

### **One Cell Lithium-ion/Polymer Battery Protection IC**

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The XB4908 SERIES product is a high i ntegration solution for lithium-ion/polymer battery protection. XB4908 SERIES contai ns advanced power MOSFET, high-accura cy voltage detection circuits and delay circ uits. XB4908 SERIES is put into an ultra-s mall ESN4 package and only one external component makes it an ideal solution in li mited space of battery pack.

XB4908 SERIES has all the protection fu nctions required in the battery application i ncluding overcharging, over-discharging, o vercurrent and load short circuiting protecti on etc. The accurate overcharging detectio n voltage ensures safe and full utilization c harging. The low standby current drains littl e current from the cell while in storage.

The device is not only targeted for digital cellular phones, but also for any other Li-lo n and Li-Poly battery-powered information appliances requiring long-term battery life.

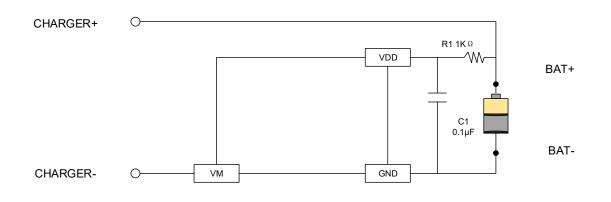
## FEATURES

- Protection of Charger Reverse Connec -tion
- Protection of Battery Cell Reverse Con -nection Without external load

- Integrated Advanced Power MOSFET with Equivalent of 13.5 mΩ Rss(ON)
- Ultra-small ESN4 Package
- Only One External Capacitor Required
- Over-temperature Protection
- Overcharge Current Protection
- Two-step Overcurrent Detection
  -Over-discharge Current
  -Load Short Circuiting
- Low Current Consumption
  Operation Mode: 3.3µA typ
  Power-down Mode: 1.8µA typ
- Charger Detection Function
- 0V Battery Charging Function
- Delay Times are generated inside
- High-accuracy Voltage Detection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead (Pb) Free

## **APPLICATIONS**

One-Cell Lithium-ion Battery Pack Lithium-Polymer Battery Pack





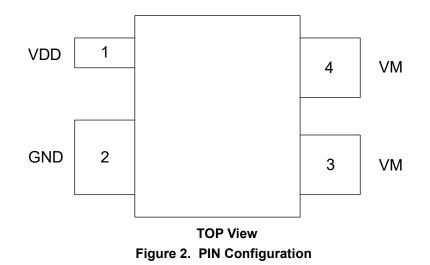


### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART NUMBER	OCV [VCU] (V)	OCRV [VCL] (V)	ODV [VDL] (V)	ODRV [VDR] (V)	TOP MARK
XB4908A	4.30±50mV	4.10±50mV	2.4±100mV	3.0±100mV	XB4908AYWT(note)
XB4908G	4.425±50mV	4.25±50mV	2.4±100mV	3.0±100mV	XB4908GYWT(note)

Note: "YW" is manufacture date code, "Y" means the year, "W" means the week. "T" means the times of odering.

## **PIN CONFIGURATION**



## PIN DESCRIPTION

XB4908 SERIES PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	PIN DESCRIPTION	
1	VDD	Positive power input, connected with battery cell's positive pole.	
2	GND	Ground, connect the negative terminal of the battery to this pin.	
3,4	VM	The negative terminal of the battery pack. The internal FET switch connects this terminal to GND Please Connect these pins with mass metal.	



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(NOTE: DO NOT EXCEED THESE LIMITS TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE DEVICE. EXPOSURE TO ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING CONDITIONS FOR LONG PERIODS MAY AFFECT DEVICE RELIABIL-ITY.)

PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
VDD input pin voltage	-0.3 to 6	V
VM input pin voltage	-6 to 10	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to 85	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	150	°C
Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature ( Soldering, 10 sec)	300	°C
Power Dissipation at T=25°C	0.3	W
Package Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient) θJA	150	°C/W
Package Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case) θJC	100	°C/W
HBM ESD	2000	V

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## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Typical and limits appearing in normal type apply for TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Detection Current			•			
Overdischarge Current Detection	*liov1	VDD=3.6V	6.0	9.0	12.0	А
Overdischarge Current Recovery	*IROV1	Vdd=3.6V	15	25	40	μA
Overcharge Current Detection	*Існос	VDD=3.6V	4	6	8	А
Load Short-Circuiting Detection	*ISHORT	VDD=3.6V	20	40	60	А
Current Consumption						
Current Consumption in Normal Opera- tion	IOPE	VDD=3.6V VM pin floating		3.3	6	μA
Current Consumption in Power Down	IPD	VDD=2.0V VM pin floating		1.8	4	μA
VM Internal Resistance						
Internal Resistance between VM and VDD	Rvmd	VDD =3.6V VM=1.0V	200	300	400	kΩ
Internal Resistance between VM and GND	R∨мs	VDD=3.6V VM pin floating	15	25	35	kΩ
FET on Resistance						
Equivalent FET on Resistance	*Rss(on)	VDD=3.6V IVM=1.0A		13. 5		mΩ
Over Temperature Protection						
Over Temperature Protection	*TsHD+			150		°C
Over Temperature Recovery Degree	*Tshd-			100		°C
Detection Delay Time						
Overcharge Voltage Detection Delay- Time	tcu		80	130	180	mS
Overdischarge Voltage Detection Delay Time	tDL		20	40	60	mS
Overdischarge Current1 Detection De- lay Time	tiov1	VDD=3.6V	5	10	20	mS
Load Short-Circuiting Detection De- lay Time	*tshort	Vdd=3.6V	180	380	600	μS

Note1: \*---The parameter is guaranteed by design.

Suzhou XySemi Electronic Technology Co., Limited.



# **XB4908 SERIES**

## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

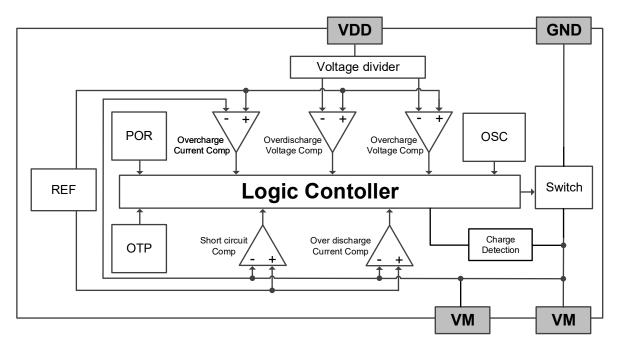


Figure 3. Functional Block Diagram

### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The XB4908 SERIES monitors the volta ge and current of a battery and protects it f rom being damaged due to overcharge volt age, overdischarge voltage, overdischarge curren-t, and short circuit conditions by disc onnec-ting the battery from the load or cha rger. These functions are required in order t o ope-rate the battery cell within specified li mits.The device requires only one external capacitor. The MOSFET is integrated and it -s Rss(ON) is as low as 13.5 m $\Omega$  typical.

#### Normal Mode

If no exception condition is detected, charging and discharging can be carried out freely. This condition is called the normal o -perating mode.

#### **Overcharge Condition**

When the battery voltage becomes higher than the overcharge detection voltage (V cu) during charging under normal condition

and the state continues for the overcharge detection delay time  $(t_{CU})$  or longer, the XB4 908 SERIES turns the charging control FE T off to stop charging. This condition is call ed the overcharge condition. The overchar ge condition is released in the following two cases:

1. When the battery voltage drops below the overcharge release voltage ( $V_{\text{CL}}$ ), the X B4908 SERIES turns the charging control FET on and returns to the normal condition.

2. When a load is connected and dischar -ging starts, the XB4908 SERIES turns the charging control FET on and returns to the normal condition. The release mechanism i s as follows: the discharging current flows t -hrough an internal parasitic diode of the charging FET immediately after a load is co nnected and discharging starts, and the V M pin voltage increases about 0.7 V (forwa -rd voltage of the diode) from the GND pin voltage momentarily. The XB4908 SERIES detects this voltage and releases the overc



harge condition. Consequently, in the case that the battery voltage is equal to or lower than the overcharge detection voltage (V<sub>c</sub>  $_{U}$ ), the XB4908 SERIES returns to the norm -al condition immediately, but in the case th e battery voltage is higher than the overcha rge detection voltage (V<sub>cU</sub>),the chip does n ot return to the normal condition until the b attery voltage drops below the overcharge detection voltage (V<sub>cU</sub>) even if the load is c onnected. In addition, if the VM pin voltage is equal to or lower than the overcurrent 1 detection voltage when a load is connected and discharging starts, the chip does not re turn to the norm-al condition.

#### Remark

If the battery is charged to a voltage higher than t -he overcharge detection voltage (V<sub>CU</sub>) and the battery voltage does not drops below the overcharge de -tection voltage (V<sub>CU</sub>) even when a heavy load, whic h causes an overcurrent, is connected, the overcurr -ent 1 and overcurrent 2 do not work until the batter -y voltage drops below the overcharge detection vol -tage (V<sub>CU</sub>). Since an actual battery has, however, a -n internal impedance of several dozens of m $\Omega$ , and the battery voltage drops immediately after a heavy load which causes an overcurrent is connected, the overcurrent 1 and overcurrent 2 work. Detection of load short-circuiting works regardless of the battery voltage.

#### **Overdischarge Condition**

When the battery voltage drops below th -e overdischarge detection voltage ( $V_{DL}$ ) du -ring discharging under normal condition and it continues for the overdischarge detect -ion delay time ( $t_{DL}$ ) or longer, the XB4908 SERIES turns the discharging control FET off and stops discharging. This condition is called overdischarge condition. After the discharging control FET is turned off, the VM pin is pulled up by the Rvm resistor between VM and VDD in XB4908 SERIES. Mean while when VM is bigger than 1.5V (typ.) (the load short-circuiting detection voltage), t -he current of the chip is reduced to the po wer-down current (IPDN). This condition is ca lled power-down condition. The VM and V DD pins are shorted by the RVMD resistor in t he IC under the overdischarge and powerdown conditions.

The power-down condition is released when a charger is connected and the potenti -al difference between VM and VDD becomes 1.3 V (typ.) or higher (load short-circui -ting detection voltage). At this time, the FE T is still off. When the battery voltage becomes the overdischarge detection voltage(V DL) or higher (see note), the XB4908 SERIE S turns the FET on and changes to the nor -mal condition from the overdischarge cond -ition.

#### Remark

If the VM pin voltage is no less than the charger d -etection voltage ( $V_{CHA}$ ), when the battery under ove -rdischarge condition is connected to a charger, the overdischarge condition is released (the discharging control FET is turned on) as usual, provided that t -he battery voltage reaches the overdischarge relea -se voltage ( $V_{DU}$ ) or higher.

#### **Overcurrent Condition**

When the discharging current becomes equal to or higher than a specified value (th -e VM pin voltage is equal to or higher than the overcurrent detection voltage) during di -scharging under normal condition and the state continues for the overcurrent detectio -n delay time or longer, the XB4908 SERIE S turns off the discharging control FET to s top discharging. This condition is called overcurrent condition. (The overcurrent includ es overcurrent, or load short-circuiting.)

The VM and GND pins are shorted intern -ally by the R<sub>VMS</sub> resistor under the overcurr -ent condition. When a load is connected, t -he VM pin voltage equals the VDD voltage due to the load.

The overcurrent condition returns to the normal condition when the load is released and the impedance between the B+ and B-pins becomes higher than the automatic re -coverable impedance. When the load is re -moved, the VM pin goes back to the GND potential since the VM pin is shorted the G ND pin with the RvMs resistor. Detecting that the VM pin potential is lower than the overc -urrent detection voltage (V<sub>IOV</sub>), the IC retur-



#### Abnormal Charge Current Detection

If the VM pin voltage drops below the charger detection voltage ( $V_{CHA}$ ) during chargi -ng under the normal condition and it continues for the overcharge detection delay tim -e ( $t_{CU}$ ) or longer, the XB4908 SERIES turn s the charging control FET off and stops charging. This action is called abnormal char ge current detection.

Abnormal charge current detection works when the discharging control FET is on a -nd the VM pin voltage drops below the charger detection voltage (V<sub>CHA</sub>). When an abnormal charge current flows into a battery i -n the overdischarge condition, the XB4908 SERIES consequently turns the charging c ontrol FET off and stops charging after the battery voltage becomes the overdischarge detection voltage and the overcharge detec tion delay time (t<sub>CU</sub>) elapses.

Abnormal charge current detection is released when the voltage difference between VM pin and GND pin becomes lower than the charger detection voltage ( $V_{CHA}$ ) by se -parating the charger. Since the 0 V battery charging function has higher priority than th -e abnormal charge current detection functi -on, abnormal charge current may not be d -etected by the product with the 0 V battery charging function while the battery voltage i -s low.

#### Load Short-circuiting condition

If voltage of VM pin is equal or below sho -rt circuiting protection voltage ( $V_{SHORT}$ ), the XB4908 SERIES will stop discharging and battery is disconnected from load. The maxi mum delay time to switch current off is  $t_{SHOR}$ T. This status is released when voltage of V M pin is higher than short protection voltag -e ( $V_{SHORT}$ ), such as when disconnecting the load.

#### **Delay Circuits**

The detection delay time for overdischarg -e current 2 and load short-circuiting starts when overdischarge current 1 is detected. As soon as overdischarge current 2 or load short-circuiting is detected over detection d -elay time for overdischarge current 2 or loa -d short-circuiting, the XB4908 SERIES sto ps discharging. When battery voltage falls below overdischarge detection voltage due to overdischarge current, the XB4908 SER IES stop disscharging by overdischarge cu rrent detection. In this case the recovery of battery voltage is so slow that if battery vol tage after overdischarge voltage detection delay time is still lower than overdischarge detection voltage, the XB4908 SERIES shi -fts to power-down.

#### **0V** Battery Charging Function <sup>(1) (2) (3)</sup>

This function enables the charging of a connected battery whose voltage is 0V by self-discharge. When a charger having 0V battery start charging charger voltage  $(V_{0CHA})$  or higher is connected between B+ and B- pins, the charging control FET gate is fixed to VDD potential. When the voltage between the gate and the source of the charging control FET becomes equal to or higher than the turn-on voltage by the charger voltage, the charging control FET is turned on to start charging. At this time, the discharging control FET is off and the charging current flows through the internal parasitic diode in the discharging control FET. If the battery voltage becomes equal to or higher than the overdischarge release voltage ( $V_{DU}$ ), the normal condition returns. Note:

(1) Some battery providers do not recommend charging of completely discharged batteries. Please refer to battery providers before the selection of 0 V battery charging function.

(2) The 0V battery charging function has higher priority than the abnormal charge current detection function. Consequently, a product with the 0 V battery charging function charges a battery and abnormal charge current cannot be detected during the battery voltage is low (at most 1.8 V or lower).

(3) When a battery is connected to the IC for the first time, the IC may not enter the normal condit -ion in which discharging is possible. In this case, set the VM pin voltage equal to the GND voltage (short the VM and GND pins or connect a charger) to enter the normal condition.



# **XB4908 SERIES**

## **TYPICAL APPLICATION**

As shown in Figure 5, the current path must be kept as short & heavy as possible. C1 is a filter decoupling circuit and should be as close as possible to VCC pin of XB4908 SERIES.

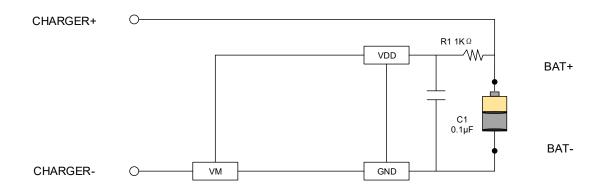


Figure 5 XB4908 SERIES in a Typical Battery Protection Circuit

Symbol	Тур	Value range	Unit
C1	0.1	0.1~2.2	μF
R1	1	0.1~1	KΩ

Remark:

1. The above parameters may be changed without notice;

2. The schematic diagram and parameters of the IC are not used as the basis to ensure the operation of the circuit. Please conduct full measurement on the actual application circuit before setting the parameters.

#### Precautions

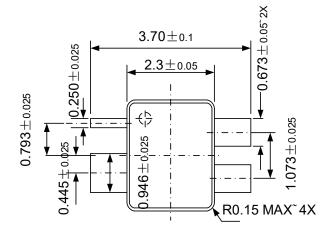
• Pay attention to the operating conditions for input/output voltage and load current so that the power loss in XB4908 SERIES does not exceed the power dissipation of the package.

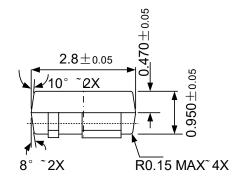
• Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this XB4908 SERIES that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.

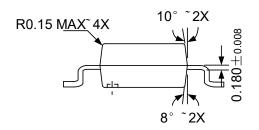


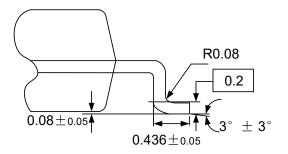
# **XB4908 SERIES**

## PACKAGE OUTLINE(ESN4)











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