without damage



6.6. Electrical Characteristics

At specified free-air temperature, Vcc = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TA ⁽¹⁾	XL293 XL393			UNIT
					MIN	ТҮР	MAX	
		Vcc = 5 V to	MAX , V _o = 1.4 V	25°C		1	2	
V _{ID}	Input offset voltage	Vic =	VICR min,	Full range			4	mV
	lanut offert europat	N.	- 1 4 \/	25°C		5	50	
110	input onset current	V ₀ ·	v _o = 1.4 V				150	nA
	Input bias surrant	N N	- 1 4)/	25°C		-25	-250	20
IB	input bias current	$v_o = 1.4V$		Full range			-400	nA
	Common-mode			25°C	0 to V _{cc} -1.5			
VICR	input-voltage range®			Full range	0 to Vcc -2			v
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential- voltage amplification	$V_{C}C = 15 \text{ V}, V_{o} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 11.4 \text{V},$ $R_{L} \ge 15 \text{k} \Omega \text{ to } \text{Vcc}$		25°C	50	200		V/mV
		Vон = 5 V	V _{ID} = 1 V	25°C		0.1	50	nA
ЮН	High-level output current	V _{0H} = 30 V	V _{ID} = 1 V	Full range			1	PA
V	Low lovel output voltage	L 1 m 1	$V_{-} = 1 V_{-}$	25°C		150	400	m)/
V OL	Low-level output voltage	$I_{0L} = 4 \text{ IIIA},$	v _{ID} = -1 v	Full range			700	mv
IOL	Low-level output current	V _{0L} = 1.5 V,	V _{ID} = -1 V	25°C	6			mA
lee	Supply surrent		Vcc = 5 V	25°C		0.8	1	m (
lcc	Supply current	R _L = ~~	V _{cc} = 30 V	Full range			2.5	ma

Full range (minimum or maximum) for XL293 is 25°C to 85°C, and for XL393 is 0°C to 70°C. All characteristics are measured with zero common-mode input voltage, unless otherwise specified.

[2] The voltage at either input or common-mode should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the commonmode voltage range is Vcc+ -1.5 V, but either or both inputs can go to 30 V without damage.



6.7. Electrical Characteristics

At specified free-air temperature, Vcc = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TA ⁽¹⁾	XL2903			UNIT
					MIN	ТҮР	MAX	
		Vcc = 5 \	/ to MAX ⁽²⁾ ,	25°C		2	7	
VID	Input offset voltage	Vic = V _{ICR r}	min, $V_o = 1.4 V$	Full range			15	mV
	Input offcat current	N	- 1 4 \/	25°C		5	50	20
10	input onset current	v _o -	V _o = 1.4 V				2000	ПА
	Input bias surront	N.	- 1 4\/	25°C		-25	-250	20
IIB	input bias current	V ₀	$V_0 = 1.4V$				-400	nA
	Common-mode			25°C	0 to V _{cc} -1.5			
VICR	input-voltage range [®]			Full range	0 to Vcc -2			v
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential- voltage amplification	$V_{C}C = 15 \text{ V}, V_{o} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 11.4 \text{V},$ $R_{L} \ge 15 \text{k} \Omega \text{ to } \text{Vcc}$		25°C	25	100		V/mV
		Vон = 5 V	V _{ID} = 1 V	25°C		0.1	50	nA
ЮН	High-level output current	V _{0H} =VccMAX ⁽²⁾	V _{ID} = 1 V	Full range			1	PA
V	Low lovel output veltage	L 4 m 4	V - 1V	25°C		150	400	m)/
V OL	Low-level output voltage	$I_{0L} = 4 \text{ IIIA},$	v _{ID} = -1 v	Full range			700	IIIV
IOL	Low-level output current	V _{0L} = 1.5 V,	V _{ID} = -1 V	25°C	6			mA
lee	Supply surront		Vcc = 5 V	25°C		0.8	1	m 4
ICC	Supply current	R _L = ~~	V _{cc} = MAX	Full range			2.5	mA

[1] Full range (minimum or maximum) for XL2903 is -40°C to 125°C. All characteristics are measured with zero common-mode input voltage, unless otherwise specified.

[2] Vcc MAX = 30 V for non-V devices and 32 V for V-suffix devices.

[3] The voltage at either input or common-mode should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is Vcc+ - 1.5 V, but either or both inputs can go to 30 V (32 V for V-suffix devices) without damage.

6.8. Switching Characteristics

Vcc =	5١	/, TA	. = 2	5°C
-------	----	-------	-------	-----

PARAMETER	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS		XL2903, XL293, XL393	UNIT
			ТҮР	
Description of the second	Ri connected to 5 V through 5.1 k Ω .	100-mV input step with 5-mV	1.3	
Response time	$C_{L}= 15 p F^{(1)(2)}$	TTL-level input step	0.3	μs

[1] C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

[2] The response time specified is the interval between the input step function and the instant when the output crosses 1.4 V.



6.9. Typical Characteristics



7. Detailed Description

7.1. Overview

The XL2903 is a dual comparator with the ability to operate up to 36 V on the supply pin. This standard device has proven ubiquity and versatility across a wide range of applications. This is due to very wide supply voltages range (2 V to 36 V), low Iq and fast response of the devices.

The open-drain output allows the user to configure the output's logic low voltage (V_{OL}) and can be used to enable the comparator to be used in AND functionality.

XL2903 consists of a PNP darlington pair input, allowing the device to operate with very high gain and fast response with minimal input bias current. The input Darlington pair creates a limit on the input common mode voltage capability, allowing XL2903 to accurately function from ground to VCC-1.5V differential input. This is enables much head room for modern day supplies of 3.3V and 5V.

The output consists of an open drain NPN (pull-down or low side) transistor. The output NPN will sink current when the positive input voltage is higher than the negative input voltage and the offset voltage. The VOL is resistive and will scale with the output current. See Figure 3 for VOL values with respect to the output current.

8. Device Functional Modes

8.1. Voltage Comparison

The XL2903 operates solely as a voltage comparator, comparing the differential voltage between the positive and negative pins and outputting a logic low or high impedance (logic high with pull up) based on the input differential polarity.

9. Application and Implementation

9.1. Application Information

XL2903 will typically be used to compare a single signal to a reference or two signals against each other. Many users take advantage of the open drain output to drive the comparison logic output to a logic voltage level to an MCU or logic device. The wide supply range and high voltage capability makes LM2903 optimal for level shifting to a higher or lower voltage.

9.2. Typical Application



For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 1 as the input parameters.





9.2.1. Design Requirements

Table	1.	Design	Parameters
-------	----	--------	------------

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input Voltage Range	0Vto Vsup-1.5 V
Supply Voltage	2 V to 36 V
Logic Supply Voltage	2 V to 36 V
Output Current (RPULLUP)	1 μA to 20 mA
Input Overdrive Voltage	100 mV
Reference Voltage	2.5 V
Load Capacitance (CL)	15 pF

9.2.2. Detailed Design Procedure

When using XL2903 in a general comparator application, determine the following:

- Input Voltage Range
- Minimum Overdrive Voltage
- Output and Drive Current
- Response Time

9.2.3. Input Voltage Range

When choosing the input voltage range, the input common mode voltage range (V_{ICR}) must be taken in to account. If temperature operation is above or below 25°C the V_{ICR} can range from 0 V to V_{CC} ~ 2.0 V. This limits the input voltage range to as high as Vcc- 2.0 V and as low as 0 V. Operation outside of this range can yield incorrect comparisons.

Below is a list of input voltage situation and their outcomes:

(1) When both IN- and IN+ are both within the common-mode range:

a. If IN- is higher than IN+ and the offset voltage, the output is low and the output transistor is sinking current.

b. If IN- is lower than IN+ and the offset voltage, the output is high impedance and the output transistor is not conducting.

- (2) When IN- is higher than common-mode and IN+ is within common-mode, the output is low and the output transistor is sinking current.
- (3) When IN+ is higher than common-mode and IN- is within common-mode, the output is high impedance and the output transistor is not conducting.
- (4) When IN- and IN+ are both higher than common-mode, the output is low and the output transistor is sinking current.

9.2.4. Minimum Overdrive Voltage

Overdrive Voltage is the differential voltage produced between the positive and negative inputs of the comparator over the offset voltage (V_{IO}) . In order to make an accurate comparison the Overdrive Voltage (V_{OD}) should be higher than the input offset voltage (V_{IO}) . Overdrive voltage can also determine the response time of the comparator, with the response time decreasing with increasing overdrive. Figure 8 and Figure 9 show positive and negative response times with respect to overdrive voltage.

9.2.5. Output and Drive Current

Output current is determined by the load/pull-up resistance and logic/pullup voltage. The output current will produce a output low voltage (V_{OL}) from the comparator. In which V_{OL} is proportional to the output current. Use Typical Characteristics to determine VOL based on the output current.

The output current can also effect the transient response. See Response Time for more information.

9.2.6. Response Time

The transient response can be determined by the load capacitance (CL), load/pullup resistance (Rpullup) and equivalent collector-emitter resistance (R_{CE}).

- The positive response time (t_P) is approximately $t_P \sim R_{PUIIUP} \times C_L$
- The negative response time (t_N) is approximately $t_N \sim R_{CE} \times C_L$

-Rce can be determine by taking the slope of Typical Characteristics in it's linear region at the desired temperature, or by dividing the VOL by lout.

9.3. Application Curves

The following curves were generated with 5V on Vcc and VLogic, RPULLUP = 5.1 k Ω , and 50 pF scope probe.



Figure 8. Response Time for Various Overdrives (Positive Transition)

Figure 9. Response Time for Various Overdrives (Negative Transition)



10. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Device Marking	Package Type	Body size (mm)	Temperature (°C)	MSL	Transport Media	Package Quantity
XL293D-8	XL293D-8	SOP8	4.90 * 3.90	-25 to +85	MSL3	T&R	2500
XD293-KR	XD293-KR	VSSOP8	3.00 * 4.90	-25 to +85	MSL3	T&R	2500
XL293-TS	XL293-TS	TSSOP8	3.00 * 4.40	-25 to +85	MSL3	T&R	2500
XD293-8	XD293-8	DIP8	9.25 * 6.38	-25 to +85	MSL3	Tube 50	2000
XL393	XL393	SOP8	4.90 * 3.90	0 to +70	MSL3	T&R	2500
XL393-KR	XL393-KR	VSSOP8	3.00 * 4.90	0 to +70	MSL3	T&R	2500
XL393-TS	XL393-TS	TSSOP8	3.00 * 4.40	0 to +70	MSL3	T&R	2500
XD393	XD393	DIP8	9.25 * 6.38	0 to +70	MSL3	Tube 50	2000
XL2903	XL2903	SOP8	4.90 * 3.90	-40 to +125	MSL3	T&R	2500
XL2903-KR	XL2903-KR	VSSOP8	3.00 * 4.90	-40 to +125	MSL3	T&R	2500
XL2903-TS	XL2903-TS	TSSOP8	3.00 * 4.40	-40 to +125	MSL3	T&R	2500
XD2903	XD2903	DIP8	9.25 * 6.38	-40 to +125	MSL3	Tube 50	2000

Ordering Information



11. DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS





VSSOP8				
TOP VIEW	IDE VIEW			
<u>SIDE VIEW</u>		Dimensions		
A1	SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
	A	-	-	1.10
SIDE VIEW		0.05	0.85	0.12
	A3	0.30	0.35	0.40
	b	0.28	_	0.36
	C ·	0.15	-	0.19
	D	2,90	3.00	3.10
	E	2.90	3.00	3.10
	E1	4.70	4.90	5.10
	e	0.65 BSC		
	L1	0.95 REF		
		0.40	-	0.70
	θ	0°	-	8°

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